2021



AP[°] Psychology Scoring Guidelines Set 2

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Question 1: Concept Application

- 1. Answers must be cogent enough for the student's meaning to come through. Spelling and grammatical mistakes do not reduce a student's score, but spelling must be close enough so that the reader is convinced of the word.
- 2. A student can earn points only if the student clearly conveys what part of the question is being answered. It is possible to infer the part of the question being answered if it is consistent with the order of the question.
- 3. The response must apply the concept to the prompt; a definition alone will not earn the point.
- 4. Examples provided in the Scoring Guidelines for each of the points are not to be considered exhaustive.
- 5. Within a bulleted question part, a student will not be penalized for misinformation unless it *directly contradicts* correct information that would otherwise have earned a point. For example, if a response applies a concept in two contradictory ways (such as identifying both the measured variables as the independent variable or describing proactive interference as interference from both older and newer information), the point is not earned.
- 6. Within a bulleted question part, if the response addresses details from a scenario other than the one in the prompt, the point is not earned.
- Part A Damian spends a great deal of time playing video games. He prefers complex games that require skill in moving from one level of competence to the next. He regularly compares his progress with that of his online friends and gets tips from them for more successful strategies.

Explain how each of the following psychological concepts applies to Damian's gaming behavior.

Motor Cortex

The response must indicate that the motor cortex is responsible for some aspect of Damian's voluntary movement in gaming.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Damian uses his motor cortex when playing games because it helps him push the buttons on the controller.
- Damian's motor cortex has a larger area devoted to his fingers because he uses them so much when he games. This allows him to have finer motor control over his fingers than other people.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that refer to reflexive or involuntary movements.

• Damian's motor cortex would make him jump if he was startled by a loud noise.

Algorithm

1 point

The response must indicate a step-by-step procedure (e.g., formula, equation, set of rules, trying every option) used in Damian's gaming.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Damian knows there are four steps to passing through a level, and he uses the same sequence of steps each time in order to find the one that works for each level.
- Damian applies a step-by-step procedure he learned on the internet to advance through the game.
- Damian tried his normal technique to get through Level 8 of his game, but it didn't work so he then tried all the other solutions he knew until he found the one that worked.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that refer to heuristics.

- Damian uses a shortcut rule he learned from his buddy to beat the hardest level in the game.
- Algorithms will affect Damian's gaming because his brain will begin to pick up on patterns of the game and help him anticipate what to do in certain situations.

Reciprocity Norm

The response must indicate that Damian, or another gamer, did something beneficial for the other because they received or anticipated receiving something in return from the other.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Damian helped his online friends with tips for winning the game because they shared their best moves with him.
- Damian knows that if he shares his best moves with his online friends, they will help him when he needs it.
- Damian helped one of his online friends who was having trouble with gaming addiction because that friend helped him when he was struggling earlier.

Unacceptable explanations include:

• Damian agrees to give a friend gaming tips.

Monocular Depth Cue of Interposition

The response must indicate that Damian, while playing the video game, perceives objects that are partially blocked as being further away than the objects that are blocking them.

Acceptable explanations include:

• Damian knows a character is farther away from him than a tree due to the monocular depth cue of interposition because the character is partially hidden by that tree.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that refer to the use of any other monocular depth cue.

• Damian sees two parallel lines appear to converge in the distance, giving him the illusion of depth.

Responses that refer to the use of binocular cues.

• The images on Damian's retinas differ, allowing him to perceive depth.

Mental Set

The response must indicate that Damian keeps playing his video games with the same strategy that has been successful in the past.

OR

The response must indicate that Damian needs to modify a strategy that has been successful before but is no longer successful.

Acceptable explanations include:

• Damian has been pretty successful in the game so far, so he keeps using the same strategies for every level.

1 point

- Damian has been using the same strategy for every level, until level 9, where his strategy no longer seems to be working. He must adjust his mental set about his game play to defeat the level.
- Damian thinks that the hammer tool can only be used in one way, but if he uses it in a new way, he can win the level faster.

Unacceptable explanations include:

• Damien is set in his ways of thinking about the game.

Part B Damian's parents are concerned because Damian has been missing meals, has lost weight, and has made no effort to complete his college applications.

Explain how Damian's parents could use a behavioral approach to get him to apply to 1 point college using a fixed-ratio schedule.

The response must indicate that Damian's behavior will be reinforced after completing a specific number of application-related behaviors.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Damian's parents let him game for 1 hour if he writes 3 essays for his college applications.
- Damian's parents reward him with playing video games for every college application that he finishes.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that refer to a variable or interval reinforcement schedule.

- Damian is rewarded sometimes after completing an application and sometimes after saying he will complete it.
- Damian's parents reward him at the end of each week that he completes a college application.

Explain how a psychoanalyst would use free association with Damian.

