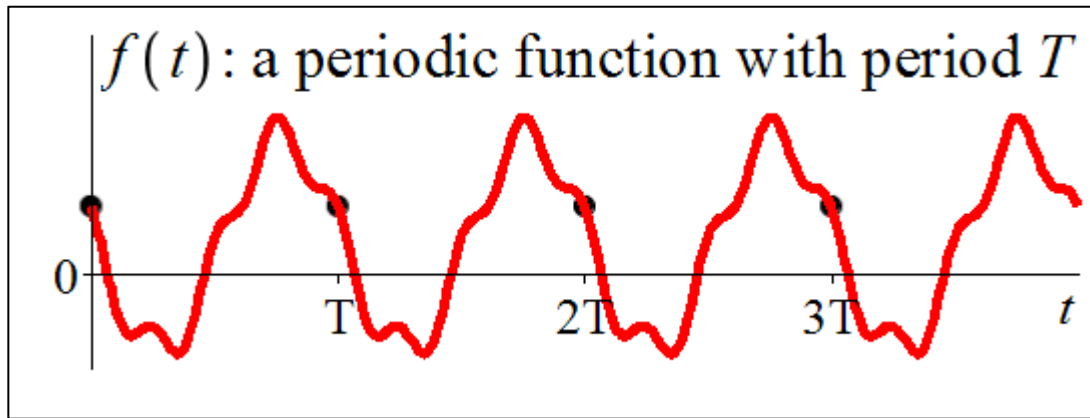
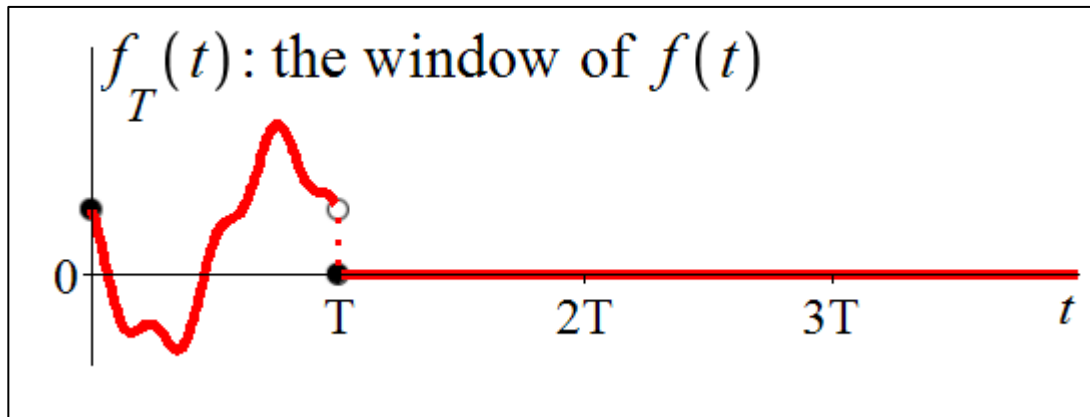


Laplace Transform of Periodic Functions



$$f(t + T) = f(t)$$



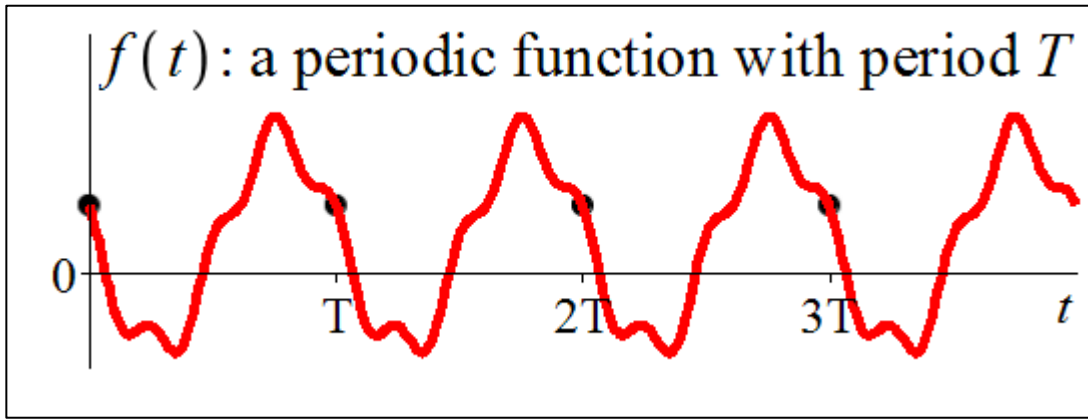
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < T \\ 0 & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

How to find the Laplace transform $F(s)$ of a periodic function $f(t)$?

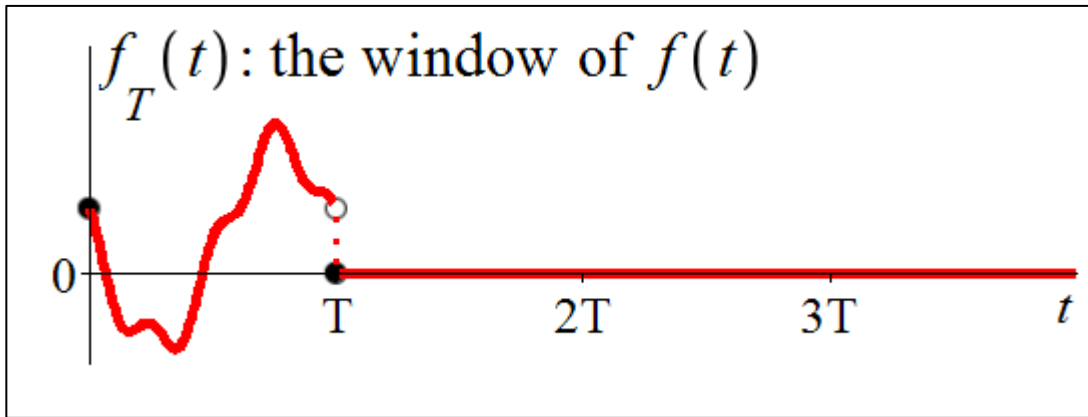
First, find the Laplace transform $F_T(s)$ of the window function $f_T(t)$

Then, use the formula:

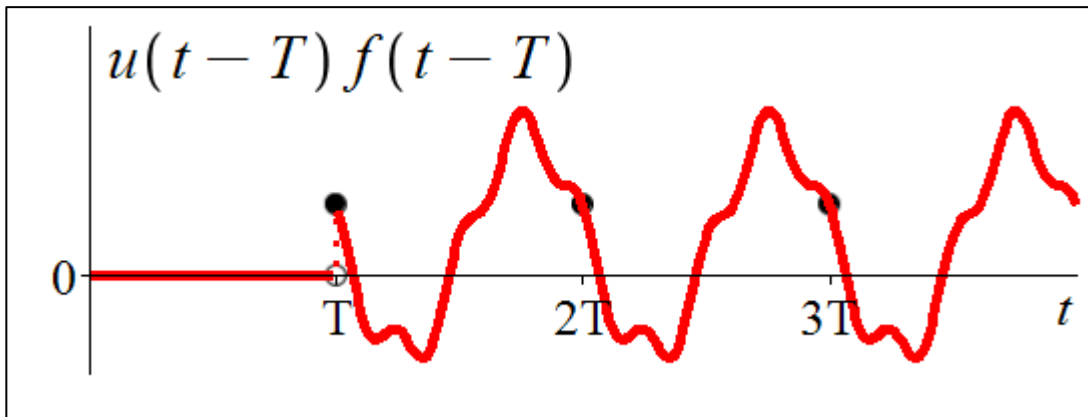
$$F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}}$$



$$f(t + T) = f(t)$$

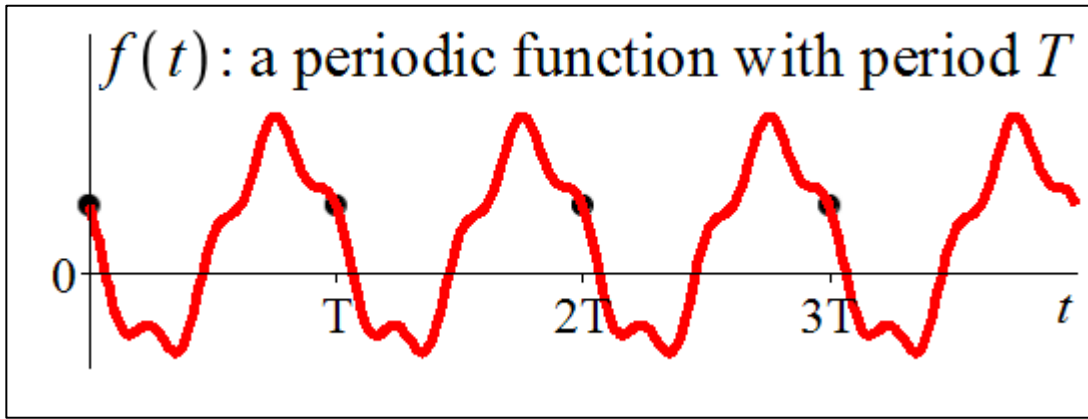


$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < T \\ 0 & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

