4th Grade Opinion Text-Based Writing Rubric

W.4.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

Construct Measured		3 = Meets Grade Level Expectations	2 = Approaching Grade Level Expectations	1 = Below Grade Level Expectations	Points Awarded
Reading Comprehension*	RI.4.1 or RL.4.1	(Citing Text) The writing: accurately refers to relevant details and examples from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly. accurately refers to relevant details and examples from a text when drawing inferences from the text.	(Citing Text) The writing: refers to a few details and examples from a text when explaining what is stated in the text. refers to a few details and examples from a text when drawing inferences from the text.	(Citing Text) The writing: provides little or no details and examples from a text when explaining what is stated in the text; details may be irrelevant or incorrect. provides little or no details and examples from what can be inferred from the text; details may be irrelevant or incorrect.	5-6 = Meets 4 = Approaching < 4 = Below
Writing	W.4.1a W.4.1c	(Organization & Structure) The writing: clearly introduces a topic or text in an engaging way that draws the reader in. provides a strongly stated opinion. creates an organizational structure in which related ideas are logically grouped in a purposeful and compelling way. skillfully uses a variety of carefully chosen words and phrases to link opinions with reasons. provides an effective, interesting, or thoughtful conclusion related to the opinion presented.	(Organization & Structure) The writing: offers a beginning introduction to the topic. states an opinion. has an uneven organizational structure which affects the reader's ability to always see the connection between how related ideas have been grouped together. uses words or phrases to link opinions with reasons; may be mundane or repetitious. provides a simple concluding statement or section; may be underdeveloped.	(Organization & Structure) The writing: ☐ fails to introduce or reference a topic or text. ☐ does not state an opinion or opinion may be confusing or ambiguous. ☐ does not use identifiable organization; writing lacks a sense of direction or seems random. ☐ fails to link opinions with reasons or connections may be irrelevant or incorrect. ☐ has no identifiable conclusion.	12-15 = Meets 9-11 = Approaching < 9 = Below Subtotal:

4 th Grade Opinion Text-Based Writing Rubric (Continued) W.4.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.										
Writing	W.4.1b	(Ideas & Content) The writing: effectively addresses the prompt/task with a clear, focused, engaging response. provides 3+ logically ordered reasons that are convincingly supported by facts and details.	focus.	The writing: prompt/task with some drift in 2 reasons that are adequately facts or details.	(Ideas & Content) The writing: does not address the prompt/task; lacks focus. offers no reasons or provides reasons which are irrelevant, insufficient, or are not supported by facts and details.	5-6 = Meets 4 = Approaching <4 = Below Subtotal:				
Language	L.4.1	(Sentence Fluency) The writing: incorporates some sentences that are rhythmic and flowing, using a variety of correctly structured sentence types; flows well when read aloud. (Conventions) The writing: demonstrates strong control of capitalization, punctuation, and spelling; errors are few and minor.	not always value mechanical in for understand (Conventions) The contains occasion contains occasion.	that are technically correct, but ried or smooth; may be places and require re-readings ding.	(Sentence Fluency) The writing: has incomplete, run-on, rambling, or awkward sentences that make it hard to determine where sentences begin or end; difficult to read. (Conventions) The writing: numerous errors in capitalization, punctuation, and spelling throughout that serve to distract the reader and make the text difficult to understand.	7-9 = Meets 5-6 = Approaching <5 = Below				
	(L.4.5) (L.4.6)	(Word Choice & Vocabulary) The writing: accurately uses a variety of words and phrases that make the writing interesting. Strong vocabulary makes it easy to "see" what the author is trying to convey.	incorporates of features funct	ocabulary) The writing: ordinary words and phrases; cional vocabulary that s the message.	(Word Choice & Vocabulary) The writing: uses a limited range of words and/or some vocabulary is misused making the message unclear.	Subtotal:				
*Reading evidence outcomes may vary depending on the type of textual evidence required by the specific writing prompt and/or task. () = partially meets the requirements of the standard. 29 - 36 = Meets Grade Level Expectation 22 - 28 = Approaching Grade Level Expectation 22 - Below Grade Level Expectation Overall Score:										

- **L.4.1.** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- **a.** Use relative pronouns (*who, whose, whom, which, that*) and relative adverbs (*where, when, why*).
- **b.** Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses.
- **c.** Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., *can*, *may*, *must*) to convey various conditions.
- **d.** Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).
- e. Form and use prepositional phrases.
- **f.** Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
- **g.** Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).

- **L.4.2.** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- a. Use correct capitalization.
- **b.** Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.
- **c.** Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.
- **d.** Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

- **L.4.5.** Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- a. Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.
- **b.** Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
- **c.** Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).
- **L.4.6.** Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).