

Council of Graduate Schools

Advocacy, Research, and Innovation

International Trends in U.S. Graduate Education

Julia Kent, CGS Finnish Higher Education Experts Study Tour October 26, 2009

Overview of Presentation

- 1. International Students and U.S. Graduate Programs: Applications and Admissions
 - Fall 2009 data from CGS "International II" Surveys
 - Implications for U.S. graduate education
- 2. International Collaborations involving U.S. Graduate Institutions
 - Overview of CGS Graduate International Collaborations Project (GICP)
 - 2008-9 data on graduate-level joint and dual degree programs with non-U.S. institutions
 - Activities to develop understanding of key issues



Part I: Applications and Admissions of International Students

CGS International Graduate Admissions Survey*

- Conducted 3 times/year since 2004
 - Phase I: Initial Applications (February)
 - Phase II: Final Applications and Initial Offers of Admission (June)
 - Phase III: Final Offers of Admission, and First-Time and Total Enrollment (September)
- Data collected for international grad students only
- Survey universe: All U.S. CGS member institutions

* Data collected and analyzed by Nathan Bell, CGS Director of Research, nbell@cgs.nche.edu



Data Collected

- Final applications data for fall 2008 and fall 2009
- Initial offers of admission for same period
- Applications and admissions data collected for:
 - **4 selected countries/regions of origin** China, India, Korea, Middle East
 - 8 broad fields Business, Education, Engineering, Arts & Humanities, Life Sciences, Physical & Earth Sciences, Social Sciences, 'Other' Fields

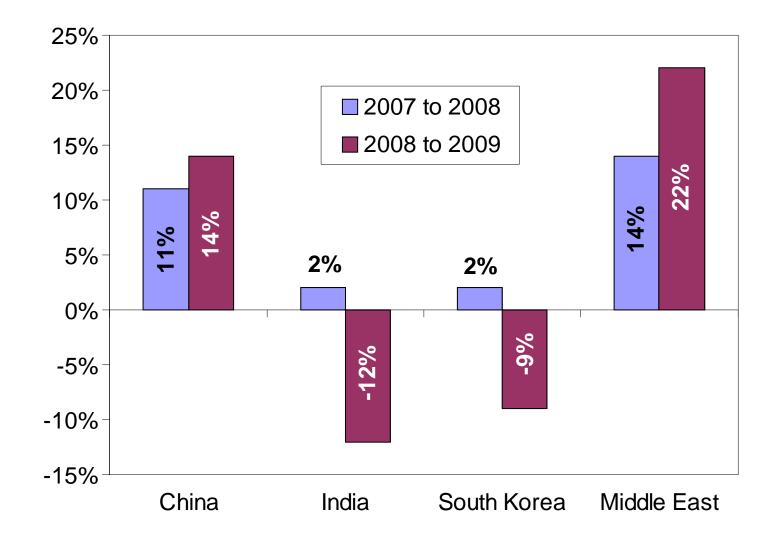


Phase II Findings: Applications

- 4% increase in 2009 (follows a 6% increase in 2008)
- Lowest increase since 2006 when declines of the previous 2 years were reversed.
- Despite increases, international applications still below 2003 levels at about 60% of responding institutions