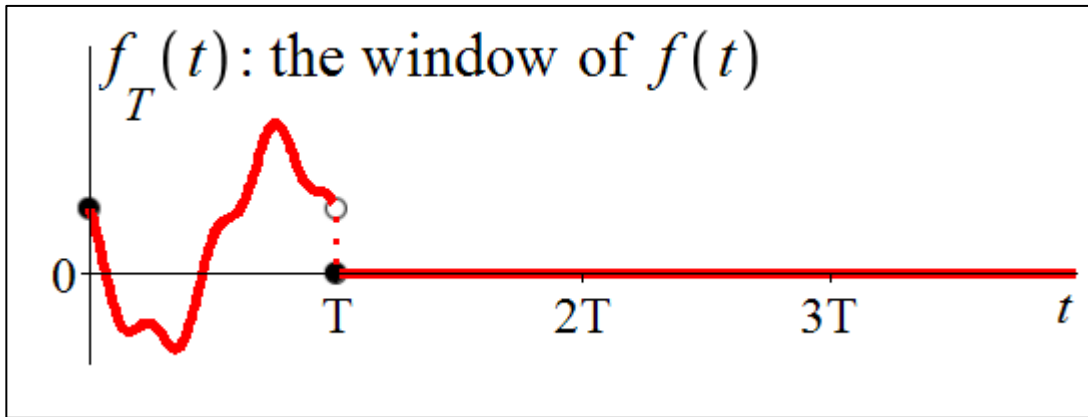


$$u(t - T)f(t - T) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq t < T \\ f(t - T) & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

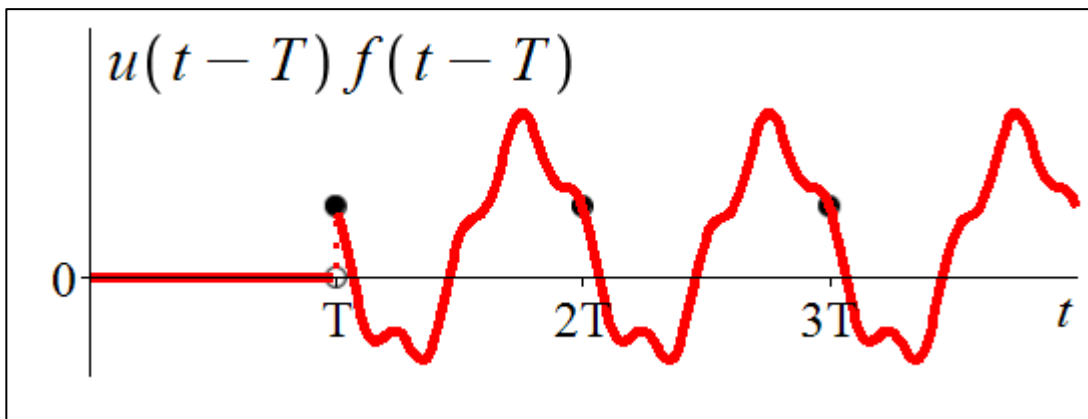
$$f(t) = f_T(t) + u(t - T)f(t - T)$$



$$f(t + T) = f(t)$$

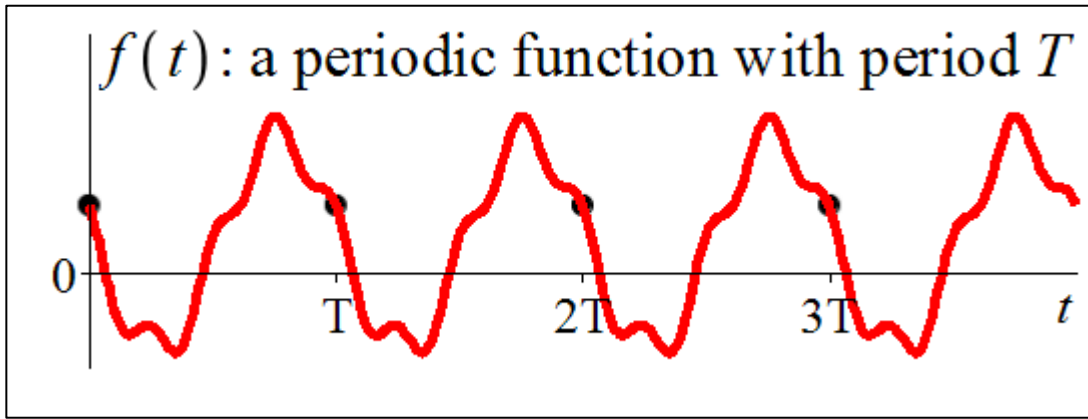


$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < T \\ 0 & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

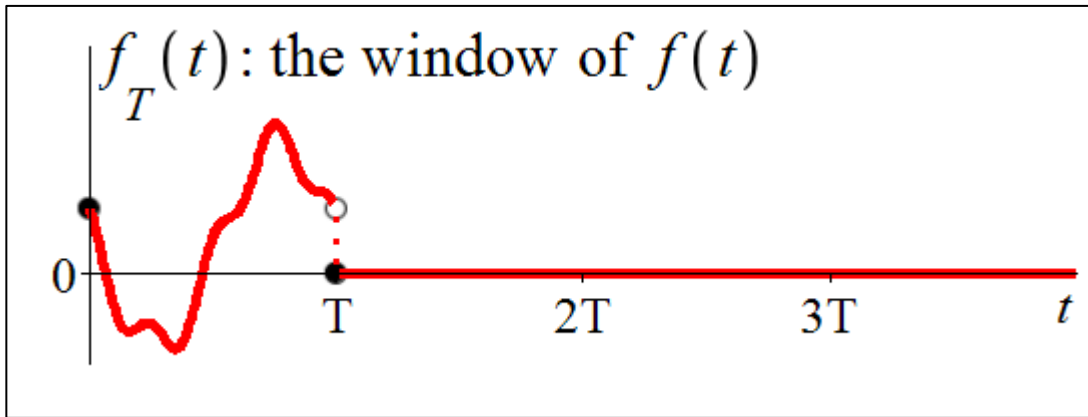


$$u(t - T)f(t - T) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq t < T \\ f(t - T) & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

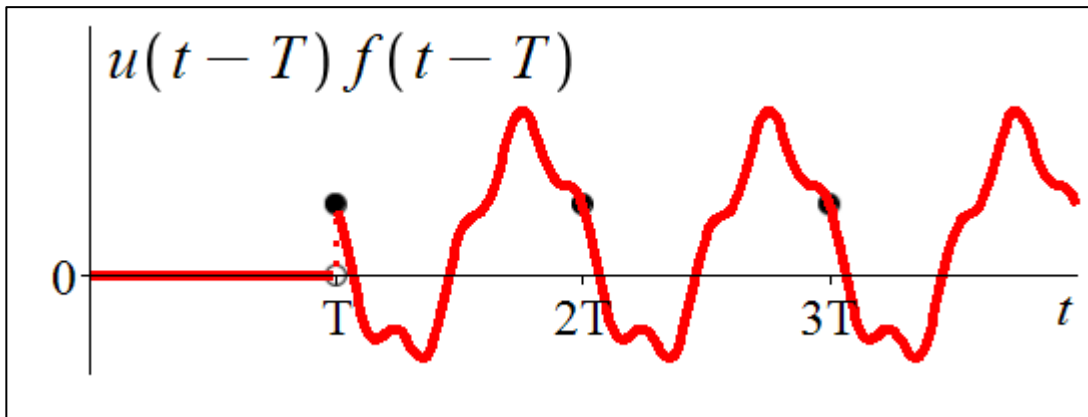
$$f(t) = f_T(t) + u(t - T)f(t - T) \quad \Rightarrow \quad F(s) = F_T(s) + e^{-Ts}F(s)$$



$$f(t + T) = f(t)$$



$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < T \\ 0 & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



