# Grocery and Drug Stores <br> Provincial Sales Tax Act 

Latest Revision: The revision bar (|) identifies changes to the previous version of this bulletin dated August 2023. For a summary of the changes, see Latest Revision at the end of this document.

This bulletin provides information to help grocery and drug stores understand how PST applies to their businesses.

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## Examples of Exempt Items

This is a list of exempt items commonly sold in grocery and drug stores. It is not a complete list.

Items not on this list may be found on the Examples of Taxable Items list below. If an item is not on either list and you are unsure how PST applies, please contact us.

## Food for Human Consumption and Water

Food products for human consumption are exempt from PST (except liquor with an alcohol content of greater than $1 \%$, which is taxed at $10 \%$ PST and soda beverages, which are taxed at 7\% PST), including:

- Bread and other baked goods
- Candy and confections
- Canned goods (e.g. jams, preserves, tomato sauce, vegetables, soup)
- Carbonated and still water
- Coffee, tea and sweeteners (except nitrogenized, sweetened coffee)
- Cooking oils (e.g. olive oil)
- Cooking sherry (i.e. those sold in a grocery store and not a liquor store)
- Drinks and drink mixes (e.g. hot chocolate, iced tea)
- Food colouring
- Frozen, sweetened beverages that are not carbonated and do not have gases added to them
- Fruits and vegetables
- Gelatine
- Gum (e.g. confections, weight loss support)
- Infant formula
- Kefir
- Meat
- Milk products and dairy products (e.g. cheese, yogurt and ice cream)
- Non-alcoholic beer, cider and wine (i.e. $1 \%$ or less alcohol content)
- Non-carbonated drinks such as fruit juices
- Protein drink mixes
- Snacks (e.g. chips and crackers)
- Sparkling flavoured waters that contain no sweeteners
- Spices and seasonings, including salt (except salt that is not for human consumption, such as salt for de-icing or softening water)

Water and ice are exempt from PST, including ice cubes and ice blocks (e.g. for coolers).

Note: PST applies to food for human consumption that contains cannabis products, except products derived from hemp plants and parts, such as hemp seeds, hemp hearts, hemp protein powder and hemp seed oil. For information on how PST applies to cannabis, see our Cannabis page.

## Health and Medical Products

## First Aid Materials

First aid materials obtained to treat humans are exempt from PST, including:

- Adhesive tape
- Alcohol pads, swabs and wipes
- Bandages
- Chemical heating pads
- Dressings
- Eye pads
- First aid booklets
- First aid kits
- Hot and cold packs
- Medications
- Porous plasters
- Surgical cotton
- Tensor bandages
- Wraps

Note: PST applies to first aid materials if they contain cannabis products.

## Household Medical Aids

Household medical aids are drugs and medicines, including those in the form of salves, ointments, nasal sprays, inhalants, antiseptics, liniments, foot powders, germicides, laxatives, cough syrups, and cold and flu remedies, that are advertised or marketed as products that treat, mitigate or prevent a human disease or disorder.

The following household medical aids are exempt from PST (this is not a complete list):

- Acne preparations, medicated (e.g. cleansers, lotions, soaps) - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents acne
- After bite salve
- Analgesics (i.e. pain relievers)
- Antacids
- Antihistamines
- Anti-inflammatory rubs
- Antinauseants
- Anti-parasitic treatments (e.g. for lice or worms)
- Antiphlogistine rubs
- Antiseptic pain relievers
- ASA tablets
- Baby medications (e.g. teething lotion or gel, colic remedies)
- Bee propolis
- Boric acid
- Burn remedies
- Castor oil
- Chest rubs and inhalants
- Cold remedies
- Cough remedies (e.g. lozenges, syrup)
- Creams, medicated (e.g. diaper rash cream, eczema) - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (this does not include creams for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Decongestant tablets
- Dermatologic skin preparations - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (this does not include creams for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Diaper rash creams and ointments
- Diarrhea preparations
- Ear preparations - made to treat, mitigate or prevent an ear disease or disorder
- Eczema preparations
- Epsom salts
- Eye drops or preparations - made to treat, mitigate or prevent an eye disease or disorder
- Flu remedies
- Foot medications, powder and spray - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder
- Germicides
- Hand sanitizer
- Heat liniments
- Hemorrhoid preparations
- Inhalants, asthma and chest
- Isopropyl alcohol
- Kidney pills
- Lactic acid drops or tablets
- Laxatives
- Liniments
- Lip preparations, medicated
- Liver pills
- Lotions, medicated - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder, such as eczema (this does not include preparations for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Lozenges
- Medicated skin creams - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (this does not include creams for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Moisturizers, medicated - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a particular skin condition, such as eczema (this does not include creams for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Motion sickness preparations
- Nasal drops and sprays
- Ointments, medicated
- Pain relief medications
- Peroxide
- Petroleum jelly
- Psoriasis preparations
- Rubbing alcohol
- Sedatives
- Shampoo - when advertised or marketed as a product to treat head lice
- Sleep preparations (i.e. over the counter sleeping aids)
- Soaps and moisturizers, medicated - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a particular skin condition, such as eczema (this
does not include preparations for dry or oily skin, or beauty products, such as anti-aging cream or cosmetics)
- Stomach remedies
- Sunburn medication, medicated - when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (this does not include sunscreen or sunblock)
- Suppositories
- Teeth and gum medications, over the counter
- Teething lotion or gel
- Throat lozenges
- Toothache medications, over the counter
- Wart removal preparations
- Worm preparations (e.g. antifungal creams, lotions, ointments)

