

# TOP 50 U.S. COMPANIES IN GERMANY

Update on the Status of Transatlantic Business Relations

Assessment of Germany as a Business Location

November 2022





#### **Executive Summary**



#### MAIN FINDINGS

- The year 2021 was successful for the TOP 50 U.S. companies in Germany and was driven by strong post-pandemic recovery.
- Especially companies in the service and IT industries experienced organic growth in 2021, and companies in the raw materials, energy, and chemicals industries benefited from rising raw material prices.
- Declining demand and supply chain disruptions resulted in a difficult environment for the automotive and supplier sectors in 2021.
- A high level of investments and M&A activities emphasizes the economic attractiveness of the German market, but also indicates continuous structural change in Germany.

#### OUTLOOK

- The outlook for 2022 and 2023 shows a mixed picture.
- The sharp rise of energy prices coupled with increasing inflation and interest rates has resulted in declining GDP forecasts from major economic institutes.
- Nevertheless, the TOP 50 U.S. companies in Germany were able to further increase their revenues in the first half of 2022 compared to the first half of 2021, and labor markets are robust. These both are stabilizing factors for the upcoming quarters.
- Even so, there are several areas of action for the German government. These include high energy prices and inflation rates, geopolitical tensions, and a growing talent shortage.

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# Strengthening **Transatlantic Sovereignty**

In the fall of 2022, our economy is facing major challenges from the war against Ukraine and ongoing uncertainty by the Corona pandemic. We are currently experiencing the greatest geopolitical and economic shifts in decades.

Global trade has been shaken, inflation is reaching levels not seen in decades, and a global recession is looming on the horizon. The energy landscape is also being reshaped. Across Europe and the U.S., governments, businesses, and civil society face challenges to democracy and freedom, and the transatlantic partners are also tasked with securing prosperity and jobs as well as driving digitalization and ecological transformation. Finally, we are seeing a strategic shift in defense policies and trade alliances.

From a transatlantic perspective, this presents us with a unique opportunity. For generations, Germany and the U.S. have been united by a stable partnership — especially in times of dramatic upheaval. In the face of current challenges, the transatlantic partnership is rising to the occasion and entering a new era. In light of these changes, it is necessary to strengthen the competitiveness, resilience, and responsiveness of the transatlantic economy, thus fostering U.S.-European sovereignty and innovation for decades to come.

In this brochure, we depict current investment sentiment among U.S. companies in Germany and how they currently assess transatlantic relations.

We stay confident in these turbulent times.

Enjoy reading.

**Simone Menne** President AmCham Germany



# Companies on a **Prosperous Journey**

The TOP 50 U.S. companies in Germany enjoyed a successful 2021. Business was thriving, and direct investments between the two countries also grew significantly, further underpinning the importance of the transatlantic relationship. Service and IT industries in particular were able to bounce back and enjoy healthy post-pandemic revenue growth. At surface-level, 2022 looked uncertain, especially given the geopolitical situation, declining GDP forecasts, increasing cost of raw materials, and consumers' limited spending willingness. But despite all this, the TOP 50 U.S. companies in Germany confirmed improved revenue in the first half of 2022.

As companies today operate in circumstances of multidimensional, accelerated change, they must focus in order to keep up this momentum. This means pushing for total reinvention of the enterprise, while becoming a part of an unstoppable tech revolution and focusing on sustainability as well as talent management. For example, AI and the Digital Twin can future-proof much more than just engineering and manufacturing processes. Technology has the power to transform ways of working, customer interactions, create a more sustainable operation, and so much more. The right talent makes all of this possible and is a sought-after success factor. That requires new sources to bring skilled employees in, a culture to keep them, and a strategy to hone their skills.

U.S. companies in Germany find themselves on a prosperous journey — one well worth joining.

#### Christina Raab Market Unit Lead Accenture ASG Vice President, AmCham Germany

#### I. REVENUE AND EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT

# **General Overview** TOP 50 Companies in Germany and in the U.S.

### Increase in revenue and stable employee headcount in both countries.

Companies on both sides of the Atlantic have benefited from economic recovery after Corona.

