

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### **Product Information**

Product name: HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 50% (ALL GRADES)

Synonyms: H202 50%
Molecular formula: H202
Chemical family: peroxides
Molecular weight: 34.01 g/mol

**Product use:**Bleaching agent, Oxidizing agent, Cosmetics, Water treatment

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Compass Remediation Chemicals

2028 East Ben White Blvd

#240-1974 Austin, TX 78741

Telephone (866) 221-9167

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency Phone #: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview** 

Color: colorless liquid
Odor: pungent

#### \*Classification of the substance or mixture:

Oxidizing liquids, Category 2, H272 Oral: Acute toxicity, Category 3, H301 Skin corrosion, Category 1C, H314 Serious eye damage, Category

1, H318

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category

3, H335 Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3, H412

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word: **Danger** 

<sup>\*</sup>For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

#### **Hazard Statements:**

H272: May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat.

P220 : Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible

materials.

P221: Take any precaution to avoid mixing with

combustibles.

P261 : Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 : Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280 : Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P310 : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P301 + P330 + P331 : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 : IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 : Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P363 : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 : In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

#### Storage:

P403 + P233 : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly

closed. P405: Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Supplemental information:

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

If swallowed:

May cause: gastrointestinal symptoms, ulceration, burns, accumulation of fluid in the lungs which may be delayed for several hours, (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure).

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	7722-84-1	50 %	H271, H301, H332, H335, H314, H318, H412
Water	7732-18-5	50 %	Not classified

<sup>\*\*</sup>For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Skin:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

#### Eyes:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

## Ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Call a Poison Control Center. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth.

## Notes to physician:

Exposure to material may cause delayed lung injury resulting in pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Exposed individuals should be monitored for 72 hours after exposure for the onset of delayed respiratory symptoms.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media (suitable):

water spray, water fog

## **Protective equipment:**

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

#### Further firefighting advice:

Oxidizing material

In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Decomposition will release oxygen, which will intensify a fire.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Fire-fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

### Fire and explosion hazards:

Solutions above 65% are especially hazardous as they do not contain enough water to remove the heat of decomposition by evaporation.

Explosive when mixed with combustible material. Avoid breathing fumes from fire exposed material.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### In case of spill or leak:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid generation of vapors. Avoid contact with cellulose, paper, sawdust or similar substances. Risk of self-ignition or promotion of fires. Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be rinsed immediately with large amounts of water to ensure that all the hydrogen peroxide is removed. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material such as clean sand, earth, diatomaceous earth or non-acidic clay and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

#### General information on handling:

Do not taste or swallow.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear fire/ flame resistant/ retardant clothing. Prevent product contamination.

Keep only in the original container. Store in tightly closed container.

DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue.

Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed. Avoid contamination.

#### Storage

## General information on storage conditions:

Store in tightly closed container. Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place. Store in original container.

Store away from combustibles and incompatible materials. Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 430, Code for the Storage of Solid and Liquid Oxidizers.

## Storage incompatibility - General:

Store separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents, and combustibles.

Store separate from: Metallic oxides Organic materials

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Airborne Exposure Guidelines:**

**HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (7722-84-1)** 

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Time weighted average 1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR

1910.1000) PEL: 1 ppm (1.4 mg/m3)

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

### **Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

## **Respiratory protection:**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

#### Skin protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. When handling this material, gloves of the following type(s) should be worn: Neoprene

Polyvinylchloride

Impervious butyl rubber gloves

Wear a face shield, chemical goggles and chemical resistant clothing such as an approved splash protective suit made of SBR Rubber, PVC, Gore-Tex or a HAZMAT Splash Protective Suit (Level A, B, or C) when splashing may occur (such as connecting/disconnecting, mechanical first break). For foot protection, wear boots made of NBR, PVC, polyurethane, or neoprene. Overboots made of Latex or PVC, as well as firefighter boots or specialized HAZMAT boots are also permitted. DO NOT wear any form of boot or overboots made of nylon or nylon blends. DO NOT use cotton, wool or leather, as these materials react RAPIDLY with higher concentrations

of hydrogen peroxide. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Thoroughly rinse the outside of gloves and protective clothing with water prior to removal. Completely submerge hydrogen peroxide contaminated clothing or other materials in water prior to drying. Residual hydrogen peroxide, if allowed to dry on materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in a fire. Clean protective equipment before reuse. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur. Wash thoroughly after handling.