Note: PST applies to the following:

- Any household medical aid that contains cannabis products
- Beauty products and cosmetics
- Hair products (including dandruff treatment) - unless the hair product is advertised or marketed as a product to treat head lice
- Oral hygiene products, including toothpaste and mouthwash
- Soaps and moisturizers - unless medicated and advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a particular skin condition, such as eczema (creams and lotions for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream, are taxable)
- Sunscreen and sunblock
- Toiletries, shaving products, depilatories (i.e. hair removal products) and fragrances


## Prescription Drugs, Vaccines, and Dental and Optical Appliances

A prescription is a formula or direction given by a practitioner as a remedy or treatment for a disease or disorder.

Practitioner is defined under the Pharmacy Operations and Drug Scheduling Act and includes doctors, dentists and other health care professionals who are authorized to prescribe drugs or devices.

For optical appliances, prescription also includes an assessment record or a contact lens record as defined in the Opticians Regulation.

The following are exempt from PST:

- Dental and optical appliances sold on prescription, including:
- Clip-on sunglasses sold together with prescription eyeglasses that are specifically designed to be attached to the eyeglasses
- Frames sold together with prescription eyeglasses

See Bulletin PST 207, Medical Supplies and Equipment.

- Drugs and other substances that treat, mitigate or prevent a human disease or disorder when sold on prescription
- Drugs listed in Schedule I or IA of the Drug Schedules Regulation (exempt for all purchasers, including hospitals, practitioners and health authorities)
- Vaccines listed in Schedule II of the Drug Schedules Regulation and vaccines that are veterinary drugs as defined under the Veterinary Drugs Act (exempt for all purchasers, including hospitals, practitioners and health authorities)

Note: PST applies to drugs and vaccines if they contain cannabis products, except drugs listed in Schedule I or IA of the Drug Schedules Regulation.

## Vitamins and Dietary Supplements

Vitamins and dietary supplements are exempt from PST if they are in an orally ingestible form and are obtained for human consumption. Vitamins and dietary supplements include ascorbic acid (vitamin C), cod liver oil, and mineral, protein and sports supplements.

Note: PST applies to vitamins and dietary supplements if they contain cannabis products.

## Other Health and Medical Products

The following are exempt from PST:

- Bunion, callus and corn pads obtained to treat humans
- Crutches
- Dentures, including adhesives, liners and repair kits
- Diabetic supplies, including syringes, needles, lancing devices, glucose monitoring units and diabetic testing materials obtained by a diabetic, or an individual on behalf of a diabetic, for the diabetic's own use
- Drugs and other substances that alleviate pain
- Hearing aids, including specifically designed replacement batteries
- Hosiery, elastic - advertised or marketed for use as a support for varicose veins
- Incontinence briefs and incontinence pads designed to be worn by an individual - when advertised or marketed solely for use by individuals with disabilities, if obtained by or on behalf of an individual with a disability for the individual's own use (purchases by doctors, hospitals or health authorities are taxable)
- Nicotine gum, nicotine patches and similar items - when advertised or marketed as products that assist an individual to stop smoking, if obtained by or on behalf of an individual for the individual's own use
- Orthopaedic appliances - see Bulletin PST 207, Medical Supplies and Equipment
- Ostomy material, equipment and supplies - see Bulletin PST 207, Medical Supplies and Equipment
- Sanitary napkins or pads, tampons, sanitary belts, menstrual cups, underwear or other similar products - when advertised or marketed for menstrual or postpartum purposes (Note: This does not include deodorants, douches, sprays or syringes.)
- Wheelchairs, scooters and other devices for use in transporting individuals with disabilities - see Bulletin PST 207, Medical Supplies and Equipment

Note: PST applies to medical products that contain cannabis products.

