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Equilibrium Constant Formulas

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List of 12 Equilibrium Constant Formulas

Equilibrium Constant

1) Backward Reaction Rate Constant

$$fx \quad K_b = \frac{K_f}{K_c}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 3.333333\text{mol/L} = \frac{200\text{mol/L}}{60\text{mol/L}}$$

2) Change in Number of Moles

$$fx \quad \Delta n = n_P - n_R$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 10\text{mol} = 15\text{mol} - 5\text{mol}$$

3) Equilibrium Concentration of Substance A

$$fx \quad Eq_{\text{conc A}} = \left(\frac{(Eq_{\text{conc C}}^c) \cdot (Eq_{\text{conc D}}^d)}{K_c \cdot (Eq_{\text{conc B}}^b)} \right)^{\frac{1}{a}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 5.977019\text{mol/L} = \left(\frac{((30\text{mol/L})^9) \cdot ((35\text{mol/L})^7)}{60\text{mol/L} \cdot ((0.011\text{mol/L})^3)} \right)^{\frac{1}{17}}$$



4) Equilibrium concentration of Substance B 

$$\text{fx } E_{q_{\text{conc B}}} = \frac{E_{q_{\text{conc C}}} \cdot E_{q_{\text{conc D}}}}{K_c \cdot E_{q_{\text{conc A}}}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 0.002931 \text{ mol/L} = \frac{30 \text{ mol/L} \cdot 35 \text{ mol/L}}{60 \text{ mol/L} \cdot 5.97 \text{ mol/L}}$$

5) Equilibrium Concentration of Substance C 

$$\text{fx } E_{q_{\text{conc C}}} = \left(\frac{K_c \cdot (E_{q_{\text{conc A}}}^a) \cdot (E_{q_{\text{conc B}}}^b)}{E_{q_{\text{conc D}}}^d} \right)^{\frac{1}{c}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 29.93349 \text{ mol/L} = \left(\frac{60 \text{ mol/L} \cdot ((5.97 \text{ mol/L})^{17}) \cdot ((0.011 \text{ mol/L})^3)}{(35 \text{ mol/L})^7} \right)^{\frac{1}{9}}$$

6) Equilibrium Concentration of Substance D 

$$\text{fx } E_{q_{\text{conc D}}} = \left(\frac{K_c \cdot (E_{q_{\text{conc A}}}^a) \cdot (E_{q_{\text{conc B}}}^b)}{E_{q_{\text{conc C}}}^c} \right)^{\frac{1}{d}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 34.90027 \text{ mol/L} = \left(\frac{60 \text{ mol/L} \cdot ((5.97 \text{ mol/L})^{17}) \cdot ((0.011 \text{ mol/L})^3)}{(30 \text{ mol/L})^9} \right)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$



7) Equilibrium Constant 

$$fx \quad K_c = \frac{K_f}{K_b}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 60.06006 \text{ mol/L} = \frac{200 \text{ mol/L}}{3.33 \text{ mol/L}}$$

8) Equilibrium Constant with respect to Molar Concentrations 

$$fx \quad K_c = \frac{(Eq_{\text{conc C}}^c) \cdot (Eq_{\text{conc D}}^d)}{(Eq_{\text{conc A}}^a) \cdot (Eq_{\text{conc B}}^b)}$$

Open Calculator 


$$ex \quad 61.2105 \text{ mol/L} = \frac{((30 \text{ mol/L})^9) \cdot ((35 \text{ mol/L})^7)}{((5.97 \text{ mol/L})^{17}) \cdot ((0.011 \text{ mol/L})^3)}$$

9) Forward Reaction Rate Constant 

$$fx \quad K_f = K_c \cdot K_b$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 199.8 \text{ mol/L} = 60 \text{ mol/L} \cdot 3.33 \text{ mol/L}$$

10) Number of Moles of Gaseous Products 

$$fx \quad n_P = \Delta n + n_R$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 9 \text{ mol} = 4 \text{ mol} + 5 \text{ mol}$$



11) Number of Moles of Gaseous Reactants

$$fx \quad n_R = n_P - \Delta n$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(e2376d476d06eb31946dc01a69a4403a_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 11\text{mol} = 15\text{mol} - 4\text{mol}$$

12) Variation of Equilibrium Constant with Temperature at Constant Pressure

$$fx \quad K_2 = K_1 \cdot \exp\left(\left(\frac{\Delta H}{[R]}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{T_2 - T_{\text{abs}}}{T_{\text{abs}} \cdot T_2}\right)\right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0b5e7e25e8775f7e7e80906ada4f0021_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 0.141732 = 0.0260 \cdot \exp\left(\left(\frac{32.4\text{KJ/mol}}{[R]}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{310\text{K} - 273.15\text{K}}{273.15\text{K} \cdot 310\text{K}}\right)\right)$$







Variables Used

- **a** Number of Moles of A
- **b** No. of Moles of B
- **c** No. of Moles of C
- **d** No. of Moles of D
- **Eq_{conc A}** Equilibrium Concentration of A (*Mole per Liter*)
- **Eq_{conc B}** Equilibrium Concentration of B (*Mole per Liter*)
- **Eq_{conc C}** Equilibrium Concentration of C (*Mole per Liter*)
- **Eq_{conc D}** Equilibrium Concentration of D (*Mole per Liter*)
- **K₁** Equilibrium constant 1
- **K₂** Equilibrium constant 2
- **K_b** Backward Reaction Rate Constant (*Mole per Liter*)
- **K_c** Equilibrium Constant (*Mole per Liter*)
- **K_f** Forward reaction rate constant (*Mole per Liter*)
- **n_p** Number of moles of products (*Mole*)
- **n_R** Number of moles of reactants (*Mole*)
- **T₂** Absolute temperature 2 (*Kelvin*)
- **T_{abs}** Absolute Temperature (*Kelvin*)
- **ΔH** Heat of reaction (*KiloJoule Per Mole*)
- **Δn** Change in Number of Moles (*Mole*)



Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** **[R]**, 8.31446261815324 Joule / Kelvin * Mole
Universal gas constant
- **Function:** **exp**, exp(Number)
Exponential function
- **Measurement:** **Temperature** in Kelvin (K)
Temperature Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Amount of Substance** in Mole (mol)
Amount of Substance Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Molar Concentration** in Mole per Liter (mol/L)
Molar Concentration Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Energy Per Mole** in KiloJoule Per Mole (KJ/mol)
Energy Per Mole Unit Conversion 



Check other formula lists

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- [Properties of Equilibrium Constant Formulas](#) 
- [Relation between Equilibrium Constant and Degree of Dissociation Formulas](#) 
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