

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

KCPE 2010

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1–90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

31. Which one of the following cash crops is **commonly** grown in Zanzibar?

- A. Cocoa.
- B. Sugar cane.
- C. Cloves.
- D. Pyrethrum.

The correct answer is "C".

On the answer sheet:



31 (A) (B) (C) (D) **32** (A) (B) (C) (D) **33** (A) (B) (C) (D) **34** (A) (B) (C) (D) **35** (A) (B) (C) (D)

In the set of boxes numbered 31, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This Question Paper consists of 12 printed pages.

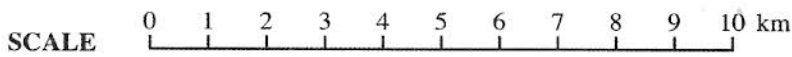
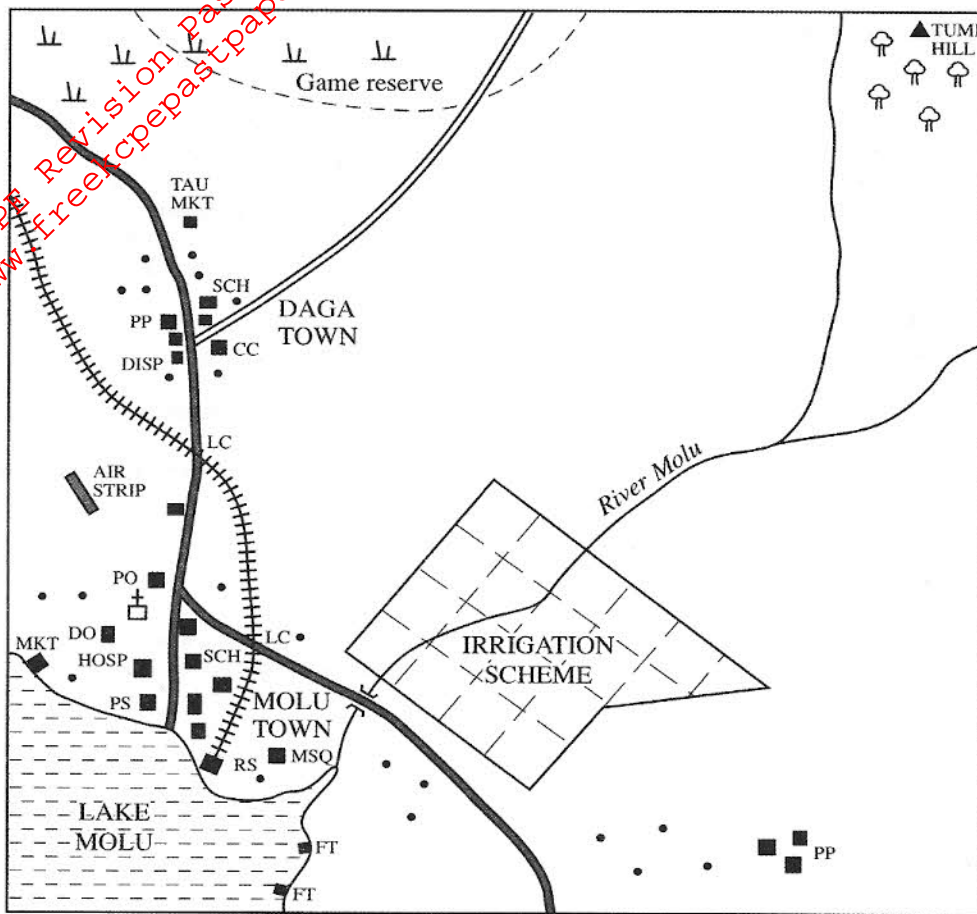
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TURN OVER

PART SOCIAL STUDIES

MOLU AREA



KEY

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|------------------|
| Tarmac road | Forest | CC | Chiefs Camp |
| Murram road | Scrub | DISP | Dispensary |
| Railway | Permanent building | DO | District Officer |
| River and bridge | House | HOSP | Hospital |
| Game reserve boundary | | LC | Level Crossing |
| | | MKT | Market |
| | | PO | Post Office |
| | | PP | Police Post |
| | | PS | Police Station |
| | | RS | Railway Station |
| | | SCH | School |
| | | FT | Fish Trap |
| | | | Church |
| | | MSQ | Mosque |