## Other Exempt Goods Commonly Sold in Grocery and Drug Stores

## Children's Clothing

The following items are exempt from PST:

- Children-sized clothing and footwear, including garments designed for:
- babies, such as baby bibs, baby blankets, baby clothing, bunting bags, cloth diapers and diaper liners,
- girls, up to and including girls' national standard size 16, and
- boys, up to and including boys' national standard size 20.
- Adult-sized clothing and footwear purchased for children under 15 years old (purchasers of these items must complete a certification form)

For more information on exempt children's clothing, including documentation requirements for sales of adult-sized clothing and footwear purchased for children under 15 years old, see Bulletin PST 201, Children's Clothing and Footwear.

## Publications

The following publications are exempt from PST:

- Books that are printed and bound, including colouring books, comic books, cookbooks, dictionaries, garden books, maps sold in book form and pocket books (e.g. crosswords, horoscopes)
- Qualifying magazines, newspapers and periodicals

For more information, see Bulletin PST 205, Books, Magazines, Newspapers and Other Publications.

## School Supplies

Specified school supplies are exempt from PST when obtained for the use of a student who is enrolled in an educational program provided by a qualifying school or who is being educated at home in accordance with the School Act. The exemption includes:

- Crayons
- Erasers
- Glue
- Paper - lined, unlined, drawing, graph and music manuscript
- Pencils
- Pens
- Ring binders
- Rulers
- School art portfolios
- Work books

For more information, see Bulletin PST 202, School Supplies.

## Feeds

The following items are exempt from PST:

- Feed (including pet food) - when obtained to feed any animal that is to be sold in the regular course of business or that ordinarily produces food for human consumption (e.g. livestock)

Note: These items are taxable if obtained to feed household pets that are not for resale, or animals that do not ordinarily produce food for human consumption.

- Agricultural feed (e.g. grain, mill, hay) and seeds - when obtained solely for an agricultural purpose, including feeding animals:
- used to cultivate land (e.g. feeding farm horses),
- reared to provide food, wool or other products, or
- used to rear other animals that provide food, wool or other products (e.g. feeding ranch horses used to herd livestock)

Note: This exemption does not apply to agricultural feed and seeds obtained to feed wildlife, household pets, birds that do not ordinarily produce food for human consumption, or horses such as racehorses, equestrian horses or carriage horses that are not used in cultivating land or in providing food, wool or other products.

## Fertilizer and Plants

The following are exempt from PST:

- Fertilizer purchased by an individual or purchased for an agricultural purpose.

Fertilizer is a substance or mixture of substances that contains nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium or other plant nutrients and is substantially (i.e. more than 90\%) advertised or marketed as plant food. Fertilizer does not include substances or mixtures of substances (e.g. garden mixes) that:

- contain $50 \%$ or more (by volume) of sand, gravel, topsoil, fill, weed control chemicals, fungicides or a substance that is not a plant nutrient, or any combination of these items, or
- are registered under the Pest Control Products Act (Canada).
- Living plants and trees that ordinarily produce food for human consumption (e.g. fruit trees, vegetable plants, plants with edible berries, culinary herbs, onion sets and onion bulbs)
- Sawdust, straw, wood chips, bark chips, bark mulch and wood shavings if these items are obtained for use in landscaping or as bedding for animals
- Seeds - when obtained solely for an agricultural purpose (i.e. to grow or cultivate), including vegetable plant seeds, flower seeds, herb seeds and grass seed (for information about seeds obtained as feed, see Feeds above)


## Other Exempt Substances

The following substances are exempt from PST when obtained by an individual or for an agricultural purpose:

- Agricultural lime
- Organic mulch
- Organic substances, if advertised or marketed as compost aids or compost accelerators
- Peat
- Plant hormones, microorganisms and enzymes, or a mixture of plant hormones, microorganisms and enzymes, if advertised or marketed as a plant regulator
- Sphagnum
- The following growing mediums:
- Compostable basket liners and growing mats made only from organic materials
- Compostable pots made only from organic materials
- Diatomaceous earth
- Humus
- Orchid bark
- Peat pellets
- Perlite
- Potting soil and soilless potting mix, unless the soil or mix:
- contains $50 \%$ or more (by volume) of sand, gravel, topsoil, fill, weed control chemicals, fungicides or any combination of these items, or - is registered under the Pest Control Products Act (Canada).
- Vermiculite
- Wood ash or charcoal, if advertised or marketed as a soil amendment

For more information on these exemptions, see Bulletin PST 128, Nurseries and Garden Stores.

## Fuel

The following are exempt from PST:

- Barbecue briquettes
- Manufactured fire logs
- Pelletized fuel, as defined in the Solid Fuel Burning Domestic Appliance Regulation
- Wood and charcoal, if obtained for use as a source of energy, including hickory chips, kindling and hog fuel
- Propane - however, propane is subject to motor fuel tax at a rate of 2.7¢ per litre unless a specific exemption applies (e.g. propane sold in a sealed,
pre-packaged container that holds not more than 4 litres of propane, and propane sold in a pre-filled or refilled cylinder that is designed to hold not more than 28 litres or propane). For more information, see Bulletin MFT 014, Propane Exemptions.


## Safety Equipment and Protective Clothing

The following safety equipment and protective clothing is exempt from PST:

- Work-related safety equipment and protective clothing designed to be worn by, or attached to, a worker if required under specified provincial work safety legislation when purchased or leased by an employer, self-employed person or educational institution
- Specifically listed work-related safety equipment and protective clothing designed to be worn by a worker, including safety goggles, steel-toed boots, and KF94, KN95 and N95 respirators
- Specifically listed general safety equipment and protective clothing, including safety helmets designed for use in sport, recreation and transportation, first aid kits, children's restraint car seats and children's booster car seats, safety vests and safety bibs

For more information, see Bulletin PST 100, Safety Equipment and Protective Clothing.

## Other

The following are exempt from PST:

- Clothing patterns
- Remembrance Day poppies and wreaths
- Yarn, natural fibres, synthetic thread and fabric that are commonly used in making or repairing clothing - see Bulletin PST 130, Fabric and Craft Stores


## Gift Cards and Gift Certificates

You do not charge PST on a purchase of gift cards or gift certificates because it is a purchase of store credit a customer may redeem later. When a customer redeems the credit, PST applies to the purchase as if the credit were cash. PST will apply if the item purchased is subject to PST.

The above also applies to prepaid gift cards or gift certificates used to purchase telecommunication services or software.

## Examples of Taxable Items

This is a list of taxable items commonly sold in grocery and drug stores. It is not a complete list.

Items not on this list may be found on the Examples of Exempt Items list above. If an item is not on either list and you are unsure how PST applies, please contact us.