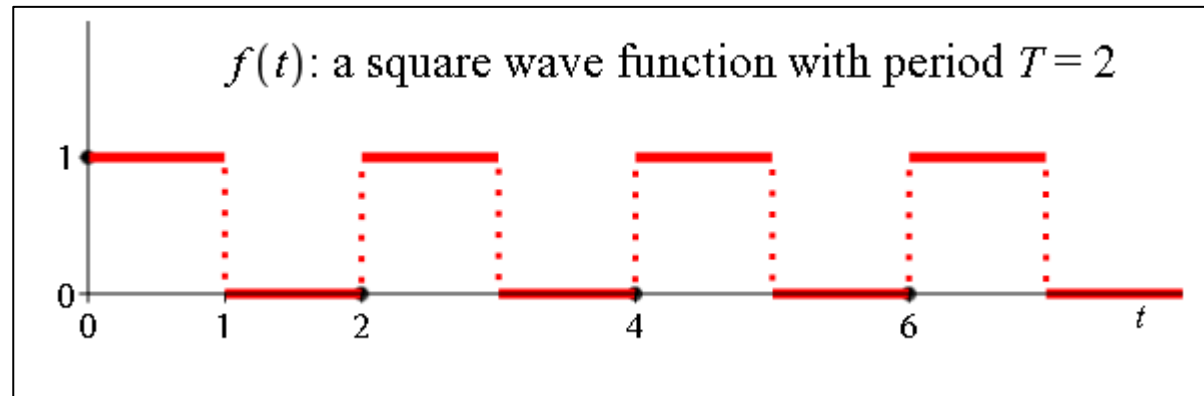
$$u(t - T)f(t - T) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq t < T \\ f(t - T) & T \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = f_T(t) + u(t - T)f(t - T) \quad \Rightarrow \quad F(s) = F_T(s) + e^{-Ts}F(s) \quad \Rightarrow \quad F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}}$$

Example 1.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

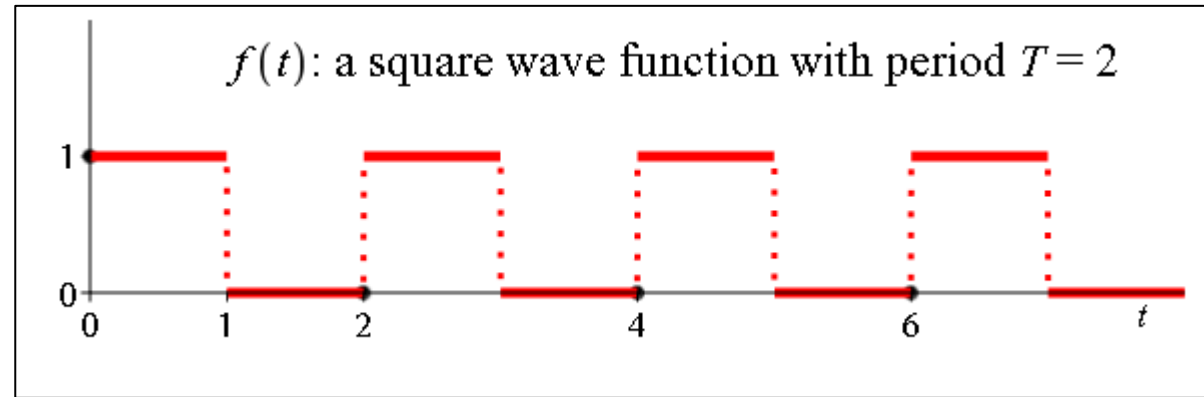
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Example 1.

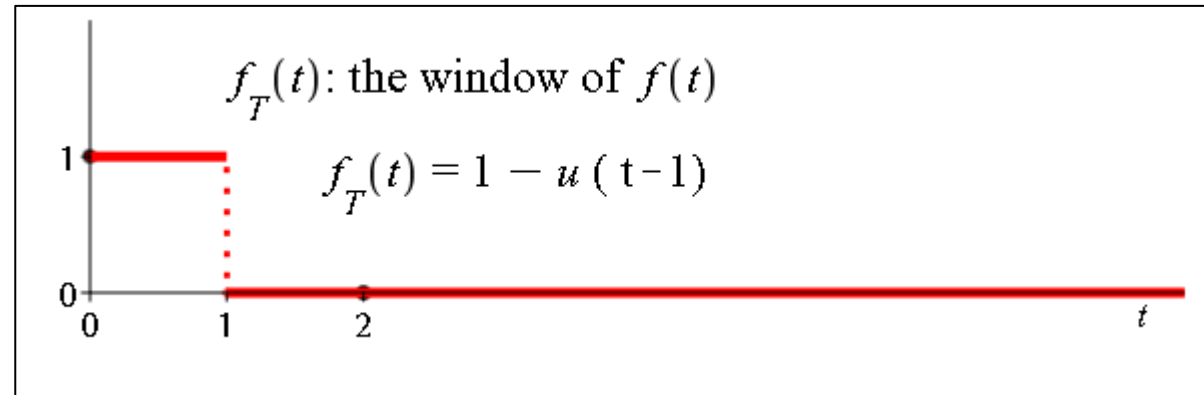
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

**Solution:**

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

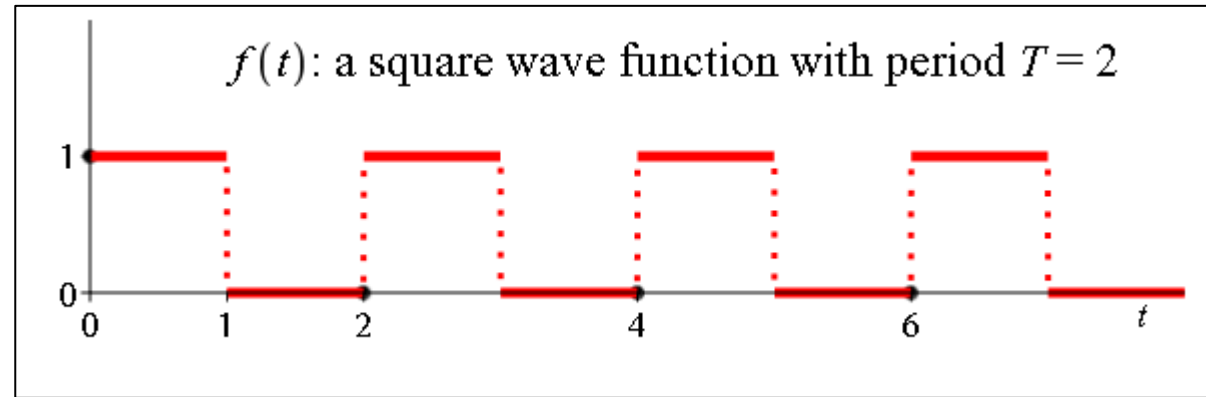
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



Example 1.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

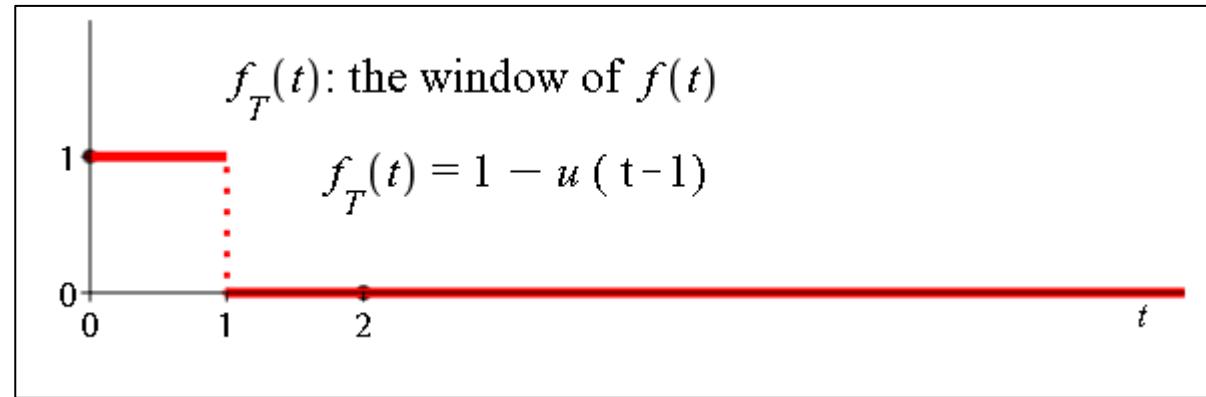
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