Study the map of Molu area and answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The land in Molu area slopes from
 - A. East to West
 - B. South to North
 - C. North-West to South-East
 - D. North-East to South-West.
2. What is the approximate area of the irrigation scheme?
 - A. 10 square kilometres.
 - B. 16 square kilometres.
 - C. 18 square kilometres.
 - D. 20 square kilometres.
3. A trader at Tau market has ordered for maize flour from a wholesale shop in Molu town. The appropriate means of transport to use to deliver the flour would be by
 - A. road transport
 - B. railway transport
 - C. water transport
 - D. air transport.
4. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Molu area **except**
 - A. fishing
 - B. farming
 - C. trading
 - D. mining.
5. If the area under the Game Reserve was to be converted into a farm, which one of the following crops would be suitable to plant?
 - A. Coffee.
 - B. Cotton.
 - C. Pyrethrum.
 - D. Tea.
6. Which one of the following statements **correctly** describes the distribution of settlements in Molu area?
 - A. The settlements are evenly spread.
 - B. There are few settlements in the irrigation scheme.
 - C. There are some settlements along River Molu.
 - D. Settlements are concentrated where there are towns.
7. Three of the following social services are available in Molu Town. Which one is **not**?
 - A. Health Services.
 - B. Educational Services.
 - C. Religious Services.
 - D. Religious Services.
8. The original homeland of the Bantu was
 - A. The Horn of Africa
 - B. Bah-el-Ghazal
 - C. The Congo Basin
 - D. Arabian Peninsula.

9. Which one of the following titles used in Buganda Kingdom during the pre-colonial period is **correctly** matched with its officer?

| Title | Officer |
|--------------|------------------|
| A. Katikiro | – Prime Minister |
| B. Mtwale | – Treasurer |
| C. Omuwanika | – Chief Justice |
| D. Omulamuzi | – Army Officer |

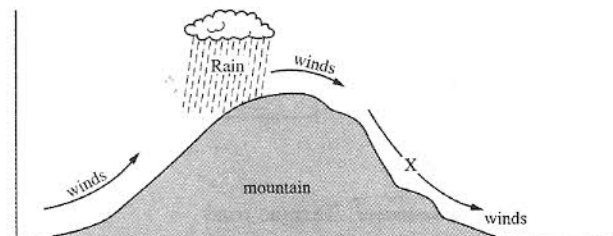
10. Which one of the following statements is **true** about pastoral farming among the Fulani?
 - A. They keep cattle mainly for sale.
 - B. They mainly keep dairy cattle.
 - C. They grow fodder crops for their cattle.
 - D. They migrate with their cattle according to seasons.
11. Below are duties of a school administrator.
 - (i) To monitor teacher's class attendance.
 - (ii) To write minutes during staff meetings.
 - (iii) To maintain discipline in the school.

The duties described above are performed by

- A. the school prefect
- B. the headteacher
- C. the deputy headteacher
- D. the school committee chairperson.

12. June 1st is important in Kenya because it is the day
 - A. freedom fighters were released from detention
 - B. Kenya got internal self government
 - C. the country became a republic
 - D. Kenya became a multi-party state.

Use the diagram below to answer questions 13 and 14.



13. Which of the following characteristics are **true** about the winds marked X?
 - A. They are cool and moist.
 - B. They are warm and dry.
 - C. They are cool and dry.
 - D. They are warm and moist.
14. Which one of the following towns in Kenya experiences the effects of winds similar to the ones marked X?
 - A. Nanyuki.
 - B. Nakuru.
 - C. Thika.
 - D. Eldoret.

15. The best way to stop drug abuse in schools is by
- fencing school compounds to keep off peddlers
 - giving heavy punishments to drug users
 - arresting suspected drug dealers
 - educating pupils on dangers of using drugs.
16. Which one of the following communities was ruled by a king during the pre-colonial period?
- The Khoikhoi.
 - The Wanyamwezi.
 - The Abawanga.
 - The Ameru.

17. Below are statements about the achievements of a missionary who came to Eastern Africa in the 19th Century.
- He established a mission station at Rabai.
 - He wrote the first Kiswahili dictionary.
 - He taught Africans to read and write.

The missionary described above is

- David Livingstone
- Ludwig Krapf
- Jacob Erhardt
- Johann Rebmann.