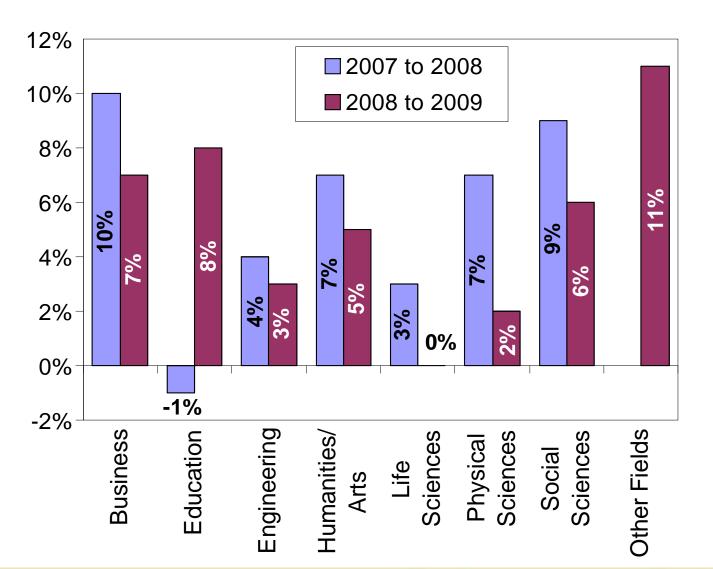


Applications by Country of Origin





Applications by Broad Field



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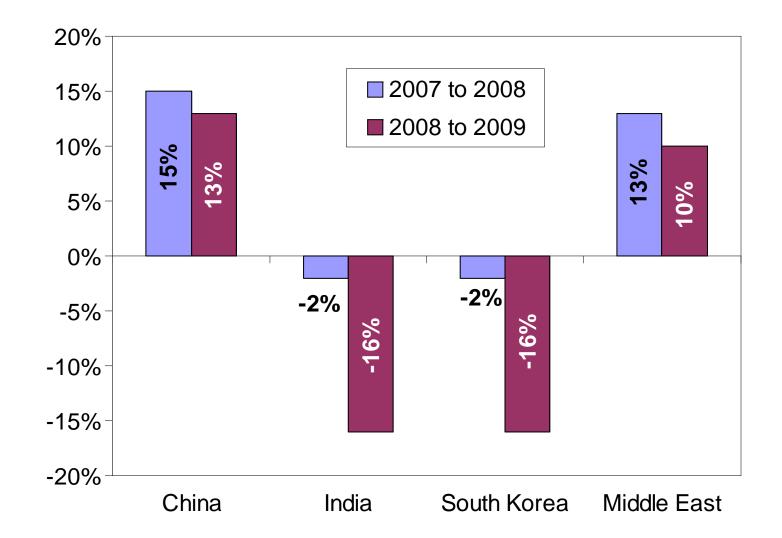
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Phase II Findings: Admissions

- Initial admissions offers down 3% in 2009 (follows 3% increase last year)
- At 49% of responding institutions, admissions offers are below 2003 numbers

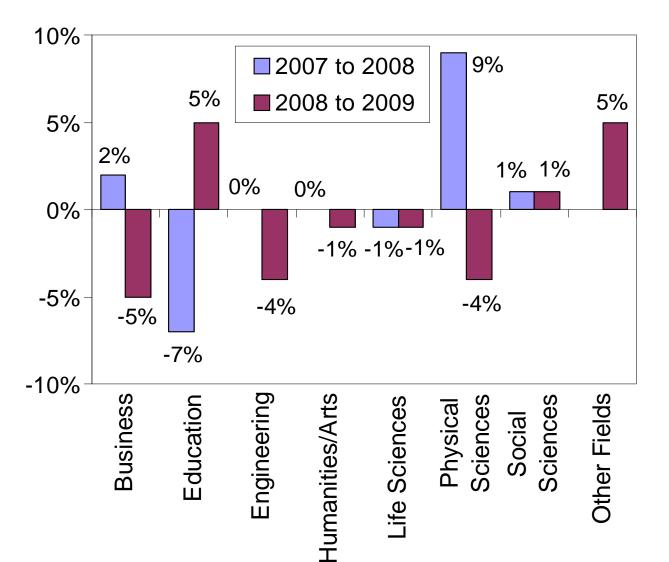


Offers of Admission by Country





Offers of Admission by Field



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Summary and Implications

- Rates of increase for applications slowed down in 2009, and initial offers of admission declined.
- Applications and offers of admission are still below 2003 levels at many institutions.
- U.S. graduate schools will need to make greater efforts if they are to increase international applications and admits



Responses from U.S. Graduate Schools and Graduate Deans

- 75% of U.S. graduate schools enhanced outreach to international students since 9/11
- Outreach activities: call centers, enhanced use of electronic applications, international student academic counselors
- 58% of U.S. graduate schools report international exchange partnerships

Source: CGS, "Findings from the U.S. Graduate Schools on International Graduate Student Admissions Trends"; CGS Press Releases, September 2, 2004 and November 5, 2004.