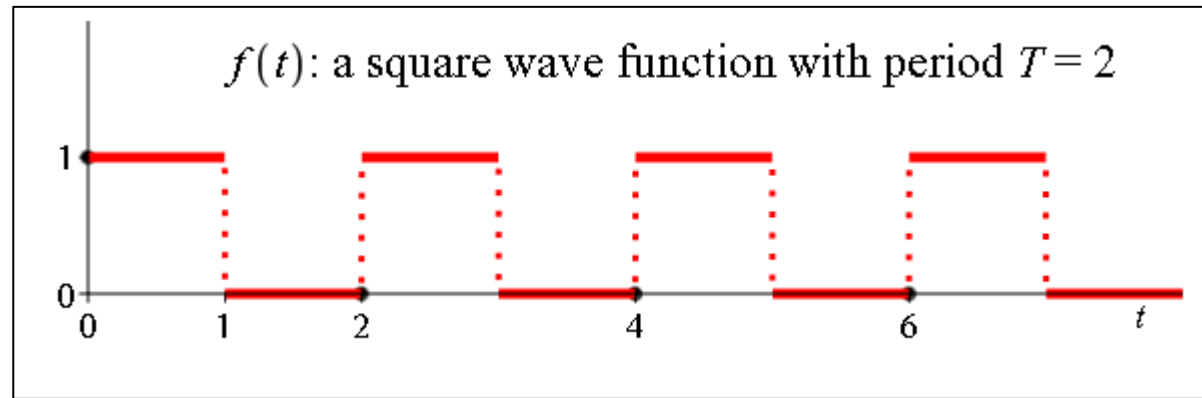
$$f_T(t) = 1 - u(t-1),$$

$$F_T(s) = \frac{1}{s} - e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) = \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s}.$$

Example 1.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

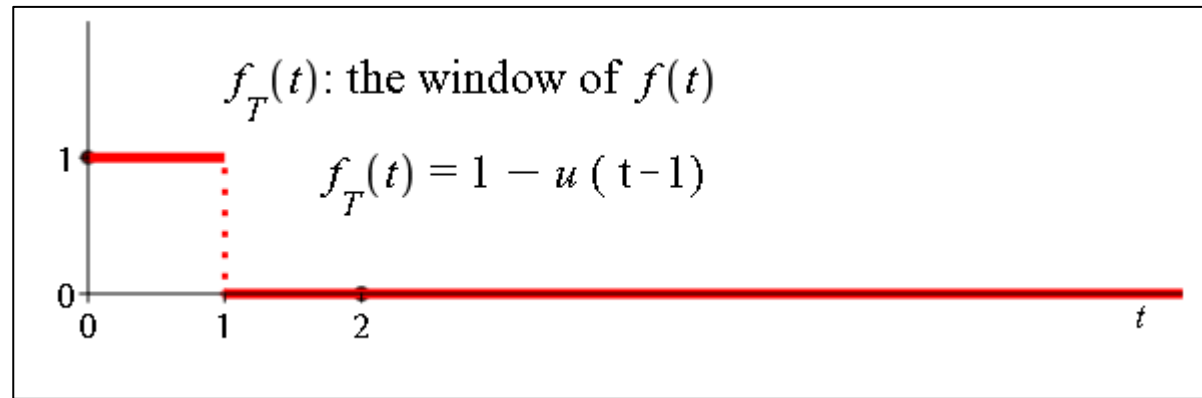
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & 2 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



$$f_T(t) = 1 - u(t-1),$$

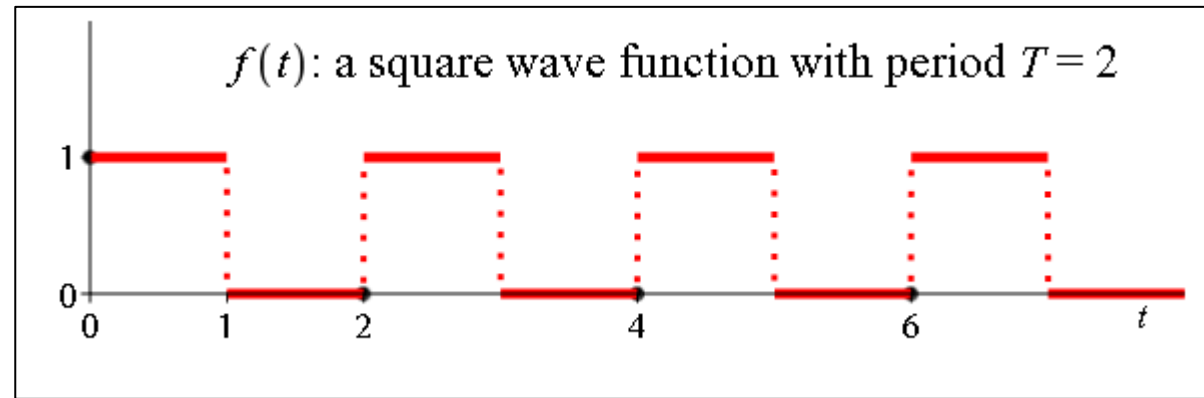
$$F_T(s) = \frac{1}{s} - e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) = \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s}.$$

$$F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}} = \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s(1 - e^{-2s})} = \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s(1 - e^{-s})(1 + e^{-s})} = \frac{1}{s(1 + e^{-s})}.$$

Example 1.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Alternative Solution:

Observe

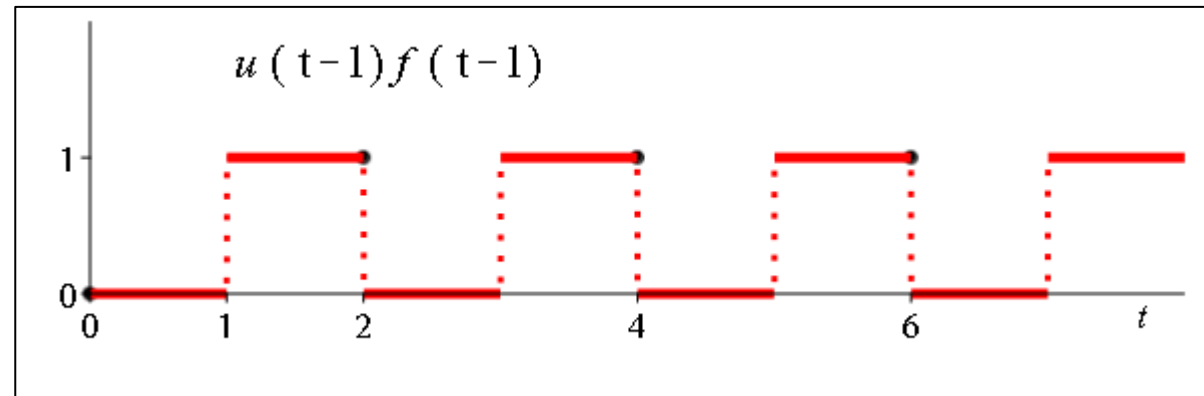
$$u(t-1)f(t-1) = 1 - f(t).$$

It follows

$$e^{-s}F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - F(s),$$

$$(1 + e^{-s})F(s) = \frac{1}{s},$$

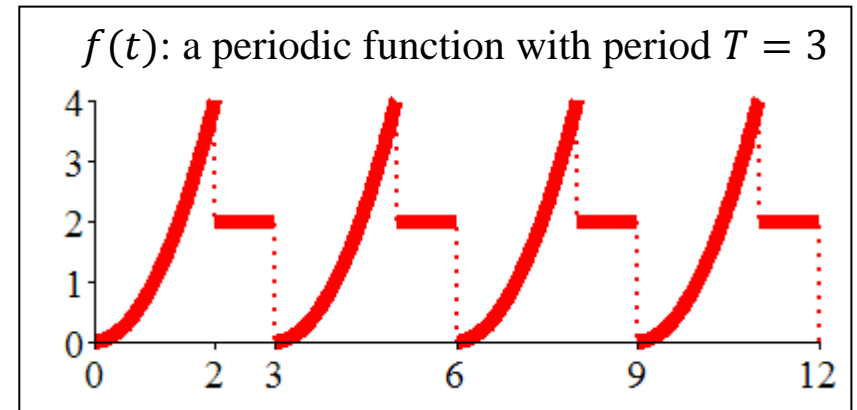
$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s(1 + e^{-s})}.$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

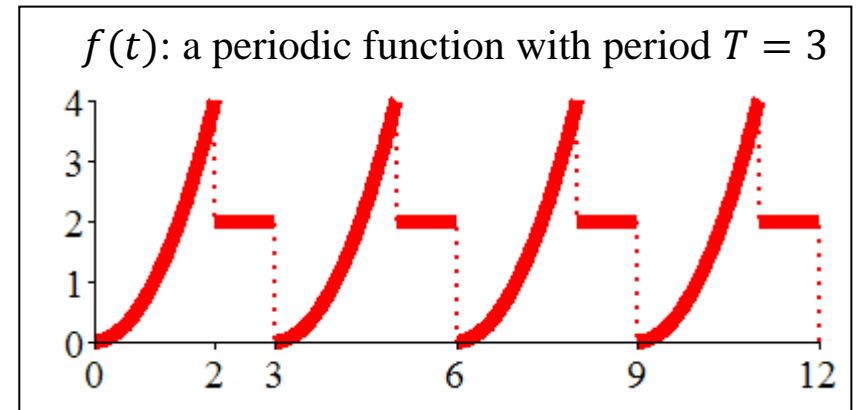
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