18. Which one of the following dams in Africa is correctly matched with the river on which it is located?

| Dam | River |
|-----|-------|
|-----|-------|

- Kariba – Zambezi
- Kindaruma – Nile
- Aswan – Volta
- Akosombo – Tana

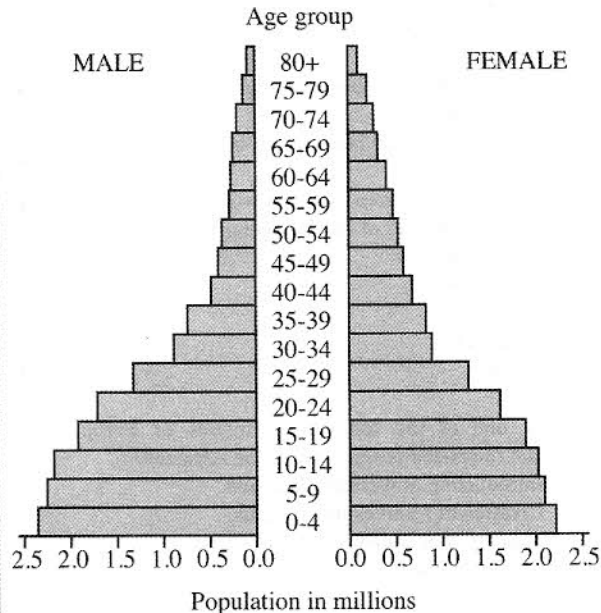
19. Different parts of the earth experience day and night at different times. This is caused by
- the movement of the moon around the earth
 - the revolution of the earth around the sun
 - the movement of the sun from east to west
 - the rotation of the earth on its axis.

20. In traditional African societies, the croaking of frogs was associated with
- the coming of dry seasons
 - the coming of good harvest
 - the coming of rains
 - the coming of strong winds.

21. A foreigner qualifies to apply for Kenyan citizenship after living in the country continuously for
- two years
 - five years
 - seven years
 - ten years.

22. Zawadi is charged a fee everytime she goes to the open air market near her home to sell her farm produce. The money she pays goes to
- the chief of the area
 - the county council
 - the market attendant
 - the constituency development fund.

23. The age-sex pyramid below represents the population of Kenya.



Which one of the following statements is true about the population of Kenya according to the pyramid?

- A high percentage of the population consists of the youth.
- There are more males than females at all ages.
- The percentage of the working population is high.
- Half of the population is made up of old people.

24. Samoei of the Nandi and Mekatilili of the Agiriama had one thing in common. It is that both

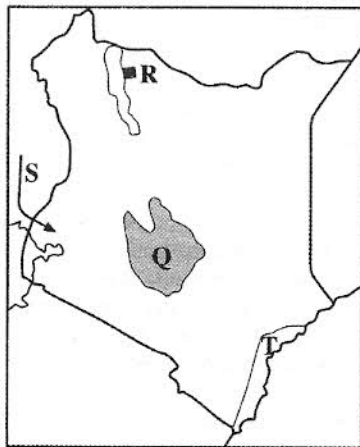
- were opposed to the building of the railway
- prophesied about the coming of the Europeans
- foresaw defeat of Europeans by Africans
- resisted the British colonial rule.

25. Which one of the following statements is true about the system of government of Swaziland?

- Members of parliament elect the Prime Minister.
- All members of parliament are elected by the people.
- The Head of State is the commander-in-chief of the armed forces.
- The Queen Mother chairs cabinet meetings.

26. The **main** reason why Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) was established was to
- promote trade among member states
 - fight against the spread of HIV and AIDS
 - facilitate free movement of people within member states
 - expand transport network in the region.
27. Which one of the following statements **correctly** describes a parliamentary bill?
- It is a document containing names of members of parliament.
 - It is a document that shows how parliament operates.
 - It is a proposed law waiting to be discussed in parliament.
 - It is a law that has been passed by parliament.
28. Maria was stopped from joining a women's group by her husband. Which one of the following freedoms was she denied? Freedom of
- expression
 - association
 - movement
 - worship.
29. Which one of the following activities of European colonial rulers had positive effects on Africans?
- Introduction of western education.
 - Creation of reserves for Africans.
 - Making of boundaries between colonies.
 - Making Africans pay taxes.

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 30 to 33.



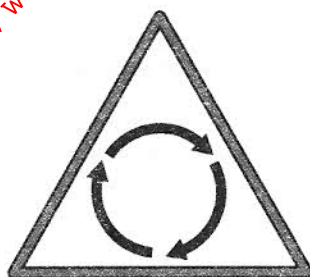
30. The main economic activity carried out in the shaded area marked Q is
- mining
 - pastoralism
 - bee keeping
 - crop farming.