Part II: International Collaborations at U.S. Graduate Institutions The 2007 and 2008 Phase II surveys also asked institutions to report

- 1. Types of international collaborations, especially joint and dual degree programs
- 2. Definitions used for these programs
- 3. Partner countries
- 4. Plans for establishing new programs within the next two years



Results: Interest and Engagement in International Joint & Dual Degrees is Growing

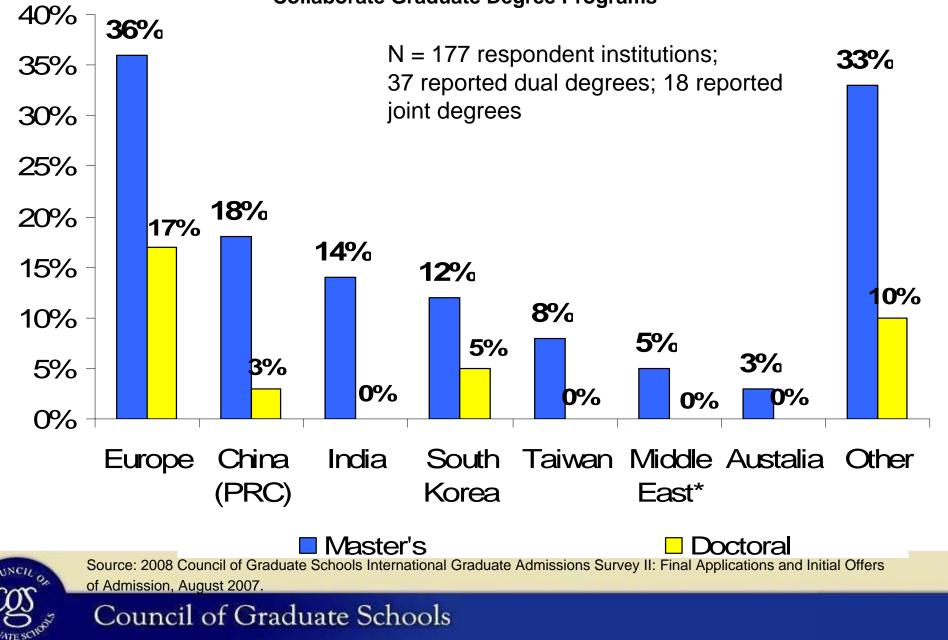
	Degree Type	2007*	2008**	Change (%)
Established Programs with International Universities	Dual/Double Degree Programs	32%	51%	+19
	Joint Degree Programs	3%	14%	+11
Plans to Establish New Programs with International Universities	Dual/Double Degree Programs	3%	33%	+30
	Joint Degree Programs	9%	11%	+2

Data represents largest 50 institutions with respect to international student enrollment. For data on largest 10, 25, 50, and all universities, see *source, Council of Graduate Schools, 2007 Graduate Admissions Survey II: Final Applications and Initial Offers of Admissions. August 2007 and **source: Council of Graduate Schools, 2008 Graduate Admissions Survey II: Final Applications and Initial Offers of Admissions.

August 2008. www.cgsnet.org



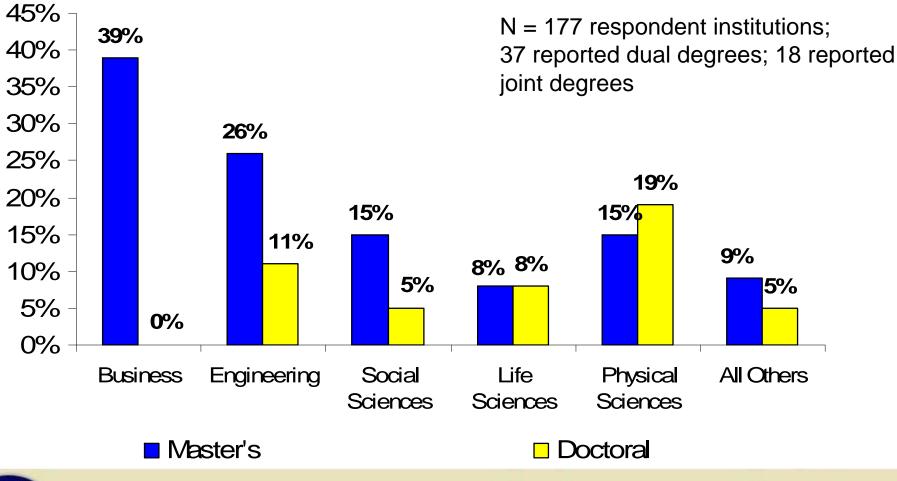
The Majority of Collaborative Graduate Degree Programs are Master's Level Established With Universities in Europe, China, and India Countries/Regions of International Universities With Which U.S. Graduate Schools Have Established Collaborate Graduate Degree Programs