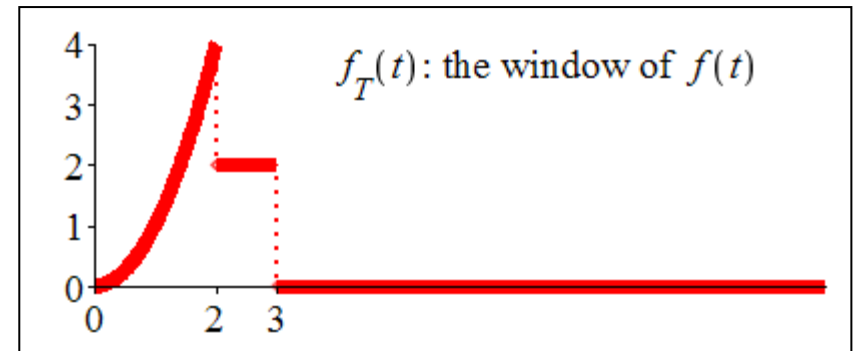
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

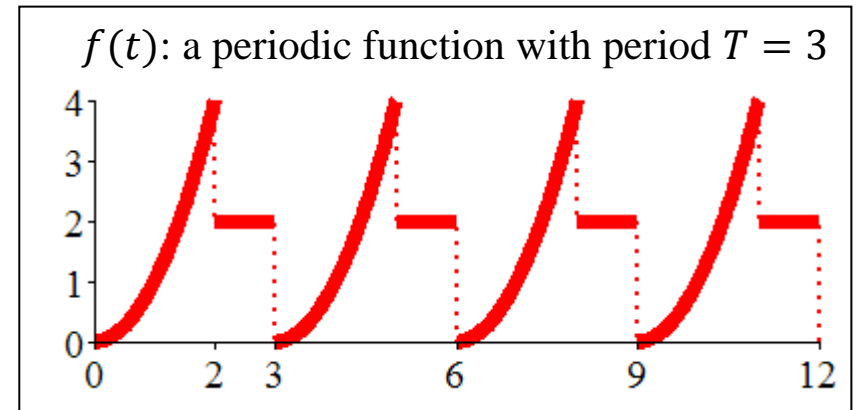
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

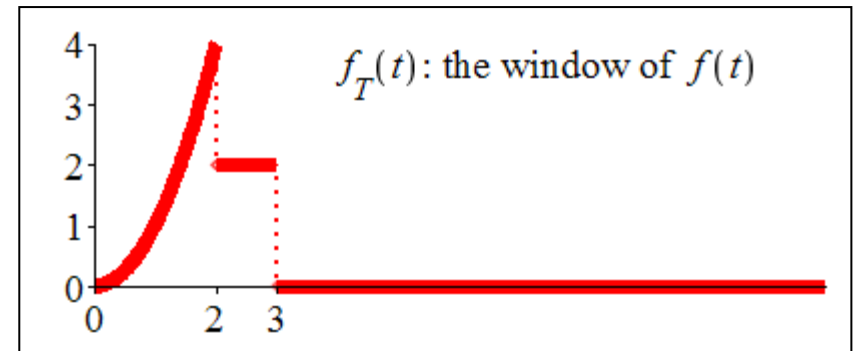
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

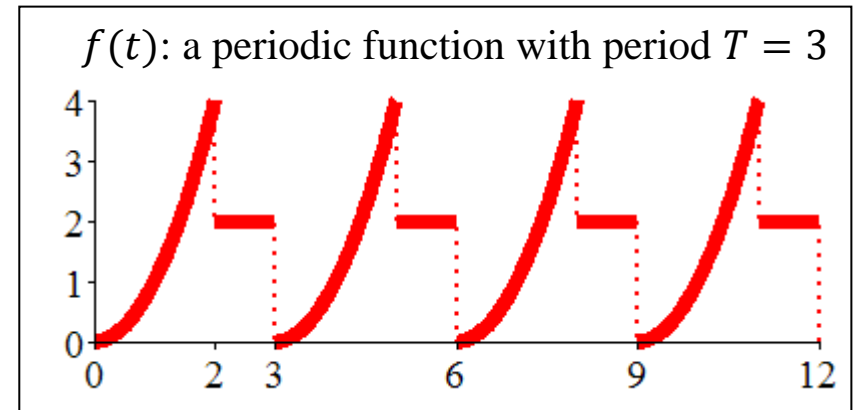
$$f_T(t) = [u(t) - u(t - 2)](t^2) + [u(t - 2) - u(t - 3)](2)$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

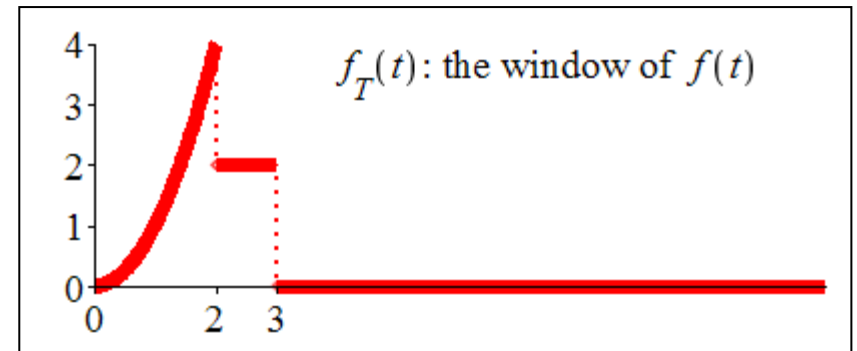
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

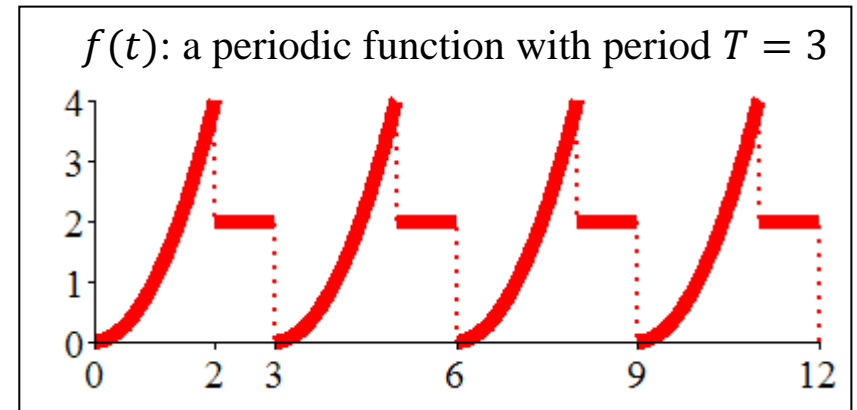
$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= [u(t) - u(t - 2)](t^2) \\ &\quad + [u(t - 2) - u(t - 3)](2) \\ &= u(t)(t^2) + u(t - 2)(-t^2 + 2) + u(t - 3)(2), \end{aligned}$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

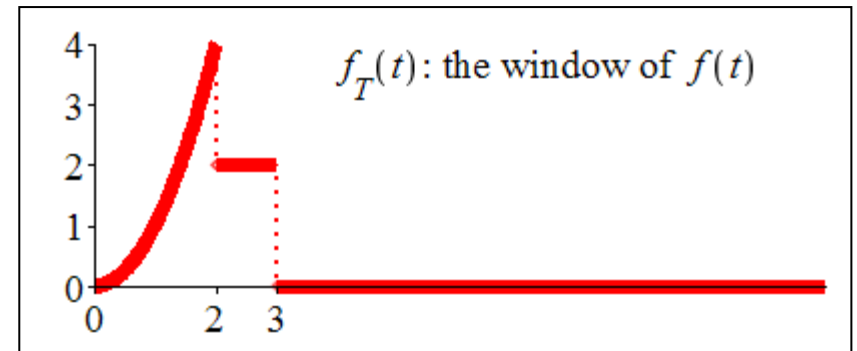


Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= [u(t) - u(t - 2)](t^2) \\ &\quad + [u(t - 2) - u(t - 3)](2) \\ &= u(t)(t^2) + u(t - 2)(-t^2 + 2) + u(t - 3)(2), \end{aligned}$$

