

# **Sample Test Report**

AVISE SLE Monitor	Order ID Provider	D 619603 er Exagen Inc.	<b>Specimen</b> Collected Received	12/31/2020 01/01/2021	Patient	Patient, Example
			<b>Test Orde</b> Created Reported	r 01/01/2021 01/02/2021	Gender - DOB Identifier Received Exagen ID	Female - 01/12/1990 707382

## **AVISE SLE Monitor Test Report**

	Value	Interpretation	Reference Range
Complement Component			
+ EC4d - Erythrocyte-bound C4d	20 Net MFI	POSITIVE	FACS: <15 - Negative   ≥15 - Positive
Complement C3	105 mg/dL	Normal	Turbidimetry: 81 - 157 - Normal
Complement C4	25 mg/dL	Normal	Turbidimetry: 13 - 39 - Normal
Antibody Component			
+ Anti-dsDNA IgG	60 IU/mL	POSITIVE	CIA: <27 - Negative   27 - 35 - Indeterminate   ≥36 - Positive
+ Anti-C1q IgG	30 Units	POSITIVE	ELISA: <20 - Negative   ≥20 - Positive
Thrombosis-associated Marker + PC4d - Platelet-bound C4d		POSITIVE - confirm	nation required with new specimen

#### Therapy Monitoring

Hydroxychloroquine

800 ng/mL Sub-therapeutic

#### Analyte Descriptions

#### EC4d

Erythrocyte-bound C4d (EC4d) measured by flow cytometry has been shown to significantly correlate with disease activity as measured by clinical SELENA-SLEDAI [1,2]. Furthermore, reductions in EC4d levels have been shown to correlate with improvements in SF-36 score and BILAG-2004 index [2].

#### Complement C3/C4

Normalization of complement C3 and C4 proteins has been shown to correlate with disease improvements in SLE [1-3].

#### Anti-dsDNA IgG

Anti-dsDNA is quantified using a bead-based chemiluminescence immunoassay method. Relative to other methods, values produced by this method have superior correlation with disease activity [3,4].

#### Anti-C1q lgG

Autoantibodies to C1q have been shown to significantly correlate with clinical SELENA-SLEDAI values and are superior to 3 other biomarkers in their association with lupus nephritis and proteinuria [2,3,5].

#### PC4d

Elevated (positive) platelet-bound C4d (PC4d) levels have been associated with a history of thrombosis in lupus [6,7,8]. Patients with persistent elevated PC4d have been shown to have significant association with thrombosis [6,9].

#### Test Method Description

The disease monitoring panel consists of C4d bound to erythrocytes or platelets (determined by flow cytometry), soluble complement C3c and C4 proteins (determined by immunoturbidimetry), and SLE auto-antibodies (anti-double stranded DNA and anti-C1q IgG, all determined by immunoassays). Changes in EC4d, anti-dsDNA, anti-C1q and complement proteins have been shown to correlate with change in SLE disease activity, as defined by clinical SELENA-SLEDAI, BILAG index score and proteinuria [1-3].

#### References

- 1. Kao A, et al. Erythrocyte C3d and C4d for Monitoring Disease Activity in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. Arthritis and Rheumatism 62[3], 837-844. 2010
- 2. Buyon J, et al. Reduction in Erythrocyte Bound Complement Activation Products and Titers of Anti-C1q antibodies associate with clinical improvement in systemic lupus erythematosus. Lupus Science & Medicine 2016
- 3. Merrill J, et al. Erythrocyte-bound C4d in combination with complement and autoantibody status for the monitoring of SLE. Lupus Sci Med. 2018;5(1):e000263
- 4. Mahler M, et al. Performance Characteristics of Different Anti-Double-Stranded DNA Antibody Assays in the Monitoring of Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. J Immunol Res. 2017;2017:1720902.
- 5. Orbai A, et al. Anti-C1q Antibodies in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. Lupus. 2015 January; 24(1): 42-49
- 6. Kao A, et al. Relation of platelet C4d with all-cause mortality and ischemic stroke in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. Transl Stroke Res. 2014 Aug;5(4):510-8
- 7. Petri M, et al. Complement C4d Split Products in Combination with Lupus Anticoagulant and Low Complement Associate with Thrombosis in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus [abstract]. Arthritis Rheumatol. 2018; 70 (suppl 10).
- Lood C et al. Platelet activation and anti-phospholipid antibodies collaborate in the activation of the complement system on platelets in systemic lupus erythematosus. PLoS One. 2014; doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0099386. eCollection 2014.
- 9. Data on file Exagen Diagnostics, Inc.

AVISE SLE Monitor	Order ID 6 Provider [	D 619603 r Exagen Inc.	Specimen Collected Received	12/31/2020 01/01/2021	Patient	Patient, Example Female - 01/12/1990 707382
			<b>Test Orde</b> Created Reported	r 01/01/2021 01/02/2021	Gender - DOB Identifier Received Exagen ID	

## Complement Component





Page 2 of 5

1261 Liberty Way, Vista CA 92081 CLIA# 05D1075048 CAP# 7201051 | NYSDOH PFI# 8369

Exagen

Laboratory Directors: Richard Safrin, MD R. Harper Summers, MD Provider Relations: 888.452.1522 AVISE and the AVISE and Exagen logos are registered trademarks of Exagen Inc. ©2021 All Rights Reserved

This test is used for clinical purposes, though results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis or patient management decisions. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. Exagen is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing.

