## Chapter SF Standard Formulas for the Analysis of M ortgage-Backed Securities and Other Related Securities

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## A. Computational Accuracy

M any common calculations for mortgage related securities (yields, durations, prepayment rates, etc.) require the calculation of a large number of intermediate quantities (cash flows, principal balances, etc.). All intermediate calculations should be carried out to their full precision, preserving at least ten significant digits of accuracy. This will generally require double-precision computer arithmetic. The only quantities that should be assigned an integer variable type are those that represent whole numbers of days, months or years.

Only when all computations are complete should the final values be rounded for display. Results may be shown to any desired number of decimal places, provided that the last digit presented has been obtained by rounding and not by truncating the complete figure.

The numerical examples that appear throughout the document are intended to provide simple checks against improper implementation of the Standard Formulas, not an exhaustive set of benchmarks that would guarantee conformance.

## B. Prepayments

## 1. Cash Flows

For a level-payment fixed-rate mortgage pool with gross weighted-average coupon C\%, current weighted-average remaining term M months, and $\mathrm{M}_{0}-\mathrm{M}$ months elapsed since origination, the amortized loan balance (as a fraction of par) is
$B A L=\frac{1-(1+C / 1200)^{-M}}{1-(1+C / 1200)^{-M_{0}}}$
and the scheduled gross monthly payment (also as a fraction of par) is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { GROSS MORTGAGE PAYMENT } & =\text { PRINCIPAL }+ \text { INTEREST } \\
& =\left(\mathrm{BAL}_{1}-\mathrm{BAL}_{2}\right)+\left(\mathrm{BAL}_{1} * \mathrm{C} / 1200\right) \\
& =\frac{\mathrm{C} / 1200}{1-(1+\mathrm{C} / 1200)^{-\mathrm{M}_{0}}} .
\end{aligned}
$$

The net payment passed through to investors consists of the scheduled gross payment above, plus unscheduled prepayments, minus a servicing fee of $B A L_{1} * S / 1200$, where the servicing percentage $(\mathrm{S})$ is the difference between the gross coupon ( C ) and the net pass-through coupon of the security.

The pool factor (F) expresses the principal remaining in the pool each month as a fraction of the original face amount. The survival factor (F/BAL) represents the fraction of $\$ 1.00$ unit loans remaining in the pool from those originally present at issuance:

## POOL FACTOR = SURVIVAL FACTOR *AM ORTIZED LOAN BALANCE.

By convention, mortgage-related security analysis assumes that all prepayments are whole prepayments on $\$ 1.00$ unit loans within the pool.

The cash flows of more complex mortgage securities (CM O bonds, Graduated-Payment M ortgages, Adjustable-Rate M ortgages, etc.) are governed by specific contractual features not addressed here.

Example: A mortgage pass-through is issued with a net coupon of 9.0\%, a gross coupon of $9.5 \%$ and a term of 360 months. If prepayments for the first month are 0.00025022 (as a fraction of par), then the first cash flow paid to investors will consist of the following components:
(1) Scheduled Amortization $=0.00049188$,
(2) Unscheduled Prepayments $=0.00025022$,
(3) Gross M ortgage Interest $=0.00791667$,
(4) Servicing Fee $=0.00041667$,

| Pass-Through Principal | $=(1)+(2)$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=0.00074210$, |
| Pass-Through Interest | $=(3)-(4)$ |
|  | $=0.00750000$, |
| Pass-Through Cash Flow | $=(1)+(2)+(3)-(4)$ |
|  | $=0.00824210$. |

## 2. Mortgage Prepayment Models

The prepayment rate of a mortgage pool may be expressed in a number of different ways. These measures are equally valid, although a particular method may be more useful in a given instance.
a. The SM M (Single M onthly M ortality) rate of a mortgage pool is the percentage of the mortgage loans outstanding at the beginning of a month assumed to terminate during the month. That is, if in some month the initial and final pool factors are $F_{1}$ and $F_{2}$, respectively (as fractions of the original face amount), and the amortized loan balances are $B A L_{1}$ and $B A L_{2}$ (as fractions of par), then

$$
F_{2}=F_{1} *\left(\frac{B A L_{2}}{B A L_{1}}\right) *\left(1-\frac{S M M}{100}\right) .
$$

An equivalent means of specifying a one-month prepayment rate is to separate the factor drop for the month ( $F_{1}-F_{2}$ ) into scheduled and unscheduled principal payments. If there were no unscheduled prepayments during the month, then the factor for the end of the month would have been

$$
F_{\text {sched }}=F_{1} \frac{B A L_{2}}{B A L_{1}} .
$$

The quantity $F_{1}-F_{\text {sched }}$ represents amortization for the month, and $F_{\text {sched }}-F_{2}$ represents early prepayment of principal. The one-month prepayment rate can then be defined as

$$
S M M=100 \frac{F_{\text {sched }}-F_{2}}{F_{\text {sched }}} .
$$

b. The CPR (Conditional Prepayment Rate or Constant Prepayment Rate) model is similar to SM M , except that it expresses the prepayment percentage as an annually compounded rate:
$\left(1-\frac{S M M}{100}\right)^{12}=1-\frac{C P R}{100}$.
The terms "CPR" and "M onthly CPR" have sometimes been used to express prepayment rates on a monthly basis equivalent to the SM M. This is not recommended, and in the present document, "CPR" will refer exclusively to the annualized prepayment rate defined in the equation above.
c. The Standard Prepayment M odel of The Bond M arket Association specifies a prepayment percentage for each month in the life of the underlying mortgages, expressed on an annualized basis. Thus, 100\% PSA (Prepayment Speed Assumptions) assumes prepayment rates of $0.2 \%$ CPR in the first month following origination of the mortgage loans (not the pool) and an additional $0.2 \%$ CPR in each succeeding month until the 30th month. In the 30th month and beyond, $100 \%$ PSA assumes a fixed annual prepayment rate of $6.0 \%$ CPR. To calculate the prepayment rate for any specific multiple of PSA, adjust the annual prepayment rate at 100\% PSA by that multiple. (For example, 200\% PSA assumes prepayment rates equal to twice the CPRs from the 100\% PSA model, on a pool-by-pool basis.) In general,

$$
C P R=\min \left\{\frac{P S A}{100} * 0.2 * \max \{1, \min \{M \text { ONTH}, 30\}\}, 100\right\}
$$

where M ONTH refers to the accrual period during which the age of the mortgage loans increases from M ONTH - 1 to M ONTH. If the loan age is computed as zero subsequent to pool-issue date, then for the purposes of the PSA calculations, M ONTH equals 1 for all prior months. In the case of Freddie M ac and Fannie M ae pools with "same-month" Ioan concentrations greater than $50 \%$, M ONTH would equal 1 for the first two months of the pool. For Freddie M acs, these pools are identified by the WALA remaining at 0 for the first two months of the pool. For Fannie $M$ aes, these pools are identified by the original WAM being one month greater than the original loan term for a given pool type. For example, an original WAM of 361 would be reported for a "CL" pool that has an original loan term of 360 months.

These CPRs can then be converted into SM M s according to the formula from part (b.) above.

For expositional purposes, AGE is defined as a point in time, whereas M ONTH is defined as a span of time. Pool factors therefore are reported as of an AGE whereas prepayment rates are reported for a M ONTH. When a mortgage loan is originated, $\mathrm{AGE}=0$. After $\mathrm{MONTH}=1, \mathrm{AGE}=1$. The diagram below illustrates the distinction.


M ortgages in their first 30 months are commonly referred to as "new"; mortgages older than 30 months are considered "seasoned."

If the prepayment rate resulting from any of these calculations is either negative or unusually large, then there may be an error in one or both of the pool factors, or possibly in the coupon rate or term to maturity assumed for amortizing the mortgage balance. Such results must betaken with caution.

Example: Suppose that for a Ginnie M ael $9.0 \%$ pass-through issued $3 / 1 / 88$ with a remaining term of 359 months, the 6/1/89 and 7/1/89 pool factors were
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=0.85150625$
and
$\mathrm{F}_{2}=0.84732282$,
respectively. H ow would one compute the prepayment speed for $6 / 89$ using PSA?
The amortized loan balance was

$$
\mathrm{BAL}_{1}=\frac{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-344}}{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-359}}=0.99213300
$$

on $6 / 1 / 89$, and was

$$
\mathrm{BAL}_{2}=\frac{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-343}}{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-359}}=0.99157471
$$

on 7/1/89, so with no June prepayments the 7/1/89 pool factor would have been

$$
F_{\text {sched }}=F_{1} \frac{B A L_{2}}{B A L_{1}}=0.85102709 .
$$

This allows us to calculate

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Amortization }=F_{1}-F_{\text {shed }}=0.00047916, \\
& \text { Prepayments }=F_{\text {shed }}-F_{2}=0.00370427, \\
& \text { SM }=100 \frac{0.00370427}{0.85102709}=0.435270 \% \\
& C P R=100\left[1-\left(1-\frac{S M M}{100}\right)^{12}\right]=5.1000 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

With respect to the underlying 360-month mortgages, $2 / 88$ was month 1 , so 6/89 counts as month 17. Therefore,

$$
\operatorname{PSA}=100 * \frac{C P R}{\min \{0.2 * \text { MONTH } 6.0\}}=150.00 \% .
$$

Prepayment Rate Conversion Table

| SMM | CPR | PSA* | SMM | CPR | PSA* | SMM | CPR | PSA* | SMM | CPR | PSA* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 05 | 0.6 | 10 | 2.30 | 24.4 | 406 | 4.55 | 42.8 | 714 | 6.80 | 57.0 | 951 |
| . 10 | 1.2 | 20 | 2.35 | 24.8 | 414 | 4.60 | 43.2 | 719 | 6.85 | 57.3 | 955 |
| . 15 | 1.8 | 30 | 2.40 | 25.3 | 421 | 4.65 | 43.5 | 725 | 6.90 | 57.6 | 960 |
| . 20 | 2.4 | 40 | 2.45 | 25.7 | 429 | 4.70 | 43.9 | 731 | 6.95 | 57.9 | 964 |
| . 25 | 3.0 | 49 | 2.50 | 26.2 | 437 | 4.75 | 44.2 | 737 | 7.00 | 58.1 | 969 |
| . 30 | 3.5 | 59 | 2.55 | 26.7 | 444 | 4.80 | 44.6 | 743 | 7.05 | 58.4 | 973 |
| . 35 | 4.1 | 69 | 2.60 | 27.1 | 452 | 4.85 | 44.9 | 749 | 7.10 | 58.7 | 978 |
| . 40 | 4.7 | 78 | 2.65 | 27.6 | 459 | 4.90 | 45.3 | 755 | 7.15 | 58.9 | 982 |
| . 45 | 5.3 | 88 | 2.70 | 28.0 | 467 | 4.95 | 45.6 | 760 | 7.20 | 59.2 | 987 |
| . 50 | 5.8 | 97 | 2.75 | 28.4 | 474 | 5.00 | 46.0 | 766 | 7.25 | 59.5 | 991 |
| . 55 | 6.4 | 107 | 2.80 | 28.9 | 481 | 5.05 | 46.3 | 772 | 7.30 | 59.7 | 996 |
| . 60 | 7.0 | 116 | 2.85 | 29.3 | 489 | 5.10 | 46.6 | 777 | 7.35 | 60.0 | 1000 |
| . 65 | 7.5 | 125 | 2.90 | 29.8 | 496 | 5.15 | 47.0 | 783 | 7.40 | 60.3 | 1004 |
| . 70 | 8.1 | 135 | 2.95 | 30.2 | 503 | 5.20 | 47.3 | 789 | 7.45 | 60.5 | 1008 |
| . 75 | 8.6 | 144 | 3.00 | 30.6 | 510 | 5.25 | 47.6 | 794 | 7.50 | 60.8 | 1013 |
| . 80 | 9.2 | 153 | 3.05 | 31.0 | 517 | 5.30 | 48.0 | 800 | 7.55 | 61.0 | 1017 |
| . 85 | 9.7 | 162 | 3.10 | 31.5 | 524 | 5.35 | 48.3 | 805 | 7.60 | 61.3 | 1021 |
| . 90 | 10.3 | 171 | 3.15 | 31.9 | 532 | 5.40 | 48.6 | 811 | 7.65 | 61.5 | 1025 |
| . 95 | 10.8 | 180 | 3.20 | 32.3 | 539 | 5.45 | 49.0 | 816 | 7.70 | 61.8 | 1029 |
| 1.00 | 11.4 | 189 | 3.25 | 32.7 | 546 | 5.50 | 49.3 | 821 | 7.75 | 62.0 | 1034 |
| 1.05 | 11.9 | 198 | 3.30 | 33.1 | 552 | 5.55 | 49.6 | 827 | 7.80 | 62.3 | 1038 |
| 1.10 | 12.4 | 207 | 3.35 | 33.6 | 559 | 5.60 | 49.9 | 832 | 7.85 | 62.5 | 1042 |
| 1.15 | 13.0 | 216 | 3.40 | 34.0 | 566 | 5.65 | 50.2 | 837 | 7.90 | 62.8 | 1046 |
| 1.20 | 13.5 | 225 | 3.45 | 34.4 | 573 | 5.70 | 50.6 | 843 | 7.95 | 63.0 | 1050 |
| 1.25 | 14.0 | 234 | 3.50 | 34.8 | 580 | 5.75 | 50.9 | 848 | 8.00 | 63.2 | 1054 |
| 1.30 | 14.5 | 242 | 3.55 | 35.2 | 587 | 5.80 | 51.2 | 853 | 8.05 | 63.5 | 1058 |
| 1.35 | 15.0 | 251 | 3.60 | 35.6 | 593 | 5.85 | 51.5 | 858 | 8.10 | 63.7 | 1062 |
| 1.40 | 15.6 | 259 | 3.65 | 36.0 | 600 | 5.90 | 51.8 | 863 | 8.15 | 63.9 | 1066 |
| 1.45 | 16.1 | 268 | 3.70 | 36.4 | 607 | 5.95 | 52.1 | 868 | 8.20 | 64.2 | 1070 |
| 1.50 | 16.6 | 276 | 3.75 | 36.8 | 613 | 6.00 | 52.4 | 873 | 8.25 | 64.4 | 1074 |
| 1.55 | 17.1 | 285 | 3.80 | 37.2 | 620 | 6.05 | 52.7 | 879 | 8.30 | 64.6 | 1077 |
| 1.60 | 17.6 | 293 | 3.85 | 37.6 | 626 | 6.10 | 53.0 | 884 | 8.35 | 64.9 | 1081 |
| 1.65 | 18.1 | 302 | 3.90 | 38.0 | 633 | 6.15 | 53.3 | 889 | 8.40 | 65.1 | 1085 |
| 1.70 | 18.6 | 310 | 3.95 | 38.3 | 639 | 6.20 | 53.6 | 893 | 8.45 | 65.3 | 1089 |
| 1.75 | 19.1 | 318 | 4.00 | 38.7 | 645 | 6.25 | 53.9 | 898 | 8.50 | 65.6 | 1093 |
| 1.80 | 19.6 | 326 | 4.05 | 39.1 | 652 | 6.30 | 54.2 | 903 | 8.55 | 65.8 | 1096 |
| 1.85 | 20.1 | 335 | 4.10 | 39.5 | 658 | 6.35 | 54.5 | 908 | 8.60 | 66.0 | 1100 |
| 1.90 | 20.6 | 343 | 4.15 | 39.9 | 664 | 6.40 | 54.8 | 913 | 8.65 | 66.2 | 1104 |
| 1.95 | 21.0 | 351 | 4.20 | 40.2 | 671 | 6.45 | 55.1 | 918 | 8.70 | 66.5 | 1108 |
| 2.00 | 21.5 | 359 | 4.25 | 40.6 | 677 | 6.50 | 55.4 | 923 | 8.75 | 66.7 | 1111 |
| 2.05 | 22.0 | 367 | 4.30 | 41.0 | 683 | 6.55 | 55.6 | 927 | 8.80 | 66.9 | 1115 |
| 2.10 | 22.5 | 375 | 4.35 | 41.4 | 689 | 6.60 | 55.9 | 932 | 8.85 | 67.1 | 1118 |
| 2.15 | 23.0 | 383 | 4.40 | 41.7 | 695 | 6.65 | 56.2 | 937 | 8.90 | 67.3 | 1122 |
| 2.20 | 23.4 | 390 | 4.45 | 42.1 | 701 | 6.70 | 56.5 | 942 | 8.95 | 67.5 | 1126 |
| 2.25 | 23.9 | 398 | 4.50 | 42.5 | 708 | 6.75 | 56.8 | 946 | 9.00 | 67.8 | 1129 |

SM M - Single M onthly M ortality (monthly prepayment rate in percent)
CPR - Conditional Prepayment Rate (annual prepayment rate in percent)
PSA - Standard Prepayment M odel of The Bond M arket Association (percentage of PSA [Prepayment Speed Assumption] model: 100\% =6\% CPR)

* PSA CONVERSION IS ONLY VALID AFTER THE 29TH MONTH OF MORTGAGE LIFE.