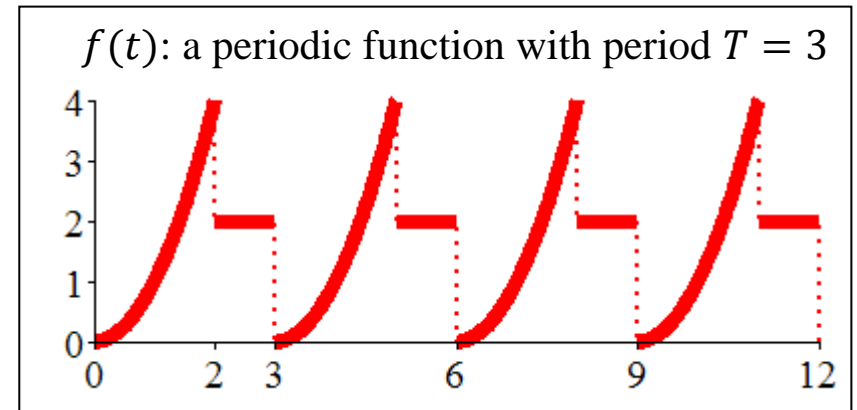
$$F_T(s) = e^{-0 \cdot s} \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-t^2 + 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\}$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

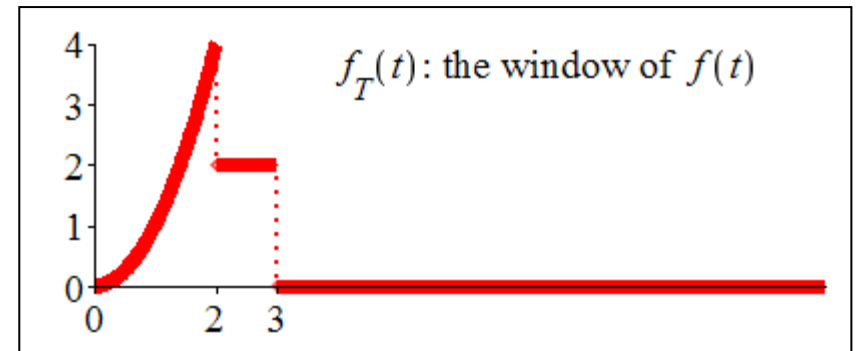


Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= [u(t) - u(t-2)](t^2) \\ &\quad + [u(t-2) - u(t-3)](2) \\ &= u(t)(t^2) + u(t-2)(-t^2 + 2) + u(t-3)(2), \end{aligned}$$

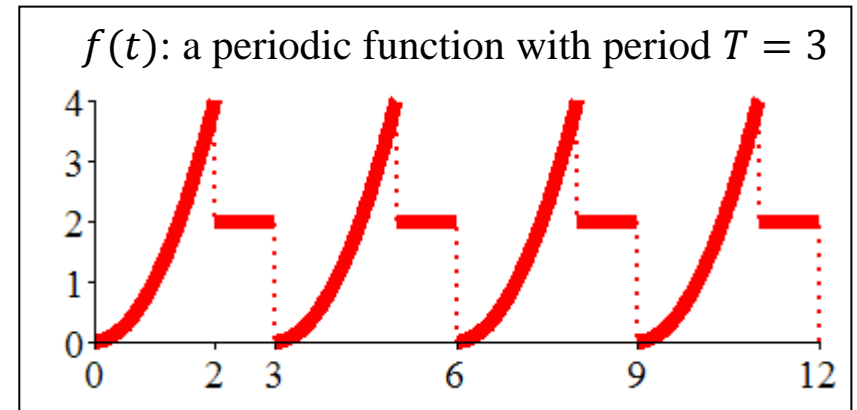
$$\begin{aligned} F_T(s) &= e^{-0 \cdot s} \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-(t+2)^2 + 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-t^2 - 4t - 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} = \frac{2}{s^3} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{2}{s} \right) \end{aligned}$$



Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

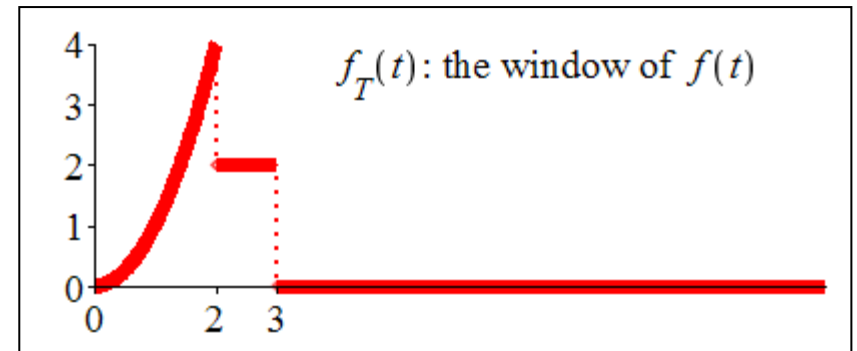
Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= [u(t) - u(t-2)](t^2) \\ &\quad + [u(t-2) - u(t-3)](2) \\ &= u(t)(t^2) + u(t-2)(-t^2 + 2) + u(t-3)(2), \end{aligned}$$



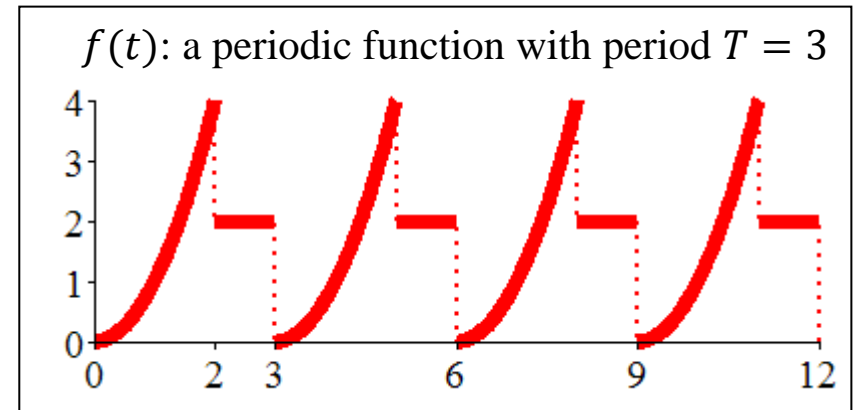
$$\begin{aligned} F_T(s) &= e^{-0 \cdot s} \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-(t+2)^2 + 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-t^2 - 4t - 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} = \frac{2}{s^3} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{2}{s} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-3s}} \left[\frac{2}{s^3} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{2}{s} \right) \right].$$

Example 2. $f(t)$: a periodic function with period $T = 3$ such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

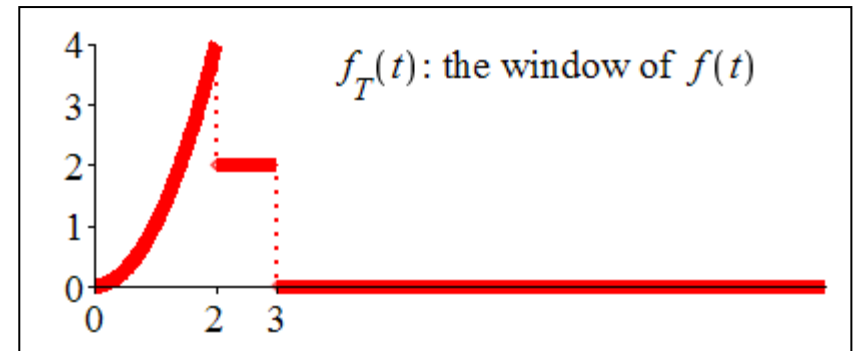


Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases} = \begin{cases} t^2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & 3 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= [u(t) - u(t-2)](t^2) \\ &\quad + [u(t-2) - u(t-3)](2) \\ &= u(t)(t^2) + u(t-2)(-t^2 + 2) + u(t-3)(2), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_T(s) &= e^{-0 \cdot s} \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-(t+2)^2 + 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{-t^2 - 4t - 2\} + e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}\{2\} = \frac{2}{s^3} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{2}{s} \right) \end{aligned}$$



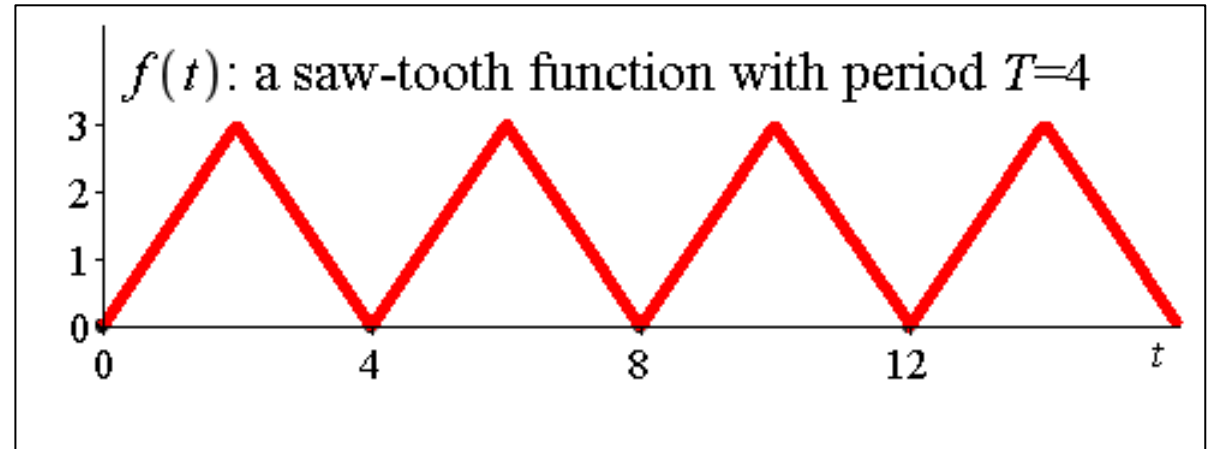
$$F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-3s}} \left[\frac{2}{s^3} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{2}{s} \right) \right].$$

Example 3.

