

Checklist

PATIENT SAFETY & RISK SOLUTIONS

Medication Inventory Management for Healthcare Practices

Healthcare practices maintain various types of medications, vaccines, and supplies (collectively referred to as "medication inventory" in this checklist) depending on their patient populations and the services they provide. Some offices have minimal medication inventories (due to limited demand, state regulations, or other factors), while others maintain substantial inventories.

Regardless of the scale of a healthcare practice's medication inventory, functional, well-maintained, and well-documented systems and processes are necessary to ensure patient safety and prevent errors. These systems and processes should account for issues related to storage, security, documentation, and safety processes and auditing.

The following checklist, intended for healthcare practices, offers strategies to address key safety precautions for medication inventory management as well as opportunities to identify areas for improvement.

	Yes	No
Storage		
Is a designated staff member responsible for ensuring that the practice's medication storage areas are organized and maintained?		
Do medication storage areas have adequate space to accommodate the inventory without being cramped?		
Are medication storage areas well-lit and temperature controlled?		

5814 REED ROAD FORT WAYNE, IN 46835 800-4MEDPRO MEDPRO.COM

	Yes	No
Storage (continued)		
Are medications, vaccines, and products that require refrigeration or freezing stored at the appropriate temperatures (per manufacturers' guidance) in purpose-built storage units?		
Do refrigerators and freezers that store medication inventory have temperature monitoring devices that are monitored according to Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (CDC) guidance?		
Are staff members prohibited from storing any other items (e.g., food and beverages) in refrigerators and freezers used for medication inventory storage?		
Are efforts made to protect the power supply to medication storage units (e.g., plugging in only one storage unit per outlet, using safety lock plugs or outlet covers, and posting "Do Not Unplug" warning signs to alert staff, the cleaning crew, electricians, etc.)?		
Does your practice have a procedure for handling temperature excursions, and are staff members trained to identify excursions quickly and take action?		
Do your practice's emergency preparedness plans include protocols for protecting the medication inventory during an emergency (e.g., power loss, flooding, etc.), including protocols for handling emergencies outside of standard business hours?		
Are staff members trained on medication inventory storage and handling protocols, including emergency procedures?		
Are medication samples, controlled substances, high-alert drugs, and vaccines kept separate from each other and the rest of the medication inventory?		
As much as possible, are products shelved at eye level with their labels facing forward for easy identification?		
Are products in the inventory separated if they (a) have names that sound similar, (b) have similar packaging, or (c) are the same product but have different routes of administration?		

	Yes	No
Storage (continued)		
When new medications are added to the inventory, are they compared with the existing inventory to identify potential "look-alike, sound-alike" issues?		
Are storage trays/bins/containers clearly labeled, and do they each hold only one type of product?		
Does your practice's medication inventory storage method account for which products need to be used first based on expiration date?		
Security		
Has your practice established specific and measurable procedures to safeguard the medication inventory?		
Are all medication storage areas, including the cabinet or closet for samples, kept locked?		
Are controlled substances, high-alert medications, syringes, needles, and prescription pads secured in restricted areas?		
Is access to restricted areas limited to designated and appropriately trained and credentialed staff members?		
Do staff members take precautions to prevent the unauthorized use of discarded medications?		
Is your facility manager and/or building security team aware of your after-hours emergency response protocol, and do designated staff members know the appropriate procedures for accessing the building after hours?		
Documentation		
Does your practice have detailed guidance and written policies for logging, storing, and monitoring the medication inventory (including samples)?		
Are medication storage unit temperatures documented according to CDC guidance and your organization's prescribed frequency?		

	Yes	No
Documentation (continued)		
Does your practice maintain an accurate, current list of its high-alert medications and products with potential "look-alike, sound-alike" issues?		
Are "look-alike, sound-alike" issues communicated to practitioners and appropriate staff members routinely and when new products are introduced into the inventory?		
Are pediatric and adult versions of the same medication or vaccine labeled clearly to avoid confusion?		
When medications and samples are received, administered, or dispensed, is all pertinent information documented electronically or in hard copy? ¹		
Do healthcare providers in the practice document the provision of samples in patients' health records?		
Does the practice have a process for tracking patients on high-risk medications and documenting their dosages, prescriptions, refills, and lab orders/results?		
Do all dispensed medications (including samples) have detailed labels that include the drug name, patient's name, date, strength, dosage, frequency, quantity, and expiration date?		
Are warning or label enhancements used for products with potentially confusing names or packaging?		
Are multidose vials labeled with an open date and properly discarded according to manufacturers' requirements?		
Is all staff training related to medication inventory storage and handling, including training on emergency procedures, documented in employees' personnel files?		

5814 REED ROAD FORT WAYNE, IN 46835 800-4MEDPRO MEDPRO.COM

HOSPITALS | FACILITIES | SENIOR CARE | DOCTORS | OTHER HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

¹ Documentation should include, as applicable, the name of the drug/product; the date it was received, administered, or dispensed; the patient's name; the quantity; the manufacturer and lot number; and the healthcare provider's name.

	Yes	No
Safety Processes and Auditing		
Are procedures in place for interacting with pharmaceutical representatives and accepting sample medications?		
If your practice has a medication inventory management system, does it help detect low inventory levels for ordering purposes and to alert staff about possible medication and supply shortages?		
Are providers aware of any mandatory inventory reporting requirements related to medications or vaccines?		
In the event of medication or supply shortages, is a process in place to identify the safest alternatives and educate practitioners about the products?		
Has your practice designated a staff member to routinely audit the medication inventory for expired items, including items kept in procedural areas and exam rooms?		
Are controlled substances routinely audited, and are staff members aware of the appropriate procedures for reporting loss or theft of drugs to appropriate local, state, and federal authorities?		
Are expired medications and products removed from the inventory and disposed of according to drug class and local/state regulations?		

Resources

For additional information and more detailed guidance about medication safety and inventory management, visit the Institute for Safe Medication Practices for a variety of tools and resources. Additionally, see the CDC's Vaccines and Immunizations webpage for recommendations related to vaccine storage and handling.

This document does not constitute legal or medical advice and should not be construed as rules or establishing a standard of care. Because the facts applicable to your situation may vary, or the laws applicable in your jurisdiction may differ, please contact your attorney or other professional advisors if you have any questions related to your legal or medical obligations or rights, state or federal laws, contract interpretation, or other legal questions.

MedPro Group is the marketing name used to refer to the insurance operations of The Medical Protective Company, Princeton Insurance Company, PLICO, Inc. and MedPro RRG Risk Retention Group. All insurance products are underwritten and administered by these and other Berkshire Hathaway affiliates, including National Fire & Marine Insurance Company. Product availability is based upon business and/or regulatory approval and/or may differ among companies.

© 2021 MedPro Group Inc. All rights reserved.