- Aftershave lotions
- Air deodorizers or fresheners
- Albums (e.g. photo, record, stamp)
- Ammonia
- Antifreeze
- Aprons, including aprons for children
- Artificial flowers
- Athletic equipment (e.g. balls, bats, hockey sticks) - except safety helmets
- Automotive supplies (e.g. oil)
- Baby bottles and nipples
- Baby pins
- Baby toiletries, non-medicated (e.g. oil, powder, lotion, shampoo, wipes)
- Backpacks
- Bags (e.g. paper, shopping, lunch)
- Barbecues
- Bath oils
- Batteries - except batteries designed specifically for hearing aids
- Beauty aids (e.g. makeup brushes, manicure sets)
- Bird gravel
- Bird seed - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- Blankets - except baby blankets and receiving blankets
- Blood pressure monitors
- Blow dryers
- Blu-ray discs, blank or recorded
- Bottle caps
- Breast pads and pumps
- Breath sprays
- Brooms
- Bug killers
- Bulbs - flower, garden - except onion sets and onion bulbs
- Buttons
- Calculators
- Calendars
- Camera supplies (e.g. batteries, film)
- Cameras
- Candles
- Canning supplies (e.g. jars, rings, lids)
- Carbonated or nitrogenized energy drinks
- Cards, greeting, sports
- Cat food - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- Catalogues - for promoting sales or leases of goods, property or services
- Catnip - unless sold for human consumption (e.g. as tea)
- CDs, blank or recorded
- Cheesecloth
- Chloride of lime
- Chlorine
- Christmas trees - artificial or uncut
- Cigarette holders, makers, papers, tubes
- Citronella
- Clamps
- Clocks
- Clothespins and clotheslines
- Cloths - dish, cleaning
- Coffee, nitrogenized and sweetened
- Coffee filters
- Collars, pet
- Colognes
- Condoms
- Contact lens preparations (e.g. cleaning solution, lubricant)
- Contraceptives and contraceptive preparations - except oral contraceptives purchased with a prescription and intrauterine devices (IUDs)
- Coolers, including soft coolers designed to hold ice
- Cords, electric
- Cosmetics
- Cotton swabs
- Creams (e.g. face, hand, skin, shaving) - except medicated products when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (creams for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Curling irons
- Cut flowers
- Cutlery
- Dental needs - except dental adhesives, liners and repair kits
- Denture cleaners
- Deodorants
- Deodorizers
- Depilatories
- Detergents
- Diaper pins
- Disposable diapers for infants and toddlers
- Diaphragms
- Directories
- Dishes
- Disinfectant cleaners
- Disinfectants - except household medical aids that are advertised or marketed as products that treat, mitigate or prevent a human disease or disorder (e.g. antiseptics, rubbing alcohol)
- Dog biscuits - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- Dog food - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- DVDs, blank or recorded
- Dye (e.g. fabric, hair)
- Electric blankets
- Electrical supplies (e.g. cords, fuses, light bulbs)
- Electronic cigarettes - Note: The rate of PST on vapour products is $20 \%$.
- Escargot shells
- Essential oils
- Evergreen trees, shrubs - except natural, cut evergreens sold as Christmas trees
- Eye drops - for lubricating or re-wetting contact lenses
- Fabric dye
- Face cream and cleansers - except medicated products when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (creams and cleansers for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Facial tissue
- Film, camera and prints
- Filters - coffee, oil
- Fire-starters
- Fishing bait
- Flashlights
- Flea killers and flea soap
- Flints
- Floor wax and polish
- Flower bulbs, plants, pots - except when purchased by a qualifying farmer to be used solely for farm purposes, see Bulletin PST 101, Farmers (Note: Onion sets and bulbs are exempt for anyone.)
- Flowers, cut
- Fly swatters
- Foil - aluminium wrap, plates
- Freezer bags
- Frozen sweetened beverages, such as Slurpees, that have been carbonated or have other gases added to them
- Fuel, barbecue starter
- Fungicides
- Furniture polish
- Fuses
- Garbage bags
- Garden mixes that are not fertilizers - see Fertilizer and Plants above
- Garden tools, equipment, furniture
- Gels, hair setting
- Glass cleaner
- Glassware
- Gloves - general purpose, dress
- Greeting cards
- Grooming aids
- Ground meat labelled as pet food - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- Hair accessories (e.g. barrettes, brushes, clips, combs)
- Hair care items (e.g. dyes, sprays, remover, gels, shampoos)
- Hair dryers
- Hair tonics
- Hair wave sets
- Hand cleaners
- Hand creams, lotions - unless advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder, such as eczema (creams and lotions for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Handbags
- Handkerchiefs
- Hanging baskets
- Hardware items
- Heating pads, electric
- Herring for fish bait - except when purchased by commercial fishers
- Highlighter pens, markers
- Hip pads
- Hot water bottles
- Household cleaners
- Hygiene sprays, deodorants, douches and syringes
- Insect repellent
- Insecticides
- Insoles
- Jars, canning
- Kitchenware, utensils
- Kitty litter
- Knee pads
- Kombucha
- Laundry supplies (e.g. detergent, soap, starch)
- Leashes, pet
- Light bulbs
- Lighter fluid
- Lighters
- Linens
- Lip balms, non-medicated
- Long distance telephone debit cards
- Lotions - except medicated products when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (lotions for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Lunch bags, kits
- Lye
- Machine oil