$f(t)$

$$= \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Example 3.

$f(t)$

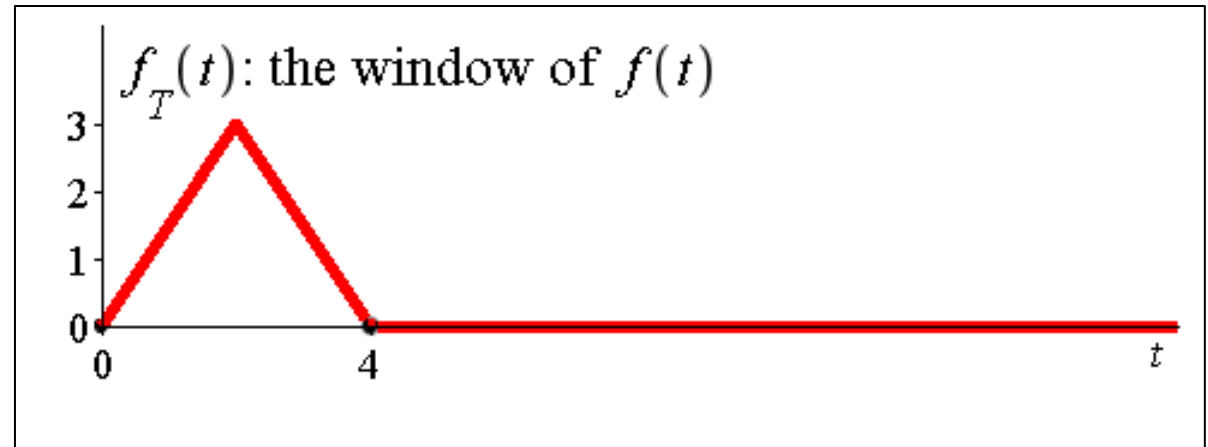
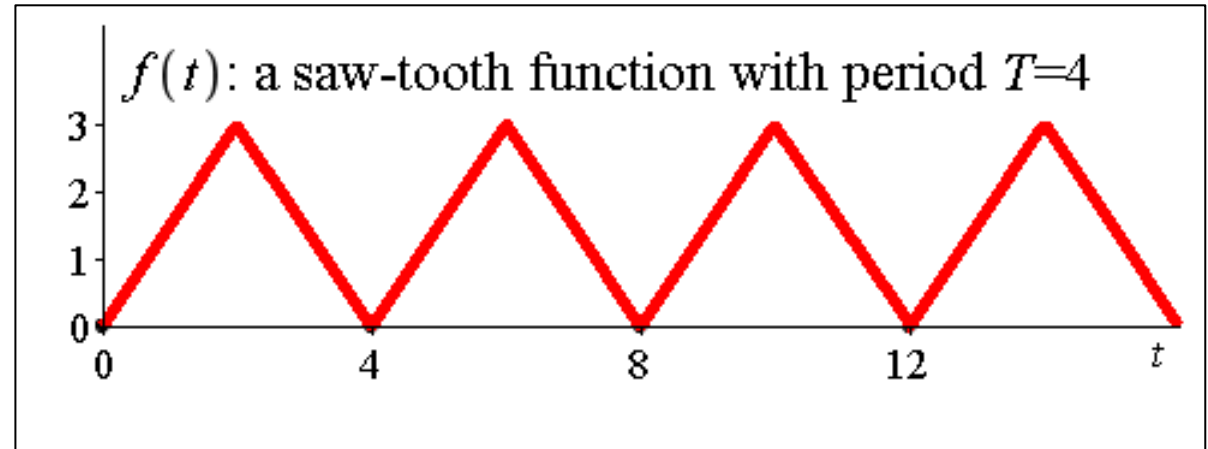
$$= \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

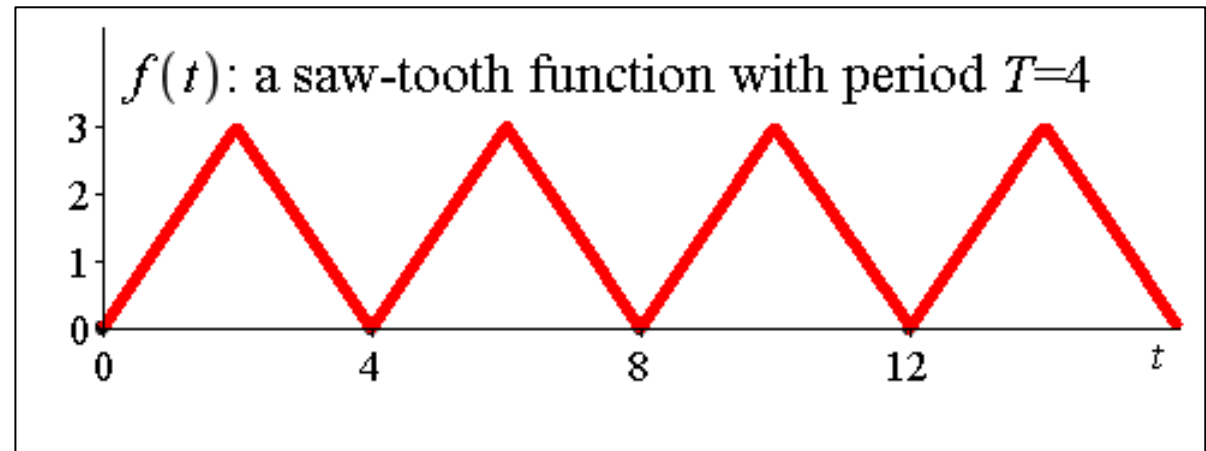
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



Example 3.

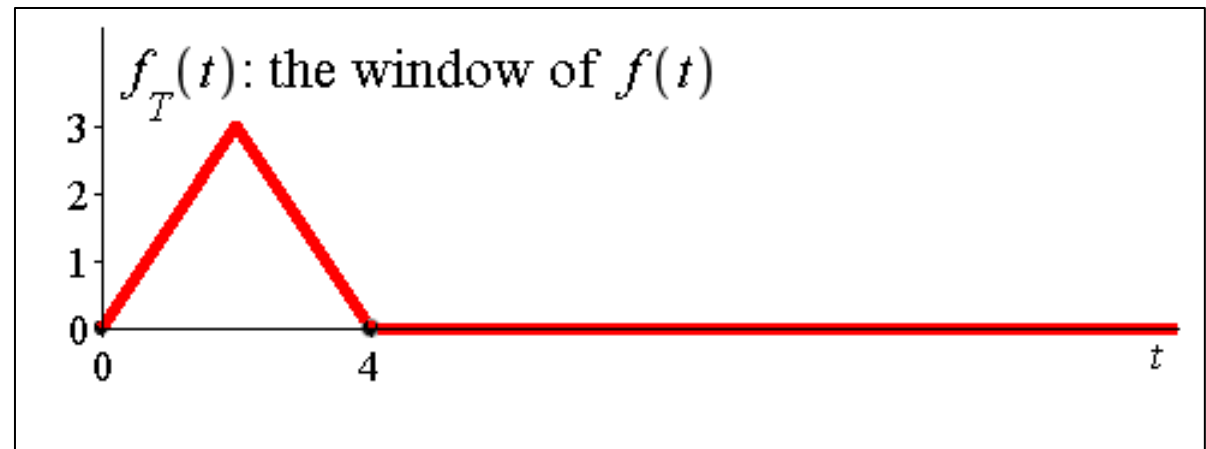
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$