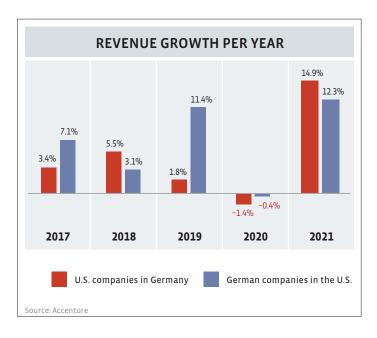
- The number of employees of the 50 largest U.S. companies in Germany is stable. The number of employees in 2021 was around 275,000, compared to 275,500 in 2020 (-0.2%). In the U.S., the 50 largest German companies secured around 580,000 jobs. These figures reflect the robust labor markets in both countries.
- Foreign direct investment (FDI) and the number of M&A deals increased on both sides as well. This shows the mutual importance of business in both countries.
- Only the volume of M&A deals decreased. The year 2021 saw less large deals, but many small M&A deals, which speak for more careful expansion.

2021	TOP 50 U.S. Companies in Germany	TOP 50 German Companies in the U.S.
Revenues TOP 50 Total	218 bn EURO	443 bn EURO
Revenue growth	+14.9% 👚	+12.3% 👚
Employees (total)	275,000	580,000
Growth of number of employees	- 0.2%	+ 1.9%
	U.S. Companies in Germany (total)	German Companies in the U.S. (total)
Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)	201.2 bn EURO +16.5% <b>↑</b>	477.1 bn EURO +20.3% <b>★</b>
M&A Deals	170 (+53.2% 👚)	87 (+27.9% 👚)

# **Comparison** Annual Revenue Growth of the TOP 50

# Companies in the U.S. and Germany benefited from post-Corona recovery in 2021.

- The strong increase in consumer demand and the end of pandemic lockdowns boosted recovery on both sides of the Atlantic.
- During the height of the pandemic, the decline in TOP 50 sales in Germany was around three times greater than sales in the U.S. The TOP 50 U.S companies in Germany had more to catch up on, which was one reason for their faster growth in 2021.



#### **TOP 50** U.S. Companies in Germany

#### Refers to sales in 2021

	Company	Sales in 2021 (€)	Branch/industry
1.	Amazon Deutschland	31,577,796,000 <sup>2</sup>	Services and Trade
2.	Ford-Werke GmbH	14,220,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Automotive
3.	ExxonMobil Central Europe Holding GmbH	9,500,000,000	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
4.	GEHE Pharma Handel GmbH	8,859,312,000 <sup>2</sup>	Services and Trade
5.	TK Elevator GmbH	8,000,000,0002	Mechanical Engineering
6.	John Deere GmbH & Co. KG	7,910,000,000¹	Mechanical Engineering
7.	Microsoft Deutschland	7,730,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Telecom, IT, IT Services
8.	PHILIP MORRIS GmbH	7,190,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Consumer Goods
9.	JET Tankstellen Deutschland GmbH	6,987,729,000 <sup>2</sup>	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
10.	Google Deutschland	6,520,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Telecom, IT, IT Services
11.	HAVI Europe Management GmbH & Co. KG	5,380,000,0001	Services and Trade
12.	Tech Data GmbH & Co. OHG	5,000,000,0001	Telecom, IT, IT Services
13.	Intel	<b>4,180,000,000</b> <sup>1</sup>	Telecom, IT, IT Services
14.	Thermo Fisher Scientific Germany	3,659,000,000	Pharma
15.	GE Deutschland	3,520,000,0001	Mechanical Engineering
16.	McDonald's Deutschland LLC	3,460,000,0001	Services and Trade
17.	Arrow Central Europe GmbH	3,390,260,4002	Telecom, IT, IT Services
18.	Procter & Gamble Germany	3,300,000,0001	Consumer Goods
19.	Johnson & Johnson Gruppe	3,280,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Pharma
20.	Stada Arzneimittel AG	3,249,500,0002	Pharma
21.	AGCO GmbH	3,060,000,0001	Mechanical Engineering
22.	Linde	3,046,446,000 <sup>2</sup>	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
23.	Dell GmbH	2,940,000,0001	Telecom, IT, IT Services
24.	Facebook	2,890,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Telecom, IT, IT Services
25.	LyndellBasell	2,872,170,000 <sup>2</sup>	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
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Sources: The basis for the employer rankings is information from relevant companies or estimates by AmCham Germany and Accenture that are marked as such.

1) Estimate; 2) Taken from Annual Report or company website.

