

### Colonoscopy Bowel Prep Instructions

Miralax®/Gatorade™

Refer to this instruction sheet for the entire week before your colonoscopy.

Colonoscopy prep instructions are extremely important for a successful colonoscopy. If you do not follow the instructions precisely, your bowels may not be ready for the procedure and you will need to repeat the procedure.

#### **Planning for Your Colonoscopy**

Please read as soon as you receive this information and check off each box to indicate that you understand each item.

muicate	that you understand each item.
	must do a bowel prep. If you have not received a bowel prep, call the scopy Call Center at (734) 936 - 9250 or toll-free at (877) 758 - 2626.
☐ Wha	is the name of your prep?
0	We recommend that you fill your prescription at least a week before your procedure.
☐ You	must have a driver with you at the procedure.
0	You must have a driver who is <b>18 years or older</b> present at check in and discharge. If you do not have a driver with you at check in, we will reschedule your appointment.
0	Your entire procedure may take 3 to 4 hours to complete. Please tell your driver that they must remain at the colonoscopy appointment during your entire visit.
0	Please leave all jewelry and personal items at home. If you bring
	jewelry to your appointment, we may have to ask you to remove it.
0	Please do not wear contact lenses.
☐ If you	ı have diabetes you must call your doctor
0	People with diabetes have special diet and medicine instructions. Call the doctor who ordered your colonoscopy for your special diet and medicine instructions.

•	schedule		
What supplies do	<b>936 - 9250</b> or toll-fr	ee ( <b>877) 758 - 2626.</b>	
<ul> <li>Obtain the followin</li> <li>Two Dulcolax® (     bisacodyl (do not)</li> <li>One bottle of Mi</li> <li>Two bottles of contents</li> </ul>	o I need to prepare g supplies at your lo bisacodyl) (laxative t ot get Dulcolax stool ralax® (8.3 ounces of lear liquid (32 ounce owerade®, or Powera	cal pharmacy: ablets – each tablet softener). r 238 grams each) s each) ( <b>not</b> red): Ga	
<b>How will I determine</b> The timeline table i	olonoscopy Prepared by colonoscopy propelow will help you do lose a highlighter or cone prep. The prep property of the prep.	ep schedule? letermine which day ircle the correct row	
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• **Do not** stop your aspirin.

Fill in the day according to the timeline table

- If you take a blood thinner, tell the doctor who ordered your colonoscopy. If you are unsure that you are taking blood thinners, please contact your doctor.
- Stop taking any iron supplements, such as ferrous sulfate or polysaccharide iron complex.

#### 3 days before your colonoscopy Day:

Fill in the day according to the timeline table

• Stop eating popcorn, corn, beans, nuts, fruits with small seeds, tomatoes and celery.

#### The day before your colonoscopy Day:

Fill in the day according to the timeline table

- No solid food from now until your procedure is done. Begin a clear liquid diet (below). Drink at least 8 glasses of water or clear liquids during the day to avoid dehydration.
- At 12 noon, take 2 Dulcolax tablets. Mix 64 ounces of liquid with 8.3 ounces Miralax and place in the refrigerator (do not add ice).
- Between 5 and 6 pm, drink one 8-ounce glass of the Miralax/Gatorade solution and continue drinking one 8 ounce glass every 15 minutes thereafter until half the mixture (32 ounces) is gone. Set a timer for every 15 minutes to keep pace.
- Stay near a toilet, as you will have diarrhea.

#### You may drink these clear liquids:

- Gatorade, Crystal Light Lemonade<sup>®</sup>, Pedialyte<sup>®</sup> or Powerade<sup>®</sup>
- Coffee or tea (black only)
- Carbonated or non-carbonated soda
- Fruit-flavored drinks
- Apple juice, white cranberry juice or white grape juice
- Jell-O (gelatin) or popsicles
- Broth

#### Do not drink these liquids:

- Alcohol
- Milk or non-dairy creamer
- Juice with pulp
- Any liquid you cannot see through
- Hard candy

Note: Nothing Red or Purple

#### The day of your colonoscopy (starting at 12 am midnight)

• No solid foods, broth or Jello.