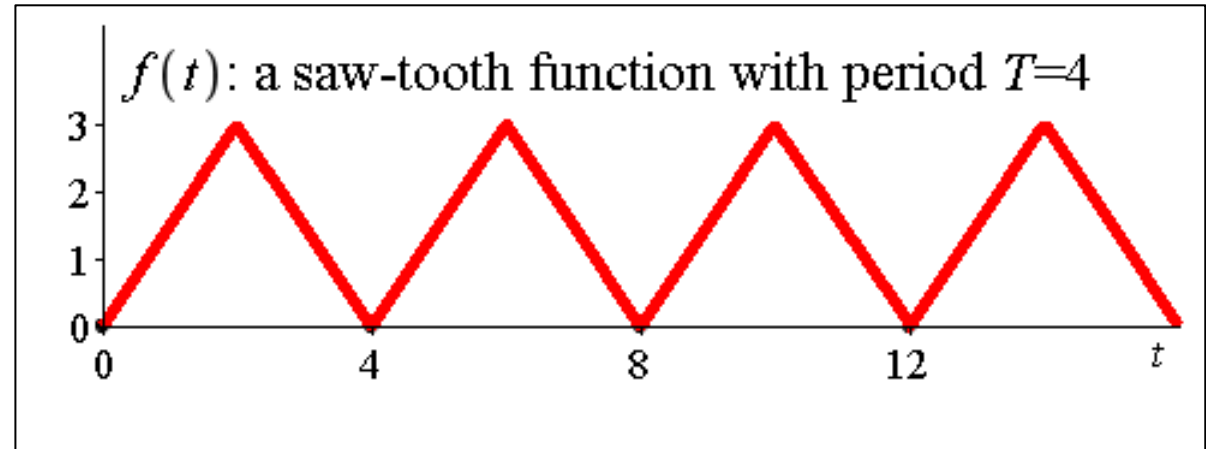


$$f_T(t) = [1 - u(t - 2)](3t/2) + [u(t - 2) - u(t - 4)](6 - 3t/2)$$
$$f_T(t) = 3t/2 + u(t - 2)(6 - 3t) + u(t - 4)(-6 + 3t/2)$$
$$f_T(t) = 3t/2 - u(t - 2)3(t - 2) + u(t - 4)3(t - 4)/2,$$

Example 3.

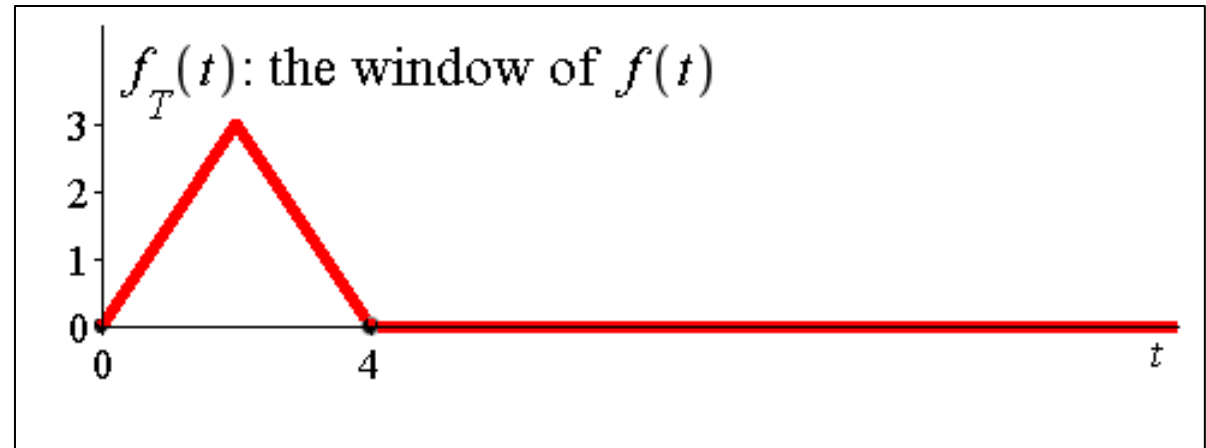
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



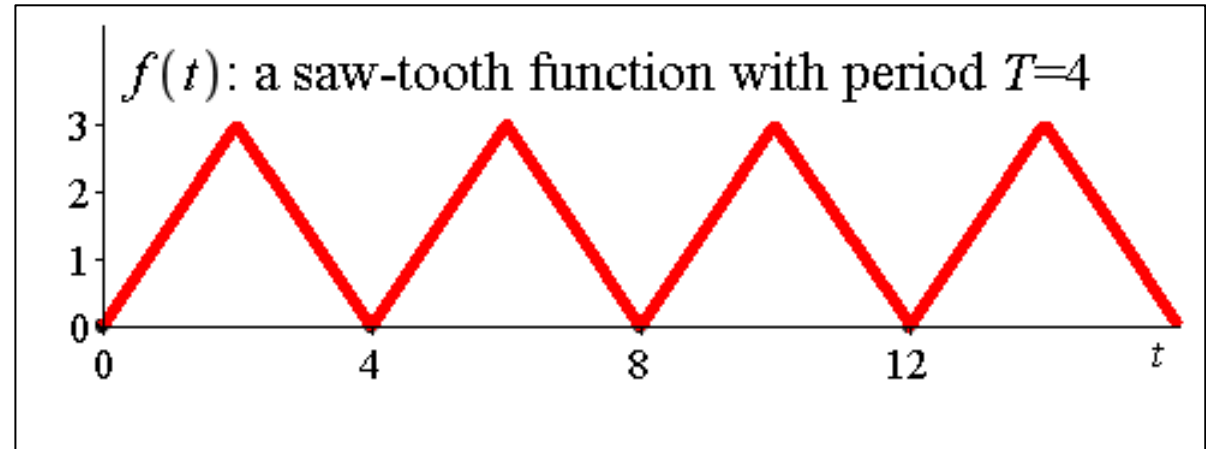
$$f_T(t) = [1 - u(t - 2)](3t/2) + [u(t - 2) - u(t - 4)](6 - 3t/2)$$
$$f_T(t) = 3t/2 + u(t - 2)(6 - 3t) + u(t - 4)(-6 + 3t/2)$$
$$f_T(t) = 3t/2 - u(t - 2)3(t - 2) + u(t - 4)3(t - 4)/2,$$

$$F_T(s) = \frac{3}{2s^2} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{3}{s^2} \right) + e^{-4s} \left(\frac{3}{2s^2} \right) = \frac{3(1 - 2e^{-2s} + e^{-4s})}{2s^2} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2s})^2}{2s^2}.$$

Example 3.

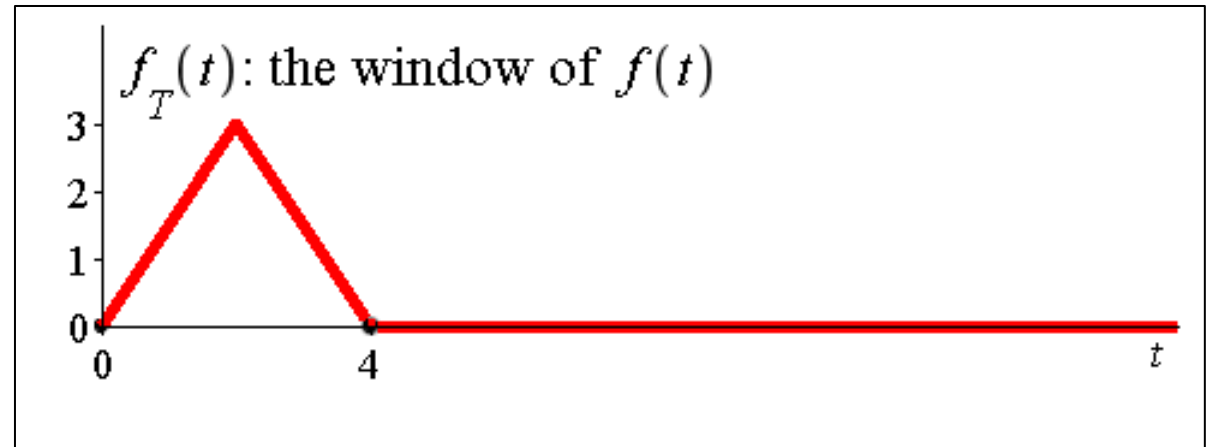
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.



Solution:

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} f(t) & 0 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 3t/2 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 6 - 3t/2 & 2 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$$



$$F_T(s) = \frac{3}{2s^2} - e^{-2s} \left(\frac{3}{s^2} \right) + e^{-4s} \left(\frac{3}{2s^2} \right) = \frac{3(1 - 2e^{-2s} + e^{-4s})}{2s^2} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2s})^2}{2s^2}.$$

$$F(s) = \frac{F_T(s)}{1 - e^{-Ts}} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2s})^2}{2s^2(1 - e^{-4s})} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2s})^2}{2s^2(1 - e^{-2s})(1 + e^{-2s})} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2s})}{2s^2(1 + e^{-2s})}.$$