Conversion of One-Month PSA to SMM Based on Months after Mortgage Origination

| $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{O}}}{\stackrel{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{O}}}$ | Months After Origination | PSA:50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 | 750 | 800 | 850 | 900 | 950 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.17 |
|  | 2 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.25 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.34 |
|  | 3 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.25 | 0.28 | 0.31 | 0.33 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.41 | 0.44 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.51 |
|  | 4 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.31 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.41 | 0.44 | 0.48 | 0.51 | 0.55 | 0.59 | 0.62 | 0.66 | 0.69 |
|  | 5 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.34 | 0.38 | 0.43 | 0.47 | 0.51 | 0.56 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 0.83 | 0.87 |
|  | 6 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.31 | 0.36 | 0.41 | 0.46 | 0.51 | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.67 | 0.73 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.89 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.06 |
|  | 7 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.24 | 0.30 | 0.36 | 0.42 | 0.48 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.86 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 1.05 | 1.12 | 1.18 | 1.25 |
|  | 8 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.41 | 0.48 | 0.55 | 0.62 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 0.84 | 0.91 | 0.98 | 1.06 | 1.13 | 1.21 | 1.29 | 1.36 | 1.44 |
|  | 9 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.46 | 0.54 | 0.62 | 0.70 | 0.78 | 0.86 | 0.95 | 1.03 | 1.12 | 1.20 | 1.29 | 1.37 | 1.46 | 1.55 | 1.64 |
|  | 10 | 0.08 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.34 | 0.43 | 0.51 | 0.60 | 0.69 | 0.78 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 1.06 | 1.15 | 1.25 | 1.35 | 1.44 | 1.54 | 1.64 | 1.74 | 1.84 |
|  | 11 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 0.37 | 0.47 | 0.57 | 0.67 | 0.76 | 0.86 | 0.97 | 1.07 | 1.17 | 1.28 | 1.38 | 1.49 | 1.60 | 1.71 | 1.82 | 1.93 | 2.05 |
|  | 12 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.31 | 0.41 | 0.51 | 0.62 | 0.73 | 0.84 | 0.95 | 1.06 | 1.17 | 1.29 | 1.40 | 1.52 | 1.64 | 1.76 | 1.88 | 2.01 | 2.13 | 2.26 |
|  | 13 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.33 | 0.44 | 0.56 | 0.67 | 0.79 | 0.91 | 1.03 | 1.15 | 1.28 | 1.40 | 1.53 | 1.66 | 1.79 | 1.92 | 2.06 | 2.20 | 2.34 | 2.48 |
|  | 14 | 0.12 | 0.24 | 0.36 | 0.48 | 0.60 | 0.73 | 0.86 | 0.98 | 1.12 | 1.25 | 1.38 | 1.52 | 1.66 | 1.80 | 1.95 | 2.09 | 2.24 | 2.39 | 2.54 | 2.70 |
|  | 15 | 0.13 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.51 | 0.65 | 0.78 | 0.92 | 1.06 | 1.20 | 1.35 | 1.49 | 1.64 | 1.79 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.26 | 2.42 | 2.59 | 2.76 | 2.93 |
|  | 16 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.41 | 0.55 | 0.69 | 0.84 | 0.98 | 1.13 | 1.29 | 1.44 | 1.60 | 1.76 | 1.92 | 2.09 | 2.26 | 2.43 | 2.61 | 2.79 | 2.97 | 3.16 |
|  | 17 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.44 | 0.59 | 0.74 | 0.89 | 1.05 | 1.21 | 1.37 | 1.54 | 1.71 | 1.88 | 2.06 | 2.24 | 2.42 | 2.61 | 2.80 | 3.00 | 3.20 | 3.40 |
|  | 18 | 0.15 | 0.31 | 0.46 | 0.62 | 0.78 | 0.95 | 1.12 | 1.29 | 1.46 | 1.64 | 1.82 | 2.01 | 2.20 | 2.39 | 2.59 | 2.79 | 3.00 | 3.21 | 3.43 | 3.65 |
|  | 19 | 0.16 | 0.32 | 0.49 | 0.66 | 0.83 | 1.00 | 1.18 | 1.36 | 1.55 | 1.74 | 1.93 | 2.13 | 2.34 | 2.54 | 2.76 | 2.97 | 3.20 | 3.43 | 3.66 | 3.91 |
|  | 20 | 0.17 | 0.34 | 0.51 | 0.69 | 0.87 | 1.06 | 1.25 | 1.44 | 1.64 | 1.84 | 2.05 | 2.26 | 2.48 | 2.70 | 2.93 | 3.16 | 3.40 | 3.65 | 3.91 | 4.17 |
|  | 21 | 0.18 | 0.36 | 0.54 | 0.73 | 0.92 | 1.12 | 1.32 | 1.52 | 1.73 | 1.95 | 2.17 | 2.39 | 2.62 | 2.86 | 3.10 | 3.35 | 3.61 | 3.88 | 4.15 | 4.44 |
|  | 22 | 0.19 | 0.37 | 0.57 | 0.76 | 0.97 | 1.17 | 1.38 | 1.60 | 1.82 | 2.05 | 2.28 | 2.52 | 2.77 | 3.02 | 3.28 | 3.55 | 3.83 | 4.11 | 4.41 | 4.72 |
|  | 23 | 0.19 | 0.39 | 0.59 | 0.80 | 1.01 | 1.23 | 1.45 | 1.68 | 1.91 | 2.15 | 2.40 | 2.66 | 2.92 | 3.19 | 3.46 | 3.75 | 4.05 | 4.36 | 4.67 | 5.01 |
|  | 24 | 0.20 | 0.41 | 0.62 | 0.84 | 1.06 | 1.29 | 1.52 | 1.76 | 2.01 | 2.26 | 2.52 | 2.79 | 3.07 | 3.35 | 3.65 | 3.96 | 4.27 | 4.60 | 4.95 | 5.30 |
|  | 25 | 0.21 | 0.43 | 0.65 | 0.87 | 1.11 | 1.35 | 1.59 | 1.84 | 2.10 | 2.37 | 2.64 | 2.93 | 3.22 | 3.53 | 3.84 | 4.17 | 4.51 | 4.86 | 5.23 | 5.61 |
|  | 26 | 0.22 | 0.44 | 0.67 | 0.91 | 1.15 | 1.40 | 1.66 | 1.92 | 2.20 | 2.48 | 2.77 | 3.07 | 3.38 | 3.70 | 4.04 | 4.38 | 4.75 | 5.12 | 5.52 | 5.93 |
|  | 27 | 0.23 | 0.46 | 0.70 | 0.95 | 1.20 | 1.46 | 1.73 | 2.01 | 2.29 | 2.59 | 2.89 | 3.21 | 3.54 | 3.88 | 4.23 | 4.60 | 4.99 | 5.40 | 5.82 | 6.27 |
|  | 28 | 0.24 | 0.48 | 0.73 | 0.98 | 1.25 | 1.52 | 1.80 | 2.09 | 2.39 | 2.70 | 3.02 | 3.35 | 3.70 | 4.06 | 4.44 | 4.83 | 5.24 | 5.68 | 6.13 | 6.61 |
|  | 29 | 0.24 | 0.50 | 0.76 | 1.02 | 1.30 | 1.58 | 1.87 | 2.18 | 2.49 | 2.81 | 3.15 | 3.50 | 3.87 | 4.25 | 4.65 | 5.06 | 5.50 | 5.97 | 6.46 | 6.97 |
|  | 30 | 0.25 | 0.51 | 0.78 | 1.06 | 1.35 | 1.64 | 1.95 | 2.26 | 2.59 | 2.93 | 3.28 | 3.65 | 4.04 | 4.44 | 4.86 | 5.30 | 5.77 | 6.27 | 6.79 | 7.35 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{9}{\square} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \end{aligned}$ | Find the column corresponding to the ONE-MONTH PSA, and the row corresponding to the number of months after origination of the underlying mortgages. The intersection of column and row gives the one month equivalent SMM. <br> Do not use this tablefor 3-month, 1-year, or to-datePSA, as results will be inaccurate <br> Results will be imprecise to the extent that mortgages in a pool have differing ages. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 3. Average Prepayment Rates for Mortgage Pools

Often it is necessary to calculate an average prepayment rate for a single mortgage pool or an aggregation of pools (such as those backing a particular CMO ) over a specific historical periOd.*Regardless of which particular prepayment model is chosen, the proper speed is that which, if applied separately to the underlying mortgages over the entire period, would result in the actual aggregate balance recorded at the end of the period. Pools which were not present at the start of the period should be excluded from the calculation entirely, as should any pools with incorrect or missing factors at the start or end of the period.**

For certain security types, including many CM Os backed by classes of two or more other CMOs , and many whole loan pass-throughs with principal/interest stripping, the cash flows and principal balances are not derived from pro rata shares of mortgage pass-throughs, and no single prepayment rate or aggregate balance is sufficient to characterize the security cash flows. In these cases, it is generally not meaningful to define an average prepayment rate, and none should be reported. Instead, the average prepayment rate for each underlying CM 0 class should be reported individually, or if not practical, then summarized together as a range (lowest and highest).

Unless otherwise specified, amortization of updated fixed-rate mortgage pools should be based exclusively on the most recent weighted average maturity information (WAM or WARM ) and prepayment calculations on the most recent weighted average loan age (WALA) information provided by the issuer or guarantor at the time the calculation is performed. (See Section D.)] Thus, it is not necessary to save prior information for these pools once updated values become available, nor is it necessary to recompute previously calculated prepayment rates. This method, while computationally simple, will produce different results for the same time period when calculations are made at different times. Thus, the January 1991 PSA rate for a pool may be different when calculated in February 1992 than when first computed in February 1991, because the WAM and/or the WALA may not have decreased and/or increased, respectively, by exactly 12 months. Individual firms may use either method to report historical prepayment rates. This decision affects only calculations of historical prepayment rates; projected cash flows, yields, average lives, and other measures are not affected, since forward projections always use the most recently available data.

For certain security types, such as Fannie M ae Trust strips and M egapools, multiple passthrough pools are actually combined into a new pass-through security (an aggregate pool for which the issuer reports monthly factors). Even in these cases, historical and projected prepayments should be calculated on the basis of the most detailed pool information available for the underlying mortgages.

[^0]With the Standard Prepayment M odel, these calculations will generally require an iterative trial-and-error procedure, even for a single pool; the aggregate PSA speed should not be computed as a weighted average of individual pool speeds. Likewise, it is generally not accurate to apply an average prepayment speed to a hypothetical single pool having the aggregate WAC and WAM of the pools to be analyzed. At best, these calculations can provide a first iteration toward the correct value. Average prepayment rates that do not meet the precise specifications of the preceding paragraphs should be acknowledged as nonstandard approximations.

Iteration is not necessary for computing average prepayment rates in terms of SM M or CPR. Instead, one should sum the scheduled balances for the loans at the end of the period, computed as if there were no prepayments during the period. The average prepayment rate for the aggregation is then

$$
\left.S M M_{\text {avg }}=100\left[1-\left(\frac{\text { FINAL AGGREG. } \mathrm{BAL}_{\text {actual }}}{\text { FINAL AGGREG. BAL }}\right)^{\frac{1}{\text { sched }}}\right)^{\frac{1}{\text { monthsin period }}}\right]
$$

or

Finally, for the special case in which all the mortgages in the sample being considered are fully seasoned at the start of the period, even the aggregate PSA speed can be computed without iteration:

$$
\mathrm{PSA}_{\mathrm{avg}}=100 * \frac{\mathrm{CPR}_{\mathrm{avg}}}{6.0}
$$

Example: Consider two Ginnie M ael 9.0\% pass-throughs with the following characteristics:

|  | $\underline{P o o l ~ 1 ~}$ | $\underline{\text { Pool 2 }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Original Face: | $\$ 1,000,000$ | $\$ 2,000,000$ |
| Original Remaining Term: | 358 mo | 360 mo |
| Origination Date: | $4 / 1 / 88$ | $12 / 1 / 88$ |
| 1/1/89 Factor: | 0.86925218 | 0.99950812 |
| $7 / 1 / 89$ Factor: | 0.84732282 | 0.98290230 |

To determine the average prepayment rate of the two pools over the first six months of 1989, first compute the actual final balance,
$1,000,000(0.84732282)+2,000,000(0.98290230)=2,813,127.42$,
and the scheduled final balance,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,000,000(0.86925218) \frac{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-343}}{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-349}} \\
+ & 2,000,000(0.99950812) \frac{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-353}}{1-(1+9.5 / 1200)^{-359}}=2,859,330.23 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Then,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { SM M }_{\text {avg }}=100\left[1-\left(\frac{2,813,127.42}{2,859,330.23}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}\right]=0.271142 \%, \\
& \text { CPR }_{\text {avg }}=100\left[1-\left(\frac{2,813,127.42}{2,859,330.23}\right)^{\frac{12}{6}}\right]=3.2056 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

and, by iterative trial-and-error,

$$
\mathrm{PSA}_{\mathrm{avg}}=212.02 \% \text {. }
$$

## 4. ABS Prepayment Rates for Asset Pools

The ABS model defines an increasing sequence of monthly prepayment rates (SM M , the percentage of remaining loans that prepay each month), which corresponds to a constant absolute level of loan prepayments in all future periods. For a pool of new loans, the SM M sequence for $\mathrm{X} \%$ ABS is equivalent to the prepayment each month of $X \%$ of the loans originally in the pool. For a pool of seasoned loans, however, this interpretation of the SM M sequence is generally not valid. To avoid possible confusion, the ABS speed and the age of the underlying loans (not the pool) should always be converted directly into a sequence of SM M rates according to the formula

$$
\text { SMM }=\frac{100 * \text { ABS }}{100-\text { ABS }^{*}(\mathrm{MONTH}-1) .}
$$

If desired, one can then convert these SM M rates into CPR or PSA according to the usual formulas. (See Section B.2.)

For purposes of describing an empirical prepayment pattern over a selected historical period, the appropriate ABS speed is the one whose monthly prepayment rates give the correct cumulative paydown for the period. The following formula provides the correct historical ABS speed for any time interval in which the loan age, pool factor and amortized loan balance (as a fraction of par) changed from AGE1, F1, BAL1 to AGE2, F2, BAL2:

$$
A B S=100 \frac{\left(F_{1} / F_{2}\right)-\left(B A L_{1} / B A L_{2}\right)}{\operatorname{AGE}_{2}\left(\mathrm{~F}_{1} / \mathrm{F}_{2}\right)-\mathrm{AGE}_{1}\left(\mathrm{BAL}_{1} / \mathrm{BAL}_{2}\right)}
$$

The size of the pool at origination is not required. BAL may be calculated as in Section B.1.,
Example: For a pool of 36 -month car loans issued 1/1/89 with an original WAM of 34 months, a prepayment speed of $2 \%$ ABS for $9 / 89$ would correspond to

$$
\text { SM M }=\frac{100 * 2}{100-2^{*}(11-1)}=2.5000 \%
$$

If the gross WAC of the pool is $10.00 \%$ and the $10 / 1 / 89$ factor is 0.64140448 , then the average prepayment speed over the nine-month life of the pool is

$$
A B S=100 \frac{\left(\frac{1.00000000}{0.64140448}\right)-\left(\frac{1-(1+10 / 1200)^{-34}}{1-(1+10 / 1200)^{-25}}\right)}{11\left(\frac{1.00000000}{0.64140448}\right)-2\left(\frac{1-(1+10 / 1200)^{-34}}{1-(1+10 / 1200)^{-25}}\right)}=1.7000 \%
$$

Conversion of ABS to SMM

| M onths after Origination | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.25 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.75 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.00 \\ & \text { ABS } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.50 | 0.75 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 |
| 2 | 0.50 | 0.76 | 1.01 | 1.27 | 1.52 | 1.78 | 2.04 |
| 3 | 0.51 | 0.76 | 1.02 | 1.28 | 1.55 | 1.81 | 2.08 |
| 4 | 0.51 | 0.77 | 1.03 | 1.30 | 1.57 | 1.85 | 2.13 |
| 5 | 0.51 | 0.77 | 1.04 | 1.32 | 1.60 | 1.88 | 2.17 |
| 6 | 0.51 | 0.78 | 1.05 | 1.33 | 1.62 | 1.92 | 2.22 |
| 7 | 0.52 | 0.79 | 1.06 | 1.35 | 1.65 | 1.96 | 2.27 |
| 8 | 0.52 | 0.79 | 1.08 | 1.37 | 1.68 | 1.99 | 2.33 |
| 9 | 0.52 | 0.80 | 1.09 | 1.39 | 1.70 | 2.03 | 2.38 |
| 10 | 0.52 | 0.80 | 1.10 | 1.41 | 1.73 | 2.08 | 2.44 |
| 11 | 0.53 | 0.81 | 1.11 | 1.43 | 1.76 | 2.12 | 2.50 |
| 12 | 0.53 | 0.82 | 1.12 | 1.45 | 1.80 | 2.17 | 2.56 |
| 13 | 0.53 | 0.82 | 1.14 | 1.47 | 1.83 | 2.22 | 2.63 |
| 14 | 0.53 | 0.83 | 1.15 | 1.49 | 1.86 | 2.27 | 2.70 |
| 15 | 0.54 | 0.84 | 1.16 | 1.52 | 1.90 | 2.32 | 2.78 |
| 16 | 0.54 | 0.85 | 1.18 | 1.54 | 1.94 | 2.37 | 2.86 |
| 17 | 0.54 | 0.85 | 1.19 | 1.56 | 1.97 | 2.43 | 2.94 |
| 18 | 0.55 | 0.86 | 1.20 | 1.59 | 2.01 | 2.49 | 3.03 |
| 19 | 0.55 | 0.87 | 1.22 | 1.61 | 2.05 | 2.55 | 3.13 |
| 20 | 0.55 | 0.87 | 1.23 | 1.64 | 2.10 | 2.62 | 3.23 |
| 21 | 0.56 | 0.88 | 1.25 | 1.67 | 2.14 | 2.69 | 3.33 |
| 22 | 0.56 | 0.89 | 1.27 | 1.69 | 2.19 | 2.77 | 3.45 |
| 23 | 0.56 | 0.90 | 1.28 | 1.72 | 2.24 | 2.85 | 3.57 |
| 24 | 0.56 | 0.91 | 1.30 | 1.75 | 2.29 | 2.93 | 3.70 |
| 25 | 0.57 | 0.91 | 1.32 | 1.79 | 2.34 | 3.02 | 3.85 |
| 26 | 0.57 | 0.92 | 1.33 | 1.82 | 2.40 | 3.11 | 4.00 |
| 27 | 0.57 | 0.93 | 1.35 | 1.85 | 2.46 | 3.21 | 4.17 |
| 28 | 0.58 | 0.94 | 1.37 | 1.89 | 2.52 | 3.32 | 4.35 |
| 29 | 0.58 | 0.95 | 1.39 | 1.92 | 2.59 | 3.43 | 4.55 |
| 30 | 0.58 | 0.96 | 1.41 | 1.96 | 2.65 | 3.55 | 4.76 |
| 31 | 0.59 | 0.97 | 1.43 | 2.00 | 2.73 | 3.68 | 5.00 |
| 32 | 0.59 | 0.98 | 1.45 | 2.04 | 2.80 | 3.83 | 5.26 |
| 33 | 0.60 | 0.99 | 1.47 | 2.08 | 2.88 | 3.98 | 5.56 |
| 34 | 0.60 | 1.00 | 1.49 | 2.13 | 2.97 | 4.14 | 5.88 |
| 35 | 0.60 | 1.01 | 1.52 | 2.17 | 3.06 | 4.32 | 6.25 |
| 36 | 0.61 | 1.02 | 1.54 | 2.22 | 3.16 | 4.52 | 6.67 |
| 37 | 0.61 | 1.03 | 1.56 | 2.27 | 3.26 | 4.73 | 7.14 |
| 38 | 0.61 | 1.04 | 1.59 | 2.33 | 3.37 | 4.96 | 7.69 |
| 39 | 0.62 | 1.05 | 1.61 | 2.38 | 3.49 | 5.22 | 8.33 |
| 40 | 0.62 | 1.06 | 1.64 | 2.44 | 3.61 | 5.51 | 9.09 |
| 41 | 0.63 | 1.07 | 1.67 | 2.50 | 3.75 | 5.83 | 10.00 |
| 42 | 0.63 | 1.08 | 1.69 | 2.56 | 3.90 | 6.19 | 11.11 |
| 43 | 0.63 | 1.09 | 1.72 | 2.63 | 4.05 | 6.60 | 12.50 |
| 44 | 0.64 | 1.11 | 1.75 | 2.70 | 4.23 | 7.07 | 14.29 |
| 45 | 0.64 | 1.12 | 1.79 | 2.78 | 4.41 | 7.61 | 16.67 |
| 46 | 0.65 | 1.13 | 1.82 | 2.86 | 4.62 | 8.24 | 20.00 |
| 47 | 0.65 | 1.15 | 1.85 | 2.94 | 4.84 | 8.97 | 25.00 |
| 48 | 0.65 | 1.16 | 1.89 | 3.03 | 5.08 | 9.86 | 33.33 |
| 49 | 0.66 | 1.17 | 1.92 | 3.13 | 5.36 | 10.94 | 50.00 |
| 50 | 0.66 | 1.19 | 1.96 | 3.23 | 5.66 | 12.28 | 100.00 |

## C. Defaults

The following description of default analysis is intended only for the analysis of credit-sensitive securities (e.g., subordinated securities such as B-pieces, mezzanines, etc.). Standard prepayment analysis projects cash flows assuming that unscheduled payoffs are composed of both voluntary prepayments and defaults. When the following default methodology is being used, voluntary pre payments and defaults are projected separately.

## 1. Mortgage Cash Flows with D efaults: Description of Basic Concepts

A loan in default is defined as one that no longer pays principal and interest and then remains delinquent until liquidated. Thus, delinquencies that cure are not included in this computation.

When a loan first goes into default, it is included in New Defaults for the given month. New Defaults are projected forward using the M onthly Default Rate and the prior month's Performing Balance before subtracting the current month's scheduled amortization.

The prior month's Performing Balance is the total balance of all loans that have continued to make full monthly payments through the prior month. These, plus Loans in Foreclosure, are the loans that survive into the current month. In the current month, they will either default (New Defaults), prepay (Voluntary Prepayments), or merely amortize. As with New Defaults, Voluntary Prepayments are also projected forward using the prior month's Performing Balance. However, Voluntary Prepayments are computed after the current month's Scheduled Amortization is subtracted.

Expected Amortization in a given month is the amortized principal that is expected to be received from all existing loans, including those currently in default that have not yet been liquidated (Loans in Foreclosure). If there are New Defaults, then Amortization from Defaults is the amount of principal that is not received from the borrowers, and Actual Amortization is the amount of principal that is actually received from the borrowers. (A loan's original amortization schedule continues to be computed even while it is in foreclosure.)

Analogously, Expected Interest in a given month is interest due on the balance of all existing Ioans (including Loans in Foreclosure). Interest Lost is the amount of interest not received, and Actual Interest is Expected Interest minus Interest Lost.

Usually (but not always), Servicer Advances are made. If principal and interest are advanced, the amount of principal advanced each month is equal to Amortization from Defaults, and the amount of interest advanced exactly compensates for Lost Interest. The result is that investors receive all Expected Amortization and Expected Interest regardless of the amount of New Defaults and Loans in Foreclosure. New Defaults, however, are still calculated based on the prior month's Performing Balance only.

Liquidation of New Defaults is assumed to occur after a fixed user-specified number of months (M onths to Liquidation). If the liquidation results in a loss, the loss is taken in the month of liquidation, treated as a loss of principal (Principal Loss), and the amount of the loss is based on the Loss Severity and the unpaid principal balance of New Defaults when the loan first went into default.

## 2. Specifying Mortgage D efault Assumptions: Standards and Definitions

## Introduction

The prepayment calculations discussed in Section B.2. derive monthly prepayment rates (SM M ) from a vector of pool factors (F) over time. In other words, a prepayment rate is derived from actual performance data.

The D efault Standards are intended to be used for projecting cash flows, not for deriving historical default rates from actual performance data. In other words, we start with a M onthly Default Rate (M DR) and use it to calculate New Defaults (NEW DEF) in a given month.

