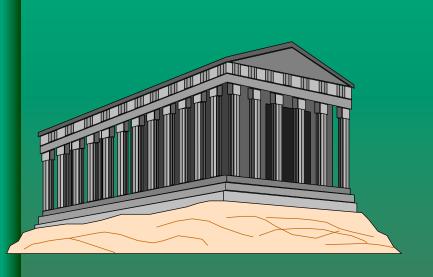
## Aristotle's Rules for Tragedy



from The Poetics





Tragedy = A drama in which the protagonist dies or is utterly defeated.



- 1 .The protagonist (main character) must be a person of importance
  - -Hamlet (a prince)
  - -Oedipus ( a king)
  - -Brutus (from *Julius Caesar*) (a senator)





## The "Musts"

2. The protagonist is guilty of a hamartia (literally a "missing the mark"; a flaw)

- -jealousy
- -pride
- -greed





- 3. The audience must empathize with the protagonist
  - -This process is necessary for the audience to experience *catharsis*
  - -(the purging or cleansing of emotions)



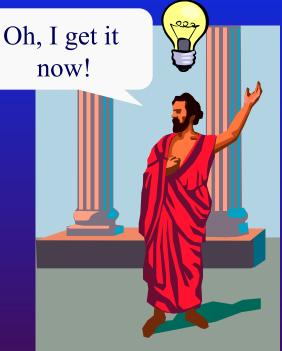
4. The tragedy must have a single plot.



1 . Peripeteia = an ironic twist



2 . Anagnorisis = a discovery or revelation





3 . Fate or inevitability





4. Tragic joy







## Musts

- person of importance
- hamartia
- audience empathy
- one plot

## Optionals

- peripeteia
- anagnorisis
- fate
- tragic joy