- Magnets, including therapeutic
- Makeup
- Makeup remover
- Maps - except maps in book form (see Publications above)
- Markers - including highlighters
- Matches
- Metal polish
- Moisturizers - unless medicated and advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a particular skin condition, such as eczema (creams and lotions for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Mosquito coils
- Mothballs, naphthalene
- Mouthwash
- Movie and video rentals, including tapes, DVDs, discs
- Nail care products
- Nail polish
- Napkins - paper, cloth
- Nasal dilators
- Naval jelly
- Needle and syringe disposable containers
- Needles - unless purchased by a diabetic, or an individual on behalf of a diabetic, for the diabetic's own use
- Nipples - for baby bottles
- Notions (e.g. bobbins, buttons, elastic, knitting or sewing needles, pins, scissors)
- Nursers
- Nursing pads
- Nylons - except for children (see Children's Clothing above)
- Oil - automotive, machine
- Oil filters
- Oils, essential
- Ornamental plants
- Oven cleaners
- Pacifiers
- Paint and paint brushes - unless purchased as exempt school supplies (see School Supplies above)
- Paint cleaner
- Panty hose - see Children's Clothing above
- Paper (e.g. shelf, toilet, wax, wrapping, printer, lined)
- Paper bags, napkins, plates
- Paper towels
- Paraffin wax
- Party favours (e.g. bags, labels, ribbons, toys)
- Paste and glue - unless purchased as exempt school supplies (see School Supplies above)
- Pens and pencils - unless purchased as exempt school supplies (see School Supplies above)
- Perfume
- Pesticides - except when purchased by a qualifying farmer solely for a farm purpose (see Bulletin PST 101, Farmers)
- Pet food - unless purchased as exempt feed (see Feeds above)
- Pet supplies
- Pet toys
- Photo albums
- Picnic supplies
- Pictures, picture frames
- Pillowcases
- Pillows
- Pipes, pipe cleaners, fillers
- Plant shine
- Planters
- Plants, non-edible
- Plastic wrap
- Plates - aluminum, paper
- Polish, shoe, floor, furniture, metal, automotive
- Postcards
- Pottery
- Price lists
- Prints, film or digital
- Prophylactics
- Publications - for promoting sales or leases of goods, real property or services
- Purses
- Rate books (e.g. accommodations, dining)
- Rattles
- Reading glasses, non-prescription
- Recipe cards
- Record albums
- Room sprays
- Rug/upholstery cleaners
- Salt, de-icing
- Salt - used domestically as water softener
- Scarves
- Scouring pads, metal, plastic
- Sewing notions (e.g. kits, needles, pins)
- Shampoo - except when advertised or marketed as a product to treat head lice
- Shaving supplies
- Shoe insoles
- Shoe laces, brushes, polish, dyes
- Shopping bags
- Shrubs
- Silver polish
- Skin creams and lotions - except medicated products when advertised or marketed as a product that treats, mitigates or prevents a human disease or disorder (creams and lotions for dry or oily skin, and beauty products, such as anti-aging cream and cosmetics, are taxable)
- Soap (e.g. bath, detergent, flakes, liquid, powder)
- Soda beverages (including soda beverages sold with food or other goods - see Bulletin PST 119, Restaurants and Liquor Sellers)
- Soda fountain beverages (all beverages dispensed by a soda fountain, soda gun or similar equipment, even if the beverage is not a soda beverage (e.g. juice)
- Soft drinks and soda pop
- Sparkling fruit juices
- Sparkling sweetened water
- Sports cards, including packages containing gum
- Sprinklers
- Stamp albums
- Starch - laundry, spray or liquid
- Stationery
- Steel wool
- Straws
- Sunglasses, non-prescription
- Sunscreen
- Suntan lotions, sprays, oils
- Swabs - cotton, ear
- Sweetened effervescent beverages that have any of the following added to them:
- frozen desserts, such as ice cream (e.g. ice cream floats)
- fruit or fruit flavouring
- candy, chocolate or another type of confection
- Swim goggles
- Syringes - unless purchased by a diabetic, or an individual on behalf of a diabetic, for the diabetic's own use
- Tacks
- Talcs
- Tanning lotions, sprays
- Telephone long distance debit cards
- Terrariums
- Therapeutic magnets
- Thermometers
- Thumb tacks
- Tide tables - except when purchased by a qualifying fisherman
- Timetables (e.g. event, travel schedules)
- Tinware
- Tissues
- Tobacco (e.g. cigars, cigarettes, chewing tobacco, pipe tobacco, snuff, heated tobacco products)
Note: PST is charged at the rate of $7 \%$ on the purchase price of the tobacco, which already includes the tobacco tax (see Notice 2022-004, Notice to Tobacco Sellers, for more information).
- Tobacco papers, pouches, tubes
- Toilet bowl cleaner
- Toilet paper
- Toiletries (e.g. deodorants, shampoos)
- Tools
- Toothbrushes
- Toothpaste, tooth powders
- Toothpicks
- Tourist guide publications that do not qualify as books - see Publications above
- Toys
- Trees, ornamental - except natural, cut evergreens sold as Christmas trees
- Tropical plants
- Umbrellas
- Utensils
- Vapour products (e.g. e-cigarettes, vape pens, e-juice) - Note: The rate of PST on vapour products is $20 \%$.
- Velcro
- Vending machine beverages - unless the machine does not dispense any soda beverages
- Video games - sales and rentals
- Videotapes, blank or recorded
- Washing soda
- Water glasses
- Watering cans
- Wave sets, hair
- Wax (e.g. canning, floor, candle)
- Waxed paper
- Weed control chemicals - except when purchased by qualifying farmers (see Bulletin PST 101, Farmers)
- Wipes
- Wrapping paper
- Writing materials
- Zippers


## Purchases and Leases for Your Business

## Taxable Goods

You must pay PST on the purchase or lease of new or used taxable goods you use in your business, such as:

- Advertising materials, such as flyers and brochures
- Cleaning supplies, such as rags, soaps and cleaning solutions
- Computer hardware including point-of-sale systems and other electronic devices
- Energy for heat and light (except electricity)
- Freestanding coolers and refrigerators
- Items you purchase to give away as free promotions (see below)
- Paper towels and toilet paper
- Shelving and display equipment
- Stationery, furniture and office equipment

You must also pay PST on the following.

- Software, unless a specific exemption applies (e.g. custom software). For more information, see Bulletin PST 105, Software.
- Related services you purchase for your own equipment, such as repairs to your office equipment. For more information, see Bulletin PST 301, Related Services.

If your supplier does not charge you PST on taxable items, you must self-assess (pay directly to us) the PST due on your next PST return.

If you do not have a PST number, you must self-assess the PST due using a Casual Remittance Return (FIN 405) on or before the last day of the month following the month you obtained the taxable items. For example, if you purchase a taxable item in June, you must file the return and pay the PST no later than July 31.

## Goods for Resale or Lease

You are exempt from PST on goods you obtain solely for resale or lease to your customers. To purchase or lease these goods exempt from PST, give the supplier your PST number or, if you do not have a PST number, a completed Certificate of Exemption - General (FIN 490).

If you make a purchase that includes both exempt goods for resale and taxable goods you will use in your business, tell your supplier which goods are exempt and which goods are taxable. If they do not charge you PST on the taxable goods, you must self-assess the PST due.

For more information, see Bulletin PST 208, Goods for Resale.

## Change in Use

If you take taxable goods from your resale inventory for business or personal use, you must self-assess the PST due on your cost of the goods.

If you have a PST number, you must self-assess the PST due on your next PST return. If you do not have a PST number, you must self-assess the PST due using a Casual Remittance Return (FIN 405) on or before the last day of the month following the month you used the goods for a taxable purpose.

If you take taxable goods from your lease inventory for business or personal use, you must self-assess PST as explained in Bulletin PST 315, Rentals and Leases of Goods.

## Containers and Packaging Materials

You are exempt from PST on containers and packaging materials (except reusable containers) you obtain solely for packaging goods for sale or lease, or if you provide them to your customers with their retail purchases of goods. However, you must pay PST on containers and packaging materials if you use them for other purposes, such as storing, handling or shipping goods, or you use them to provide a service.

Generally, you are not required to charge PST on the containers and packaging materials you provide with goods and services, unless you separately charge your customers for them.

For example, you provide bags to your customers with their purchase of goods and charge $15 \%$ per bag. You must charge PST on the charge for the bags.

In limited circumstances, you may be required to charge PST on the fair market value of the containers and packaging materials.

For more information, see Bulletin PST 305, Containers and Packaging Materials.

## Goods Brought Into B.C.

You must pay PST if you purchase or lease taxable goods outside B.C. and bring or send them into B.C. or receive them in B.C. You must pay PST on the total amount you pay to bring the goods into B.C., including charges for transportation, customs, excise, and any other costs, except the goods and services tax (GST).