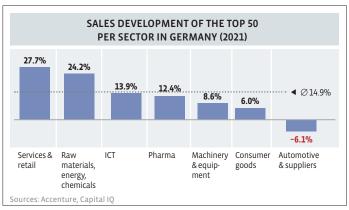


	Company	Sales in 2021 (€)	Branch/industry
26.	Bristol-Myers Squibb GmbH & Co. KGaA	2,850,000,000	Pharma
27.	Dow Deutschland Inc.	2,820,000,0001	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
28.	Cargill	2,800,000,000	Consumer Goods
29.	HP Deutschland GmbH	2,780,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Telecom, IT, IT Services
30.	3M Deutschland GmbH	2,746,911,000	Mechanical Engineering
31.	MBCC Group	2,700,000,0001	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
32.	Coca-Cola	2,660,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Consumer Goods
33.	Texas Instruments	2,630,000,000	Telecom, IT, IT Services
34.	SKY Deutschland	2,560,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Services and Trade
35.	J.P. Morgan SE	2,384,900,0002	Services and Trade
36.	MSD SHARP & DOHME GmbH	2,350,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Pharma
37.	Celanese	2,263,050,000 <sup>2</sup>	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
38.	ADM Germany	2,220,000,000¹	Raw Materials, Energy, Chemicals
39.	Abbott Deutschland	2,137,842,0002	Pharma
40.	Nike Deutschland	2,110,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Consumer Goods
41.	Mondelez Deutschland	2,100,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Consumer Goods
42.	zooplus	2,093,000,000²	Services and Trade
43.	United Parcel Service Deutschland S.à.r.l. & Co. OHG	1,920,000,000¹	Services and Trade
44.	AbbVie Deutschland	1,890,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Pharma
45.	Tenneco	1,862,892,000 <sup>2</sup>	Automotive
46.	Pfizer Deutschland GmbH	1,820,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Pharma
47.	Caterpillar Gruppe	1,815,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Mechanical Engineering
48.	Honeywell Deutschland Holding	1,730,000,000 <sup>1</sup>	Mechanical Engineering
49.	Adient Germany Ltd. & Co. KG	1,720,000,000¹	Automotive
50.	Mars Deutschland	1,690,000,000¹	Consumer Goods
		1	

# **Industries:** Impacted to Varying Degrees in Germany

# The logistics and pharmaceutical sectors witnessed strong growth during the Corona crisis.

- The strong growth of services & retail as well as information & communication technology (ICT) reflects the ongoing structural change in Germany. The Corona pandemic is still driving growth for online retailers, and the end of lockdowns bolstered revenue for traditional retailers as well. At the same time, ICT profits from the ongoing digital transformation.
- The raw materials, energy, and chemicals industries grew predominantly due to steadily increasing oil prices, which were an outcome of global recovery and subsequently higher demand for oil.
- The pharmaceutical sector experienced mixed growth.
   Companies that focused on Corona topics such as vaccinations and laboratory equipment grew strongly, whereas companies that engaged in other areas of the pharmaceuticals market saw slower growth in 2021.
- Manufacturers of agricultural and construction machinery drove growth in the machinery and equipment industry in 2021.
- The consumer goods industry grew steadily without major outliers.
- For automotive manufacturers and suppliers, 2021 was another difficult year. New car registrations declined by around 10% compared to 2020 in Germany, and the industry was impacted by supply chain disruptions.

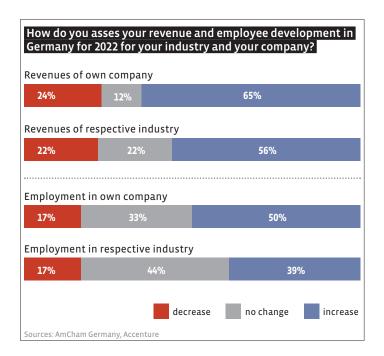


# **Employee Headcount & Revenue:**Positive Outlook

# Companies anticipate stable development of revenue and employees in Germany in 2022.

The majority of companies expect an increase for their respective business in 2022, both in sales (65%) and in the number of employees (50%) (according to the results of AmCham Germany's survey from September 2022 among the largest U.S. companies in Germany).

- One-quarter of the companies surveyed said they expect a decrease in revenue in their company and industry.
- One-third of the companies anticipate no major changes in the number of jobs provided by their company or industry. Half of the companies expect the number of jobs provided by their own company to increase.
- However, companies are impacted by the talent crisis and are in need of skilled workers to fill positions, and a lack of qualified professionals can already be felt (see also pages 29 and 30 in this brochure).