## D efault Analysis Standards and Definitions

a. Default analysis is intended to model defaults only, not delinquencies. Delinquent loans that are cured will not be part of this analysis. For this purpose, a loan in default is one that no longer pays principal and interest and then remains delinquent until liquidated.
b. Default analysis specifies default rates, not loss rates. Loss rates (i.e., "Loss Severities") are specified separately.
c. The default rate in a given month is specified as a percentage of the aggregate performing balance of all loans still outstanding at the end of the prior month, before taking into account the current month's scheduled amortization.
d. Prepayment rates and default rates are specified separately. Total unscheduled principal received will then be the sum of Voluntary Prepayments and Principal Recoveries from liquidations.
e. The prepayment rate in a given month is specified as a percentage of the aggregate performing balance of all loans still outstanding at the end of the prior month, after removing the current month's scheduled amortization. Prepayments will still be deemed to have a scheduled component, whereas the default balance is computed before taking into account the current month's amortization. Voluntary Prepayments are constrained by the following condition: Actual Amortization plus New Defaults plus Voluntary Prepayments cannot exceed the prior period's Performing Balance. (If they do, then cap Voluntary Prepayments such that the current period's Performing Balance is zero.)
f. When performing default analysis, in addition to specifying default rates, the following assumptions must be specified:

- Time to Liquidation after the loan first misses a payment (" 0 months to Liquidation" means that liquidation proceeds are received in the month the loan first becomes delinquent).
- Loss Severity or Loss Severity curve. "Loss Severity" is defined as a loss amount divided by the principal balance of the loan at the time it goes into default. A "Loss Severity curve" is a vector of different loss severities over time.
- Whether or not P\&I are advanced in the structure. If P\&I are advanced, they are assumed to be advanced every month through to liquidation.
g. The Loss Severity is applied to the balance of the loan as of the month it first went into default. The loss rate should include all costs: foreclosure costs, servicer interest advances and principal advances.

If P\&I are being advanced, the maximum principal amount that can be passed through to investors when the loan is finally liquidated is the balance of the loan when it became delinquent minus any principal that has been advanced.

If P\&I are not being advanced, then 0\% loss severity (i.e., $100 \%$ recovery) will not include recovery of unpaid interest unless explicitly specified to the contrary.

Note: With this definition and "Time to Liquidation" as defined above, 0 months to liquidation with 0\% Loss Severity will produce the same total principal cash flow as Voluntary Prepayment, except that Scheduled Amortization is not broken out separately. (Also, if P\&I are not being advanced, the default cash flow will not include the final month's interest.)
h. Because defaults are being specified as a percentage of the then outstanding Performing Balance, a higher prepayment assumption at a given default rate will result in lower cumulative defaults. Therefore, a table must be produced that shows cumulative defaults in a matrix format using the different default and prepayment rates employed in the analysis.
i. A similar matrix of loss amounts should also be produced using the Loss Severity assumption.
3. Standard Formulas for Computing Mortgage Cash Flows with Defaults

The following formulas detail the calculations:

| PERF BAL(i) | $=$ Performing Balance in month i |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $=$ PERF BAL $(\mathrm{i}-1)-$ NEW DEF(i) - VOL PREPAY(i) - ACT AM (i) |
| NEW DEF(i) | = New Defaults |
|  | $=\operatorname{PERF} \operatorname{BAL}(\mathrm{i}-1) * \mathrm{MDR}(\mathrm{i})$ |
| FCL(i) | = Loans in Foreclosure |
|  | $=($ NEW DEF(i) + FCL $(\mathrm{i}-1)-\mathrm{ADB}(\mathrm{i})$ ) -AM DEF( i$)$ |
| SCH AM (i) | = Amortization Schedule assuming no prepayments |
| EXP AM (i) | = Expected Amortization |
|  | $=(\operatorname{PERF~BAL}(\mathrm{i}-1)+\mathrm{FCL}(\mathrm{i}-1)-\mathrm{ADB}(\mathrm{i})) *[1-\mathrm{SCH} \mathrm{AM}(\mathrm{i}) / \mathrm{SCH} \mathrm{AM}(\mathrm{i}-1)]$ |
| VOL PREPAY(i) | $=$ Voluntary Prepayments |
|  | $=$ PERF BAL $(\mathrm{i}-1) *[S C H$ AM ( i$) / \mathrm{SCH}$ AM ( $\mathrm{i}-1)] *$ SMM ( i$)$ |


| AM DEF(i) | = Amortization from Defaults |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | If P\&I are advanced: |
|  | $=($ NEW DEF $(\mathrm{i})+\mathrm{FCL}(\mathrm{i}-1)-\mathrm{ADB}(\mathrm{i})) *[1-\mathrm{SCH}$ AM $(\mathrm{i}) / \mathrm{SCH}$ AM $(\mathrm{i}-1)]$ |
|  | or if P\&I are not advanced: |
|  | $=0$ |
| ACT AM (i) | = Actual Amortization |
|  | $=(\operatorname{PERF}$ BAL $(\mathrm{i}-1)-$ NEW DEF(i) $) *[1-\operatorname{SCH}$ AM ( i$) /$ SCH AM $(\mathrm{i}-1)]$ |
| EXP INT(i) | = Expected Interest |
|  | $=($ PERF BAL $(\mathrm{i}-1)+\mathrm{FCL}(\mathrm{i}-1)) *$ Net M ortgage Rate |
| LOST INT(i) | = Interest Lost |
|  | $=($ NEW DEF(i) + FCL $(\mathrm{i}-1)) *$ Net M ortgage Rate |
| ACT INT(i) | = Actual Interest |
|  | $=\operatorname{EXP}$ INT $(\mathrm{i})-\operatorname{LOST} \operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{i})=(\operatorname{PERF} \mathrm{BAL}(\mathrm{i}-1)-$ NEW DEF(i) $)$ |
|  | * Net M ortgage Rate |
| PRIN RECOV(i) | = Principal Recovery |
|  | $=\mathrm{MAX}[\mathrm{ADB}(\mathrm{i})-\mathrm{PRIN}$ LOSS(i) ; 0] |
| PRIN LOSS(i) | = Principal Loss |
|  | $=$ M IN [NEW DEF( i - months until recovery) $*$ Severity Rate ; ADB(i)] |
| ADB(i) | = Amortized Default Balance in Recovery M onth |
|  | If P\&I are advanced: |
|  | $=$ NEW DEF ( i - months until recovery) |
|  | * [SCH AM (i-1)/SCH AM (i-1-months until recovery)] |
|  | or if P\&I are not advanced: |
|  | $=$ NEW DEF( i - months until recovery $) * 1$ |
| M DR(i) | $=$ M onthly D efault Rate |
| SMM (i) | = M onthly Prepayment Rate |

## Notes for clarification:

a. "New Defaults" are the product of the default rate and prior period's Performing Balance.
b. "Voluntary Prepayments" are the product of the prepayment rate and the prior period's Performing Balance, minus expected amortization from performing balance.
c. Voluntary Prepayments and New Defaults are constrained by the following condition: Actual Amortization + New Defaults + Voluntary Prepayments cannot exceed the prior period's Performing Balance. (See Section C. 2.e.)
d. "Expected Amortization" is computed from the sum of the prior period's Performing Balance and Loans in Foreclosure.
e. Loans in Foreclosure do not include any loans that are liquidated in the current month.
f. Expected Amortization and Amortization from D efaults are not computed for loans in their liquidation month. (This is a consequence of (d) and (e).)
g. "Actual Amortization" is computed based on the prior period's Performing Balance minus New Defaults.
h. Principal Recovery is constrained by the following condition:

If Amortization from Defaults is advanced, the maximum Principal Recovery amount is the loan balance when the loan went into foreclosure minus the cumulative amortization advanced until the loan was liquidated (i.e., the Amortized Default Balance in the liquidation month). (See Section C. 2.g.)
i. Principal Loss is constrained by the following condition:

If Amortization from Defaults is advanced, the maximum Principal Loss is the Amortized Default Balance in the liquidation month.
j. Default rate is set to 0 for the last $n$ months before the scheduled final maturity of the pool wheren $=$ Time to Liquidation.

## 4. The Standard D efault Assumption (SDA)

A Standard Default Assumption (" $100 \%$ SDA") for performing default analysis will have the following characteristics:
a. Rise from 0 to "peak" during the first 30 months of mortgage age;
b. Remain constant at peak value for the next 30 months (i.e., months 30 to 60 are at peak value);
c. Decline from "peak" to "tail" over the next 60 months (i.e., decline begins in month 61 and reaches tail value in month 120);
d. Remain constant at "tail" value for the remaining life of the pool (except for the last n months, when the default rate will be $0 . \mathrm{n}=$ Time to Liquidation); and
e. Reach a default peak of $0.60 \%$ per annum and decline to a default tail of $0.03 \%$ per annum.
f. To adjust the Standard D efault Assumption rate for any specific multiple of SDA, adjust the annual default rate at 100\% SDA by that multiple. (For example, 200\% SDA assumes a default rate equal to twice the annual rates specified by $100 \%$ SDA.)
g. When implementing default percentages, the annual default rates must be converted to M onthly D efault Rates according to the following formula:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { MDR }=\text { M onthly Default Rate }=100 *\left(1-(1-(\text { Annual Default Rate } / 100))^{1 / 12}\right. \\
& \quad \text { (in percent) }
\end{aligned}
$$

The following table illustrates the default matrix that must be produced as discussed in Section C.2.h. For example, 100\% SDA would result in approximately $2.78 \%$ cumulative defaults over the life of a pool of new 8\%, 30-year mortgages that also prepay at 150\% PSA.

|  |  | \% SDA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
|  | 100 | 1.56 | 3.09 | 4.59 | 6.08 | 7.53 | 8.97 |
|  | 125 | 1.47 | 2.92 | 4.35 | 5.76 | 7.14 | 8.51 |
|  | 150 | 1.40 | 2.78 | 4.13 | 5.47 | 6.79 | 8.08 |
|  | 175 | 1.33 | 2.64 | 3.93 | 5.20 | 6.45 | 7.69 |
| \% PSA | 200 | 1.26 | 2.51 | 3.74 | 4.95 | 6.14 | 7.32 |
|  | 250 | 1.15 | 2.28 | 3.40 | 4.50 | 5.59 | 6.66 |
|  | 300 | 1.05 | 2.08 | 3.10 | 4.11 | 5.10 | 6.08 |
|  | 400 | 0.88 | 1.74 | 2.60 | 3.45 | 4.29 | 5.12 |
|  | 500 | 0.74 | 1.48 | 2.21 | 2.93 | 3.64 | 4.35 |

$100 \%$ SDA is represented graphically as follows:

## Annualized D efault Rate



* Last 12 months are at a $0 \%$ default rate assuming 12 months to liquidation for 30-year loans. See Section C.3.j.]


## 5. Use of the SDA for Products Other Than 30-Year Conventional Mortgages

The SDA was designed for use with fully amortizing residential mortgages with a term of at least 15 years. It was not intended to be used with other securitized products, e.g., balloon mortgages, commercial mortgages, home equity loans or any nonmortgage assets such as auto loans and credit card receivables.
6. Numerical Examples of SDA

## Sample Cash Flows

The following two sample cash-flow tables were computed using new 30 -year loans with an 8\% WAC, 12-month recovery period, 20 percent loss severity and servicer advances. Further, Cash Flow A illustrates 1\% M onthly Prepayments (1\% SM M ) with a 1\% M onthly Default Rate ( $1 \%$ M DR), and Cash Flow B illustrates 150\% PSA Prepayments with 100\% SDA.

| N |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { AC } & 8.00 \% \\ \text { AM } & 360 \end{array}$ |  | repay Rate fault Rate | SMM |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { cover after } & 1 \\ \text { ss Severity } \end{array}$ | 2 months <br> .00\% | meto liqu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { 궁 }}{ }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | Month | Peforming Balance | New Defaults | In Foreclosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort <br> From Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal <br> In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate | - |
|  |  | 100,000,000 |  |  | 1.0000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 97,934,244 | 1,000,000 | 999,329 | 0.9993 | 67,098 | 999,329 | 671 | 66,427 | 666,667 | 6,667 | 660,000 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
|  | 2 | 95,910,689 | 979,342 | 1,977,334 | 0.9987 | 66,870 | 978,680 | 1,337 | 65,532 | 659,557 | 13,191 | 646,366 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 | \% |
|  | 3 | 93,928,478 | 959,107 | 2,934,442 | 0.9980 | 66,649 | 958,454 | 1,999 | 64,650 | 652,587 | 19,576 | 633,011 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㅇ. |
|  | 4 | 91,986,774 | 939,285 | 3,871,069 | 0.9973 | 66,436 | 938,641 | 2,657 | 63,779 | 645,753 | 25,825 | 619,928 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\square}$ |
|  | 5 | 90,084,753 | 919,868 | 4,787,627 | 0.9966 | 66,231 | 919,232 | 3,310 | 62,920 | 639,052 | 31,940 | 607,113 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 | 응 |
|  | 6 | 88,221,612 | 900,848 | 5,684,515 | 0.9959 | 66,032 | 900,221 | 3,959 | 62,073 | 632,483 | 37,923 | 594,559 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 7 | 86,396,561 | 882,216 | 6,562,127 | 0.9952 | 65,841 | 881,598 | 4,604 | 61,237 | 626,041 | 43,778 | 582,263 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 8 | 84,608,828 | 863,966 | 7,420,848 | 0.9945 | 65,658 | 863,355 | 5,245 | 60,412 | 619,725 | 49,507 | 570,217 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 9 | 82,857,654 | 846,088 | 8,261,054 | 0.9938 | 65,481 | 845,486 | 5,882 | 59,599 | 613,531 | 55,113 | 558,418 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 10 | 81,142,299 | 828,577 | 9,083,115 | 0.9931 | 65,312 | 827,983 | 6,515 | 58,796 | 607,458 | 60,598 | 546,861 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 11 | 79,462,034 | 811,423 | 9,887,394 | 0.9924 | 65,149 | 810,837 | 7,145 | 58,005 | 601,503 | 65,964 | 535,539 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 12 | 77,816,148 | 794,620 | 10,674,244 | 0.9916 | 64,994 | 794,042 | 7,770 | 57,223 | 595,663 | 71,213 | 524,449 |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 13 | 76,203,943 | 778,161 | 10,453,093 | 0.9909 | 64,118 | 777,591 | 7,666 | 56,453 | 589,936 | 76,349 | 513,587 | 791,646 | 200,000 | 991,646 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 14 | 74,624,734 | 762,039 | 10,236,469 | 0.9902 | 63,255 | 761,477 | 7,562 | 55,693 | 577,714 | 74,768 | 502,946 | 775,233 | 195,868 | 971,101 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 15 | 73,077,852 | 746,247 | 10,024,279 | 0.9895 | 62,403 | 745,692 | 7,460 | 54,943 | 565,741 | 73,218 | 492,523 | 759,155 | 191,821 | 950,977 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 16 | 71,562,639 | 730,779 | 9,816,434 | 0.9887 | 61,563 | 730,231 | 7,360 | 54,203 | 554,014 | 71,700 | 482,314 | 743,407 | 187,857 | 931,264 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 17 | 70,078,454 | 715,626 | 9,612,844 | 0.9880 | 60,734 | 715,086 | 7,261 | 53,473 | 542,527 | 70,214 | 472,313 | 727,982 | 183,974 | 911,955 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 18 | 68,624,665 | 700,785 | 9,413,424 | 0.9872 | 59,916 | 700,252 | 7,163 | 52,753 | 531,275 | 68,758 | 462,518 | 712,872 | 180,170 | 893,041 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 19 | 67,200,655 | 686,247 | 9,218,089 | 0.9865 | 59,109 | 685,721 | 7,067 | 52,042 | 520,254 | 67,331 | 452,923 | 698,072 | 176,443 | 874,515 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 20 | 65,805,819 | 672,007 | 9,026,756 | 0.9857 | 58,313 | 671,488 | 6,971 | 51,341 | 509,458 | 65,934 | 443,524 | 683,575 | 172,793 | 856,368 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 21 | 64,439,565 | 658,058 | 8,839,343 | 0.9849 | 57,528 | 657,547 | 6,878 | 50,650 | 498,884 | 64,565 | 434,318 | 669,376 | 169,218 | 838,593 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 22 | 63,101,310 | 644,396 | 8,655,771 | 0.9842 | 56,753 | 643,891 | 6,785 | 49,968 | 488,526 | 63,225 | 425,301 | 655,467 | 165,715 | 821,183 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 23 | 61,790,487 | 631,013 | 8,475,962 | 0.9834 | 55,989 | 630,515 | 6,694 | 49,295 | 478,381 | 61,912 | 416,469 | 641,844 | 162,285 | 804,129 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 24 | 60,506,537 | 617,905 | 8,299,839 | 0.9826 | 55,235 | 617,414 | 6,603 | 48,631 | 468,443 | 60,626 | 407,817 | 628,500 | 158,924 | 787,424 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 25 | 59,248,915 | 605,065 | 8,127,328 | 0.9818 | 54,491 | 604,581 | 6,515 | 47,976 | 458,709 | 59,366 | 399,343 | 615,430 | 155,632 | 771,062 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 26 | 58,017,084 | 592,489 | 7,958,355 | 0.9810 | 53,757 | 592,011 | 6,427 | 47,330 | 449,175 | 58,132 | 391,043 | 602,628 | 152,408 | 755,036 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 27 | 56,810,522 | 580,171 | 7,792,847 | 0.9802 | 53,033 | 579,699 | 6,340 | 46,693 | 439,836 | 56,924 | 382,913 | 590,088 | 149,249 | 739,338 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 28 | 55,628,712 | 568,105 | 7,630,735 | 0.9794 | 52,319 | 567,640 | 6,255 | 46,064 | 430,689 | 55,740 | 374,949 | 577,806 | 146,156 | 723,962 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 29 | 54,471,153 | 556,287 | 7,471,950 | 0.9786 | 51,614 | 555,828 | 6,171 | 45,444 | 421,730 | 54,580 | 367,150 | 565,777 | 143,125 | 708,902 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 30 | 53,337,352 | 544,712 | 7,316,424 | 0.9778 | 50,919 | 544,259 | 6,088 | 44,832 | 412,954 | 53,444 | 359,510 | 553,994 | 140,157 | 694,151 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 31 | 52,226,823 | 533,374 | 7,164,089 | 0.9770 | 50,234 | 532,927 | 6,006 | 44,228 | 404,359 | 52,332 | 352,027 | 542,453 | 137,249 | 679,702 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 32 | 51,139,095 | 522,268 | 7,014,883 | 0.9762 | 49,557 | 521,828 | 5,925 | 43,632 | 395,939 | 51,242 | 344,697 | 531,149 | 134,401 | 665,550 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄷ |
|  | 33 | 50,073,703 | 511,391 | 6,868,740 | 0.9753 | 48,890 | 510,956 | 5,845 | 43,045 | 387,693 | 50,175 | 337,518 | 520,077 | 131,612 | 651,689 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 34 | 49,030,193 | 500,737 | 6,725,599 | 0.9745 | 48,231 | 500,308 | 5,766 | 42,465 | 379,616 | 49,130 | 330,486 | 509,233 | 128,879 | 638,112 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 35 | 48,008,119 | 490,302 | 6,585,399 | 0.9736 | 47,582 | 489,879 | 5,689 | 41,893 | 371,705 | 48,106 | 323,599 | 498,611 | 126,203 | 624,814 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 36 | 47,007,045 | 480,081 | 6,448,079 | 0.9728 | 46,941 | 479,664 | 5,612 | 41,329 | 363,957 | 47,103 | 316,854 | 488,208 | 123,581 | 611,789 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\underline{7}$ |
|  | 37 | 46,026,543 | 470,070 | 6,313,581 | 0.9719 | 46,309 | 469,659 | 5,536 | 40,773 | 356,367 | 46,121 | 310,246 | 478,019 | 121,013 | 599,032 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |
|  | 38 | 45,066,195 | 460,265 | 6,181,847 | 0.9711 | 45,685 | 459,859 | 5,462 | 40,223 | 348,934 | 45,159 | 303,775 | 468,039 | 118,498 | 586,537 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ |
|  | 39 | 44,125,591 | 450,662 | 6,052,822 | 0.9702 | 45,070 | 450,261 | 5,388 | 39,682 | 341,654 | 44,217 | 297,437 | 458,265 | 116,034 | 574,299 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ¢ |
|  | 40 | 43,204,327 | 441,256 | 5,926,450 | 0.9694 | 44,463 | 440,860 | 5,316 | 39,147 | 334,523 | 43,294 | 291,229 | 448,691 | 113,621 | 562,312 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 41 | 42,302,010 | 432,043 | 5,802,677 | 0.9685 | 43,864 | 431,653 | 5,244 | 38,620 | 327,539 | 42,390 | 285,149 | 439,315 | 111,257 | 550,572 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | 42 | 41,418,255 | 423,020 | 5,681,450 | 0.9676 | 43,274 | 422,635 | 5,174 | 38,100 | 320,698 | 41,505 | 279,193 | 430,131 | 108,942 | 539,074 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 43 | 40,552,682 | 414,183 | 5,562,717 | 0.9667 | 42,691 | 413,803 | 5,104 | 37,587 | 313,998 | 40,638 | 273,360 | 421,137 | 106,675 | 527,812 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\frac{0}{2}$ |
|  | 44 | 39,704,922 | 405,527 | 5,446,428 | 0.9658 | 42,116 | 405,152 | 5,035 | 37,081 | 307,436 | 39,788 | 267,648 | 412,328 | 104,454 | 516,781 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 45 | 38,874,612 | 397,049 | 5,332,532 | 0.9649 | 41,549 | 396,680 | 4,967 | 36,582 | 301,009 | 38,957 | 262,052 | 403,700 | 102,278 | 505,978 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 응 |
| 9 | 46 | 38,061,395 | 388,746 | 5,220,981 | 0.9640 | 40,989 | 388,382 | 4,900 | 36,089 | 294,714 | 38,142 | 256,572 | 395,249 | 100,147 | 495,397 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
| N | 47 | 37,264,924 | 380,614 | 5,111,727 | 0.9631 | 40,437 | 380,254 | 4,834 | 35,603 | 288,549 | 37,344 | 251,205 | 386,973 | 98,060 | 485,034 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 등 |
|  | 48 | 36,484,857 | 372,649 | 5,004,723 | 0.9622 | 39,893 | 372,294 | 4,769 | 35,123 | 282,511 | 36,563 | 245,948 | 378,868 | 96,016 | 474,884 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\omega$ |