If your supplier does not charge you PST at the time of the sale or lease, you must self-assess the PST due on your next PST return.

If you do not have a PST number, you must self-assess the PST due using the Casual Remittance Return (FIN 405) on or before the last day of the month following the month you brought or sent the goods into B.C., or received the goods in B.C. For example, if you brought taxable goods into B.C. in June, you must file the return and pay the PST no later than July 31.

For more information, see Bulletin PST 310, Goods Brought Into B.C.

## Bonus Items

You may provide goods as bonus items with the purchase of other goods. For example, you may give your customer a bonus item when they purchase at least $\$ 40$ worth of cosmetics. For the purposes of the PST, these transactions are sales of both items.

If all the items (e.g. purchased and provided as a bonus) are taxable goods (e.g. a hair brush provided with a purchase of a bottle of shampoo), you charge PST on the purchase price paid by your customer. You can purchase the bonus items exempt from PST as goods for resale.

If the transaction is for both taxable and non-taxable goods for a single price (e.g. a ceramic plant pot and an exempt lavender plant), you are making a bundled sale.

## Bundled Sales

If you sell taxable and non-taxable goods together for a single price, you are making a bundled sale. The general rule for charging PST on a bundled sale is that you charge PST only on the fair market value of the taxable portion of the sale, unless a specific exemption applies. The fair market value is the retail price a good, software or service would normally sell for on the open market by a willing seller to a willing purchaser at arm's length.

For example, if you sell contact lens solution and prescription contact lenses together for a single price, you charge 7\% PST on the fair market value of the contact lens solution.

For more information, see Bulletin PST 316, Bundled Sales and Leases.

## Promotional Materials

Promotional materials are goods you use, give away or sell below cost to help advertise or promote your business. Examples of promotional materials include samples, gifts, premiums and prizes, and goods given away as part of a loyalty or rewards points program.

You must pay PST on all taxable goods you purchase or make as promotional materials. For example, you must pay PST if you buy mugs or balloons you will give away to promote your business.

Promotional materials on which you must pay PST also include taxable goods you obtain to sell at a price below cost. For example, you purchase perfume at a cost of $\$ 40$ per bottle. To promote greater sales, you offer the perfume to preferred
customers at a below cost price of $\$ 30$ per bottle. Your customer pays PST on the $\$ 30$ purchase price of the perfume. In addition, if you have not yet paid PST on the goods (e.g. after taking them out of your exempt resale inventory for use as promotional materials), you must self-assess PST on your next PST return, based on the following formula:
(Cost - Customer's purchase price) x PST rate = PST to self-assess

$$
(\$ 40-\$ 30) \times 7 \%=\$ 0.70 \text { PST to self-assess }
$$

Note: You do not need to self-assess PST on goods you sell below cost if you are not doing so for promotional purposes. For example, you purchased electronics at $\$ 100$ per item and attempted to sell them for $\$ 150$ per item. After some time, you decide to mark down the remaining items to $\$ 75$ per item because they became obsolete or because their value has decreased. Your customer pays PST on the $\$ 75$ purchase price of the electronics and you do not self-assess any additional PST.

For more information, see Bulletin PST 311, Promotional Materials and Special Offers.

## Refunds to Customers

As a collector, you may refund or credit your customers PST you charged and/or collected from them in certain circumstances. For more information, see Bulletin PST 400, PST Refunds.

## i Need more info?

Online: gov.bc.ca/pst
Toll free: 1-877-388-4440
Email: CTBTaxQuestions@gov.bc.ca
Subscribe to receive email notifications when B.C. tax information is updated.
The information in this bulletin is for your convenience and guidance and is not a replacement for the legislation.

## Latest Revision

March 2024

- Revised references from feminine hygiene products to menstrual and postpartum products
- Other minor revisions

References: Provincial Sales Tax Act, sections 1 "promotional distribution", "promotional material", "promotional sale", "soda beverage", "tobacco", 10, 16, 26, 26.1, 81, 137, 139, 140.1, 141, 145, 146, 147, 148, 152 and 153; Provincial Sales Tax Exemption and Refund Regulation, sections 1 "alcohol-containing food product", "practitioner", "prescription", 3-5, 7-17, 27, 32-35, 44-48, 51 and 52; Provincial Sales Tax Regulation, section 1 "cannabis", and section 7.1.

