Essential Question How can you read numbers that are written in

scientific notation?

ACTIVITY: Very Large Numbers

Work with a partner.

- Use a calculator. Experiment with multiplying large numbers until your calculator displays an answer that is *not* in standard form.
- When the calculator at the right was used to multiply 2 billion by 3 billion, it listed the result as

6.0E + 18.

- Multiply 2 billion by 3 billion by hand. Use the result to explain what 6.0E+18 means.
- Check your explanation by calculating the products of other large numbers.



- Why didn't the calculator show the answer in standard form?
- Experiment to find the maximum number of digits your calculator displays. For instance, if you multiply 1000 by 1000 and your calculator shows 1,000,000, then it can display seven digits.

2 ACTIVITY: Very Small Numbers

Work with a partner.

- Use a calculator. Experiment with multiplying very small numbers until your calculator displays an answer that is *not* in standard form.
- When the calculator at the right was used to multiply 2 billionths by 3 billionths, it listed the result as

6.0e-18.

- Multiply 2 billionths by 3 billionths by hand. Use the result to explain what 6.0E–18 means.
- Check your explanation by calculating the products of other very small numbers.



Scientific Notation

In this lesson, you will

- identify numbers written in scientific notation.
- write numbers in standard form.
- compare numbers in scientific notation.

ACTIVITY: Powers of 10 Matching Game



in scientific notation? Why do you think this type of notation is called *scientific notation*? Why is scientific notation important?

Practice

Use what you learned about reading scientific notation to complete Exercises 3–5 on page 440.

10.5 Lesson









Scientific Notation

A number is written in **scientific notation** when it is represented as the product of a factor and a power of 10. The factor must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10.

The factor is greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10. \rightarrow 8.3 \times 10

The power of 10 has an integer exponent.

EXAMPLE 1 Identifying Numbers Written in Scientific Notation

Tell whether the number is written in scientific notation. Explain.

- **a.** 5.9×10^{-6}
 - The factor is greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10. The power of 10 has an integer exponent. So, the number is written in scientific notation.
- **b.** 0.9×10^8
 - The factor is less than 1. So, the number is not written in scientific notation.



Writing Numbers in Standard Form

The absolute value of the exponent indicates how many places to move the decimal point.

- If the exponent is negative, move the decimal point to the left.
- If the exponent is positive, move the decimal point to the right.

EXAMPLE 2 Writing Numbers in Standard Form

a. Write 3.22×10^{-4} in standard form.

 $3.22 \times 10^{-4} = 0.000322$ Move decimal point |-4| = 4 places to the left.

b. Write 7.9×10^5 in standard form.

$$7.9 \times 10^5 = 790,000$$

Move decimal point |5| = 5 places to the right.

On Your Own

2. 6×10^7



1. Is 12×10^4 written in scientific notation? Explain.

Write the number in standard form.

3. 9.9×10^{-5}

4. 1.285×10^4

EXAMPLE 3 Comparing Numbers in Scientific Notation

An object with a lesser density than water will float. An object with a greater density than water will sink. Use each given density (in kilograms per cubic meter) to explain what happens when you place a brick and an apple in water.



You can compare the densities by writing each in standard form.

| Water | Brick | Apple | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| $1.0 \times 10^3 = 1000$ | $1.84 \times 10^3 = 1840$ | $6.41 \times 10^2 = 641$ | |

The apple is less dense than water, so it will float. The brick is denser than water, so it will sink.

EXAMPLE

Д



A female flea consumes about 1.4×10^{-5} liter of blood per day.



A dog has 100 female fleas. How much blood do the fleas consume per day?

 $1.4 \times 10^{-5} \cdot 100 = 0.000014 \cdot 100$

= 0.0014

Real-Life Application

Write in standard form.

Multiply.

The fleas consume about 0.0014 liter, or 1.4 milliliters of blood per day.

On Your Own

- 5. WHAT IF? In Example 3, the density of lead is 1.14×10^4 kilograms per cubic meter. What happens when you place lead in water?
- **6. WHAT IF?** In Example 4, a dog has 75 female fleas. How much blood do the fleas consume per day?

10.5 Exercises





Write the number shown on the calculator display in standard form.



Tell whether the number is written in scientific notation. Explain.

| 1 6. 1.8×10^9 | 7. 3.45×10^{14} | 8. 0.26×10^{-25} |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 9. 10.5×10^{12} | 10. 46×10^{-17} | 11. 5×10^{-19} |
| 12. 7.814×10^{-36} | 13. 0.999×10^{42} | 14. 6.022×10^{23} |

Write the number in standard form.

| 2 15. 7×10^7 | 16. 8×10^{-3} | 17. 5×10^2 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 18. 2.7×10^{-4} | 19. 4.4×10^{-5} | 20. 2.1×10^3 |
| 21. 1.66×10^9 | 22. 3.85×10^{-8} | 23. 9.725×10^{6} |

24. ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in writing the number in standard form.





 2.7×10^8 platelets per milliliter

- **25. PLATELETS** Platelets are cell-like particles in the blood that help form blood clots.
 - **a.** How many platelets are in 3 milliliters of blood? Write your answer in standard form.
 - **b.** An adult human body contains about 5 liters of blood. How many platelets are in an adult human body?

- **26. REASONING** A googol is 1.0×10^{100} . How many zeros are in a googol?
- **27. STARS** The table shows the surface temperatures of five stars.
 - a. Which star has the highest surface temperature?
 - **b.** Which star has the lowest surface temperature?

| Star | Betelgeuse | Bellatrix | Sun | Aldebaran | Rigel |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Surface Temperature (°F) | $6.2 	imes 10^3$ | $3.8	imes10^4$ | $1.1 	imes 10^4$ | $7.2 	imes 10^3$ | $2.2 	imes 10^4$ |



- **28. NUMBER SENSE** Describe how the value of a number written in scientific notation changes when you increase the exponent by 1.
- **29. CORAL REEF** The area of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary is about 9.6×10^3 square kilometers. The area of the Florida Reef Tract is about 16.2% of the area of the sanctuary. What is the area of the Florida Reef Tract in square kilometers?
- **30. REASONING** A gigameter is 1.0×10^6 kilometers. How many square kilometers are in 5 square gigameters?
- **31. WATER** There are about 1.4×10^9 cubic kilometers of water on Earth. About 2.5% of the water is fresh water. How much fresh water is on Earth?
- **32.** The table shows the speed of light through five media.
 - **a.** In which medium does light travel the fastest?
 - **b.** In which medium does light travel the slowest?

| Medium | Speed |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| Air | $6.7	imes10^8\mathrm{mi/h}$ |
| Glass | $6.6	imes10^8\mathrm{ft/sec}$ |
| Ice | $2.3	imes10^5\mathrm{km/sec}$ |
| Vacuum | $3.0 	imes 10^8 \mathrm{m/sec}$ |
| Water | $2.3	imes10^{10}\mathrm{cm/sec}$ |

Fair Game Review What you learned in previous grades & lessons

Write the product using exponents. (Section 10.1)

33. 4 • 4 • 4 • 4 • 4

34. 3 • 3 • 3 • *y* • *y* • *y*

35. $(-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)$



- (A) $\sqrt{18}$ in. (B) $\sqrt{41}$ in.
- **(C)** 18 in. **(D)** 41 in.