| N |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { AC } & 8.00 \% \\ \text { AM } & 360 \end{array}$ |  | repay Rate <br> fault Rate | SMM |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { socover after } & 1 \\ \text { uss Severity } & 2 \end{array}$ | 2 months (t $0.00 \%$ | meto liqu | ation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 궇 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | Month | Pefforming Balance | New Defaults | In Foredosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort From Defaults | Actual <br> Amort | Expected Interest | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate | - |
|  | 49 | 35,720,859 | 364,849 | 4,899,923 | 0.9613 | 39,356 | 364,499 | 4,705 | 34,650 | 276,597 | 35,797 | 240,800 | 370,929 | 94,014 | 464,943 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{9}$ |
|  | 50 | 34,972,604 | 357,209 | 4,797,283 | 0.9603 | 38,826 | 356,863 | 4,642 | 34,184 | 270,805 | 35,048 | 235,758 | 363,154 | 92,053 | 455,207 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 8 |
|  | 51 | 34,239,769 | 349,726 | 4,696,758 | 0.9594 | 38,303 | 349,385 | 4,579 | 33,723 | 265,133 | 34,313 | 230,819 | 355,539 | 90,132 | 445,672 | 0.01 | 0.01 | \% |
|  | 52 | 33,522,040 | 342,398 | 4,598,306 | 0.9585 | 37,787 | 342,062 | 4,518 | 33,269 | 259,577 | 33,594 | 225,982 | 348,082 | 88,251 | 436,333 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㅇ. |
|  | 53 | 32,819,109 | 335,220 | 4,501,883 | 0.9575 | 37,278 | 334,889 | 4,457 | 32,821 | 254,136 | 32,890 | 221,245 | 340,778 | 86,409 | 427,187 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\text { O }}{\sim}$ |
|  | 54 | 32,130,675 | 328,191 | 4,407,448 | 0.9566 | 36,776 | 327,864 | 4,397 | 32,379 | 248,807 | 32,200 | 216,606 | 333,625 | 84,604 | 418,229 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 웅 |
|  | 55 | 31,456,441 | 321,307 | 4,314,962 | 0.9556 | 36,281 | 320,984 | 4,337 | 31,943 | 243,587 | 31,525 | 212,062 | 326,619 | 82,837 | 409,456 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 56 | 30,796,117 | 314,564 | 4,224,384 | 0.9546 | 35,792 | 314,246 | 4,279 | 31,513 | 238,476 | 30,864 | 207,613 | 319,758 | 81,105 | 400,864 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 57 | 30,149,420 | 307,961 | 4,135,675 | 0.9537 | 35,310 | 307,647 | 4,221 | 31,089 | 233,470 | 30,216 | 203,254 | 313,039 | 79,410 | 392,449 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 58 | 29,516,072 | 301,494 | 4,048,796 | 0.9527 | 34,835 | 301,184 | 4,165 | 30,670 | 228,567 | 29,581 | 198,986 | 306,458 | 77,749 | 384,208 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 59 | 28,895,799 | 295,161 | 3,963,712 | 0.9517 | 34,366 | 294,855 | 4,109 | 30,257 | 223,766 | 28,960 | 194,806 | 300,014 | 76,123 | 376,137 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 60 | 28,288,335 | 288,958 | 3,880,385 | 0.9507 | 33,903 | 288,656 | 4,053 | 29,850 | 219,063 | 28,351 | 190,712 | 293,702 | 74,530 | 368,232 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 61 | 27,693,418 | 282,883 | 3,798,778 | 0.9497 | 33,446 | 282,586 | 3,999 | 29,448 | 214,458 | 27,755 | 186,703 | 287,521 | 72,970 | 360,491 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 62 | 27,110,792 | 276,934 | 3,718,858 | 0.9487 | 32,996 | 276,641 | 3,945 | 29,051 | 209,948 | 27,171 | 182,777 | 281,468 | 71,442 | 352,910 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 63 | 26,540,206 | 271,108 | 3,640,589 | 0.9477 | 32,551 | 270,818 | 3,892 | 28,660 | 205,531 | 26,600 | 178,931 | 275,540 | 69,945 | 345,485 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 64 | 25,981,413 | 265,402 | 3,563,938 | 0.9467 | 32,113 | 265,116 | 3,839 | 28,274 | 201,205 | 26,040 | 175,165 | 269,734 | 68,480 | 338,214 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 65 | 25,434,174 | 259,814 | 3,488,872 | 0.9456 | 31,681 | 259,532 | 3,788 | 27,893 | 196,969 | 25,492 | 171,477 | 264,049 | 67,044 | 331,093 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 66 | 24,898,251 | 254,342 | 3,415,358 | 0.9446 | 31,254 | 254,064 | 3,737 | 27,517 | 192,820 | 24,955 | 167,866 | 258,481 | 65,638 | 324,119 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 67 | 24,373,413 | 248,983 | 3,343,365 | 0.9436 | 30,833 | 248,708 | 3,686 | 27,147 | 188,757 | 24,429 | 164,328 | 253,028 | 64,261 | 317,290 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 68 | 23,859,434 | 243,734 | 3,272,861 | 0.9425 | 30,418 | 243,464 | 3,637 | 26,781 | 184,779 | 23,914 | 160,865 | 247,689 | 62,913 | 310,601 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 69 | 23,356,091 | 238,594 | 3,203,816 | 0.9415 | 30,008 | 238,327 | 3,588 | 26,421 | 180,882 | 23,410 | 157,472 | 242,459 | 61,592 | 304,052 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 70 | 22,863,168 | 233,561 | 3,136,200 | 0.9404 | 29,604 | 233,298 | 3,539 | 26,065 | 177,066 | 22,916 | 154,150 | 237,338 | 60,299 | 297,637 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 71 | 22,380,450 | 228,632 | 3,069,985 | 0.9393 | 29,205 | 228,372 | 3,492 | 25,714 | 173,329 | 22,432 | 150,897 | 232,324 | 59,032 | 291,356 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 72 | 21,907,730 | 223,805 | 3,005,140 | 0.9383 | 28,812 | 223,548 | 3,445 | 25,368 | 169,670 | 21,959 | 147,711 | 227,413 | 57,792 | 285,204 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 73 | 21,444,802 | 219,077 | 2,941,639 | 0.9372 | 28,424 | 218,825 | 3,398 | 25,026 | 166,086 | 21,495 | 144,591 | 222,603 | 56,577 | 279,180 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 74 | 20,991,467 | 214,448 | 2,879,454 | 0.9361 | 28,041 | 214,199 | 3,352 | 24,689 | 162,576 | 21,041 | 141,536 | 217,894 | 55,387 | 273,281 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 75 | 20,547,527 | 209,915 | 2,818,558 | 0.9350 | 27,664 | 209,669 | 3,307 | 24,356 | 159,139 | 20,596 | 138,544 | 213,282 | 54,222 | 267,504 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 76 | 20,112,790 | 205,475 | 2,758,924 | 0.9339 | 27,291 | 205,233 | 3,263 | 24,028 | 155,774 | 20,160 | 135,614 | 208,766 | 53,080 | 261,846 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 77 | 19,687,069 | 201,128 | 2,700,527 | 0.9328 | 26,924 | 200,888 | 3,219 | 23,705 | 152,478 | 19,734 | 132,744 | 204,344 | 51,963 | 256,306 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 78 | 19,270,178 | 196,871 | 2,643,341 | 0.9316 | 26,561 | 196,634 | 3,175 | 23,386 | 149,251 | 19,316 | 129,935 | 200,013 | 50,868 | 250,881 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 79 | 18,861,937 | 192,702 | 2,587,341 | 0.9305 | 26,203 | 192,469 | 3,133 | 23,071 | 146,090 | 18,907 | 127,183 | 195,772 | 49,797 | 245,569 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 80 | 18,462,168 | 188,619 | 2,532,504 | 0.9294 | 25,851 | 188,389 | 3,091 | 22,760 | 142,995 | 18,506 | 124,489 | 191,619 | 48,747 | 240,366 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 81 | 18,070,698 | 184,622 | 2,478,805 | 0.9282 | 25,502 | 184,395 | 3,049 | 22,454 | 139,964 | 18,114 | 121,850 | 187,553 | 47,719 | 235,272 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ᄃ |
|  | 82 | 17,687,357 | 180,707 | 2,426,221 | 0.9271 | 25,159 | 180,483 | 3,008 | 22,151 | 136,997 | 17,730 | 119,267 | 183,571 | 46,712 | 230,283 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 닻 |
|  | 83 | 17,311,977 | 176,874 | 2,374,729 | 0.9259 | 24,820 | 176,653 | 2,967 | 21,853 | 134,091 | 17,354 | 116,737 | 179,672 | 45,726 | 225,398 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 을 |
|  | 84 | 16,944,397 | 173,120 | 2,324,307 | 0.9248 | 24,486 | 172,902 | 2,927 | 21,559 | 131,245 | 16,986 | 114,259 | 175,853 | 44,761 | 220,614 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
|  | 85 | 16,584,456 | 169,444 | 2,274,933 | 0.9236 | 24,156 | 169,229 | 2,888 | 21,268 | 128,458 | 16,625 | 111,833 | 172,115 | 43,815 | 215,930 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄲ |
|  | 86 | 16,231,997 | 165,845 | 2,226,585 | 0.9224 | 23,831 | 165,633 | 2,849 | 20,982 | 125,729 | 16,272 | 109,457 | 168,454 | 42,890 | 211,343 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 87 | 15,886,866 | 162,320 | 2,179,243 | 0.9212 | 23,510 | 162,111 | 2,811 | 20,699 | 123,057 | 15,926 | 107,131 | 164,869 | 41,983 | 206,852 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 88 | 15,548,915 | 158,869 | 2,132,885 | 0.9200 | 23,193 | 158,662 | 2,773 | 20,421 | 120,441 | 15,587 | 104,853 | 161,358 | 41,095 | 202,454 | 0.01 | 0.01 | R |
|  | 89 | 15,217,994 | 155,489 | 2,087,492 | 0.9188 | 22,881 | 155,286 | 2,736 | 20,146 | 117,879 | 15,256 | 102,623 | 157,921 | 40,226 | 198,147 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\omega$ |
|  | 90 | 14,893,961 | 152,180 | 2,043,043 | 0.9176 | 22,573 | 151,979 | 2,699 | 19,874 | 115,370 | 14,931 | 100,439 | 154,556 | 39,374 | 193,930 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |
|  | 91 | 14,576,673 | 148,940 | 1,999,520 | 0.9164 | 22,269 | 148,742 | 2,662 | 19,607 | 112,913 | 14,613 | 98,300 | 151,260 | 38,540 | 189,800 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 92 | 14,265,993 | 145,767 | 1,956,903 | 0.9152 | 21,969 | 145,571 | 2,626 | 19,343 | 110,508 | 14,302 | 96,206 | 148,033 | 37,724 | 185,757 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 93 | 13,961,783 | 142,660 | 1,915,174 | 0.9139 | 21,673 | 142,467 | 2,591 | 19,082 | 108,153 | 13,997 | 94,156 | 144,874 | 36,924 | 181,798 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 94 | 13,663,913 | 139,618 | 1,874,315 | 0.9127 | 21,381 | 139,428 | 2,556 | 18,825 | 105,846 | 13,699 | 92,148 | 141,780 | 36,141 | 177,921 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 응 |
| 9 | 95 | 13,372,250 | 136,639 | 1,834,306 | 0.9114 | 21,093 | 136,452 | 2,522 | 18,572 | 103,588 | 13,406 | 90,182 | 138,751 | 35,375 | 174,125 | 0.01 | 0.01 | S |
| N | 96 | 13,086,669 | 133,723 | 1,795,132 | 0.9102 | 20,809 | 133,537 | 2,488 | 18,322 | 101,377 | 13,120 | 88,257 | 135,785 | 34,624 | 170,409 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 言 |


| ® | WAC 8.00\% WAM 360 |  | Prepay Rate Default Rate |  | $1 \%$ SMM <br> $1 \%$ MDR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Recover after } \\ & \text { Loss Severity } \end{aligned}$ |  | 12 months (timeto liquidation)20.00\% |  |  | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | Month | Performing Balance | New Defaults | In Foredosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort <br> From Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 97 | 12,807,043 | 130,867 | 1,756,776 | 0.9089 | 20,529 | 130,684 | 2,454 | 18,075 | 99,212 | 12,840 | 86,372 | 132,881 | 33,889 | 166,769 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 98 | 12,533,251 | 128,070 | 1,719,219 | 0.9076 | 20,253 | 127,890 | 2,421 | 17,831 | 97,092 | 12,566 | 84,526 | 130,037 | 33,169 | 163,206 | 0.01 | 0.01 | \% |
|  | 99 | 12,265,173 | 125,333 | 1,682,446 | 0.9063 | 19,980 | 125,155 | 2,389 | 17,591 | 95,016 | 12,297 | 82,719 | 127,253 | 32,464 | 159,717 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 100 | 12,002,690 | 122,652 | 1,646,440 | 0.9050 | 19,711 | 122,476 | 2,356 | 17,354 | 92,984 | 12,034 | 80,950 | 124,527 | 31,774 | 156,301 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | 101 | 11,745,689 | 120,027 | 1,611,187 | 0.9037 | 19,445 | 119,854 | 2,325 | 17,121 | 90,994 | 11,776 | 79,218 | 121,858 | 31,098 | 152,956 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{\text { ¢ }}$ |
|  | 102 | 11,494,055 | 117,457 | 1,576,670 | 0.9024 | 19,184 | 117,286 | 2,293 | 16,890 | 89,046 | 11,524 | 77,522 | 119,245 | 30,436 | 149,681 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 103 | 11,247,680 | 114,941 | 1,542,874 | 0.9011 | 18,925 | 114,772 | 2,263 | 16,663 | 87,138 | 11,277 | 75,861 | 116,686 | 29,788 | 146,474 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 104 | 11,006,454 | 112,477 | 1,509,784 | 0.8998 | 18,670 | 112,311 | 2,232 | 16,438 | 85,270 | 11,036 | 74,235 | 114,181 | 29,153 | 143,334 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 105 | 10,770,272 | 110,065 | 1,477,386 | 0.8984 | 18,419 | 109,901 | 2,202 | 16,217 | 83,442 | 10,799 | 72,643 | 111,728 | 28,532 | 140,260 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 106 | 10,539,029 | 107,703 | 1,445,666 | 0.8971 | 18,171 | 107,541 | 2,172 | 15,999 | 81,651 | 10,567 | 71,084 | 109,327 | 27,924 | 137,250 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 107 | 10,312,625 | 105,390 | 1,414,610 | 0.8957 | 17,926 | 105,231 | 2,143 | 15,783 | 79,898 | 10,340 | 69,558 | 106,976 | 27,328 | 134,304 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 108 | 10,090,960 | 103,126 | 1,384,203 | 0.8944 | 17,685 | 102,969 | 2,114 | 15,571 | 78,182 | 10,118 | 68,063 | 104,674 | 26,745 | 131,418 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 109 | 9,873,935 | 100,910 | 1,354,433 | 0.8930 | 17,447 | 100,754 | 2,086 | 15,361 | 76,501 | 9,901 | 66,600 | 102,420 | 26,173 | 128,594 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 110 | 9,661,455 | 98,739 | 1,325,287 | 0.8916 | 17,212 | 98,586 | 2,058 | 15,154 | 74,856 | 9,688 | 65,168 | 100,214 | 25,614 | 125,828 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 111 | 9,453,427 | 96,615 | 1,296,751 | 0.8902 | 16,980 | 96,464 | 2,030 | 14,950 | 73,245 | 9,479 | 63,766 | 98,054 | 25,067 | 123,120 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 112 | 9,249,759 | 94,534 | 1,268,814 | 0.8888 | 16,751 | 94,385 | 2,003 | 14,749 | 71,668 | 9,275 | 62,393 | 95,939 | 24,530 | 120,469 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 113 | 9,050,361 | 92,498 | 1,241,462 | 0.8874 | 16,526 | 92,351 | 1,976 | 14,550 | 70,124 | 9,075 | 61,048 | 93,868 | 24,005 | 117,874 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 114 | 8,855,145 | 90,504 | 1,214,683 | 0.8860 | 16,303 | 90,359 | 1,949 | 14,354 | 68,612 | 8,880 | 59,732 | 91,841 | 23,491 | 115,333 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 115 | 8,664,024 | 88,551 | 1,188,467 | 0.8845 | 16,084 | 88,408 | 1,923 | 14,161 | 67,132 | 8,688 | 58,444 | 89,857 | 22,988 | 112,845 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 116 | 8,476,915 | 86,640 | 1,162,800 | 0.8831 | 15,867 | 86,499 | 1,897 | 13,970 | 65,683 | 8,501 | 57,183 | 87,914 | 22,495 | 110,410 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 117 | 8,293,734 | 84,769 | 1,137,673 | 0.8817 | 15,653 | 84,630 | 1,871 | 13,782 | 64,265 | 8,317 | 55,948 | 86,012 | 22,013 | 108,025 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 118 | 8,114,400 | 82,937 | 1,113,073 | 0.8802 | 15,442 | 82,800 | 1,846 | 13,596 | 62,876 | 8,137 | 54,739 | 84,150 | 21,541 | 105,691 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 119 | 7,938,834 | 81,144 | 1,088,991 | 0.8787 | 15,235 | 81,009 | 1,821 | 13,413 | 61,516 | 7,961 | 53,555 | 82,327 | 21,078 | 103,405 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 120 | 7,766,959 | 79,388 | 1,065,414 | 0.8772 | 15,029 | 79,255 | 1,797 | 13,233 | 60,185 | 7,789 | 52,396 | 80,543 | 20,625 | 101,168 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 121 | 7,598,697 | 77,670 | 1,042,333 | 0.8758 | 14,827 | 77,538 | 1,773 | 13,054 | 58,882 | 7,621 | 51,262 | 78,796 | 20,182 | 98,978 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 122 | 7,433,975 | 75,987 | 1,019,738 | 0.8743 | 14,627 | 75,857 | 1,749 | 12,879 | 57,607 | 7,455 | 50,151 | 77,086 | 19,748 | 96,834 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 123 | 7,272,718 | 74,340 | 997,618 | 0.8727 | 14,430 | 74,211 | 1,725 | 12,705 | 56,358 | 7,294 | 49,064 | 75,412 | 19,323 | 94,734 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 124 | 7,114,856 | 72,727 | 975,963 | 0.8712 | 14,236 | 72,601 | 1,702 | 12,534 | 55,136 | 7,136 | 48,000 | 73,773 | 18,907 | 92,680 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 125 | 6,960,319 | 71,149 | 954,765 | 0.8697 | 14,044 | 71,024 | 1,679 | 12,365 | 53,939 | 6,981 | 46,958 | 72,168 | 18,500 | 90,668 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 126 | 6,809,037 | 69,603 | 934,013 | 0.8682 | 13,855 | 69,480 | 1,656 | 12,199 | 52,767 | 6,829 | 45,938 | 70,598 | 18,101 | 88,698 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 127 | 6,660,943 | 68,090 | 913,699 | 0.8666 | 13,669 | 67,969 | 1,634 | 12,034 | 51,620 | 6,681 | 44,940 | 69,060 | 17,710 | 86,771 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 128 | 6,515,972 | 66,609 | 893,813 | 0.8651 | 13,485 | 66,490 | 1,612 | 11,872 | 50,498 | 6,535 | 43,962 | 67,555 | 17,328 | 84,883 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 129 | 6,374,058 | 65,160 | 874,346 | 0.8635 | 13,303 | 65,041 | 1,590 | 11,713 | 49,399 | 6,393 | 43,005 | 66,082 | 16,954 | 83,036 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄷ. |
|  | 130 | 6,235,139 | 63,741 | 855,290 | 0.8619 | 13,124 | 63,624 | 1,569 | 11,555 | 48,323 | 6,254 | 42,069 | 64,640 | 16,587 | 81,228 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\text { O }}{ }$ |
|  | 131 | 6,099,152 | 62,351 | 836,637 | 0.8603 | 12,947 | 62,236 | 1,548 | 11,399 | 47,270 | 6,118 | 41,152 | 63,228 | 16,229 | 79,457 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
|  | 132 | 5,966,037 | 60,992 | 818,377 | 0.8587 | 12,773 | 60,878 | 1,527 | 11,246 | 46,239 | 5,984 | 40,254 | 61,847 | 15,878 | 77,724 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 133 | 5,835,734 | 59,660 | 800,503 | 0.8571 | 12,601 | 59,548 | 1,506 | 11,094 | 45,229 | 5,854 | 39,376 | 60,494 | 15,534 | 76,028 | 0.01 | 0.01 | む |
|  | 134 | 5,708,185 | 58,357 | 783,007 | 0.8555 | 12,431 | 58,247 | 1,486 | 10,945 | 44,242 | 5,726 | 38,516 | 59,170 | 15,197 | 74,367 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 135 | 5,583,333 | 57,082 | 765,880 | 0.8538 | 12,264 | 56,973 | 1,466 | 10,797 | 43,275 | 5,601 | 37,674 | 57,874 | 14,868 | 72,742 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ¢ |
|  | 136 | 5,461,122 | 55,833 | 749,116 | 0.8522 | 12,098 | 55,726 | 1,446 | 10,652 | 42,328 | 5,478 | 36,850 | 56,606 | 14,545 | 71,151 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | 137 | 5,341,497 | 54,611 | 732,707 | 0.8505 | 11,936 | 54,505 | 1,427 | 10,509 | 41,402 | 5,358 | 36,043 | 55,364 | 14,230 | 69,594 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 138 | 5,224,405 | 53,415 | 716,645 | 0.8489 | 11,775 | 53,310 | 1,408 | 10,367 | 40,495 | 5,241 | 35,254 | 54,148 | 13,921 | 68,069 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ |
|  | 139 | 5,109,793 | 52,244 | 700,924 | 0.8472 | 11,616 | 52,141 | 1,389 | 10,227 | 39,607 | 5,126 | 34,481 | 52,959 | 13,618 | 66,577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 140 | 4,997,609 | 51,098 | 685,535 | 0.8455 | 11,460 | 50,996 | 1,370 | 10,090 | 38,738 | 5,013 | 33,725 | 51,795 | 13,322 | 65,116 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄹ |
|  | 141 | 4,887,804 | 49,976 | 670,473 | 0.8438 | 11,305 | 49,876 | 1,352 | 9,954 | 37,888 | 4,903 | 32,984 | 50,655 | 13,032 | 63,687 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 7 |
|  | 142 | 4,780,327 | 48,878 | 655,730 | 0.8421 | 11,153 | 48,779 | 1,333 | 9,820 | 37,055 | 4,796 | 32,260 | 49,539 | 12,748 | 62,287 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ |
| 7 | 143 | 4,675,131 | 47,803 | 641,300 | 0.8404 | 11,003 | 47,705 | 1,315 | 9,688 | 36,240 | 4,690 | 31,550 | 48,448 | 12,470 | 60,918 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 든 |
| N | 144 | 4,572,168 | 46,751 | 627,176 | 0.8386 | 10,855 | 46,655 | 1,298 | 9,557 | 35,443 | 4,587 | 30,856 | 47,379 | 12,198 | 59,577 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ¢ |