## Eye protection:

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear a face shield, chemical goggles, and have eye flushing equipment immediately available.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:colorlessPhysical state:liquidOdor:pungent

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point None.

Auto-ignition temperature:

Lower flammable limit (LFL):

Upper flammable limit (UFL):

PH:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

No data available

 Density:
 1.196 g/cm3 (68 °F (20 °C))

 Vapor pressure:
 18 mmHg (68 °F (20 °C))

Relative vapor density: 1.0

Vapor density:not determinedBoiling point/boiling range:237 °F (114 °C)Freezing point:-62 °F (-52 °C)Evaporation rate:No data availableSolubility in water:completely soluble

% Volatiles: 100 %
Molecular weight: 34.01 g/mol
Oil/water partition coefficient: No data available
Thermal decomposition No data available

**Flammability**: See GHS Classification in Section 2

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Stability:

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions.

#### Materials to avoid:

Metals

Organic materials

Reducing agents

Metallic oxides

Dusts

Combustible materials (e.g., wood, sawdust)

Alkaline materials

#### Conditions/hazards to avoid:

Material decomposes with the potential to produce a rupture of unvented closed containers.

## Hazardous decomposition products:

This material decomposes if contaminated, causing fire and possible explosions. Oxygen can be liberated at temperatures above ambient.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Data for HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 50% (ALL GRADES)

### **Acute toxicity**

#### Oral:

Toxic if swallowed. (Rat) LD50 = 225 - 1,200 mg/kg. (50 %) (as aqueous solution)

Practically nontoxic. (Rat) LD50 = 9,200 mg/kg. (70 %) (as aqueous solution)

Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (Rat) 4 h LC0 > 0.17 mg/l. (50 %) (saturated vapor)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin Irritation:** 

Causes severe skin burns. (Rabbit) (1 h) (50 %) (aqueous solution)

**Eye Irritation:** 

Causes serious eye damage. (Rabbit) (70 %) (aqueous solution)

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Chemical Fate and Pathway

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### Ecotoxicology

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## Waste disposal:

Dilution with water is the preferred method of disposal. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Take appropriate measures to prevent release to the environment.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **US Department of Transportation (DOT)**

**UN Number** 2014

Proper shipping name Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions

Class

5.1 (8) Subsidiary hazard class Packaging group Ĥ Marine pollutant

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number : 2014

Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Class : 5.1 Subsidiary hazard class : (8) Packaging group : II Marine pollutant : no

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **Chemical Inventory Status**

EU. EINECS EINECS Conforms to

US. Toxic Substances Control Act

TSCA

The components of this product are all on

the TSCA Inventory.

Australia. Industrial Chemical AICS Conforms to

(Notification and Assessment) Act

Canada. Canadian Environmental DSL All components of this product are on the

Canadian DSL.

Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List ENCS (JP) Does not conform

Korea. Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) KECI (KR) Conforms to

Philippines. The Toxic Substances PICCS (PH) Does not conform

and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control Act

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical IECSC (CN) Does not conform

Substances

## **United States - Federal Regulations**

SARA Title III - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

Chemical Name CAS-No. SARA Reportable SARA Threshold

Quantities Planning Quantity

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1 1000 lbs 1000 lbs

## SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactivity Hazard

## SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

## **United States – State Regulations**

#### **New Jersey Right to Know**

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Water
 7732-18-5

 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE
 7722-84-1

## New Jersey Right to Know - Special Health Hazard Substance(s)

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u> HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Water
 7732-18-5

 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE
 7722-84-1

## Pennsylvania Right to Know - Environmentally Hazardous Substance(s)

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u> HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 7722-84-1

## California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H301 Toxic if

swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Disclaimer

The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and, therefore, holders and users should satisfy themselves that they are aware of all current data and regulations relevant to their particular use of product. COMPASS REMEDIATION CHEMICALS DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE ON THE COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OR THE INFORMATION INCLUDED HEREIN. COMPASS REMEDIATION CHEMICALS MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTIABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. All conditions relating to storage, handling, and use of the product are beyond the control of Compass Remediation Chemicals and shall be the sole responsibility of the holder or user of the product.