Why do we Need a Mathematical Model?

SAMSI/CRSC Undergraduate Workshop 2006

Moustapha Pemy

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1. Let us denote by y_{true} the true displacement of the beam, y_{data} the data collected in the lab, and y the solution of the beam model.

Question:

- Is it always possible to find a mathematical formula to express y_{true} as function of time?
- How can we compare y_{true} and y_{data}?
- How can we compare y_{true} and y?
- How can we compare y_{data} and y?

The Reality, the experiment and the model.

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- It is not always possible to find a mathematical expression of the reality.
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1. Answer:

- It is not always possible to find a mathematical expression of the reality.
- Due to measurement errors the data collected always differ from the reality.
- In a mathematical model it is impossible to take into account all parameters of the experiment, for example in the beam model we do not take into account temperature of lab and any other gravitational forces that exist in the lab. This is why y_{true} differs from y.
- As we have seen throughout this week, y_{data} differs from y. This leads to the errors analysis in the model.

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- Assume we do not have a model. Can we just with data collected in the CRSC lab derive a good understanding of the system?
- Yes, just with data collected in CRSC lab we can interpolate the data using the least square approach or any other interpolation technique to derive functional relationship between the displacements of the beam and the times.

 Assume we do not have a model, and that we have interpolated the data from the Beam in the CRSC lab and obtained a functional relationship between the displacements and the times.

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- Can we use this functional relationship to study a larger beam?
- No, without a model we cannot use the functional relationship of a smaller beam to study a larger beam.

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- Is it possible, just with experiments to obtain all necessary or desirable data of a physical system?
- No, there are certain data that are not observable, we cannot obtain them just with experiments. In fact, we need experiments and models in order to filter out unobservable data.

• Can we fit the model without experiments?

- Can we fit the model without experiments?
- No, in order to calibrate and validate the model we need experiments

Why do scientists use both models and observed data?

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- Control and design
- Navigation (Space shuttles, Satellites, Rockets)
- Predictions and Forecasting etc...

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- In the design and the development of jet engines and big airplanes like the Airbus A380 etc...