Standard Default Methodology
Cash Flow A
Principal and Interest Are Advanced

| $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} \text { WAC } & 8.00 \% \\ \text { WAM } & 360 \end{aligned}$ |  | Prepay Rate Default Rate |  | SMM | Recover after Loss Severity |  | 12 months (time to liquidation)$20.00 \%$ |  |  | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Month | Performing Balance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { Defaults } \end{aligned}$ | In Foredosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort From Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 145 | 4,471,391 | 45,722 | 613,352 | 0.8369 | 10,709 | 45,626 | 1,280 | 9,428 | 34,662 | 4,486 | 30,176 | 46,333 | 11,932 | 58,265 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\checkmark$ |
|  | 146 | 4,372,756 | 44,714 | 599,822 | 0.8351 | 10,564 | 44,620 | 1,263 | 9,301 | 33,898 | 4,387 | 29,511 | 45,309 | 11,671 | 56,981 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 147 | 4,276,217 | 43,728 | 586,580 | 0.8333 | 10,422 | 43,635 | 1,246 | 9,176 | 33,151 | 4,290 | 28,860 | 44,308 | 11,416 | 55,724 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 148 | 4,181,732 | 42,762 | 573,619 | 0.8316 | 10,282 | 42,671 | 1,229 | 9,053 | 32,419 | 4,196 | 28,223 | 43,327 | 11,167 | 54,494 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |
|  | 149 | 4,089,257 | 41,817 | 560,934 | 0.8298 | 10,143 | 41,727 | 1,213 | 8,931 | 31,702 | 4,103 | 27,599 | 42,367 | 10,922 | 53,290 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 을 |
|  | 150 | 3,998,750 | 40,893 | 548,519 | 0.8280 | 10,007 | 40,804 | 1,196 | 8,810 | 31,001 | 4,012 | 26,989 | 41,428 | 10,683 | 52,111 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 151 | 3,910,171 | 39,987 | 536,368 | 0.8261 | 9,872 | 39,900 | 1,180 | 8,692 | 30,315 | 3,923 | 26,392 | 40,509 | 10,449 | 50,958 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 152 | 3,823,479 | 39,102 | 524,477 | 0.8243 | 9,739 | 39,015 | 1,164 | 8,575 | 29,644 | 3,836 | 25,807 | 39,609 | 10,220 | 49,829 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 153 | 3,738,636 | 38,235 | 512,838 | 0.8225 | 9,608 | 38,149 | 1,149 | 8,459 | 28,986 | 3,751 | 25,235 | 38,729 | 9,995 | 48,724 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 154 | 3,655,602 | 37,386 | 501,448 | 0.8206 | 9,479 | 37,302 | 1,133 | 8,345 | 28,343 | 3,668 | 24,675 | 37,868 | 9,776 | 47,643 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 155 | 3,574,340 | 36,556 | 490,302 | 0.8188 | 9,351 | 36,473 | 1,118 | 8,233 | 27,714 | 3,587 | 24,127 | 37,024 | 9,561 | 46,585 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 156 | 3,494,814 | 35,743 | 479,393 | 0.8169 | 9,225 | 35,661 | 1,103 | 8,122 | 27,098 | 3,507 | 23,591 | 36,199 | 9,350 | 45,549 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 157 | 3,416,986 | 34,948 | 468,717 | 0.8150 | 9,101 | 34,867 | 1,088 | 8,013 | 26,495 | 3,429 | 23,066 | 35,392 | 9,144 | 44,536 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 158 | 3,340,821 | 34,170 | 458,269 | 0.8131 | 8,978 | 34,090 | 1,073 | 7,905 | 25,905 | 3,353 | 22,552 | 34,601 | 8,943 | 43,544 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 159 | 3,266,285 | 33,408 | 448,045 | 0.8112 | 8,857 | 33,329 | 1,059 | 7,798 | 25,327 | 3,278 | 22,049 | 33,828 | 8,746 | 42,574 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 160 | 3,193,344 | 32,663 | 438,039 | 0.8092 | 8,738 | 32,585 | 1,045 | 7,693 | 24,762 | 3,205 | 21,557 | 33,071 | 8,552 | 41,624 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 161 | 3,121,964 | 31,933 | 428,248 | 0.8073 | 8,620 | 31,857 | 1,031 | 7,590 | 24,209 | 3,133 | 21,076 | 32,331 | 8,363 | 40,694 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 162 | 3,052,112 | 31,220 | 418,666 | 0.8053 | 8,504 | 31,144 | 1,017 | 7,488 | 23,668 | 3,063 | 20,605 | 31,606 | 8,179 | 39,785 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 163 | 2,983,758 | 30,521 | 409,290 | 0.8034 | 8,390 | 30,447 | 1,003 | 7,387 | 23,139 | 2,995 | 20,144 | 30,897 | 7,997 | 38,894 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 164 | 2,916,869 | 29,838 | 400,115 | 0.8014 | 8,277 | 29,764 | 990 | 7,287 | 22,620 | 2,928 | 19,693 | 30,203 | 7,820 | 38,023 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 165 | 2,851,415 | 29,169 | 391,136 | 0.7994 | 8,165 | 29,096 | 976 | 7,189 | 22,113 | 2,862 | 19,251 | 29,524 | 7,647 | 37,171 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 166 | 2,787,367 | 28,514 | 382,350 | 0.7974 | 8,055 | 28,443 | 963 | 7,092 | 21,617 | 2,798 | 18,819 | 28,860 | 7,477 | 36,337 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 167 | 2,724,693 | 27,874 | 373,753 | 0.7954 | 7,947 | 27,803 | 950 | 6,997 | 21,131 | 2,735 | 18,397 | 28,209 | 7,311 | 35,521 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 168 | 2,663,366 | 27,247 | 365,341 | 0.7933 | 7,840 | 27,177 | 937 | 6,903 | 20,656 | 2,673 | 17,983 | 27,573 | 7,149 | 34,722 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 169 | 2,603,358 | 26,634 | 357,109 | 0.7913 | 7,734 | 26,565 | 925 | 6,810 | 20,191 | 2,613 | 17,578 | 26,951 | 6,990 | 33,940 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 170 | 2,544,641 | 26,034 | 349,055 | 0.7892 | 7,630 | 25,966 | 912 | 6,718 | 19,736 | 2,554 | 17,182 | 26,342 | 6,834 | 33,176 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 171 | 2,487,188 | 25,446 | 341,174 | 0.7871 | 7,527 | 25,379 | 900 | 6,627 | 19,291 | 2,497 | 16,795 | 25,746 | 6,682 | 32,428 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 172 | 2,430,972 | 24,872 | 333,463 | 0.7850 | 7,426 | 24,806 | 888 | 6,538 | 18,856 | 2,440 | 16,415 | 25,163 | 6,533 | 31,695 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 173 | 2,375,968 | 24,310 | 325,918 | 0.7829 | 7,326 | 24,245 | 876 | 6,450 | 18,430 | 2,385 | 16,044 | 24,592 | 6,387 | 30,979 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 174 | 2,322,149 | 23,760 | 318,535 | 0.7808 | 7,227 | 23,695 | 864 | 6,363 | 18,013 | 2,331 | 15,681 | 24,034 | 6,244 | 30,278 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 175 | 2,269,492 | 23,221 | 311,312 | 0.7787 | 7,130 | 23,158 | 852 | 6,278 | 17,605 | 2,278 | 15,326 | 23,488 | 6,104 | 29,592 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 176 | 2,217,972 | 22,695 | 304,245 | 0.7765 | 7,034 | 22,632 | 841 | 6,193 | 17,205 | 2,227 | 14,979 | 22,954 | 5,968 | 28,921 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ᄃ |
|  | 177 | 2,167,564 | 22,180 | 297,330 | 0.7744 | 6,939 | 22,118 | 830 | 6,110 | 16,815 | 2,176 | 14,639 | 22,431 | 5,834 | 28,265 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄹ. |
|  | 178 | 2,118,247 | 21,676 | 290,565 | 0.7722 | 6,846 | 21,615 | 818 | 6,027 | 16,433 | 2,127 | 14,306 | 21,919 | 5,703 | 27,622 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 앙 |
|  | 179 | 2,069,996 | 21,182 | 283,947 | 0.7700 | 6,754 | 21,122 | 807 | 5,946 | 16,059 | 2,078 | 13,980 | 21,419 | 5,575 | 26,994 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
|  | 180 | 2,022,789 | 20,700 | 277,471 | 0.7678 | 6,663 | 20,641 | 797 | 5,866 | 15,693 | 2,031 | 13,662 | 20,930 | 5,449 | 26,379 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 181 | 1,976,604 | 20,228 | 271,136 | 0.7656 | 6,573 | 20,169 | 786 | 5,787 | 15,335 | 1,985 | 13,350 | 20,451 | 5,327 | 25,777 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |
|  | 182 | 1,931,421 | 19,766 | 264,938 | 0.7634 | 6,484 | 19,708 | 775 | 5,709 | 14,985 | 1,939 | 13,046 | 19,982 | 5,207 | 25,189 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ |
|  | 183 | 1,887,217 | 19,314 | 258,874 | 0.7611 | 6,397 | 19,257 | 765 | 5,632 | 14,642 | 1,895 | 12,747 | 19,524 | 5,089 | 24,613 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ¢ |
|  | 184 | 1,843,972 | 18,872 | 252,942 | 0.7589 | 6,311 | 18,816 | 754 | 5,556 | 14,307 | 1,852 | 12,456 | 19,075 | 4,974 | 24,050 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 185 | 1,801,667 | 18,440 | 247,139 | 0.7566 | 6,226 | 18,384 | 744 | 5,482 | 13,979 | 1,809 | 12,170 | 18,637 | 4,862 | 23,499 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | 186 | 1,760,280 | 18,017 | 241,462 | 0.7543 | 6,142 | 17,962 | 734 | 5,408 | 13,659 | 1,768 | 11,891 | 18,208 | 4,752 | 22,959 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 를 |
|  | 187 | 1,719,793 | 17,603 | 235,909 | 0.7520 | 6,059 | 17,549 | 724 | 5,335 | 13,345 | 1,727 | 11,618 | 17,788 | 4,644 | 22,432 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
|  | 188 | 1,680,188 | 17,198 | 230,476 | 0.7496 | 5,978 | 17,145 | 715 | 5,263 | 13,038 | 1,687 | 11,351 | 17,377 | 4,539 | 21,916 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 189 | 1,641,444 | 16,802 | 225,161 | 0.7473 | 5,897 | 16,749 | 705 | 5,192 | 12,738 | 1,649 | 11,089 | 16,975 | 4,436 | 21,411 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 잉 |
| 0 | 190 | 1,603,545 | 16,414 | 219,962 | 0.7449 | 5,818 | 16,363 | 696 | 5,122 | 12,444 | 1,611 | 10,834 | 16,583 | 4,335 | 20,918 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
| N | 191 | 1,566,471 | 16,035 | 214,877 | 0.7426 | 5,740 | 15,984 | 686 | 5,053 | 12,157 | 1,573 | 10,583 | 16,198 | 4,236 | 20,435 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 든 |
| O | 192 | 1,530,207 | 15,665 | 209,902 | 0.7402 | 5,662 | 15,614 | 677 | 4,985 | 11,876 | 1,537 | 10,339 | 15,822 | 4,140 | 19,962 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ${ }_{6}$ |


| Ò | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { WAC } & 8.00 \% \\ \text { WAM } & 360 \end{array}$ |  | Prepay Rate Default Rate |  | 1\% SMM $1 \%$ MDR | Recover afterLoss Severity |  | 12 months (timeto liquidation) <br> 20.00\% |  |  | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Month | Peforming Balance | New Defaults | In Foredosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort From Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 193 | 1,494,734 | 15,302 | 205,037 | 0.7378 | 5,586 | 15,252 | 668 | 4,918 | 11,601 | 1,501 | 10,099 | 15,455 | 4,046 | 19,500 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8}$ |
|  | 194 | 1,460,037 | 14,947 | 200,277 | 0.7354 | 5,511 | 14,898 | 659 | 4,852 | 11,332 | 1,467 | 9,865 | 15,095 | 3,953 | 19,048 | 0.01 | 0.01 | \% |
|  | 195 | 1,426,098 | 14,600 | 195,622 | 0.7329 | 5,437 | 14,552 | 650 | 4,787 | 11,069 | 1,433 | 9,636 | 14,743 | 3,863 | 18,606 | 0.01 | 0.01 | O |
|  | 196 | 1,392,901 | 14,261 | 191,068 | 0.7305 | 5,363 | 14,213 | 641 | 4,722 | 10,811 | 1,399 | 9,412 | 14,399 | 3,774 | 18,173 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | 197 | 1,360,432 | 13,929 | 186,614 | 0.7280 | 5,291 | 13,882 | 633 | 4,659 | 10,560 | 1,367 | 9,193 | 14,062 | 3,688 | 17,750 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ |
|  | 198 | 1,328,674 | 13,604 | 182,258 | 0.7255 | 5,220 | 13,558 | 624 | 4,596 | 10,314 | 1,335 | 8,979 | 13,733 | 3,603 | 17,337 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 199 | 1,297,612 | 13,287 | 177,997 | 0.7230 | 5,150 | 13,241 | 616 | 4,534 | 10,073 | 1,304 | 8,769 | 13,411 | 3,521 | 16,932 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 200 | 1,267,232 | 12,976 | 173,830 | 0.7205 | 5,080 | 12,931 | 607 | 4,473 | 9,837 | 1,273 | 8,564 | 13,096 | 3,440 | 16,536 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 201 | 1,237,520 | 12,672 | 169,754 | 0.7180 | 5,012 | 12,628 | 599 | 4,413 | 9,607 | 1,243 | 8,364 | 12,789 | 3,360 | 16,149 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 202 | 1,208,460 | 12,375 | 165,768 | 0.7154 | 4,944 | 12,331 | 591 | 4,353 | 9,382 | 1,214 | 8,168 | 12,487 | 3,283 | 15,770 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 203 | 1,180,040 | 12,085 | 161,869 | 0.7129 | 4,878 | 12,041 | 583 | 4,295 | 9,162 | 1,186 | 7,976 | 12,193 | 3,207 | 15,400 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 204 | 1,152,245 | 11,800 | 158,056 | 0.7103 | 4,812 | 11,758 | 575 | 4,237 | 8,946 | 1,158 | 7,788 | 11,905 | 3,133 | 15,038 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 205 | 1,125,063 | 11,522 | 154,328 | 0.7077 | 4,747 | 11,480 | 568 | 4,180 | 8,735 | 1,131 | 7,605 | 11,623 | 3,060 | 14,684 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 206 | 1,098,480 | 11,251 | 150,681 | 0.7051 | 4,683 | 11,209 | 560 | 4,123 | 8,529 | 1,104 | 7,425 | 11,348 | 2,989 | 14,337 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 207 | 1,072,483 | 10,985 | 147,115 | 0.7024 | 4,620 | 10,944 | 552 | 4,068 | 8,328 | 1,078 | 7,250 | 11,078 | 2,920 | 13,998 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 208 | 1,047,061 | 10,725 | 143,628 | 0.6998 | 4,558 | 10,684 | 545 | 4,013 | 8,131 | 1,052 | 7,078 | 10,815 | 2,852 | 13,667 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 209 | 1,022,201 | 10,471 | 140,218 | 0.6971 | 4,497 | 10,431 | 538 | 3,959 | 7,938 | 1,027 | 6,911 | 10,557 | 2,786 | 13,343 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 210 | 997,890 | 10,222 | 136,883 | 0.6944 | 4,436 | 10,183 | 530 | 3,906 | 7,749 | 1,003 | 6,747 | 10,306 | 2,721 | 13,026 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 211 | 974,118 | 9,979 | 133,622 | 0.6917 | 4,376 | 9,940 | 523 | 3,853 | 7,565 | 979 | 6,586 | 10,059 | 2,657 | 12,717 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 212 | 950,873 | 9,741 | 130,434 | 0.6890 | 4,317 | 9,703 | 516 | 3,801 | 7,385 | 956 | 6,429 | 9,818 | 2,595 | 12,414 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 213 | 928,143 | 9,509 | 127,316 | 0.6862 | 4,259 | 9,471 | 509 | 3,750 | 7,209 | 933 | 6,276 | 9,583 | 2,534 | 12,117 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 214 | 905,918 | 9,281 | 124,267 | 0.6835 | 4,202 | 9,244 | 502 | 3,700 | 7,036 | 911 | 6,126 | 9,353 | 2,475 | 11,828 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 215 | 884,187 | 9,059 | 121,286 | 0.6807 | 4,145 | 9,022 | 496 | 3,650 | 6,868 | 889 | 5,979 | 9,128 | 2,417 | 11,545 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 216 | 862,939 | 8,842 | 118,372 | 0.6779 | 4,090 | 8,806 | 489 | 3,601 | 6,703 | 868 | 5,836 | 8,908 | 2,360 | 11,268 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 217 | 842,164 | 8,629 | 115,522 | 0.6751 | 4,034 | 8,594 | 482 | 3,552 | 6,542 | 847 | 5,695 | 8,692 | 2,304 | 10,997 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 218 | 821,852 | 8,422 | 112,736 | 0.6722 | 3,980 | 8,386 | 476 | 3,504 | 6,385 | 826 | 5,558 | 8,482 | 2,250 | 10,732 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 219 | 801,993 | 8,219 | 110,011 | 0.6694 | 3,927 | 8,184 | 469 | 3,457 | 6,231 | 806 | 5,424 | 8,276 | 2,197 | 10,473 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 220 | 782,577 | 8,020 | 107,348 | 0.6665 | 3,874 | 7,985 | 463 | 3,411 | 6,080 | 787 | 5,293 | 8,075 | 2,145 | 10,220 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 221 | 763,595 | 7,826 | 104,744 | 0.6636 | 3,821 | 7,792 | 457 | 3,365 | 5,933 | 768 | 5,165 | 7,879 | 2,094 | 9,973 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 222 | 745,037 | 7,636 | 102,199 | 0.6607 | 3,770 | 7,602 | 451 | 3,319 | 5,789 | 749 | 5,040 | 7,686 | 2,044 | 9,731 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 223 | 726,895 | 7,450 | 99,710 | 0.6577 | 3,719 | 7,417 | 445 | 3,275 | 5,648 | 731 | 4,917 | 7,499 | 1,996 | 9,494 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 224 | 709,159 | 7,269 | 97,277 | 0.6548 | 3,669 | 7,236 | 439 | 3,230 | 5,511 | 713 | 4,798 | 7,315 | 1,948 | 9,263 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 225 | 691,821 | 7,092 | 94,899 | 0.6518 | 3,620 | 7,059 | 433 | 3,187 | 5,376 | 696 | 4,680 | 7,135 | 1,902 | 9,037 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 들 |
|  | 226 | 674,872 | 6,918 | 92,574 | 0.6488 | 3,571 | 6,886 | 427 | 3,144 | 5,245 | 679 | 4,566 | 6,960 | 1,856 | 8,816 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 우 |
|  | 227 | 658,305 | 6,749 | 90,301 | 0.6458 | 3,523 | 6,717 | 421 | 3,102 | 5,116 | 662 | 4,454 | 6,788 | 1,812 | 8,600 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 3 |
|  | 228 | 642,109 | 6,583 | 88,080 | 0.6428 | 3,475 | 6,552 | 416 | 3,060 | 4,991 | 646 | 4,345 | 6,621 | 1,768 | 8,389 | 0.01 | 0.01 | T |
|  | 229 | 626,279 | 6,421 | 85,908 | 0.6397 | 3,429 | 6,391 | 410 | 3,019 | 4,868 | 630 | 4,238 | 6,457 | 1,726 | 8,183 | 0.01 | 0.01 | む |
|  | 230 | 610,805 | 6,263 | 83,786 | 0.6367 | 3,382 | 6,233 | 404 | 2,978 | 4,748 | 614 | 4,133 | 6,297 | 1,684 | 7,981 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\square}$ |
|  | 231 | 595,681 | 6,108 | 81,711 | 0.6336 | 3,337 | 6,078 | 399 | 2,938 | 4,631 | 599 | 4,031 | 6,140 | 1,644 | 7,784 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ¢ |
|  | 232 | 580,898 | 5,957 | 79,683 | 0.6304 | 3,292 | 5,928 | 394 | 2,898 | 4,516 | 584 | 3,931 | 5,987 | 1,604 | 7,591 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\infty}{0}$ |
|  | 233 | 566,450 | 5,809 | 77,701 | 0.6273 | 3,248 | 5,780 | 388 | 2,859 | 4,404 | 570 | 3,834 | 5,837 | 1,565 | 7,403 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |
|  | 234 | 552,328 | 5,664 | 75,764 | 0.6242 | 3,204 | 5,636 | 383 | 2,821 | 4,294 | 556 | 3,739 | 5,691 | 1,527 | 7,219 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | 235 | 538,527 | 5,523 | 73,871 | 0.6210 | 3,161 | 5,495 | 378 | 2,783 | 4,187 | 542 | 3,645 | 5,548 | 1,490 | 7,039 | 0.01 | 0.01 | \% |
|  | 236 | 525,039 | 5,385 | 72,021 | 0.6178 | 3,118 | 5,358 | 373 | 2,745 | 4,083 | 528 | 3,554 | 5,409 | 1,454 | 6,863 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㄹ |
|  | 237 | 511,857 | 5,250 | 70,213 | 0.6146 | 3,076 | 5,223 | 368 | 2,708 | 3,980 | 515 | 3,465 | 5,272 | 1,418 | 6,691 | 0.01 | 0.01 | ㅇ |
| 0 | 238 | 498,975 | 5,119 | 68,446 | 0.6113 | 3,035 | 5,092 | 363 | 2,672 | 3,880 | 502 | 3,378 | 5,139 | 1,384 | 6,523 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| 7 | 239 | 486,386 | 4,990 | 66,719 | 0.6081 | 2,994 | 4,963 | 358 | 2,636 | 3,783 | 490 | 3,293 | 5,009 | 1,350 | 6,359 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 든 |
| $\sim$ | 240 | 474,084 | 4,864 | 65,031 | 0.6048 | 2,954 | 4,838 | 353 | 2,600 | 3,687 | 477 | 3,210 | 4,882 | 1,317 | 6,198 | 0.01 | 0.01 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |


| N |  | $\begin{array}{ll} C & 8.00 \% \\ \text { M } & 360 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { pay Rate } & 1 \% \\ \text { ault Rate } & 1 \% \end{array}$ | ${ }_{6}^{\circ} \mathrm{SMM}$ $6 \text { MDR }$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { cover after } & 12 \\ \text { so Severity } & 20 . \end{array}$ | months (ti .00\% | neto liqu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | Month | Performing Balance | New Defaults | In Foredosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort From Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate |
|  | 241 | 462,063 | 4,741 | 63,382 | 0.6015 | 2,914 | 4,715 | 348 | 2,565 | 3,594 | 465 | 3,129 | 4,757 | 1,284 | 6,041 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 242 | 450,316 | 4,621 | 61,771 | 0.5981 | 2,875 | 4,595 | 344 | 2,531 | 3,503 | 453 | 3,050 | 4,636 | 1,253 | 5,888 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 243 | 438,838 | 4,503 | 60,197 | 0.5948 | 2,836 | 4,478 | 339 | 2,497 | 3,414 | 442 | 2,972 | 4,517 | 1,222 | 5,739 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 244 | 427,623 | 4,388 | 58,658 | 0.5914 | 2,798 | 4,364 | 334 | 2,463 | 3,327 | 431 | 2,896 | 4,401 | 1,191 | 5,592 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 245 | 416,665 | 4,276 | 57,155 | 0.5880 | 2,760 | 4,252 | 330 | 2,430 | 3,242 | 420 | 2,822 | 4,288 | 1,162 | 5,449 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 246 | 405,959 | 4,167 | 55,686 | 0.5846 | 2,723 | 4,142 | 326 | 2,397 | 3,159 | 409 | 2,750 | 4,177 | 1,133 | 5,310 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 247 | 395,498 | 4,060 | 54,252 | 0.5812 | 2,686 | 4,036 | 321 | 2,365 | 3,078 | 398 | 2,679 | 4,069 | 1,105 | 5,173 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 248 | 385,279 | 3,955 | 52,850 | 0.5777 | 2,650 | 3,931 | 317 | 2,333 | 2,998 | 388 | 2,610 | 3,963 | 1,077 | 5,040 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 249 | 375,295 | 3,853 | 51,480 | 0.5742 | 2,614 | 3,830 | 313 | 2,302 | 2,921 | 378 | 2,543 | 3,860 | 1,050 | 4,910 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 250 | 365,541 | 3,753 | 50,142 | 0.5707 | 2,579 | 3,730 | 308 | 2,271 | 2,845 | 368 | 2,477 | 3,759 | 1,024 | 4,783 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 251 | 356,013 | 3,655 | 48,835 | 0.5672 | 2,544 | 3,633 | 304 | 2,240 | 2,771 | 359 | 2,413 | 3,660 | 998 | 4,658 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 252 | 346,705 | 3,560 | 47,558 | 0.5636 | 2,510 | 3,538 | 300 | 2,210 | 2,699 | 349 | 2,350 | 3,564 | 973 | 4,537 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 253 | 337,612 | 3,467 | 46,311 | 0.5600 | 2,476 | 3,445 | 296 | 2,180 | 2,628 | 340 | 2,288 | 3,470 | 948 | 4,418 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 254 | 328,731 | 3,376 | 45,093 | 0.5564 | 2,443 | 3,354 | 292 | 2,151 | 2,559 | 331 | 2,228 | 3,378 | 924 | 4,302 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 255 | 320,056 | 3,287 | 43,903 | 0.5528 | 2,410 | 3,266 | 288 | 2,122 | 2,492 | 323 | 2,170 | 3,289 | 901 | 4,189 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 256 | 311,582 | 3,201 | 42,741 | 0.5492 | 2,378 | 3,179 | 284 | 2,093 | 2,426 | 314 | 2,112 | 3,201 | 878 | 4,079 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 257 | 303,307 | 3,116 | 41,605 | 0.5455 | 2,346 | 3,095 | 280 | 2,065 | 2,362 | 306 | 2,056 | 3,115 | 855 | 3,971 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 258 | 295,224 | 3,033 | 40,497 | 0.5418 | 2,314 | 3,012 | 277 | 2,037 | 2,299 | 298 | 2,002 | 3,032 | 833 | 3,865 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 259 | 287,330 | 2,952 | 39,414 | 0.5381 | 2,283 | 2,932 | 273 | 2,010 | 2,238 | 290 | 1,948 | 2,950 | 812 | 3,762 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 260 | 279,620 | 2,873 | 38,356 | 0.5343 | 2,252 | 2,853 | 269 | 1,983 | 2,178 | 282 | 1,896 | 2,871 | 791 | 3,662 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 261 | 272,091 | 2,796 | 37,323 | 0.5305 | 2,222 | 2,776 | 266 | 1,956 | 2,120 | 274 | 1,845 | 2,793 | 771 | 3,563 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 262 | 264,739 | 2,721 | 36,315 | 0.5267 | 2,192 | 2,701 | 262 | 1,930 | 2,063 | 267 | 1,796 | 2,717 | 751 | 3,467 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 263 | 257,560 | 2,647 | 35,330 | 0.5229 | 2,162 | 2,628 | 259 | 1,904 | 2,007 | 260 | 1,747 | 2,643 | 731 | 3,374 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 264 | 250,549 | 2,576 | 34,369 | 0.5191 | 2,133 | 2,557 | 255 | 1,878 | 1,953 | 253 | 1,700 | 2,570 | 712 | 3,282 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 265 | 243,704 | 2,505 | 33,430 | 0.5152 | 2,104 | 2,487 | 252 | 1,853 | 1,899 | 246 | 1,654 | 2,499 | 693 | 3,193 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 266 | 237,021 | 2,437 | 32,513 | 0.5113 | 2,076 | 2,419 | 248 | 1,828 | 1,848 | 239 | 1,608 | 2,430 | 675 | 3,106 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 267 | 230,495 | 2,370 | 31,618 | 0.5073 | 2,048 | 2,352 | 245 | 1,803 | 1,797 | 233 | 1,564 | 2,363 | 657 | 3,020 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 268 | 224,124 | 2,305 | 30,744 | 0.5034 | 2,021 | 2,287 | 242 | 1,779 | 1,747 | 226 | 1,521 | 2,297 | 640 | 2,937 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 269 | 217,904 | 2,241 | 29,891 | 0.4994 | 1,993 | 2,224 | 238 | 1,755 | 1,699 | 220 | 1,479 | 2,233 | 623 | 2,856 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 270 | 211,832 | 2,179 | 29,058 | 0.4954 | 1,967 | 2,162 | 235 | 1,731 | 1,652 | 214 | 1,438 | 2,170 | 607 | 2,777 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 271 | 205,905 | 2,118 | 28,244 | 0.4914 | 1,940 | 2,101 | 232 | 1,708 | 1,606 | 208 | 1,398 | 2,109 | 590 | 2,699 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 272 | 200,119 | 2,059 | 27,451 | 0.4873 | 1,914 | 2,042 | 229 | 1,685 | 1,561 | 202 | 1,359 | 2,049 | 575 | 2,624 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 273 | 194,471 | 2,001 | 26,676 | 0.4832 | 1,888 | 1,984 | 226 | 1,662 | 1,517 | 196 | 1,321 | 1,991 | 559 | 2,550 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 274 | 188,958 | 1,945 | 25,920 | 0.4791 | 1,863 | 1,928 | 223 | 1,640 | 1,474 | 191 | 1,284 | 1,934 | 544 | 2,478 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 275 | 183,577 | 1,890 | 25,182 | 0.4749 | 1,838 | 1,873 | 220 | 1,618 | 1,433 | 185 | 1,247 | 1,878 | 529 | 2,408 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 276 | 178,325 | 1,836 | 24,461 | 0.4708 | 1,813 | 1,820 | 217 | 1,596 | 1,392 | 180 | 1,212 | 1,824 | 515 | 2,339 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 277 | 173,200 | 1,783 | 23,758 | 0.4666 | 1,788 | 1,767 | 214 | 1,575 | 1,352 | 175 | 1,177 | 1,771 | 501 | 2,272 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 278 | 168,198 | 1,732 | 23,072 | 0.4624 | 1,764 | 1,716 | 211 | 1,553 | 1,313 | 170 | 1,143 | 1,720 | 487 | 2,207 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 279 | 163,317 | 1,682 | 22,403 | 0.4581 | 1,741 | 1,667 | 208 | 1,533 | 1,275 | 165 | 1,110 | 1,669 | 474 | 2,143 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 280 | 158,554 | 1,633 | 21,749 | 0.4538 | 1,717 | 1,618 | 205 | 1,512 | 1,238 | 160 | 1,078 | 1,620 | 461 | 2,081 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 281 | 153,907 | 1,586 | 21,112 | 0.4495 | 1,694 | 1,570 | 203 | 1,492 | 1,202 | 156 | 1,046 | 1,572 | 448 | 2,021 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 282 | 149,372 | 1,539 | 20,490 | 0.4452 | 1,671 | 1,524 | 200 | 1,471 | 1,167 | 151 | 1,016 | 1,525 | 436 | 1,961 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 283 | 144,948 | 1,494 | 19,883 | 0.4408 | 1,649 | 1,479 | 197 | 1,452 | 1,132 | 147 | 986 | 1,480 | 424 | 1,904 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 284 | 140,631 | 1,449 | 19,291 | 0.4364 | 1,627 | 1,435 | 194 | 1,432 | 1,099 | 142 | 957 | 1,435 | 412 | 1,847 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 285 | 136,420 | 1,406 | 18,713 | 0.4320 | 1,605 | 1,392 | 192 | 1,413 | 1,066 | 138 | 928 | 1,392 | 400 | 1,792 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 286 | 132,312 | 1,364 | 18,150 | 0.4275 | 1,583 | 1,350 | 189 | 1,394 | 1,034 | 134 | 900 | 1,350 | 389 | 1,738 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 0 | 287 | 128,304 | 1,323 | 17,600 | 0.4230 | 1,562 | 1,309 | 187 | 1,375 | 1,003 | 130 | 873 | 1,308 | 378 | 1,686 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| $\cdots$ | 288 | 124,395 | 1,283 | 17,064 | 0.4185 | 1,541 | 1,269 | 184 | 1,357 | 973 | 126 | 847 | 1,268 | 367 | 1,635 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

Standard Default Methodology
Cash Flow A


Standard Default Methodology
Cash Flow A
Principal and Interest Are Advanced

| O | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { WAC } & 8.00 \% \\ \text { WAM } & 360 \end{array}$ |  |  | Prepay Rate Default Rate |  | 1\% SMM <br> 1\% MDR | Recover afterLoss Severity20 |  | 12 months (time to liquidation)$20.00 \%$ |  |  | Interest Lost | Actual Interest | Principal Recovery | Principal Loss | Amortized Default Bal In Recovery Month | Monthly Default Rate | Monthly Prepay Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | Month |  | erforming Balance | New Defaults | In Foreclosure | Amort Factor | Expected Amortization | Voluntary Prepayments | Amort From <br> Defaults | Actual Amort | Expected Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 337 |  | 17,229 | 183 | 2,363 | 0.1560 | 793 | 176 | 95 | 698 | 139 | 18 | 121 | 166 | 67 | 233 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 338 |  | 16,203 | 172 | 2,223 | 0.1497 | 782 | 165 | 94 | 689 | 131 | 17 | 114 | 155 | 64 | 220 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 339 |  | 15,206 | 162 | 2,086 | 0.1433 | 772 | 155 | 92 | 679 | 123 | 16 | 107 | 145 | 61 | 206 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 340 |  | 14,239 | 152 | 1,953 | 0.1370 | 761 | 145 | 91 | 670 | 115 | 15 | 100 | 135 | 59 | 194 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 341 |  | 13,299 | 142 | 1,824 | 0.1305 | 751 | 136 | 90 | 661 | 108 | 14 | 94 | 126 | 56 | 181 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 342 |  | 12,388 | 133 | 1,699 | 0.1241 | 741 | 126 | 89 | 652 | 101 | 13 | 88 | 116 | 53 | 169 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 343 |  | 11,503 | 124 | 1,578 | 0.1176 | 731 | 117 | 87 | 644 | 94 | 12 | 82 | 107 | 51 | 158 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 344 |  | 10,644 | 115 | 1,460 | 0.1110 | 721 | 109 | 86 | 635 | 87 | 11 | 76 | 98 | 48 | 147 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 345 |  | 9,812 | 106 | 1,346 | 0.1044 | 711 | 100 | 85 | 626 | 81 | 10 | 70 | 90 | 46 | 136 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 346 |  | 9,004 | 98 | 1,235 | 0.0978 | 702 | 92 | 84 | 618 | 74 | 10 | 65 | 82 | 43 | 125 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 347 |  | 8,220 | 90 | 1,128 | 0.0911 | 692 | 84 | 83 | 610 | 68 | 9 | 59 | 74 | 41 | 115 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 348 |  | 7,461 | 82 | 1,023 | 0.0844 | 683 | 76 | 82 | 601 | 62 | 8 | 54 | 66 | 39 | 105 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 349 |  | 6,793 | 0 | 854 | 0.0776 | 674 | 69 | 75 | 599 | 57 | 7 | 50 | 59 | 37 | 95 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 350 |  | 6,134 | 0 | 701 | 0.0708 | 665 | 62 | 68 | 597 | 51 | 6 | 45 | 51 | 34 | 86 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 351 |  | 5,483 | 0 | 563 | 0.0639 | 656 | 55 | 61 | 595 | 46 | 5 | 41 | 44 | 32 | 77 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 352 |  | 4,841 | 0 | 442 | 0.0570 | 647 | 49 | 54 | 593 | 40 | 4 | 37 | 37 | 30 | 68 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 353 |  | 4,207 | 0 | 336 | 0.0500 | 638 | 42 | 47 | 591 | 35 | 3 | 32 | 31 | 28 | 59 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 354 |  | 3,582 | 0 | 245 | 0.0430 | 629 | 36 | 40 | 589 | 30 | 2 | 28 | 24 | 27 | 51 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 355 |  | 2,965 | 0 | 169 | 0.0360 | 620 | 30 | 33 | 587 | 26 | 2 | 24 | 18 | 25 | 43 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 356 |  | 2,356 | 0 | 107 | 0.0289 | 612 | 24 | 26 | 585 | 21 | 1 | 20 | 12 | 23 | 35 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 357 |  | 1,755 | 0 | 60 | 0.0217 | 603 | 18 | 20 | 583 | 16 | 1 | 16 | 6 | 21 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 358 |  | 1,162 | 0 | 26 | 0.0145 | 594 | 12 | 13 | 581 | 12 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 20 | 20 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 359 |  | 577 | 0 | 7 | 0.0073 | 586 | 6 | 7 | 579 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
|  | 360 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 577 | 0 | 0 | 577 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | Total |  |  | 576,640 |  |  | 5,510,477 | 47,527,662 | 614,780 | 895,697 |  |  |  | 446,547 | 515,314 | 46,961,860 |  |  |

66/L0/Z0

66/L0/Z0

## WAC $8.00 \%$ 360

WAM 360
Prepay Rate $150 \%$ PSA
Recover after 12 months (time to liquidation)
Loss Severity $20.00 \%$

Principal and Interest AreAdvanced





Standard Default Methodology
Principal and Interest AreAdvanced

## D. Assumptions for Generic Pools

I. Mortgage Maturity

As noted in Section B.3., amortization of fixed-rate mortgage pools should be based on the most recent weighted-average maturity information (WAM or WARM) provided by the issuer or guarantor at the time the calculation is performed. The published WAM for a pool is the WAM as of a particular date. If the calculation is being performed as of a month other than the month to which the WAM applies, the WAM should be incremented or decremented by the number of months prior or subsequent to the WAM as-of month, respectively.