Collaborative Degree Programs Have Been Established in a Variety of STEM Fields, Though Business is the Most

Common

Fields of Study in Which U.S. Graduate Schools Have Offered Collaborative Master's and Doctoral Degree Programs With International Universities



Source: 2008 Council of Graduate Schools Graduate Admissions Survey II: Final Applications and Initial Offers of Admission.

CGS Response: Graduate International Collaborations Project

- NSF grant-funded project to identify policies and practices that foster, or inhibit, successful international collaborations in graduate education, including research and formal (e.g. joint and dual) degree collaborations.
- Activities:
 - Focus Group Research
 - Survey (valid responses from <u>43</u> institutions, reported on <u>168</u> programs)
 - Workshops and Meetings
 - White Paper and Publication



Topics Covered by Survey on Joint and Dual Degrees

- Selection of international partners
- Motivations and perceived benefits
- Accreditation and approval processes
- Typical sources of funding
- Student and faculty mobility
- Challenges and concerns
- Role of Graduate Dean in overcoming challenges



How are partners typically chosen in your joint and dual degree programs?

Known contacts among faculty/existing faculty partnerships	58.1%
Existing partner through an already established program	23.3%
Strategic decision to pick a new partner	16.3%
Other	2.3% ("Approached by foreign institution")

What are the primary motivations

for your institution to partner with an international institution on joint or dual degree programs?

 $(84^{0}/_{0})$

(81%)

(77%)

(51%)

 $(44^{0}/_{0})$

(35%)

(16%)

- Attract international students
- Faculty Interest
- Strengthen Academic Research Quality
- Administrative Interest in Internationalizing the Institution (77%)
- Increase Prestige
- Increase Revenue
- Employer/Industry Demand
- Other
 - Provide International Experience for Students (N=2)
 - International Relations/Outreach (N=2)



How are Your Programs Funded?

(% = percentage of respondents)

- 1. Retention of student fees generated by the program (67.4%)
- 2. Internal university budget (60.5%)
 - International sources (partner's institution or government) (60.5%)
- State or U.S. federal government (e.g. FIPSE) (18.6%)
- 4. Employer industry funding (9.3%)
 - Private funding (e.g. foundation) (9.3%)
 - Other (9.3%)



Student Mobility

Which of the following best describes overall student mobility in your programs?

More international	64.1%
students travel to our US	
institution than vice versa	
More US students travel to international partner institution than vice versa	10.3%
Domestic & international student travel in program is about even	10.3%
N/A (program still in development)	15.4%
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Faculty Mobility

Do your faculty travel between institutions for the purpose of teaching and/or research?

Yes, typically	51.2
Yes, occasionally or in some programs	39
No	9.8



A more strategic approach to developing graduate-level programs?

- Increasing efforts to ensure that the collaboration supports the institution's strategic research interests
- Shift from a "bottom up," faculty-driven model to a cooperative effort between faculty and administration
- Increasing interest in "best practice" research to ensure successful start-up, implementation, and sustainability of programs



Upcoming data and projects

- GICP Publication including final data analysis and best practice guidelines (forthcoming January 2010)
- CGS Strategic Leaders Global Summit, an international meeting to explore best practice guidelines in international collaborations, will take place in December 2009 and the proceedings will be published in Spring 2010.



Further Sources on CGS International Projects

- CGS homepage, International Research: http://www.cgsnet.org/Default.aspx?tabid=172
- CGS Publications:
 - o Graduate Study in the US: A Guide for Prospective International Students (2007)
 - o Global Perspectives on Graduate Education (2008)
 - o Global Perspectives on Research Ethics and Scholarly Integrity (2009)
- GICP contacts:

Daniel Denecke, <u>ddenecke@cgs.nche.edu</u> and Julia Kent, <u>jkent@cgs.nche.edu</u>

