## Lesson 4 Calculating Area

## Key Concepts

- Area is a way of describing a two dimensional object
- Units are usually $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ or acres
- Rectangles $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W}$
- Triangles $\mathrm{A}=1 / 2 \times \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{H}$
- Circles $A=\pi \times r^{2}$ or $A=0.785 \times D^{2}$
- Cylinders $\mathrm{C}=\pi \mathrm{xD} \quad$ and $\quad \mathrm{A}=\pi \times \mathrm{r}^{2}$
- Spheres $\mathrm{A}=\pi \times \mathrm{D}^{2}$


## Example 1:

Find the surface area in acres of a pond measuring 100 ft by 350 ft .

## Example 2:

Find the area of a triangle with a base that is 30 ft and a height of 40 ft .

Example 3:
Find the surface area of a clarifier with a 40 ft diameter.

## Calculating Area

## Example 4:

Find the surface area of a round tank with a diameter of 30 ft . and a height of 15 ft . (do not include the top of the tank)

## Example 5:

Find the surface area of a sphere that is 20 feet in diameter.

## Find the area of the following rectangles:

## $A=L \times W \quad 1$ Acre $=43,560$ square feet

1. A wall that is 5 feet tall and 20 feet long $=$ $\qquad$ square feet
2. A wall that is 72 inches tall and 30 feet long $=$ $\qquad$ square feet
3. A parking lot that measures 300 feet by 150 feet $=$ $\qquad$ square feet
4. A facility that measures 600 ft . by $2,500 \mathrm{ft}=$ $\qquad$ acres
5. A reservoir that is 500 ft by $500 \mathrm{ft}=$ $\qquad$ acres

## Find the area of the following triangles: <br> $A=1 / 2 B \times H$

6. A triangle with a base of 10 feet and a height of 12 feet $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
7. A triangle with a base of 20 feet and a height of 10 feet $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
8. A triangle with a base of 8 feet and a height of 4 feet $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
9. A triangle with a base of 19 feet and a height of 20 feet $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
10. A triangle with a base of 25 feet and a height of 18 feet $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$

## Find the area of the following circles:

$$
A=\pi \times \mathbf{r}^{2} \quad(\pi=3.14)
$$

11. The surface area of a round clarifier that measures 50 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
12. The top of a circular storage tank with a diameter of 30 feet $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
13. The cross sectional area of a pipe that is 3 feet in diameter $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
14. The cross sectional area of a pipe that has a 24 inch radius $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
15. The area of a circle that measures 60 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft

## Find the surface area of the following cylinders:

## Circumference $=\pi \times D \quad$ Area $=\pi \times D \times H$

16. A round tank that is 20 feet tall and 15 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
17. A round tank that is 10 feet tall and 20 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
18. A round tank that is 17 feet tall and 30 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
19. A round tank that is 25 feet tall and 15 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft
20. A round tank that is 10 feet tall and 12 feet across $=$ $\qquad$ sq ft

## Find the surface area of the following spheres: $\mathrm{A}=\boldsymbol{\pi} \mathbf{x} \mathrm{D}^{2}$

21. A methane storage sphere that is 15 feet wide has a surface area of $\qquad$ sq ft
22. A propane storage sphere that is 25 feet wide has a surface area of $\qquad$ sq ft
23. A methane storage sphere that is 5 feet wide has a surface area of $\qquad$ sq ft
24. A sphere that is 12 feet wide has a surface area of $\qquad$ sq ft
25. A methane storage sphere that is 18 feet wide has a surface area of $\qquad$ sq ft

## Review

26. Solve for Flow:
lb/day $=($ Flow, MGD $)($ Dose, mg/L) (8.34)
27. Solve for MLSS:

Aerator Solids lb $=($ Tank Volume, MG $)($ MLSS, $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L})(8.34)$