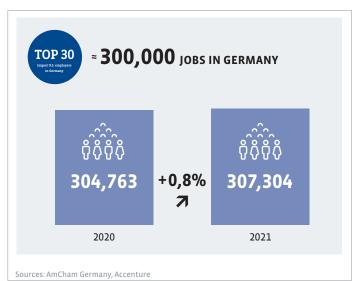


# **Development** of the TOP 30 U.S. Employers in Germany

# U.S. subsidiaries continue to secure and create jobs in Germany.

The 30 largest U.S. employers in Germany provide more than 300,000 jobs in Germany.

- Online retail and logistics companies drove the increase in employee numbers.
- The second biggest group of companies that pushed employment growth in 2021 were agricultural and construction machinery manufacturers.
- For automotive and supplier companies, 2021 was not only challenging in terms of revenue but also for the employment situation in this industry.



# People icon by shashank singh – thenounproject.com

#### TOP 30 U.S. Employers in Germany

# TOP 30 Largest U.S. employers in Germany

#### Ranking presents the number of employees of U.S. companies in Germany in 2021.

III G	imany m 2021.	
1.	McDonald's Deutschland LLC	54,900 <sup>1</sup>
2.	Amazon Deutschland	28,000¹
3.	United Parcel Service Deutschland S.à.r.l. & Co. OHG	21,000
4.	Ford-Werke GmbH	20,0002
5.	ManpowerGroup Deutschland	14,000 <sup>1</sup>
6.	John Deere GmbH & Co. KG	10,900 <sup>1</sup>
7.	FedEx	10,700 <sup>1</sup>
8.	Procter & Gamble Germany	9,600 <sup>2</sup>
9.	TJX Deutschland Ltd. & Co. KG	9,600 <sup>1</sup>
10.	Aramark Holdings GmbH & Co. KG	8,600 <sup>1</sup>
11.	Hymer GmbH & Co. KG	8,500 <sup>1</sup>
12.	AGCO GmbH & Co. KG	8,400 <sup>1</sup>
13.	Tenneco	8,200 <sup>1</sup>
14.	Yum! Restaurants International Ltd.	7,500
15.	Goodyear Dunlop Tires Germany GmbH	7,300 <sup>1</sup>
16.	Coca-Cola	7,0002
17.	Subway	7,000 <sup>2</sup>
18.	Honeywell Deutschland Holding	6,200 <sup>1</sup>
19.	LKQ/Stahlgruber	6,114 <sup>2</sup>
20.	Linde	6,100 <sup>1</sup>
21.	3M Deutschland GmbH	6,090
22.	Thermo Fisher Scientific Germany	5,700
23.	GE Deutschland	5,000 <sup>1</sup>
24.	Adient Germany Ltd. & Co. KG	5,000 <sup>1</sup>
25.	Danaher	4,700 <sup>1</sup>
26.	MBCC Group	4,500 <sup>1</sup>
27.	BorgWarner	<b>4,400</b> <sup>1</sup>
28.	Lear Corporation	4,300
29.	Johnson & Johnson Group	4,0002
30.	Caterpillar Gruppe	4,000 <sup>1</sup>

Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture. The basis for the employer rankings is information from relevant companies or estimates by AmCham Germany that are marked as such.

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate. All estimates were conducted solely by AmCham Germany and Accenture.

<sup>2)</sup> From Annual Report or company website.

#### II. TRANSATLANTIC RELATIONS

#### **Transatlantic Business Relations:**

Facts & Figures

The EU and the U.S. have the largest bilateral trade and investment partnership.

The economic relationship between the EU and the U.S. stands for:

1/3 of world GDP in terms of purchasing power

1/2 of total global personal consumption

1/2 of global GDP

of global purchasing power

#### German Companies in the U.S.

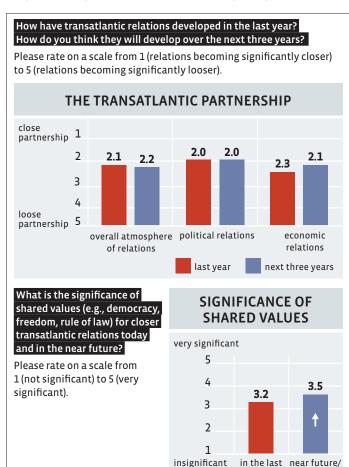
- Around 5,600 German-owned affiliates secure around 885,000 U.S. jobs (in comparison: foreign companies have created 6.8 million jobs in total in the U.S.).
- The jobs created are distributed across all regions in the U.S. In Michigan, New Mexico, and South Carolina, German companies are the largest foreign employer.

#### **Transatlantic Partnership:** Close, Stable, and Based on Shared Values

According to AmCham Germany's TOP 50 survey, companies anticipate stability in the transatlantic partnership.

Even closer economic relations are expected. Shared values and ideas will gain even more significance.

Respect for human dignity, the rule of law, and democracy are the basis for a strong political and cultural partnership. Europe and the U.S. have a close and stable partnership that is founded on these principles.



Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture

in the last near future/

next 3 years

#### III. GERMANY AS A BUSINESS LOCATION

# **Survey Results:** Challenges and Opportunities



# Results of AmCham Germany's survey among the largest U.S. companies in Germany.

This year, the TOP 50 and TOP 30 rankings are accompanied by a presentation of important challenges for transatlantic business relations and how the companies assess Germany as a business location.

- An online survey among the largest U.S. companies in Germany was conducted by AmCham Germany and Accenture in September 2022 to gain insights into how U.S. companies assess Germany as a business location.
- A total of 19 U.S. companies representing 47.5 billion EUR in revenue in Germany and 60,000 employees in Germany participated.
- The results of this online survey are presented in the following pages. The survey presents the summarized and anonymized companies' assessments of various topics.

#### **Good Rating** for Germany

# Germany retains its good rating as a place for doing business from a U.S. perspective.

Despite the economic measures taken by the German government during the pandemic, Germany has been given slightly worse grades than last year due to the current energy crisis.

- Germany is the largest economy in Europe. It constitutes 25% of Europe's GDP (EU-27) and is home to 19% of the total EU population.
- Germany is an attractive location for U.S. companies with a central geographic location in Europe and excellent infrastructure.

- The German economy is both highly industrialized and diversified—with equal focus placed on services and production. Germany is a global leader in innovation.
- Positive highlights during the pandemic included government measures such as short-time work allowance (Kurzarbeit), rescue packages for the self-employed and SMEs, extra child benefit for families, economic aid for artists and creative professionals, and bridging aid for students.
- However, the mood was dampened by high energy prices and inflation rates.
- Companies see shortcomings particularly in the areas of digital infrastructure, workforce skills, and energy costs, which are additionally burdened by the war against Ukraine.

#### How would you rate Germany as a place for doing business from a U.S. perspective? (1 = excellent; 6 = unsatisfactory)

The assessment of Germany as a business location has deteriorated slightly compared to previous years.

# GERMANY AS A BUSINESS LOCATION 2021 2022 2023 Grade 1.9 2.4 2.7 Change ↑ ↓ -0.5 -0.3

Source: AmCham Germany, Accenture

#### **Business Enhancement:** U.S. Investors Contribute to Germany's Attractiveness

#### U.S. companies are strong in innovative products and services.

The surveyed U.S. companies see an increase in efficiency and productivity as their main contributions to the German economy and society. This is perceived as a result of increasing diversity and inclusion as well as further digitalization.

What are currently the most significant contributions by your company to the economy and society in Germany? Please select your top three.

Introduced product/service innovation into the German market

63%

Contributed to diversity and inclusion in Germany

58%

Drove digital transformation to make German sites more efficient and productive

42%

Increased efforts on sustainability for our operations in Germany

32%

Actively supported the communities in which we are part of (e.g., cultural or sports sponsorship)

32%

Secured and created new jobs in Germany

26%

Increased the innovation capacity in Germany by investing in R&D

21%

Upgraded and modernized sites and buildings

16%

Constant investment in training and upskilling of our employees in Germany

Constructed new sites and buildings

#### Three-Year Outlook: Sustainability more important in the near future.

The U.S. companies see themselves contributing significantly to the German economy by fostering innovation in products and services and by increasing the sustainability of their business operations.

What are the most significant contributions by your company to the economy and society in Germany you planning for the next three years? Please select your top three.

Introduce product/service innovation into the German market

58%

Contribute to diversity and inclusion in Germany

47%

Increase efforts on sustainability for our operations in Germany

47%

Drive digital transformation to make German sites more efficient and productive

42%

Actively support the communities in which we are part of (e.g., cultural or sports sponsorship)

26%

Secure and create new jobs in Germany

26%

Upgrade and modernize sites and buildings

21%

Increase the innovation capacity in Germany by investing in R&D

16%

Constant investment in training and upskilling of our employees in Germany

Construct new sites and buildings

Sources pp. 18 and 19: AmCham Germany, Accenture

Both tables show the proportion of how often an option was mentioned as one of the three most important contributions.

# **Strategic Chances:** Germany as a Business Location

# Green tech and biotechnology provide strategic opportunities for Germany.

The best strategic opportunities for Germany lie in the areas of green tech (e.g., the photovoltaic industry, wind turbines), eMobility, and biotechnology.

 In Germany, environmental technology and resource efficiency have become powerful drivers of economic growth.

	very low 1	ı	very h	nigh 5
Green tech			• 4	4.3
eMobility			4	4.1
Internet of Things (e.g., smart home, smart manufacturing)			4	¥.1
Biotechnology			4	¥.0
Sustainable construction			3	3.9
Energy storage (e.g., batteries)			3	3.8
Circular economy solutions			3	3.8
Artificial Intelligence solutions			3	3.6
Semiconductor manufacturing			3	3.4
Cyber security solutions			3	3.4
eHealth (e.g., telemedicine, telesurgery, ePrescriptions)			3	3.4
Cloud-based solutions			3	3.3
Quantum technology solutions			3	3.1

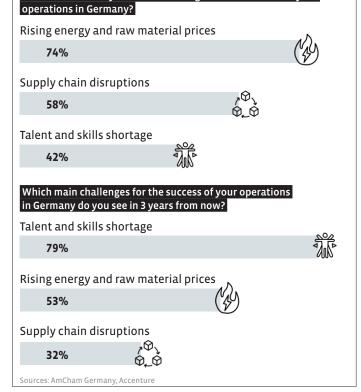
# **Business Expectations:** Short-term and Long-term Challenges

Rising energy prices are currently the main challenge. The majority of companies are also concerned about a shortage of talent and skills in the workplace in the next years.

Concerns about skills shortages in the near future outweigh concerns about rising energy and raw material prices.

Energy prices must be lowered to a competitive level to keep the international competitiveness of companies in Germany. Energy-intensive production and consumption-related sectors of the economy are hit particular hard.

Which are currently the main challenges for the success of your



Supply Chain icon by Ida Desi Mariana – thenounproject.com

#### **International Trade:**



#### Need for Diversification

#### Uncertainty in international trade and investment has increased.

Tensions between the U.S. and China, the impact of the war in Ukraine, and Brexit implications have led to uncertainties.

- German-U.S. operations mitigate negative impacts from decoupling and prepare for business going forward.
- Most of the companies are diversifying their business partners. They are adjusting supply chains or sales partners.

The possibility of international trade decoupling has increased (e.g., tensions between the U.S. and China, impact from Russian war against Ukraine, Brexit implications). How do your German operations react to mitigate respective consequences?

Diversify ecosystem partners (e.g. supply chain or sales partners)

63%

Strengthen strategic resiliency

63%

Diversify customer base geographically

32%

Diversify product/service portfolio

32%

Diversify production sites geographically

26%

Increase local production and service capacities

26%

Hedge risks financially

11%

Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture

#### **Scarce Goods:** Energy and Semiconductors Are Most Important



Oil and gas as well as other energy supplies are the most important scarce goods for U.S. operations in Germany. Semiconductors rank second.

The semiconductor industry plays an important role in supplying downstream industries. Semiconductors are important for Germany as a business location.

In addition to a competitive energy supply strategy, it is important to have a comprehensive, long-term, sustainable, and effective strategy to strengthen the semiconductor industry.

Which of the below listed scarce goods are most important for your operations in Germany?

Please select the top three.

Oil, gas and other energy supplies

58%

Semiconductors and chips

21%

Non-precious metals (nickel, copper, aluminum, etc.)

16%

Construction material

16%

Agricultural products

16%

Rare earths elements (dysprosium, scandium, yttrium, etc.)

11%

Precious metals (gold, platinum, silver, etc.)

5%

Other

21%

Not applicable

21%

Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture

carcity icon by Angelo Troiano -thenounproject.com rade icon by Fritz – thenounproject.com

#### **Energy Scarcity:** Rising Prices



### Energy costs in Germany are currently incalculable.

The war in Ukraine has exacerbated the energy crisis, which in turn is further impacted by the Corona pandemic. This continues to drive up prices, especially for fossil fuels. Companies are coping in different ways. The majority of surveyed companies state that they are mostly saving energy in administration and production as well as changing their energy supply and sources.