31. The pre-historic site marked R is
- Koobi Fora
 - Ologesailie
 - Fort Ternan
 - Kariandusi.
32. The language group that entered Kenya from the direction of the arrow marked S during the pre-colonial period was
- Plains Nilotes
 - Cushitic speakers
 - River Lake Nilotes
 - Bantu speakers.
33. Which two types of forests are found in the area marked T?
- Temperate and Bamboo forests.
 - Tropical and Mangrove forests.
 - Temperate and Mangrove forests.
 - Tropical and Bamboo forests.
34. Which one of the following marriages is presided over by the District Commissioner?
- Civil marriage.
 - Christian marriage.
 - Customary marriage.
 - Islamic marriage.
35. Which one of the following explains why the people of Tanganyika were defeated by the Germans during the Maji Maji rebellion?
- The people of Tanganyika were attacked by their neighbours.
 - Tanganyika had few warriors.
 - The Germans were helped by the British.
 - The Germans had better weapons.
36. Which one of the following groups of communities is found in West Africa?
- Sotho, Alur, Dinka,
 - Soninke, Mandinka, Yoruba,
 - Ndebele, Chagga, Acholi,
 - Amhara, Shona, Baganda.
37. Which one of the following mountains in Africa was formed as a result of faulting?
- Mt Kenya.
 - Mt Kilimanjaro.
 - The Atlas Mountains.
 - The Ruwenzori Mountains.
38. Three of the following skills were taught through apprenticeship in African traditional societies. Which one was **not**?
- Harvesting of honey.
 - Treating the sick.
 - Collecting firewood.
 - Hunting for wild animals.

39. Countries in North Africa experience winter season during the months of
- December to February
 - March to May
 - June to August
 - September to November.

40. River Nile and River Niger have a common characteristic. It is that both rivers
- originate from the same highlands
 - end in the Mediterranean Sea
 - are navigable throughout the course
 - have a delta at the mouth.

41. The diagram below represents a road sign.



The road sign indicates that

- pedestrians must stop
 - there is a roundabout ahead
 - there is danger ahead
 - motorists should avoid overtaking.
42. Three of the following are actions which indicate that a person is a patriotic citizen. Which one is **not**?
- Welcoming visitors at one's home.
 - Participating in tree planting.
 - Contributing towards famine relief.
 - Attending rallies on national days.
43. Municipalities and County Councils are under the Ministry of
- Home affairs
 - Education
 - Local Government
 - Finance.
44. Tourism is important to Kenya **mainly** because it
- earns foreign exchange for the country
 - promotes international understanding
 - leads to expansion of transport network
 - encourages protection of wildlife.
45. Which one of the following minerals is **correctly** matched with the method used to mine it?
- | Mineral | Mining method |
|--------------|---------------|
| A. Soda Ash | - Drilling |
| B. Diatomite | - Opencast |
| C. Petroleum | - Panning |
| D. Gold | - Dredging |

46. Which one of the following groups of countries in Africa was colonized by the French?

| A | B |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Mali Namibia Uganda | Senegal Madagascar Mali |
| C | D |
| Togo Angola Zambia | Tanganyika Cameroon Angola |

47. Below are statements about a political party that was formed in Kenya during the colonial period.
- It supported a regional government.
 - It was formed by the smaller communities.
 - It was formed in 1960.
 - One of its founder members was Ronald Ngala.
- The political party described above is
- Kenya African Union (KAU)
 - Kenya People's Union (KPU)
 - Kenya African National Union (KANU)
 - Kenya African Democratic Union (KADU).
48. Three of the following are soil conservation measures. Which one is **not**?
- Mono-cropping.
 - Crop rotation.
 - Contour ploughing.
 - Building of gabions.
49. In traditional African societies, goods were transported using
- vehicles
 - trains
 - animals
 - bicycles.
50. In Kenya, forest areas are protected against destruction **mainly** because they
- make the scenery beautiful
 - conserve water sources
 - are sources of timber
 - provide herbal medicine.
51. Which one of the following is a duty of the police force in Kenya?
- To punish law breakers.
 - To judge cases.
 - To defend the country.
 - To arrest suspected criminals.
52. Which one of the following groups of people represent single parent family?
- Mother, daughter, son.
 - Father, mother, son.
 - Mother, son, nephew.
 - Father, daughter, niece.

53. Which one of the following was a function of clan elders in traditional African Communities?
- To provide food to needy families.
 - To treat the sick members of the community.
 - To educate the youth about their culture.
 - To protect the land against invaders.
54. In Kenya, a person becomes the speaker of the National Assembly through
- nomination by the president
 - election by members of parliament
 - nomination by the electoral body
 - election by voters.
55. Nzau, a primary school pupil assisted an elderly lady to cross a busy road. The behaviour by Nzau should be encouraged in the society because it
- promotes courage among children
 - shows that children love old people
 - makes old people live longer
 - is a sign of respect for old people.
56. Three of the following statements are true about Kenya's National Anthem. Which one is **not**?
- It is a form of entertainment.
 - It unites the citizens.
 - It promotes patriotism.
 - It is a prayer.
57. Which one of the following is an economic right?
- Right to life.
 - Right to education.
 - Right to work.
 - Right to privacy.
58. The Government of Kenya obtains revenue **mainly** through
- licence fees paid by traders
 - taxes paid by citizens
 - grants given by foreign countries
 - sale of bonds.
59. The **main** problem facing road transport in Kenya is that
- the roads are costly to construct
 - vehicles cause air pollution
 - some roads are impassable during the wet season
 - vehicles are driven carelessly.
60. Three of the following are circumstances which may lead to a loss of parliamentary seat. Which one is **not**? When a member of parliament
- is declared insane
 - visits another country
 - is jailed for over six months
 - is declared bankrupt by a court of law.

PART II RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following actions by Adam shows that he had power over the creation?
- Tilling the land.
 - Naming the animals.
 - Marrying Eve.
 - Eating the fruits.
62. The **main** reason why God asked Noah to build the ark was to
- save Noah's family
 - store foodstuffs
 - separate the sinners from the righteous
 - assist him to move to the mountain.
63. The **main** virtue that the children of Israel were required to have when crossing the Red Sea was
- honesty
 - holiness
 - tolerance
 - obedience.
64. Who among the following people is the father of faith?
- Jacob.
 - Abraham.
 - Isaac.
 - Joseph.
65. When the Israelites went to receive the ten commandments, God's presence was shown through
- fire
 - flaming torch
 - earthquake
 - strong wind.
66. Who among the following Kings of Israel annoyed God when he took Uriah's wife?
- Rehoboam.
 - Jeroboam.
 - David.
 - Solomon.
67. The **main** lesson Christians learn from the story of King Ahab and Naboth is that
- one should be truthful
 - land belongs to the community
 - one should control his desires
 - one should obey the laws of the land.
68. When David was anointed by Prophet Samuel he was
- going to fight with Goliath
 - taking food for his brothers
 - playing music for King Saul
 - herding the father's sheep.

69. The prophet who was called by God when still young was
 A. Jeremiah
 B. Isaiah
 C. Hosea
 D. Amos.
70. The **main** lesson Christians learn from the announcement of the births of John and Jesus is that they should
 A. be ready to do God's work
 B. trust in God's power
 C. be humble before God
 D. be prayerful
71. King Herod wanted to kill baby Jesus because
 A. Jesus was born in Bethlehem
 B. Jesus was born in a poor family
 C. he feared that Jesus would become famous
 D. Jesus came from the house of David.
72. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches on the value of the Kingdom of God? The parable of the
 A. mustard seed
 B. great feast
 C. coin
 D. pearl.
73. The story of the rich man and Lazarus teaches Christians to be
 A. caring
 B. holy
 C. faithful
 D. courageous.
74. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus was performed by Peter?
 A. calming the storm
 B. raising the dead
 C. feeding the five thousand
 D. changing water into wine.
75. The **main** reason why the Jewish people opposed Jesus is because he
 A. healed on a Sabbath
 B. claimed to be the Messiah
 C. mixed with sinners
 D. ate with unclean hands.
76. "Unless I see the scars of the nails in his hands and put my fingers on those scars and my hands on his side, I will not believe" (John 20:25) These words were spoken by Thomas when Jesus
 A. was on the cross
 B. shared a meal with the disciples
 C. appeared to the disciples
 D. had ascended into heaven.
77. Which one of the following took place on the day of Pentecost?
 A. The believers spoke in different languages.
 B. A crippled person was healed.
 C. The disciples saw the risen Christ.
 D. The disciples drank wine.
78. Stephen met his death through being
 A. burnt
 B. crucified
 C. beheaded
 D. stoned.
79. Which one of the following events took place as Paul was on the way to Damascus?
 A. Ananias came to baptize him.
 B. A light from heaven struck him.
 C. He lost the letters he had.
 D. He spoke strange languages.
80. Lydia welcomed the needy in her home. The fruit of the holy spirit which she showed is
 A. peace
 B. patience
 C. joy
 D. kindness.
81. Who among the following people were sent to take money to help the believers in Judea?
 A. Phillip and Mathew.
 B. Andrew and Mathias.
 C. Barnabas and Saul.
 D. Silas and James.
82. In some traditional African communities people reconciled with the ancestors through
 A. naming of children
 B. protecting the aged
 C. paying of dowry
 D. drinking beer.
83. The **main** reason why sex before marriage is discouraged in both Christianity and traditional African communities is because it
 A. encourages prostitution
 B. is considered holy
 C. can lead to diseases
 D. can lead to unwanted children.
84. Which one of the following is the **main** role of grandparents in the bringing up of children in traditional African communities?
 A. Passing on the moral values.
 B. Correcting the wrong doers.
 C. Providing food for them.
 D. Preparing them for initiation.

85. Your classmate Brian tells you he has been taking money from his parents without their permission. As a Christian what action would you take?
- Announce it to the class.
 - Avoid talking to him.
 - Report the matter to the parents.
 - Tell him the dangers of such a habit.
86. Your deskmate tells you to go out of school so that you can visit a friend. As a Christian what would you do?
- Inform the class teacher about it.
 - Tell her to obey the rules.
 - Ask advice from the classmates.
 - Keep off her company.
87. You have been asked by your church leader to plan for an activity for young people. What is the **best** leisure activity for them?
- Playing games.
 - Reading story books.
 - Visiting a children's home.
 - Watching Christian films.
88. Your neighbour tells you she no longer goes to school because she has to do some work for her parents. As a Christian, what is the **best** action for her to take?
- Ask a friend to help her do the work.
 - Ask her parents to employ a worker.
 - Run away from home.
 - Report the matter to the chief.
89. Your friend Daniel is **not** willing to take up a job he has been offered after sitting for the Kenya Certificate of Primary Education examination because he lacks the needed skills. As a Christian what advice would you give him?
- Tell him to give you the job.
 - Tell him to seek help from friends.
 - Encourage him to go for training.
 - Encourage him to take up the job.
90. Which one of the following is the **main** reason why Christians are against drug abuse in Kenya? It leads to
- crime in the community
 - disunity in the family
 - poverty
 - addiction.

SECTION B: ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following is a teaching from *Surah Nas*?
- Allah is the creator of the universe.
 - Victory comes from Allah.
 - Man was created in the best form.
 - Muslims should help the poor.

62. Which one of the following *Surahs* teaches that man is at a loss except those who have faith and do righteous deeds?
- Asr*.
 - Kafirun*.
 - Quraish*.
 - Zalzalah*.
63. Which one of the following verses from the Quran is found in *Surah al-Kauthar*?
- "Verily, you shall see the blazing Fire,"
 - "Woe to every slanderer and backbiter"
 - "And the mountains will be like carded wool".
 - "Pray to your Lord and sacrifice to him alone."
64. In which of the following *Surahs* is man said to be ungrateful and in love with wealth?
- Al-Fil*.
 - Al-Maun*.
 - Al-Adiyat*.
 - Al-Qadar*.
65. The *Idd-ul-adh-ha* prayer is performed on
- 9th of *Dhulhijja*
 - 10th of *Dhulhijja*
 - 11th of *Dhulhijja*
 - 12th of *Dhulhijja*.
66. When Muslims try to do good and avoid evil, they practice
- Zakat*
 - Sabr*
 - Saum*
 - Taqwa*.
67. Which one of the following is **not** a sign of hypocrisy according to the Hadith of the prophet?
- Telling lies.
 - Betraying a trust.
 - Taking alcohol.
 - Breaking a promise.
68. The Prophet said, "Worship Allah as if you see Him for if you don't see Him, He sees you." This Hadith is on
- Tawheed*
 - Ihsaan*
 - Shukr*
 - Islam*.
69. The angel who was a teacher to the Prophet (p.b.u.h) is
- Israfil
 - Munkar
 - Mikaeel
 - Jibril.
70. Which one of the following is **not** a pillar of Iman?
- Belief in *Zakat*.
 - Belief in angels.
 - Belief in the prophets.
 - Belief in *Qadar*.

71. An act of *wudhu* which is *sunnah* is
 A. washing the feet
 B. wiping the head
 C. rinsing the mouth with water
 D. washing the arms up to the elbows.
72. On her way to school, Tasmeena is told that her brother, has been selected to join a national school. She should say:
 A. *Maashallah*
 B. *Innalillah*
 C. *Subhanallah*
 D. *Jazakallah*
73. The following are postures of Salat:
 (i) *Tashahud*
 (ii) *Takbeeratul Ihram*
 (iii) *Sujud*
 (iv) *Rukuu*.
- In which order are they performed?
 A. (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
 B. (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
 C. (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
 D. (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
74. Muslims are forbidden to fast on
 A. the ninth day of *Dhulhijja*
 B. the ninth day of *Muharram*
 C. the first day of *Idd-ul-fitr*
 D. the first day of *Ramadhan*.
75. The **main** virtue demonstrated when Muslims pay *Zakat* is
 A. patience
 B. generosity
 C. tolerance
 D. honesty.
76. An attribute of Allah that describes Him as the Lord of the universe is
 A. *Al-Malik*
 B. *Al-Rahman*
 C. *Al-Azeez*
 D. *Al-Jabbar*.
77. Islam forbids *riba* in order to fight against
 A. pride
 B. violence
 C. intolerance
 D. injustice.
78. Three of the following are reasons why *Zinaa* is forbidden in Islam. Which one is **not**?
 A. It causes hatred in the community.
 B. It leads to overpopulation.
 C. It leads to break up of families.
 D. It spreads dangerous diseases.
79. Omar, a class six pupil finds a gold necklace on the school playground. The right course of action for him to take is to
 A. take it to the teacher
 B. wear it under his shirt collar
 C. give it to his friend as a gift
 D. donate it to a poor person.
80. The **best** way to show concern for friends who are sick in hospital is by
 A. calling them on the phone
 B. sending them flowers
 C. sending them books
 D. visiting them.
81. The Night of *Qadr* occurs in the month of
 A. *Dhul-Hijjah*
 B. *Dhul-Qaadah*
 C. *Ramadhan*
 D. *Muharram*.
82. According to the treaty of Hudaibiya, the peace between Muslims and the Makkans was to last for
 A. five years
 B. ten years
 C. fifteen years
 D. twenty years.
83. Which one of the following statements is **not** true about Abubakar?
 A. He was with the Prophet at the Cave of Thaur.
 B. He accompanied the Prophet during *Isra-wal-Miraj*.
 C. He organised for the compilation of the Quran.
 D. He was the first Rightly Guided Khalifa.
84. The first Muslim visitors to the coast of Kenya came as
 A. traders
 B. preachers
 C. farmers
 D. doctors.
85. Three of the following developments are attributed to the early Muslim visitors to the East African coast. Which one is **not**?
 A. Promotion of tourism industry.
 B. Introduction of new crops.
 C. Emergence of Kiswahili.
 D. Establishment of urban centres.
86. Who among the following personalities is a prophet?
 A. Luqman.
 B. Habil.
 C. Nuh.
 D. Khidr.
87. The grand mosque in Makka is also known as
 A. *Baitul Maqdis*
 B. *Baitul Attiq*
 C. *Masjidul Quba*
 D. *Masjidul Nabawi*.

88. *Aqiqa* should be performed when the baby is
 A. thirty seven days old
 B. twenty seven days old
 C. seventeen days old
 D. seven days old.
89. In which one of the following months is *Isra-Wal-Miraj* celebrated?
 A. Muharram.
 B. Safar.
 C. Rajab.
 D. Shaban.
90. Which one of the following statements is **true** about Nabi Yusuf?
 A. He forgave his brothers.
 B. He killed his brother.
 C. He became the Pharaoh of Egypt.
 D. He was given the Taurat.

SECTION C: HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following attributes is **mainly** associated with Lord Buddha?
 A. Generosity.
 B. Knowledge.
 C. Bravery.
 D. Tolerance.
62. Hindus can **best** experience Paramatma as *Anand* by
 A. performing rituals
 B. visiting a temple
 C. helping the needy
 D. conserving the environment.
63. Which one of the following sense organs is associated with *Akash*?
 A. Ear.
 B. Eye.
 C. Skin.
 D. Nose.
64. In which *avatar* did Lord Vishnu save the human race from the floods?
 A. *Kurma*.
 B. *Matsya*.
 C. *Varaha*.
 D. *Narsimha*.
65. Which one of the following "Four Passing Sights" seen by Prince Siddhartha signified liberation?
 A. An old man.
 B. A sick man.
 C. A corpse.
 D. A monk.

