


Lesson 3 Part 1: Introduction **Understand** Rational and Irrational NumbersCCLS  
8.NS.A.1  
8.NS.A.2**What are rational numbers?**

**Rational numbers** are numbers that can be written as the quotient of two integers. Since the bar in a fraction represents division, every fraction whose numerator and denominator is an integer is a rational number.

Any number that *could* be written as a fraction whose numerator and denominator is an integer is also a rational number.

 **Think** Every integer, whole number, and natural number is a rational number.

You can write every integer, whole number, and natural number as a fraction. So they are all rational numbers. The square root of a perfect square is also a rational number.




$$3 = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$-5 = \frac{-5}{1}$$

$$0 = \frac{0}{1}$$

$$\sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ or } \frac{5}{1}$$

 **Think** Every terminating decimal is a rational number.

You can write every terminating decimal as a fraction. So terminating decimals are all rational numbers.

You can use what you know about place value to find the fraction that is equivalent to any terminating decimal.

$$0.4 \quad \text{four } \underline{\text{tenths}} \quad \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$0.75 \quad \text{seventy-five } \underline{\text{hundredths}} \quad \frac{75}{100} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$0.386 \quad \text{three hundred eighty-six } \underline{\text{thousandths}} \quad \frac{386}{1,000} = \frac{193}{500}$$

$$\sqrt{0.16} = 0.4 \quad \text{four } \underline{\text{tenths}} \quad \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

**Think** Every repeating decimal is a rational number.

You can write every repeating decimal as a fraction.  
So repeating decimals are all rational numbers.

As an example, look at the repeating decimal  $0.\overline{3}$ .

$$\text{Let } x = 0.\overline{3}$$

$$10 \cdot x = 10 \cdot 0.\overline{3}$$

$$10x = 3.\overline{3}$$

The repeating pattern goes to the tenths place. Multiply both sides by 10.

$$10x - x = 3.\overline{3} - 0.\overline{3}$$

$$9x = 3$$

$$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{9} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3}$$

$$0.\overline{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Subtract  $x$  from the left side and  $0.\overline{3}$  from the right side.

The equation is still balanced because  $x$  and  $0.\overline{3}$  are equivalent.

You can write and solve an equation to find a fraction equivalent to a repeating decimal.



Here's another example of how you can write a repeating decimal as a fraction.

$$x = 0.\overline{512}$$

$$1,000x = 512.\overline{512}$$

$$1,000x - x = 512.\overline{512} - \overline{0.512}$$

$$999x = 512$$

$$x = \frac{512}{999}$$

The repeating pattern goes to the thousandths place. Multiply by 1,000.

Subtract  $x$  from the left side and the repeating decimal from the right side.

**Reflect**

- 1 What fraction is equivalent to 5.1? Is 5.1 a rational number? Explain.

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**Explore It**

**What numbers are not rational? Let's look at a number like  $\sqrt{2}$ , the square root of a number that is not a perfect square.**

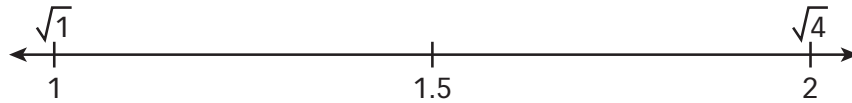
- 2** Look at the number line below. The number  $\sqrt{2}$  is between  $\sqrt{1}$  and  $\sqrt{4}$ . Since  $\sqrt{1} = 1$  and  $\sqrt{4} = 2$ , that means that  $\sqrt{2}$  must be between what two integers?



- 3** Draw a point on the number line where you would locate  $\sqrt{2}$ . Where did you draw the point? \_\_\_\_\_

- 4** Calculate:  $1.3^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $1.4^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $1.5^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- 5** Based on your calculations, draw a point on the number line below where you would locate  $\sqrt{2}$  now. Where did you draw the point? \_\_\_\_\_



- 6** Calculate:  $1.41^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $1.42^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- 7** Based on these calculations,  $\sqrt{2}$  is between which two decimals? \_\_\_\_\_

- 8** You can continue to estimate, getting closer and closer to the value of  $\sqrt{2}$ . For example,  $1.414^2 = 1.999396$  and  $1.415^2 = 2.002225$ , but you will never find an exact number that multiplied by itself equals 2. The decimal will also never have a repeating pattern.

$\sqrt{2}$  cannot be expressed as a terminating or repeating decimal, so it cannot be written as a fraction. Numbers like  $\sqrt{2}$  and  $\sqrt{5}$  are not rational. You can only estimate their values. They are called **irrational numbers**. Here, *irrational* means "cannot be set as a ratio." The set of rational and irrational numbers together make up the set of **real numbers**.

**Now try this problem.**

- 9** The value  $\pi$  is a decimal that does not repeat and does not terminate. Is it a rational or irrational number? Explain.

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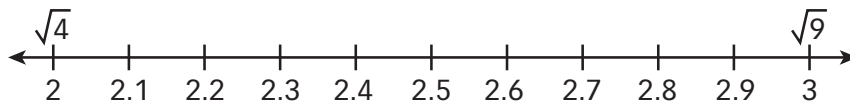
Talk About It

You can estimate the value of an irrational number like  $\sqrt{5}$  and locate that value on a number line.

10  $\sqrt{5}$  is between which two integers? Explain your reasoning.

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11 Mark a point at an approximate location for  $\sqrt{5}$  on the number line below.  $\sqrt{5}$  is between which two decimals to the tenths place? \_\_\_\_\_



12 Calculate:  $2.22^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $2.23^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $2.24^3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Based on your results,  $\sqrt{5}$  is between which two decimals to the hundredths place?

\_\_\_\_\_

13 Draw a number line from 2.2 to 2.3. Label tick marks at tenths to show 2.21, 2.22, 2.23, and so on. Mark a point at the approximate location of  $\sqrt{5}$  to the hundredths place.



Try It Another Way

Explore using a calculator to estimate irrational numbers.

14 Enter  $\sqrt{5}$  on a calculator and press Enter. What is the result on your screen? \_\_\_\_\_

15 If this number is equal to  $\sqrt{5}$ , then the number squared should equal \_\_\_\_\_.

16 Clear your calculator. Then enter your result from problem 14. Square the number. What is the result on your screen? \_\_\_\_\_

17 Explain this result.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



Connect It

Talk through these problems as a class, then write your answers below.

**18 Illustrate:** Show that  $0.\overline{74}$  is equivalent to a fraction. Is  $0.\overline{74}$  a rational or irrational number? Explain.

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**19 Analyze:** A circle has a circumference of  $3\pi$  inches. Is it possible to state the exact length of the circumference as a decimal? Explain.

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**20 Create:** Draw a Venn diagram showing the relationships among the following sets of numbers: integers, irrational numbers, natural numbers, rational numbers, real numbers, and whole numbers.



Put It Together

Use what you have learned to complete this task.

21 Consider these numbers:

$\sqrt{50}$      $3.4\overline{56}$      $0$      $\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}}$      $0.38$      $\sqrt{81}$      $2\pi$      $\sqrt{1.69}$      $\sqrt{\frac{2}{9}}$

A Write each of the numbers in the list above in the correct box.

Rational Numbers	Irrational Numbers

B Circle one of the numbers you said was rational. Explain how you decided that the number was rational.

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C Now circle one of the numbers you said was irrational. Explain how you decided that the number was irrational.

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D Draw a number line and locate the two numbers you circled on the line. Write a comparison statement using  $<$ ,  $=$ , or  $>$  to compare the numbers.

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