## 5 hours before leaving home for your colonoscopy

Fill in the day according to the timeline table

- You may have to wake up early.
- Drink the final liter (32 ounces) of prep solution 5 hours before you need to leave for your procedure.
- Take your morning medications with a small amount of water 4 hours before your appointment time (unless you have been told otherwise). If you take Diabetes medications follow your doctor's instructions.

2 hours before your		
colonoscopy	Day/Time:	
		Fill in the day according to timeline table

• Stop everything by mouth, including all liquids, smoking and chewing gum.

#### Important!

If you followed **all** of the instructions, your stool will be a clear or yellow liquid and you are ready for your colonoscopy.

If your stool is formed or your preparation is not going as expected call (734) 936-9250 or toll-free (877) 758-2626. After business hours, on weekends or holidays call the paging operator at (734) 936-6267 and ask to speak with the GI doctor on call.

#### **Colon cleansing tips:**

- 1. Stay near a toilet! You will have diarrhea, which can be quite sudden. This is normal.
- 2. Try drinking the solution with a straw. It may be easier to tolerate.
- 3. Rarely, people may have nausea or vomiting with the prep. If this occurs, give yourself a 30 -minute break, rinse your mouth or brush your teeth, then continue drinking the prep solution.
- 4. You may have bowel cramps until the stool has flushed from your colon (this may take 2 to 4 hours and sometimes much longer).

Anal skin irritation or a flare of hemorrhoid inflammation may occur. If this happens, treat it with over-the-counter-remedies, such as hydrocortisone cream, baby wipes, Vaseline®, or TUCKS® pads. Avoid products containing alcohol. If

you have a prescription for hemorrhoid cream, you may use it. Do not use suppositories.

#### When should I call the call center?

If you have been ill and have had any of the following symptoms within 48 hours of your appointment, please call the call center at (734) 936-9250:

- Fever greater than 100.6
- Productive cough (where your cough is producing phlegm)
- Diarrhea
- Vomiting (not related to taking the bowel prep)
  - →Turn the page to learn about the benefits, risks and alternatives for a colonoscopy



# What are the Benefits, Risks and Alternatives for a Colonoscopy?

Before starting the procedure, a member of our team will ask you to sign an informed consent indicating that you understand the procedure, its benefits and risks, and the alternatives for a colonoscopy. Read this handout or view the video at: <a href="http://michmed.org/EXL6d">http://michmed.org/EXL6d</a> to understand your informed consent.

#### What is the purpose of a colonoscopy?

Colonoscopy is a procedure in which a doctor inserts a thin tube into the anus to look inside your rectum and colon. Colonoscopy can show irritated and swollen tissue, ulcers, polyps, and cancer.

#### What are the benefits of a colonoscopy?

Colonoscopy exams can find cancers at earlier stages, and polyps can be found and removed before they become cancerous. This greatly improves the chances for treating colorectal cancer successfully and reduces the chance that a person will die from colorectal cancer.

#### What are the risks of a colonoscopy?

A study of screening colonoscopies found that between 4 to 8 people in 10,000 have a serious complication after a colonoscopy. Serious complications include:

- Bleeding. Most cases of bleeding occur in patients who have polyps removed. The risk is higher for polyps that are larger than 2 cm.
- A tear or a hole in the colon or rectum wall (perforation).
- Infection.
- Aspiration that may lead to a lung infection (pneumonia).
- A reaction to the sedating medication, including breathing or heart problems.

Risks are higher in people taking steroids or anti-coagulation medicines, or in people that have significant underlying diseases. There is also a risk that cancer or polyps will not be detected.

#### What are the alternatives?

There are other screening tests that may detect abnormalities in the colon and rectum but colonoscopy is the only method that enables the doctor to take a sample tissue and/or remove polyps during the procedure. This reduces the need for additional tests and surgeries.

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