1 point

The response must indicate that the therapist will encourage Damian to express thoughts and feelings without censoring himself.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Damian's therapist tells him to say everything that comes to mind without censoring to help him figure out his problems.
- The psychologist uses free association with Damian so that he can say whatever he wants without holding back.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that refer to dream analysis.

Responses that refer to word association.

- The psychologist asks Damian to tell him about his dreams.
- The psychologist asks Damian to say the first thing that comes to mind after giving him a word like "mother."

Total for question 1 7 points

Question 2: Research Design

General Considerations

- Answers must be cogent enough for the student's meaning to come through. Spelling and grammatical mistakes do not reduce a student's score, but spelling must be close enough so that the reader is convinced of the word.
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- 3. The response must apply the concept to the prompt; a definition alone will not earn the point.
- 4. Examples provided in the Scoring Guidelines for each of the points are not to be considered exhaustive.
- 5. Within a bulleted question part, a student will not be penalized for misinformation unless it *directly contradicts* correct information that would otherwise have earned a point. For example, if a response applies a concept in two contradictory ways (such as identifying both the measured variables as the independent variable or describing proactive interference as interference from both older and newer information), the point is not earned.
- 6. Within a bulleted question part, if the response addresses details from a scenario other than the one in the prompt, the point is not earned.

Dr. Jones was doing a formal research study of the effect of mental imagery on memory. She randomly assigned students in the psychology course she was teaching into two groups and required them to complete the task as part of their coursework. Forty students were in each group. Each group was presented the same list of 30-word pairs (e.g., tree/book, house/street, friend/cat). Group A was told to form a mental image for each pair. Group B was not given that instruction. Each group was given two minutes to memorize the pairs of words. Dr. Jones then tested their recall of the list by giving each group the first word and asking them to remember the second word. Dr. Jones recorded the number of words recalled by each group and then debriefed the participants. The results are presented in the table below.

	Group A	Group B
Mean Number of Words Recalled	25	10
Standard Deviation	4	6

Identify the independent variable presented in the study.

The response must indicate that the independent variable is the use of mental imagery or the instruction to use mental imagery.

Acceptable explanations include:

- The independent variable is the students being told to form a mental image.
- The independent variable is mental imagery.

Unacceptable explanations include:

• The independent variable is the students.

Identify the control group

The response must indicate that the control group is the group that was not told to use mental imagery.

OR

The response must indicate that the group that did not receive the independent variable was Group B.

Acceptable explanations include:

- The control group is the group not being told to form a mental image.
- The control group is Group B.

Unacceptable explanations include:

• The control group is Group A.

Explain why the type of research design being used is appropriate for the study.

The response must indicate that the design is appropriate because it is an experiment.

AND

The response must indicate that the design is appropriate because it is trying to show cause and effect.

Acceptable explanations include:

- The only research design that shows a cause-and-effect relationship is an experiment, so that is why the researcher chose this.
- This design uses the experimental method because you can manipulate one variable (type of instruction) to affect another (remembering the words).

Unacceptable explanations include:

• The study was appropriate because the researcher used double-blind techniques.

1 point

1 point

1 point

Explain what the different standard deviations indicate about the data from the two groups.

The response must indicate that the scores in Group B varied more than the scores in Group A.

OR

The response must indicate that the scores in Group A varied less than the scores in Group B.

Acceptable explanations include:

- The standard deviation from Group B is higher than in Group A, so the scores in Group B were more different from each other than those in Group A.
- Group A had scores that were more similar to each other than Group B.

Unacceptable explanations include:

• The standard deviations were different because Group A had more scores than Group B.

Explain the ethical flaw that is explicitly presented in the scenario.

1 point

The response must indicate that the researcher required the students to participate.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Participation should be voluntary.
- The researcher failed to obtain informed consent.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Responses that indicate any other ethical flaws do not score.

• The researcher needed to guarantee that no harm would come to the students in this study.

Explain how the primacy effect could apply to this research.

The response must indicate that if the primacy effect took place, the students would remember more of the words they heard at the beginning of the list than they did from other parts of the list.

Acceptable explanations include:

• If students remember more words at the beginning of the list, then they have demonstrated the primacy effect.

Unacceptable explanations include:

Describing serial position effect alone is not sufficient.

Describing primacy and recency without accurately identifying primacy does not score.

• The students remembered the words better if they studied them earlier.

Explain how levels of processing are related to this research.

1 point

1 point

The response must indicate that students who did better/Group A used deep processing or that students who did worse/Group B used shallow processing.

OR

The response must correctly relate mental imagery to deep processing.

Acceptable explanations include:

- Students used mental imagery which allowed them to process the words deeply.
- The students who had no instructions did worse because they used shallow processing.

Unacceptable explanations include:

- The researcher was interested in examining how mental imagery helps people.
- The mental imagery group used semantic encoding and did better.

Total for question 2 7 points