If the issuer or guarantor of a particular pass-through security has not released an updated WAM , the most recently released WAM may be used as described in the preceding paragraph, adjusted as described therein for the time elapsed since the as-of date of the WAM .

If the issuer or guarantor of a particular pass-through security has released neither updated nor original WAM information, then the remaining term to maturity should be used as a proxy.

Fannie $M$ ae and Freddie M ac provide updated WAM information on a monthly basis. Fannie M ae's and Freddie M ac's monthly WAM updates are as of the current month. Freddie M ac's monthly WAM updates appear on its "quartile" tapes.

Ginnie M ae provides updated WAM information on a quarterly basis. The as-of date for the reported WAM depends on when the pool was issued. For pools issued before the third month prior to the start of the current quarter, the WAM is as of four months prior to the month of the quarterly release, as described in the table below:

## Month of Data Release For Pools Issued Prior To WAM Information Is As Of

| January | Previous October | September |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| April | Previous January | December |
| July | Previous April | March |
| October | Previous July | June |

For pools issued during or subsequent to the third month prior to the start of the current quarter, the WAM is as of the pool's issue date.

To adjust the most recently updated WAM on a Ginnie M ae pool to the current month, the WAM should be decremented by the number of months subsequent to the as-of month for the WAM, as described below:

Current WAM = most recent WAM update - (number of months between the as-of month of the WAM and the current date)

For example, to adjust the WAM for the October 1993 tape for pools issued prior to July 1993 to be consistent with the October 1993 factor, subtract four months from the WAM . For pools issued in July, August and September 1993, subtract three months, two months and one month, respectively.

In some cases, the WAM that is released exceeds the time to final maturity of the pool. In these cases, the WAM should be set to MIN (updated WAM, time to maturity), where time to maturity is defined as the time between the as-of date and the pool maturity date.

For Fannie Mae pools with "same-month" loan concentrations greater than 50\%, the original WAM may be reported as one month greater than the original loan term for a given pool type. For consistency with other mortgage calculations, the first month of amortization should be based on the reported WAM.

## 2. Mortgage Age

As noted in Section B.3. prepayment calculations should be based on the most recently updated weighted-average loan age information (WALA) provided by the issuer or guarantor at the time the calculation is performed. The published WALA for a pool is the WALA as of a particular date. If the calculation is being performed as of a month other than the month to which the WALA applies, the WALA should be incremented or decremented by the number of months subsequent or prior to the WALA as-of month, respectively.

Ginnie Mae releases updated WALA information on a quarterly basis, and as is the case with Ginnie Mae WAM updates, this information is reported with a lag. For pools issued before the third month prior to the month of the most recent WALA update, the WALA is as of four months prior to the month of the quarterly release, as shown in the table below:

| Month of Data Release | For Pools Issued Prior To | WAM Information Is As Of |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| January | Previous October | September |
| April | Previous January | December |
| July | Previous April | March |
| October | Previous July | June |

For pools issued during or subsequent to the third month prior to the start of the current quarter, the WALA is as of the pool's issue date.

To adjust the most recently updated WALA on a Ginnie Mae pool to the current month, the WALA should be incremented by the number of months subsequent to the as-of month for the WALA, as described below:

Current WALA $=$ most recent WALA update + (number of months between the as-of month of the WALA and the current date)

For example, to adjust the WALA for the October 1993 tape for pools issued prior to July 1993 to be consistent with the October 1993 factor, add four months to the WALA. For pools issued in July, August and September 1993, add three months, two months and one month, respectively.

In some cases, a pool's WAM plus its WALA may add up to more than 360 months for a 30year pool, or 180 months in the case of a 15 -year pool. In those cases, a pool's age should be defined as 360 - WAM for a 30 -year pool, or 180 - WAM for a 15 -year pool.

In some cases, the reported WALA may be less than the age of the pool itself. For Ginnie Maes, the age should be set to MAX (updated WALA, pool age), where pool age is defined as the time between pool-issue date and as-of date. For Freddie Mac, the loans in a pool may have an age that is less than the pool age. For any month that the loan age is being calculated for a month prior to the as-of date of the reported WALA, the minimum loan age is zero.

For Fannie Mae MBS calculations prior to December 7, 2000, or when a WALA for any agency security is not reported, the age of the mortgages should be estimated as the average original maturity of the loans (assumed to be 180 or 360 months for 15 - and 30 -year pools; 120 or 240 months for 10 - and 20 -year pools), minus the original WAM of the loans (at the time of the pool formation), plus the time elapsed since pool formation. This method is referred to as a Calculated Loan Age, or "CAGE."

In the case of "same-month" loan concentrations greater than $50 \%$, the original WAM may be reported as one month greater than the original loan term for a given pool type. For example, an original WAM of 361 would be reported for a "CL" pool that has an original loan term of 360 months. The CAGE should be set to 0 for the first month of these pools, instead of -1 , which would be the result of the calculation. The second month of these pools would also have a CAGE of 0 , while the third month would have a CAGE of 1 .

## Example of CAGE calculation:

| Original Maturity: | 360 months |
| :--- | :--- |
| Original WAM: | 348 months |
| Issue Date: | $7 / 1 / 91$ |
| Current Date: | $7 / 1 / 92$ |

CAGE is calculated as $(360-348)+12=24$.
In some cases, this calculation will result in an age estimate that is too long. If the age as calculated above is greater than the original maturity minus the current WAM, then CAGE should be defined as the original maturity minus the current WAM.

Example: Original Maturity: 360 months
Original WAM: $\quad 300$ months
Current WAM: 348 months
Issue Date: 7/1/91
Current Date: 7/1/92
The age estimate $(360-300)+12=72$ is greater than $360-348=12$, so the average loan age should be set to 12 .

If there is a dispersion of loan terms within a given pool, the CAGE calculation will give a loan age estimate that is too long.

If the original WAM of the loans is not available, the average loan age should be estimated as the average original maturity of the loans minus the remaining WAM ; if the remaining WAM is not available, the average loan age should be estimated as the average original maturity of the loans minus time to final maturity.

As noted in Section B, the Standard Prepayment M odel of The Bond M arket Association and the ABS model both specify prepayment percentages based on the age of the underlying loans, not the age of the pool itself. The age of the pool should only be used if there is insufficient information to estimate loan age by any of the above-mentioned methods, subject to the exception noted below. All WAM s and ages should be rounded to the nearest full month for use in calculations.

The examples that follow illustrate the determination of WAM and age for selected Freddie M ac GOLD, Freddie M ac 75-day, Fannie M ae and Ginnie M ae pools.

## Freddie Mac 75-Day or Gold Freddie Mac*

WAM reported on quartile tape received $M$ arch 1993:
Age reported on quartile tape received $M$ arch 1993:
Factor reported on factor tape received M arch 1993:
Factor reported on factor tape received February 1993:
Gross Coupon:

342 months
seven months
0.9708674
0.9785748
9.69\%

WAM used with factor of 0.9708674 is 342 months (as reported on quartile tape).
Age used with factor of 0.9708674 is seven months (as reported on quartile tape).
WAM used with factor of 0.9785748 is 343 months (increment the most recently available WAM by one month).
Age used with factor of 0.9785748 is six months (decrement the most recently available age by one month).

The one month PSA rate is 604. The value used for M ONTH in the PSA formula is 7.

## Fannie Mae

Issue month reported on factor tape received M arch 1992:
Original WAM reported on factor tape received M arch 1992:
WAM reported on factor tape received $M$ arch 1992:
Factor reported on factor tape received M arch 1992:
Factor reported on factor tape received February 1992:
Gross Coupon:

Sept. 1991
350 months
341 months
0.96783524
0.96891577
10.03\%

[^1]Age not reported by Fannie Mae.
Average original loan term not reported by Fannie M ae.
WAM used with factor of 0.96783524 is 341 months (as reported on factor tape).
Age used with factor of 0.96783524 is 16 months (assume from pool type that average original maturity of loans is 360 months, subtract original WAM of 350 months and add six months elapsed since pool issuance).
WAM used with factor of 0.96891577 is 342 months (increment the most recently available WAM by one month).
Age used with factor of 0.96891577 is 15 months (decrement the most recently available age by one month).

The one-month PSA rate is 22. The value of M ONTH in the PSA formula is 16.

## Ginnie Mae Pool

Pool Issue M onth:
WAM as reported on tape received October 1993:
May 1993
Age reported on tape received October 1993:
359 months
Factor reported on factor tape received October 1993:
one month

Factor reported on factor tape received September 1993: 0.970000
Gross Coupon:
7.50\%

WAM used with factor of 0.960000 is 355 months (October reported WAM minus four months to adjust for reporting lag).
Age used with factor of 0.9600000 is five months (October reported WALA plus four months to adjust for reporting lag).
WAM used with factor of 0.9700000 is 356 months (increment WAM used with the October factor by one).
Age used with factor of 0.9700000 is four months (decrement WALA used with the October factor by one).

The one-month PSA rate is 1087. The value of M ONTH in the PSA formula is 5 .

## 3. Mortgage Coupon

If the issuing agency has not released the gross weighted-average coupon (WAC) of the mortgages underlying a fixed-rate, single-family pool, or if no particular WAC assumption is specified, then a fixed servicing spread above the pass-through rate must be assumed. For recently issued pools, the spread should be as follows:

| Ginnie Mae I | +50 bp |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ginnie Mae II | +75 bp |
| Fannie Mae | +65 bp |
| Freddie Mac | +65 bp |

## E. Day Counts

## 1. Calendar Basis

The number of days from $M_{1} / D_{1} / Y_{1}$ to $M_{2} / D_{2} / Y_{2}$ on a $30 / 360$ calendar basis is computed according to the following algebraic procedure:

If $M_{1}$ is 2 and $D_{1}$ is 28 in a nonleap year (or 29 in a leap year), then change $D_{1}$ to 30 .
If $D_{1}$ is 31 , change $D_{1}$ to 30 .
If at this point $D_{1}$ is 30 and $D_{2}$ is 31 , change $D_{2}$ to 30 .
Then, the number of days is

$$
N=\max \left\{360 *\left(Y_{2}-Y_{1}\right)+30 *\left(M_{2}-M_{1}\right)+\left(D_{2}-D_{1}\right), 0\right\}
$$

The computation draws no distinctions among business days, holidays and weekends.
These conventions shall apply for both accrued interest and yield calculations on all fixedrate, mortgage backed securities, unless explicitly stated otherwise.

Floating-rate and short-term instruments may be quoted on either a M oney M arket or a Bond-Equivalent Yield basis, following Section G.2. M oney M arket accounting makes use of the actual number of days from $M_{1} / D_{1} / Y_{1}$ to $M_{2} / D_{2} / Y_{2}$, including the former but not the latter, with the day count then divided by 360 .

## 2. Delay Days

Delay refers to the length of time from the end of an interest-accrual period to the actual payment of the interest due. The "stated delay" of a mortgage-backed, pass-through security also includes the time during which interest accrues, and sometimes the accrual date itself. Ginnie M ae and Freddie M ac include the accrual date in their documentation of securities; Fannie M ae does not.

The yield, duration and average life of a pass-through should be calculated and expressed in terms of its actual cash-flow delay, defined as the difference between (1) the date a payment is assumed to be made to investors and (2) the date the payment is assumed to be received from homeowners, assuming 30-day months.

M arket practice for CM Os and derivatives has been to use actual delay. The adoption of actual delay as the standard for pass-throughs, and the continuation of the use of actual delay for CMOs and derivatives, will bring greater uniformity to the mortgage market.

Delay days will be assumed to be "actual" unless labeled as "stated," and stated delay should al ways be accompanied by a disclosure of the actual delay. Stated delay may also be called, simply, "days to first payment."

If the following types of mortgage securities are issued on $M$ arch 1 , and if every full calendar month is counted as 30 days, then the delays are as follows:

| Pass-Through <br> Type | First Payment Assumed <br> Due From Homeowners | First Payment <br> Dueto Investors | Actual <br> Delay | Stated <br> Delay* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ginnie M ae I | April 1 | April 15 | 14 days | 45 days |
| Ginnie M ae II | April 1 | April 20 | 19 days | 50 days |
| Fannie M ae | April 1 | April 25 | 24 days | 55 days |
| Freddie M ac NONGOLD | April 1 | M ay 15 | 44 days | 75 days |
| Freddie M ac GOLD | April 1 | April 15 | 14 days | 45 days |

No conclusions can be drawn concerning the delay of a principal-only CM O bond, and hence the ownership period corresponding to a particular payment, absent explicit disclosure by the issuer. This information is generally available from the issuer for new issues.

## F. Settlement-Based Calculations

## 1. General Rules

For all mortgage pass-throughs and mortgage strips, prospective quotations of yield, duration and average life should be based on the actual settlement date of the transaction or, if not otherwise specified, The Bond $M$ arket Association standard settlement date for the quoted delivery month. However, if the quotations are made later than two business days before the standard settlement date, for delivery in the same month, then settlement should be assumed to occur either two business days later or on the last business day of the month, whichever is sooner. In all cases, calculations involving yields or durations should incorporate the correct amount of accrued interest.

CM Os and Asset-Backed Securities (ABSs) should continue to follow corporate settlement rules.

Comparisons between current and historical market quotations should be made on a consistent basis (first-of-month vs. first-of-month, for example, or settlement-date vs. settlementdate). The basis of comparison should be disclosed if it would otherwise be a source of ambiguity or confusion.
a. Settlement Amount

The amount payable by the buyer to the seller on the settlement date is known as the settlement amount, net proceeds or total cost, and is the sum of the principal amount and accrued interest:

COST $=[$ PRINCIPAL AM OUNT $]+[$ ACCRUED INTEREST $]$.

[^2]For most mortgage-related securities, the principal amount and accrued interest are computed as described in parts b and c below. Special procedures for CM O bonds whose settlement factors have not been released by the time of settlement, and for Freddie M ac Multiclass PCs (REM ICs), are the subjects of Sections F.2. and F.3. below.
b. Principal Amount

For most mortgage-related securities, the principal amount (or "current face amount," or "current balance") is equal to the product of the original face amount and the current factor:

PRINCIPAL AM OUNT $=$ FACE $*($ PRICE/100 $) *$ F,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { where FACE = original face amount of bond } \\
& \text { PRICE = price, as a percentage of current face amount } \\
& \text { F } \quad=\quad \text { current factor (factor at start of the payment period containing } \\
& \text { the settlement date). }
\end{aligned}
$$

c. Accrued Interest

For most mortgage-related securities, interest accrues according to the following standard calculation:

ACCRUED INTEREST $=$ FACE $* \mathrm{~F} *(\mathrm{COUPON} / 100) *(\mathrm{~N} / 360)$,
where COUPON = annual coupon rate of the security, in percent
$\mathrm{N} \quad=$ number of days from the first day of the accrual period (the "as-of" date for the factor F) to the settlement date itself. (The day count is computed according to the 30/360 calendar, as specified in Section E.1.)

## 2. CMO Bonds with Unknown Settlement Factors

a. General Rule

If settlement occurs in a payment period whose factor is not yet available at the time of settlement, settlement may proceed using the most recently published factor $\left(F_{0}\right)$ in place of the current factor (F) in the settlement formulas of Section F.1., to be corrected once the current factor is released. This general rule does not apply to accrual bonds in an accretion period (any payment period immediately following a payment date on which no cash payments were made).
b. CMO Accrual Bonds

For CMO accrual bonds that are traded during their accretion period and settled in a payment period whose current factor is not available at the time of settlement, settlement may proceed using an estimated current factor ( $\mathrm{F}_{\text {est }}$ ) in place of the current factor (F) in the settlement formulas of Section F.1., to be corrected once the current factor is released. The estimated current factor is computed as follows:

$$
\mathrm{F}_{\text {et }}=\mathrm{F}_{0} *\left[1+(\text { COUPON } / 100) *\left(\mathrm{~N}_{0} / 360\right)\right],
$$

where $\mathrm{F}_{0}$ is the most recently published factor, COUPON is the annual coupon rate of the security in percent and $N_{0}$ is the number of days from the "as-of" date for $F_{0}$ to the "asof" date for the current settlement factor F, measured according to the 30/360 calendar.

## 3. Freddie Mac Multiclass PCs (REMICs)

Unlike most other mortgage-related securities, Freddie M ac REM ICs have record dates that are in the middle of the month, while the tranche factors are updated at the beginning of the month. This practice requires special considerations for the computation of settlement balances and accrued interest. (Parties to transactions may agree on terms other than those set out here.)

## a. Fixed-RateREMIC Classes

Principal and accrued interest are determined using the factor as of the last Record Date prior to the Settlement Date. Accrued interest will be paid to the seller for the time from the day following that Record Date to the Settlement Date.

## Example:

Factor Dates - $1 / 1,2 / 1,3 / 1$, etc.
Record Dates - $1 / 14,2 / 14,3 / 14$, etc.
Settlement Date - $2 / 15$ to $3 / 14$
Accrued Interest calculation - days from 2/15 to Settlement Date (no accrued interest if Settlement Date is 2/15)

A holder of record on $3 / 14$ (the buyer) receives principal and interest from Freddie Mac on $4 / 15$. The dollar amounts are determined by the following formulas, where $F(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{d})$ denotes the factor as of a date, FACE denotes the original face amount and COUPON denotes the annual coupon rate in percent:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Principal }=[F(2 / 1)-F(3 / 1)] * \text { FACE, } \\
& \text { Interest }=F(2 / 1) * F A C E * \text { COUPON } / 1200 .
\end{aligned}
$$

b. Variable-Rate REMIC Classes

Principal is determined using the factor as of the last Record Date prior to the Settlement Date. Accrued interest is determined using the factor as of the second Record Date prior to the Settlement Date, however, because the accrual period follows the Record Date for variable-rate classes whereas it precedes the Record Date for fixed-rate classes. Therefore, at settlement, one should deduct from the cost the accrued interest for the time from the Settlement Date to the day following the first Record Date on or after the Settlement Date, at the coupon rate in effect as of the Settlement Date.

## Example:

Factor Dates - $1 / 1,2 / 1,3 / 1$, etc.
Record Dates - $1 / 14,2 / 14,3 / 14$, etc.
Settlement Date-2/15 to 3/14
Accrued Interest calculation - days from Settlement Date to 3/15
(always at least one day of accrued interest)
A holder of record on 2/14 (the seller) receives principal and interest from Freddie Mac on $3 / 15$. The dollar amounts are determined by the following formulas, where $F(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{d})$ denotes the factor as of a date, FACE denotes the original face amount, and COUPON ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{d}$ ) denotes the annual coupon rate in percent as of a date:

Principal $=[F(1 / 1)-F(2 / 1)] *$ FACE,
Interest $=\mathrm{F}(1 / 1) *$ FACE $*$ COUPON $(2 / 15) / 1200$.

## G. Yield and Yield-Related Measures

1. General Rules

All mortgage-related yields, durations, convexities and holding-period returns should be calculated uniformly on a semiannual-compounding basis, regardless of the frequency of the actual cash flows used in computing these measures.* The correct computations are specified in detail below.
a. Bond-Equivalent Yield (or Semiannual Yield or simply Yield) is the number Y, which satisfies the equation

$$
P=\frac{C F_{1}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2 T_{1}}}+\frac{C F_{2}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2 T_{2}}}+\ldots,
$$

where P is the dollar price of the security (including the correct accrued interest), $\mathrm{CF}_{\mathrm{K}}$ is the cash flow received by the investor at time Tk after settlement (measured in years, on a $30 / 360$ calendar basis, including actual delay days), and the sum is over all future cash flows $K=1,2, \ldots$. Unlike the standard definitions of yield for government, municipal and corporate bonds, the standard for mortgage-related securities is free of exceptional cases for single or odd-coupon periods.
b. M ortgage Yield or M onthly Yield: If clearly labeled, yield may also be quoted on a monthly compounding basis:

M ortgage Yield $=1200\left[(1+Y / 200)^{1 / 6}-1\right]$.

