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# Present, Past, and Future Tense Verbs

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The following information, as taken from Language LAB™ by JoAnn Wiechmann, M.A., CCC-SLP; Judy Rudebusch, Ed.D., CCC-SLP; and Nancy Kuhles, M.S., CCC-SLP, provides an overview of present, past, and future tense verbs.

## **Regular Present Tense Verbs**



#### **Definition**

Regular present tense verbs describe a daily event or a repeated action.

Regular singular nouns and the pronouns *he, she*, and *it* will add –s or –es to the verb. Plural nouns, plural pronouns, and the singular pronouns *"I"* and *"you"* will not add –s or –es.

#### **Examples**

- She **tells** the best stories.
- The *phone* **rings** every hour.
- The *drummer* **plays** loudly.
- My grandparents tell great stories.
- The *phones* ring every hour.
- The *drummers* play loudly.

# **Regular Past Tense Verbs**

#### Definition

Regular past tense verbs describe an action that happened or was completed in the past. To form a simple regular past tense verb, add –ed to the regular verb. To form a regular past tense verb of verbs ending in a consonant and –y, change the –y to an "i" and add –ed (dry/dried). Regular past tense verbs are the same for singular and plural subjects.

#### **Examples**

#### Consonant ending

- laugh/laughed
- open/opened
- walk/walked

#### Consonant and -y ending

- copy/copied
- cry/cried
- pry/pried

## **Irregular Past Tense Verbs**

#### **Definition**

An **irregular past tense verb** is a word that describes an action that happened in the past. **Irregular past tense verb** forms do not end in –ed. These verbs either keep the same spelling, change letters in the middle of a word, or change completely.



#### **Examples**

Verbs that do not change form when referring to a past action.

- Today I cut. Yesterday I cut. Today the sun set. Yesterday the sun set.
- Today I hit. Yesterday I hit. Today I hurt. Yesterday I hurt.

Verbs that change completely when referring to a past action.

- do/did
- hide/hid
- tell/told
- catch/caught

Verbs that change letters in the middle of the word when referring to a past action.

- come/came
- blow/blew
- draw/drew
- drink/drank

#### **Future Tense Verbs**

#### Definition

The **future tense helping verb "will" + an action verb** describes an action that may happen in the future and forms a simple future tense sentence.

#### **Examples**

- Charlie will drive to the store.
- The turtle will swim in the river.
- They **will sing** the song.
- The teacher will give us our books.

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Language LAB<sup>™</sup> Webber® Verbs CD-ROM

Item #LANG-22 Item #FDCD-100

Yesterday's Verbs, Regular & Irregular Past Tense Irregular Verbs Fun Deck® App Item #BK-264

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