66. Which one of the following is the achievement of Guru Gobind Singh?
 A. Establishment of Khalsa *Panth*.
 B. Introduction of *Langar* in *Gurudwara*.
 C. Completion of the Golden Temple.
 D. Introduction of Gurumukhi script.
67. Who among the following personalities tried to prevent the war between the Kaurava and the Pandava?
 A. Dhrona.
 B. Karna.
 C. Krishna.
 D. Shakuni.
68. Hanuman travelled from India to Lanka in search of Sita by
 A. sailing
 B. flying
 C. swimming
 D. running.
69. Swami Dayanand Saraswati wrote *Satyartha Prakash* in order to
 A. revive Vedic teachings
 B. raise funds for charity
 C. promote Indian patriotism
 D. popularise *Murti Puja*.
70. The *Sanskrit* that prepares the youth for the *Brahmacharya Ashram* is
 A. *Namkaran*
 B. *Chudakarma*
 C. *Vivah*
 D. *Upanayan*.
71. The principle of Dharma that helps an individual to achieve mental and spiritual peace is
 A. *Pranidaya*
 B. *Prarthana*
 C. *Punarjanma*
 D. *Purushartha*.
72. When standard seven pupils visited a bakery, they were given a loaf of bread each. Maninder gave half of her loaf to the school watchman. She put into practice the principle of
 A. *Dharam ki kirat*
 B. *Wand ke shakhana*
 C. *Ishnan karna*
 D. *Naam japna*.
73. The members of the Jain community in Kenya observe the principle of *Aparigraha* by
 A. reading widely
 B. repenting their sins
 C. keeping themselves busy
 D. leading simple lives.

74. Which one of the following principles would **best** help a person overcome problems in life?
 A. *Dhruti*.
 B. *Dama*.
 C. *Akrodh*.
 D. *Satya*.
75. Which one of the following principles will help to promote peace and harmony in a community?
 A. *Asteya*.
 B. *Dhee*.
 C. *Kshama*.
 D. *Saucha*.
76. Which one of the following *Chardham* is **correctly** matched with the direction in which it is located?
- | <i>Chardham</i> | Direction |
|------------------|-----------|
| A. Badrinath | – East |
| B. Jagannathpuri | – South |
| C. Dwaraka | – West |
| D. Rameshwaram | – North |
77. The Sikh *Akhand Path* lasts for
 A. 48 hours
 B. 36 hours
 C. 24 hours
 D. 12 hours.
78. Which one of the following symbols depicts the four levels of the human soul?
 A. Sikh *Khanda*.
 B. Jain Swastika.
 C. Hindu Om.
 D. Buddhist *Chakra*.
79. Which one of the following days of the Hindu week is dedicated to a star?
 A. *Somvar*.
 B. *Budhvar*.
 C. *Shukravar*.
 D. *Ravivar*.
80. When Hindus provide medicine to the people infected with HIV/AIDS, they practice
 A. *Bhakti Yoga*
 B. *Jnana Yoga*
 C. *Karma Yoga*
 D. *Hath Yoga*.
81. The *Asana* which is performed in a lotus position is
 A. *Padmasana*
 B. *Vajrasana*
 C. *Sukhasana*
 D. *Shavasana*.
82. Who among the following personalities practiced *Karma Yoga* for the liberation of his ancestors?
 A. Guru Amardas.
 B. Samartha Ramdas.
 C. Bhagini Nivedita.
 D. Raja Bhagirath.
83. The return of Lord Rama to Ayodhya after fourteen years in exile is celebrated during the festival of
 A. *Dussera*
 B. *Diwali*
 C. *Baisakhi*
 D. *Paryushan*.
84. Which one of the following rituals is **not** performed during the festival of *Holi*?
 A. Exchanging gifts.
 B. Lighting bonfires.
 C. Sprinkling colours.
 D. Offering grains.
85. Hindus perform *Raas* and *Garba* during the *Utsav* of
 A. *Navratri*
 B. *Janmashtami*
 C. *Ram Navmi*
 D. *Raksha Bandhan*.
86. Which one of the following activities in a school would **best** promote patriotism?
 A. Reciting *Gayatri Mantra* in the class.
 B. Going on a trip to a place of worship.
 C. Participating in the national music festival.
 D. Singing the National Anthem during assembly.
87. During the school holidays, Paresha and Amita engage themselves in the activities listed below. Which one of them is a social responsibility?
 A. Visiting their classmates.
 B. Assisting the elderly.
 C. Having lunch with their friends.
 D. Going for picnics with relatives.
88. Hindus ring the bell upon entering the *Mahamandap* of a *Mandir* in order to
 A. wake the *Murti* up
 B. attract Paramatma's attention
 C. focus their mind on worship
 D. announce their arrival.
89. Who among the following religious leaders is **not** honoured in the *Navakar Mantra*?
 A. *Sadhu*.
 B. *Acharya*.
 C. *Upadhyaya*.
 D. *Shravak*.
90. The festival of *Maha Shivratri* is celebrated in the month of
 A. *Magh*
 B. *Vaisakh*.
 C. *Kartik*
 D. *Chaitra*.