However, M ortgage Yield should not be used in the duration or convexity formulas below, where $Y$ refers strictly to Semiannual Yield.
c. Average Life is the dollar-weighted average time to receive future payments of principal $\left(P R_{K}\right)$, where again the $T \kappa$ 's measure the time elapsed from the settlement date to the actual receipt of the cash flows:

$$
\text { Average Life }=\frac{\mathrm{T}_{1} \mathrm{PR}_{1}+\mathrm{T}_{2} \mathrm{PR}_{2}+\ldots}{\mathrm{PR}_{1}+\mathrm{PR}_{2}+\ldots}
$$

The precise definition of principal payments for accrual instruments (CM O Z-bonds, GPM s and certain ARM s) is the subject of Section H.1.
d. M acaulay Duration, or simply Duration, is the PV-weighted average time to receive future payments:

Duration $=\frac{1}{\mathrm{P}}\left[\frac{\mathrm{T}_{1} \mathrm{CF}_{1}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2 T_{1}}}+\frac{\mathrm{T}_{2} \mathrm{CF}_{2}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2 \mathrm{~T}_{2}}}+\ldots\right]$.
e. M odified Duration represents the ratio of a small percentage increase in price to the accompanying decrease in Semiannual Yield, assuming cash flows are held fixed. It is calculated by dividing the M acaulay Duration by the appropriate semiannual compounding factor:

Modified Duration $=\frac{\text { Duration }}{1+Y / 200}$.
M odified Duration should not be called simply Duration, to avoid confusion between the two concepts.
f. Convexity is a measure of the decrease in price-sensitivity of a security per unit increase in yield. M ore precisely, convexity equals the price of the security, differentiated twice with respect to Semiannual Yield, divided by the price. Assuming fixed cash flows (no prepayment variability), then

$$
\text { Cash-Flow Convexity }=\frac{1}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2} \mathrm{P}}\left[\frac{\mathrm{~T}_{1}\left(\mathrm{~T}_{1}+1 / 2\right) \mathrm{CF}_{1}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2 T_{1}}}+\frac{\mathrm{T}_{2}\left(\mathrm{~T}_{2}+1 / 2\right) \mathrm{CF}_{2}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2 T_{2}}}+\ldots\right] .
$$

Convexity may be divided by 100 for purposes of expression.
g. For securities with fixed cash flows, M odified Duration and Cash-Flow Convexity can be used to approximate the price/yield relationship according to the formula

$$
P \approx P_{0}\left[1-(\text { Mod. Dur. }) \frac{Y-Y_{0}}{100}+\frac{1}{2}(\text { Cash-Flow Conv. })\left(\frac{Y-Y_{0}}{100}\right)^{2}\right]
$$

where $P_{0}$ and $Y_{0}$ are the price and yield today, respectively, and $P$ and $Y$ are the corresponding new price and yield.

When duration and convexity values are computed which do account for interest-sensitive cash flows in the above equation, reasonable care should be taken to distinguish these measures from their static cash-flow counterparts. (An adjective such as 0 ption-Adjusted, Empirical, Effective or Implied would be appropriate.) For example, theCash-Flow Convexity of a mortgage pass-through is always positive, while the Effective Convexity is frequently negative. Effective Duration should never be called Duration or M odified Duration.
h. An investment of $\mathrm{P}_{0}$ today, resulting in a market value of $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}$ after T years on the 30/360 calendar, constitutes a Bond-Equivalent Total Rate of Return equal to

$$
200\left[\left(P_{T} / P_{0}\right)^{y /(2 T)}-1\right] .
$$

On a nonannualized basis, the Total Percentage Return (or Actual or Simple Total Return) is

$$
100\left[\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}} / \mathrm{P}_{0}\right)-1\right] .
$$

All cash flows to which the holder would be entitled, as the owner of record during the holding period, are included. Cash flows not coinciding with the first or last day of the holding period should be compounded (or discounted, as appropriate) according to a specified reinvestment rate assumption. In particular, cash flows received on a delayed basis after the end of the holding period are discounted back to the end of the holding period using the assumed reinvestment rate.

The Bond-Equivalent Total Rate of Return is equal to the Bond-Equivalent Yield if the investment is held to final maturity and the intermediate cash flows are reinvested at a rate equal to the Bond-Equivalent Yield.

The phrase Total Return may be used to designate either the Rate of Return or the Percentage Return, but the choice of method should be made clear. Quotations that provide annualized rates other than on a bond-equivalent basis should be avoided.

Example: For a Ginnie M ael 9.0\% pass-through with 14-day actual delay, settled on the issue date, the correct price/yield equation is

$$
P=\frac{C F_{1}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2(44 / 360)}}+\frac{C F_{2}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2(74 / 360)}}+\ldots .
$$

If the security is priced at par with a term of 360 months and an assumed prepayment speed of $150 \%$ PSA, then

| P | $=$ | 100.0000, |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathrm{CF}_{1}$ | $=$ | 0.8242, |
| $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$ | $=$ | 0.8491, |
| $\mathrm{CF}_{3}$ | $=$ | 0.8738, |
| $\mathrm{CF}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | $=$ | $\ldots$. |
| $\mathrm{CF}_{360}$ | 0.0562, |  |
| Yield | $=$ | $9.10675 \%$, |
| Mortgage Yield | $=$ | $8.93863 \%$, |
| Average Life | $=$ | 9.77844 years, |
| Duration | $=$ | 5.73147 years, |
| Modified Duration | $=$ | 5.48186 years, |
| Cash-Flow Convexity | $=$ | 54.4326 years ${ }^{2} \quad$ (or 0.544326 ). |

In addition, if a variable prepayment-rate model were estimating prices of 99.453 and 100.541 for yield shifts of 10 basis points up and down, respectively, then Effective Duration and Effective Convexity would be the numbers satisfying the equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 99.453 \approx 100.000\left[1-(\text { Eff. Dur. }) \frac{0.10}{100}+\frac{1}{2}(\text { Eff. Conv. })\left(\frac{0.10}{100}\right)^{2}\right] \\
& 100.541 \approx 100.000\left[1-(\text { Eff. Dur. }) \frac{-0.10}{100}+\frac{1}{2}(\text { Eff. Conv. })\left(\frac{-0.10}{100}\right)^{2}\right] .
\end{aligned}
$$

The simultaneous solution is

| Effective Duration | $\approx 5.44$ years, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Effective Convexity | $\approx-60.0$ years $^{2}($ or -0.600$)$. |

If the security is sold three months later at an identical yield, with an assumed bondequivalent reinvestment rate of $R=8 \%$ for the three pass-through cash flows, then

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}=(\text { SalePrice })(\text { Pool Factor })+\mathrm{CF}_{1}(1+\mathrm{R} / 200)^{2\left(T-T_{1}\right)}+\mathrm{CF}_{2}(1+\mathrm{R} / 200)^{2\left(T-T_{2}\right)} \\
&+\mathrm{CF}_{3}(1+\mathrm{R} / 200)^{2\left(T-T_{3}\right)} \\
&=(99.9934)(0.99701075)+0.8242(1.04)^{2(90-44) / 360}+0.8491(1.04)^{2(90-74) / 360} \\
&+0.8738(1.04)^{2(90-104) / 360} \\
&=102.2502, \\
& \text { Total Rate of Return }=9.102 \%, \\
& \text { Total Percentage Return }=2.250 \% .
\end{aligned}
$$

Example: If the same Ginnie M ael 9.0\% pass-through (360-month term, 150\% PSA) is purchased at par, but for settlement seven days after the issue date, then the 360 cash flows are the same as in the previous example, but now (with accrued interest)

```
P 100.1750,
Yield = 9.10644%.
```


## 2. Calculations for Floating-Rate MBS

Definitions follow for two of the most common measures of the value of a floating-rate security: Yield-to-M aturity Spread (YTM Spread) and Discounted M argin (DM ). The consistency of calendar assumptions is particularly important for these calculations.
a. TheYTM Spread is the difference between (1) the yield of a floating-rate security and (2) the yield of the index rate itself, assuming in both cases that the index rate takes on a certain fixed value for the indefinite future. (Unless otherwise specified, this should be the current level of the index rate.)
(1) Cash flows for the floater are computed strictly according to the specifics of the security (calendar basis, accrued interest, payment delay, reset frequency, reset margin, caps, floors, prepayment rates, etc.). The cash-flow yield of the floater is computed on a 30/360 Bond-Equivalent basis (as specified in Section G.1.) or else on an ACTUAL/360 M oney-M arket basis (following the same yield formula but defining the exponents $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{k}}$ according to ACTUAL/360 calendar accounting). Ordinarily, the Tk will be computed on the same calendar basis as the cash flows. H owever, it is sometimes necessary to compare two securities whose cash flows are determined by different calendar bases. The Tk must be computed on the same calendar basis for both. Quotations should always specify which calendar basis is being used.
(2) The cash-flow yield of the benchmark index is simply the index itself, converted if necessary to a 30/360 Bond-Equivalent basis or an ACTUAL/360 M oney-M arket basis, depending on the basis used to compute the cash-flow yield of the floater in (1) above. To convert ACTUAL/360 yields to 30/360 yields (or vice versa), the index rate should be multiplied (or divided, as appropriate) by a gross-up factor of 365/360. No gross-up conversion is necessary between ACTUAL/ACTUAL and 30/360 yields. After converting the index rate to the desired calendar basis (30/360 or ACTUAL/360), index rates expressed on a monthly, quarterly or annual compounding basis should be converted to semiannual compounding.

Calendar conventions for the most common reset indexes are as follows:

| Index | Term | Calendar | Payment/Compounding |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LIBOR | under 1 year | ACT/360 | monthly, quarterly, semiannual |
| LIBOR | 1 year \& over | ACT/ACT | annual |
| T-Bills |  | ACT/360 | quarterly, semiannual, annual |
| TSY/CM | 1 year \& over | $30 / 360$ | semiannual |
| 11th District COFI |  | ACT/ACT | monthly |

b. The DM represents the increment over the index rate that causes the settlement price of a floating-rate security to equal the discounted present value of its cash flows, with yield-compounding frequency matching the security payment schedule. As in the YTM Spread calculation, the DM uses assumed future values for the index rate (which must be specified if not equal to the current level). The DM is more general than the YTM Spread, however, in that the DM allows for varying interest-rate scenarios and the YTM Spread does not. At the same time, the DM is less general than the YTM Spread in that DM s cannot be compared for securities with different payment frequencies, whileYTM Spreads can. The full equation defining DM is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{P} & =\frac{\mathrm{CF}_{1}}{\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{1}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{1}-\mathrm{T}_{0}\right)\right]}+\frac{\mathrm{CF}_{2}}{\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{1}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{1}-\mathrm{T}_{0}\right)\right] *\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{2}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{2}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right)\right]} \\
& +\frac{\mathrm{CF}_{3}}{\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{1}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{1}-\mathrm{T}_{0}\right)\right] *\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{2}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{2}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right)\right] *\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{I}_{3}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} *\left(\mathrm{~T}_{3}-\mathrm{T}_{2}\right)\right]} \\
& +\ldots,
\end{aligned}
$$

where $P$ is the dollar price of the security (including the correct accrued interest), CFk is the cash flow received by the investor at time $\mathrm{T}_{k}$ (measured in years, and where $\mathrm{T}_{0}$ is settlement day), Ik is the assumed index rate from time Tk -1 to time Tк ( with gross-up calendar conversion as described in (2) above, as appropriate, but without semiannual compounding conversion), and the sum is over all future cash flows $K=1,2, \ldots$. Ordinarily, the $T k$ will be computed on the same calendar basis as the cash flows. However, it is sometimes necessary to compare two securities whose payment frequencies are the same but whose cash flows are determined by different calendar bases. The Tk must be computed on the same calendar basis for both. Quotations should always specify which calendar basis is being used.

Example: Each M arch 1 and September 1, a hypothetical FRCM 0 pays the interest accrued during the six-month period ending one month prior to the payment date, computed on an ACTUAL/ACTUAL calendar basis, using a rate that resets monthly to 50 basis points above the three-month LIBOR level on the second business day prior to the first of that month. Assume that the security trades at 99 for settlement on $3 / 17 / 89$, with three month LIBOR at 10-3/16\%. Assume further that LIBOR was $9-3 / 8 \%$ on $1 / 30 / 89$ and $10-$ $15 / 16 \%$ on $2 / 27 / 89$, and that half the principal is repaid on $9 / 1 / 89$ and half on $3 / 1 / 90$.

All calculations will use the same cash flows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{P} \quad & =99+100[(28 / 365) 0.098750+(16 / 365) 0.114375] \\
& =100.2589, \\
\mathrm{CF}_{1} & =50+100[(28 / 365) 0.098750+(31 / 365) 0.114375+(122 / 365) 0.106875] \\
& =55.3012, \\
\mathrm{CF}_{2} & =50+50[(184 / 365) 0.106875] \\
& =52.6938 .
\end{aligned}
$$

## Bond-Equivalent basis (30/360)

Yield of FRCM 0 :

$$
\mathrm{P}=\frac{C F_{1}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2(164 / 360)}}+\frac{C F_{2}}{(1+\mathrm{Y} / 200)^{2(344 / 300)}}
$$

Result: 10.96675\%
Yield of Index:

$$
Y_{\text {Index }}=200\left\{[1+(365 / 360) 10.1875 / 400]^{2}-1\right\}
$$

Result: 10.46235\%
YTM Spread:

$$
Y-Y_{\text {Index }}=10.96675 \%-10.46235 \%
$$

Result: 50.44 basis points
Discounted Margin:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{P}=\frac{\mathrm{CF}_{1}}{\left[1+\frac{I_{1}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} * \frac{164}{360}\right]}+\frac{\mathrm{CF}_{2}}{\left[1+\frac{I_{1}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} * \frac{164}{360}\right]\left[\left[1+\frac{I_{2}+\mathrm{DM}}{100} * \frac{180}{360}\right]\right.} \\
& I_{1}=I_{2}=(365 / 360) 10.1875
\end{aligned}
$$

Result: 62.05 basis points

## Money-Market basis (ACTUAL/360)

Yield of FRCM 0 :

$$
P=\frac{C F_{1}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2(168 / 360)}}+\frac{C F_{2}}{(1+Y / 200)^{2(349 / 360)}}
$$

Result: 10.76838\%

Yield of Index:

$$
Y_{\text {Index }}=200\left[(1+10.1875 / 400)^{2}-1\right]
$$

Result: 10.31723\%
YTM Spread:

$$
Y-Y_{\text {Index }}=10.76838 \%-10.31723 \%
$$

Result: 45.11 basis points
Discounted M argin:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P=\frac{C F_{1}}{\left[1+\frac{I_{1}+D M}{100} * \frac{168}{360}\right]}+\frac{C F_{2}}{\left[1+\frac{I_{1}+D M}{100} * \frac{168}{360}\right] *\left[1+\frac{I_{2}+D M}{100} * \frac{181}{360}\right]} \\
& I_{1}=I_{2}=10.1875
\end{aligned}
$$

Result: 56.89 basis points

## 3. Putable Project Loans

Certain Federal Housing Administration (FHA) project loans contain provisions allowing the holders of the loans to put them back to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in exchange for a ten-year current-coupon FHA debenture. The current coupon is defined as an average ten-year Treasury rate. The face amount of the debenture is the remaining balance of the loan on the put date. The put feature can be exercised for one year beginning in the month following 20 years after the final endorsement date on the loan.

The following assumptions apply to yield and average-life calculations for putable project loans:
a. Although the debentures carry a ten-year current coupon and are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, it is uncertain what the market value of the debentures will be immediately after they are issued. The standard assumption has been that the debentures trade roughly 60 basis points above the ten-year Treasury, equating to a dollar price of 96 . In lieu of a specific yield assumption, the put price of the remaining project loan balance should therefore be assumed to be 96 , unless explicitly stated otherwise.
b. The final endorsement date of a project loan may be before or after the origination of the loan. Therefore, a standard put date cannot be assumed (e.g., 20 years after loan origination). The put date used for calculations should be stated explicitly.
c. Once a put is declared to FHA, the agency is responsible for paying accrued interest on the debentures starting from the put date itself. Therefore, the debentures should be val-
ued as if received on the put date, regardless of scheduled loan payment dates or payment delay.

Example: Suppose an FHA project loan pass-through has the following characteristics:

| Gross Coupon | $=7.50 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Net Coupon | $=7.43 \%$ |
| Actual Delay | $=24$ days |
| Original Term | $=40$ years |
| Origination Date | $=2 / 1 / 79$ |
| Put Date | $=6 / 1 / 99$ |

Put calculations should then be based on the investor's receiving the $6 / 99$ principal balance (valued at $96 \%$, paid on the put date) plus $100 \%$ of the final pass-through cash flow (the principal and interest for $5 / 99$, paid on $6 / 25 / 99$ according to the scheduled delay). These represent standard valuation assumptions, not actual cash flows. If the security trades at 85 for settlement on $2 / 1 / 89$, then

Yield to Put $=9.77078 \%$,
Average Life to Put $=9.72452$ years.

## H. Accrual Instruments

## 1. Average Life of Accrual Instruments

For CM O Z-bonds, Graduated-Payment M ortgages (GPM s) or Adjustable-Rate M ortgages (ARM s) with capped payments, principal balances can increase over the life of the bonds. Interest accrued (but not paid out) for a payment period is treated as a negative principal payment, occurring on the payment date for that period. This is consistent with the accepted definition of the net cash flow on a payment date as the sum of
(1) simple interest due on the principal balance for the full payment period
and
(2) a return of principal (positive or negative).

No portion of the cash flow is treated as interest-on-interest. Instead, there is a formal conversion of accrued interest to loan principal on payment dates (negative amortization).

It follows that at the end of every payment period, one should first compute the value of "(1)" and then subtract it from the net cash flow on the payment date to obtain the correct value of "(2)." The outstanding principal balance changes by amount "(2)," and only on payment dates, not daily.

Long-standing market practices have resulted in different methods for calculating average life for pass-through securities (notably GPM s and payment-capped ARM s) and for CM Os. Because of widespread acceptance of these methods within their respective market segments, the Standard Formulas for average life are product-specific.

For GPM s and ARM s, all periodic principal payments, positive or negative, should be included in both the numerator and denominator of the average-life calculation ssee Section G.1.c.), so that the denominator equals the principal balance in effect for the period of the settlement date (exclusive of accrued interest). For Z-bonds, the numerator and denominator should include only the positive principal payments (amount "(2)" if positive, 0 otherwise), and the denominator will generally be larger than the principal balance at settlement.

Example: To illustrate these points, consider the following hypothetical accrual instrument:

| Time | Net <br> Cash Flow | 10\% Periodic <br> Interest | Principal Repayment <br> (= Cash Flow - Interest) | Principal <br> Balance |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -100 |  |  | 100 |
| 1 | 0 | 10 | -10 | 110 |
| 2 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 110 |
| 3 | 121 | 11 | 110 | 0 |

If there is no cash-flow delay, then the average life under the GPM/ARM convention is

$$
\frac{1(-10)+2(0)+3(110)}{-10+0+110}=\frac{320}{100}=3.20 \text { periods. }
$$

Under the Z-bond convention, the average life is

$$
\frac{1(0)+2(0)+3(110)}{0+0+10}=\frac{330}{110}=3.00 \text { periods. }
$$

The GPM /ARM definition has the advantage of preserving the intended relationship between average life and interest-rate risk. In particular, the average life of a fixed-income security should roughly equal the term to maturity for which a bullet with the same coupon would have the same price-sensitivity per purchase dollar. This is the purpose for which average life is used in the absence of duration measures. In general, negative principal payments lead to longer average lives, in some cases longer than the final maturity.

It should be noted that the Z-bond definition of average life can substantially understate the true interest-rate sensitivity of a security, and that the combined average life of the bond classes of a CM $O$ containing Z-bonds can be inconsistent with the average life of the underlying collateral. Analysts and traders should be aware of these facts when average-life comparisons are being made.

## 2. Accrual Calculations for CMO Z-Bonds

The special calculation method for the settlement of accrual bonds has been discontinued for trades made on or after July 15, 1991, with settlement on or after October 1, 1991. Henceforth, these trades will follow the standards set forth in Sections F.1. and F.2.


[^0]:    * For a mortgage security (including but not limited to CM Os, REMICs, M egapools and strips), the phrase "prepayment rate since issue" can refer to the time since issuance of either the underlying pass-through pools or the mortgage security itself. M arket participants should therefore distinguish between "prepayment rate since pool issue" and "prepayment rate since deal issue." The precise wording is left to the user's discretion, so long as the intent is clear.
    ** Note that an aggregate calculation for "prepayment rate since pool issue" generally does not refer to a historical period with a uniform starting date. Therefore, the only pools that should be excluded from this particular calculation are those with incorrect or missing factors at the end of the period.

[^1]:    * Prior to M arch 1993, the WAM s reported on Freddie M ac's quartile tape were for the prior month, although the factor reported on the GOLD factor tape reflected scheduled principal advanced through the current settlement month. This made it necessary to decrement the GOLD quartile tape WAM by one month to calculate the prepayment rate. As of M arch 1993, this calculation will have already been incorporated in the Freddie M ac quartile tape, so no adjustment is necessary.

[^2]:    * These stated delays would be 44, 49, 54 and 74 days, respectively, under the alternate convention in which the accrual date itself is not counted.