- AmCham Germany advocates for more international cooperation and diversification of energy sources in order to ensure affordable energy in Germany and Europe.
- In order to break free from the dependence on fossil fuels and drive the transformation to climate neutrality, renewable energy must be expanded. Government and business stakeholders must swiftly implement necessary projects such as the development of hydrogen-ready LNG infrastructure as well as its respective approval process.

# How do you cope with (or are planning to cope with) energy scarcity and rising prices? Please select the top three. Save energy in administration 79% Save energy in production 58% Change energy supply/source 47% Save energy in services 42% Other 16% Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture

# **Interest Rates:** Little Impact on Investment



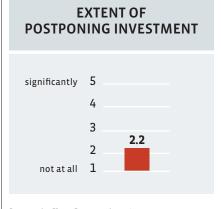
Rising interest rates only have a moderate impact on the postponing of business investments.

Currently, political and public discussions in Germany are focused on unprecedented inflation rates, which are fueled by high energy and living expenses, uncertainty about the Corona pandemic, and supply chain challenges.

- However, companies have indicated that the impact from changes in interest rates on postponing investments is not very significant for them.
- On the other hand, companies such as financial institutions, banks, and insurance companies may benefit from rising interest rates.

#### To what extent do the changes in interest rates lead to postponing your investments?

Please rate on a scale from 1 (not at all) to 5 (significantly).



Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture

Gas energy icon by Mask Icon – thenounproject.com Interest icon by Blair Adams – thenounproject.com

#### **Dealing with Inflation:**



No Reduction of R&D Budgets nor Dismissal of Staff

Price adaptation strategies are one measure to respond to increasing inflation rates.

Inflation in Germany rose to 10.0% in September 2022, thereby reaching the highest level since reunification. This underscores the impact of the ongoing energy crisis and COVID-19 supply chain constraints.

- Nearly half of participating companies are reacting to high inflation by adapting their products and prices.
   One-fourth of the companies surveyed are adjusting their supply chains, while another quarter states that inflation has no impact on their business operations.
- None of the participating companies selected one of the following options: reducing R&D budgets, decreased investment in production sites, less employee training, or the dismissal of employees.

With regards to your German operations, what do you cu as the most effective measure to respond to increasing ir	
Product/service price adjustments	
47%	
Procurement/supply adjustments (e.g., new suppliers, alternative materials)  26%	
Currently no concerns	
26%	
Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture; tradingeconomics.com/germany/inf	flation-cpi

# nflation icon by jowy san – thenounproject.com Corona icon by Econceptive – thenounproject.com

# **COVID-19:** Concerns about Lockdowns



Companies are concerned about new waves of Corona. Despite being prepared, most companies fear that further lockdowns will impact production.

It has been two years since COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic. The German government has moved swiftly to counteract the Corona crisis, introducing a far-reaching package of financial measures to safeguard health, jobs, and the economy.

- The majority of the companies surveyed fear lockdowns impacting supply chains.
- Against the backdrop of the current economic slowdown and skills shortage, half of the surveyed companies fear that a high number of employees will suffer from Coronavirus infections.

COVID waves? Participants sel	oncerned about with regard to new lected all that apply.
Lockdowns disrupting supply chains	58%
High number of employees with Coronavirus infections	53%
Travel restrictions resulting	32%
in supply shortages  Lockdowns resulting in	26%
supply shortages	
Lockdowns resulting in production delays	21%
Lockdowns resulting in production stops	21%
Currently no concerns	5%
Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture	

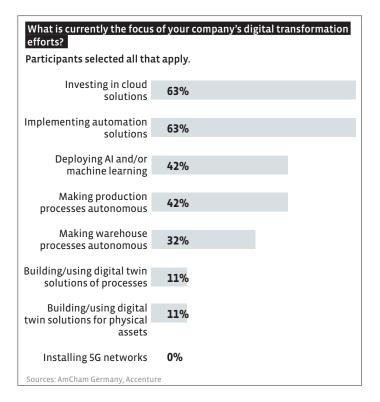
# **Digital Transformation:** Cloud Solutions and Automation Are Key



# U.S. companies in Germany are focusing on cloud solutions in Germany and process automation.

For the EU and the U.S., value creation and innovation through industrial data are of central importance.

- Close transatlantic cooperation toward a successful and value-creating digital transformation can promote innovation in transatlantic economy. Existing European projects such as Gaia-X or the planned data space for mobility data can serve as examples.
- AmCham Germany calls for a digital transatlantic economic zone that aims to include a digital transatlantic domestic market, which can serve as an attractive point of contact for other regions, such as emerging markets. The zone should be established in a joint transatlantic effort.



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#### Talent Crisis: Impacting Growth



The shortage of skilled labor represents one of the biggest challenges to growth. Skilled employees are in demand in all sectors.

- For their own company, U.S. companies assess the lack of skilled workers on a scale of 1 (no talent crisis at all) to 5 (severe talent crisis) as 3.3.
- For their respective industries, the companies indicated that this value is slightly higher at 3.5.
- The right talent is a sought-after success factor. The shortage requires new sources to bring employees in, a culture to keep them, and a strategy to hone their skills.



# **Talent Crisis:** Skilled Workforce in High Demand



# Companies see a talent crisis. The highest demand is for production staff.

Companies face a challenge due to the talent crisis and experience difficulties in filling key positions. There is not one predominant skill that is missing.

- The companies surveyed indicated a lack of industrial engineers, software engineers, AI experts, and managers (21% respectively). Companies also indicated a shortage of truck drivers and technicians (Others, 26%).
- Data scientists as well as front-office and sales staff are lacking by 16% each.
- A minority of companies indicated that they do not have a skills shortage in Germany (11%).

What kind of talent does your	r company lack the most in Germany?
Participants selected all that a	
Production staff	32%
Engineers	21%
Software engineers	21%
Al experts	21%
Manager	21%
Data scientists	16%
Front-office staff	16%
Back-office staff	11%
Others	26%
No workforce shortage	11%
Sources: AmCham Germany, Accenture	

#### ABOUT THE TOP 50 SURVEY





Each year, AmCham Germany releases its ranking of the TOP 50 U.S. companies in Germany and the TOP 30 largest U.S. employers in Germany. The TOP 50 ranking lists the largest companies with more than 50% U.S. capital in Germany in terms of revenue. It refers to the 2021 fiscal year. The revenue and employee figures are based in part on estimates conducted solely by AmCham Germany and Accenture. Companies for which no substantiated estimate is possible are not included in the ranking. All other data is given by companies or compiled from company websites and/or annual reports pursuant to SEC reporting requirements.

Each year, the rankings are accompanied by a presentation of important challenges for transatlantic business relations and how U.S. companies assess Germany as a business location. An online survey among the largest U.S. companies in Germany was conducted by AmCham Germany and Accenture in September 2022 to gain insights into how U.S. companies assess Germany as a business location.

A total of 19 U.S. companies representing 47.5 billion EUR in revenue in Germany and 60,000 employees in Germany participated. The summarized and anonymized results of this online survey are presented in this brochure.

#### **ABOUT AMCHAM GERMANY**

AmCham GERMANY

The American Chamber of Commerce in Germany (AmCham Germany) strives to enhance global economic and trade relations built on a strong foundation of American and German partnership. We actively support and promote our members' interests through our global networks in business, politics, and AmChams worldwide. AmCham Germany enables cross-cultural understanding, cooperation, and new investment through our commitment to transparent dialogue, unrestricted trade, and a competitive and open business climate. www.amcham.de

#### ABOUT ACCENTURE



Accenture is a global professional services company with leading capabilities in digital, cloud, and security. Combining unmatched experience and specialized skills across more than 40 industries, we offer Strategy and Consulting, Technology and Operations services, and Accenture Song—all powered by the world's largest network of Advanced Technology and Intelligent Operations centers. Our 721,000 people deliver on the promise of technology and human ingenuity every day, serving clients in more than 120 countries. We embrace the power of change to create value and shared success for our clients, people, shareholders, partners, and communities. www.accenture.de

#### **Contact Information**

#### FRANKFURT OFFICE

American Chamber of Commerce in Germany e.V. Börsenplatz 13–15 60313 Frankfurt am Main T +49 69 929104-0

#### BERLIN OFFICE

American Chamber of Commerce in Germany e. V. Charlottenstr. 42 10117 Berlin T +49 30 2130056-0

General Manager: Daniel Andrich

E amcham@amcham.de www.amcham.de

#### Follow us:







#### CONTRIBUTORS

AmCham Germany: Daniel Hawk, Patricia Limburg, Maik Luckow Accenture: Andreas Egetenmeyer, André Schlieker, Lea Treese

Concept and Design: Patricia Limburg, M8 Medien GmbH

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