AVISE SLE Monitor	Order ID Provider	619603 Exagen Inc.	Specimen Collected Received Test Orden Created Reported	12/31/2020 01/01/2021 r 01/01/2021 01/02/2021	<b>Patient</b> Gender - DOB Identifier Received Exagen ID	Patient, Example Female - 01/12/1990 707382

# AVISE MONITOR HEMATOLOGY

est Name	Result	Unit	Flags	Reference Range	
WBC	5.2	x10^3/μL		3.9 - 9.8	
RBC	4.3	x10^6/μL		4.0 - 5.6	
HGB	13.1	g/dL		12.1 - 17.4	
НСТ	39.5	%		37.1 - 49.4	
MCV	91.8	fL		76.4 - 105.4	
МСН	30.5	pg		25.2 - 36.6	
МСНС	33.2	g/dL		32.2 - 35.7	
RDW	14.1	%		10.7 - 17.5	
MPV	9.5	fL		7.1 - 10.0	
PLT	235.0	x10^3/μL		146 - 438	
NEU	1.9	x10^3/μL		1.7 - 6.8	
LYM	2.8	x10^3/μL		0.7 - 3.5	
MON	0.5	x10^3/μL		0.1 - 0.8	
EOS	0.1	x10^3/μL		0.0 - 0.4	
BAS	0.0	x10^3/μL		0.0 - 0.2	
NEU%	36.5	%			
LYM%	53.2	%			
MON%	9.0	%			
EOS%	1.1	%			
BAS%	0.2	%			

DIFF TYPE: Automated

Result Flags: L=Low, H=High, CL=Critical low, CH=Critical High

# AVISE MONITOR CHEMISTRY

Creatinine	0.90	mg/dL	0.5 - 0.9 Women 0.7 - 1.2 Men
CRP	1.5	mg/L	1 - 5

## **Test Method Description**

CBCs were generated on CELL-DYN Emerald 22 AL (Abbott), a quantitative multi-parameter automated hematology analyzer designed for IVD enumeration of WBC, LYM%, LYM #, MON%, MON #, NEU%, NEU #, EOS%, EOS #, BAS%, BAS #, RBC, HCT, MCV, RDW, HGB, MCH, MCHC, PLT, MPV from K2EDTA anti-coagulated whole blood. Creatinine and CRP were measured on Pentra 400C analyzer (HORIBA) from SST serum.

Page 3 of 5





This test is used for clinical purposes, though results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis or patient management decisions. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. Exagen is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing.

Order ID Provider	619603 Exagen Inc.	Specimen Collected Received Test Order	12/31/2020 01/01/2021	Patient Gender - DOB Identifier Received	Patient, Example Female - 01/12/1990
		Created Reported	01/01/2021 01/02/2021	Exagen ID	707382

## Avise HCQ Test Report

## Current Hydroxychloroquine (HCQ) Level:

800 ng/ml - Sub-thorapoutic	HCQ Dose (mg/day)

		Current and Prior 5 HCQ Levels	HCQ Level	Interpretation & Consideration
	3,000			
	2,750			
	2,500			
	2,250 -		Therapeutic	Level associated with clinical efficacy. HCQ is
HCQ (ng/mL)	2,000 -		(>1000 ng/mL)	likely absorbed effectively
	1,750			
	1,500			
	1,250 -			
	1,000 -			
	750 -		Sub-therapeutic	Patient could be partially adherent to therapy.
	500 -		(200-1000 ng/mL)	Patients with HCQ lower than 1000 ng/mL can be
	250			
			Underexposed	Patient is likely non-adherent to HCQ therapy
Date		03/01/20 06/01/20 10/01/20 01/01/21	(<200 ng/mL)	
_evel (	ng/mL)	250 612 780 800		
Dose (I	mg/day)			

## **Test Method Description**

The recommendation is to wait until at least 45 days from initiation of HCQ and at least 30 days from alteration of HCQ dose before drawing blood for an AVISE HCQ test.

## References

- Costedoat-Chalumeau N, et al. Low blood concentration of hydroxychloroquine is a marker for and predictor of disease exacerbations in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. Arthritis Rheum. 2006 Oct;54(10):3284-90.
- Costedoat-Chalumeau N, et al. Very low blood hydroxychloroquine concentration as an objective marker of poor adherence to treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus. Ann Rheum Dis. 2007 Jun;66(6):821-4.
- 3. Costedoat-Chalumeau N, et al. (2013a) Hydroxychloroquine in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Results of a French Multicentre Controlled Trial (PLUS Study). Ann Rheum Dis 72:1786-1792.
- 4. Costedoat-Chalumeau N, et al. (2013b) Adherence to Treatment in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Patients. Best Pract Res Clin Rheumatol 27:329-340.
- 5. Frances C, et al. Low blood concentration of hydroxychloroquine in patients with refractory cutaneous lupus erythematosus: a French multicenter prospective study. Arch Dermatol. 2012 Apr;148(4):479-84.
- 6. Exagen Diagnostics, Inc. Data on File.



1261 Liberty Way, Vista CA 92081 CLIA# 05D1075048 CAP# 7201051 | NYSDOH PFI# 8369 Laboratory Directors: Richard Safrin, MD R. Harper Summers, MD Provider Relations: 888.452.1522 AVISE and the AVISE and Exagen logos are registered trademarks of Exagen Inc. ©2021 All Rights Reserved

Page 5 of 5

This test is used for clinical purposes, though results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis or patient management decisions. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. Exagen is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing.