Step One

We admitted that we were powerless over alcohol—that our lives had become unmanageable.

—Alcoholics Anonymous (AA) (2001, p. 59)

Before beginning this exercise, please read Step One in *Twelve Steps and Twelve Traditions* (AA, 2002).

No one likes to admit defeat. Our minds rebel at the very thought that we have lost control. We are big, strong, intelligent, and capable. How can it be that we are powerless? How can it be that our lives are unmanageable? This exercise will help you to sort through your life and make some important decisions. Answer each question that applies to you as completely as you can. This is an opportunity for you to get accurate. You need to see the truth about yourself.

Let us pretend for a moment that you are the commander in a nuclear missile silo. You are in charge of a 10-megaton bomb. If you think about it, this is exactly the kind of control you want over your life. You want to be in control of your thinking, feeling, and behavior. You want to be in control all of the time, not just some of the time. If you do something by accident or do something foolishly, you might kill many people. You never want to be out of control of your behavior, not even for a second.

People who are powerless over alcohol or drugs occasionally will be under the influence of the chemical when they are doing something physically hazardous. They may be intoxicated or hungover when they are working, using dangerous equipment, or driving. More than 40,000 Americans are killed each year in alcohol-related accidents. If you have ever done anything like this, then you have been out of control. You have risked your own life and the lives of others. Surely you cannot drive better when you are intoxicated than when you are sober. Now it is time to get honest with yourself.

POWERLESSNESS

1.	Have you ever been intoxicated when you were doing something dangerous? For example, have you ever driven a car when you were using? Give five examples.
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	Did you think that you were placing your life and the lives of others in jeopardy? What were you thinking?
2.	Whose lives did you risk? Make a list of 10 people you endangered.
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How do you feel about putting all of those lives at risk?
People who are powerless occasionally will do things while intoxicated or hungover that they feel bad or guilty about later. They might act foolishly at a party, act out sexually, get angry, or say things they do not mean. Have you ever done anything while intoxicated that you felt guilty or bad about later? Make a list of five things that made you feel the most uncomfortable. Be specific about what happened.
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People who are powerless gradually will lose respect for themselves. They will have difficulty in trusting themselves. In what ways have you lost respect for yourself due to drug or alcohol use?
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People who are powerless will do things that they do not remember doing. If you drink enough or use enough drugs, you cannot remember things properly. You might have people come up to you after a party and tell you something you did that you do not remember doing. You might wake up and not know where you are. You might not remember how you got home. This is a blackout, and it is very scary. You could have done anything. Most blackouts last a few minutes, but some can go on for hours or days.

1.	Describe any blackouts you have had. Be specific about what you were doing and what happened.			
2.	How does it feel to know that you did something that you do not remember?			
3.	Think for a minute of what you could have done. You could have done anything and forgotten it.			

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others promis to be canno or hur people	ople who are powerless cannot keep promises that they make to themselves or is. They promise that they will cut down on their drinking, and they do not. They see that they will not use, and they do. They promise to be home, to be at work, at the Cub Scout meeting, or to go to school, but they do not make it. They of always do what they want to do because sometimes they are too intoxicated angover. They disappoint themselves, and they lose trust in themselves. Other is lose trust in them. They can count on themselves some of the time, but they it count on themselves all of the time.
	Did you ever promise yourself that you would cut down on your drug or alcoholuse?
\	Yes No
2. \	What happened to these promises?
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	Did you ever promise yourself that you would quit entirely? Yes No
4. \	What happened to your promise?
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5.	Did you ever make a promise to someone that you did not keep because you were intoxicated or hungover? Give a few examples.
6.	Are you reliable when you are intoxicated?
6.	Are you reliable when you are intoxicated? Yes No
Pe their think	
Pe their think	Yes No sople who are powerless have accidents. They fall down or have accidents with cars when they are intoxicated. Evidence proves that drugs profoundly affecting, coordination, and reaction time. Have you ever had an accident while intoxi-
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People who are powerless lose control of their behavior. They do things that they would not normally do when they are clean and sober. They might get into fights. They might hit or yell at people they love—a spouse, child, parent, or friend. They might say things that they do not mean.

Have you ever gotten into a fight when you were intoxicated? Describe each instance, and describe what happened.
People who are powerless say things that they do not mean. They might say sexual or angry things that they feel bad about later. They might not remember everything they said, but the other people do remember. Have you ever said something you did
not mean while intoxicated? What did you say? What did you do?
People are powerless when they have feelings that they cannot deal with. They might drink or use drugs because they feel frightened, angry, or sad. They medicate their feelings. Have you ever used drugs to cover up your feelings? Give a few examples.
What feelings do you have difficulty coping with?

People are powerless when they are not safe. List 10 reasons why you can no longer use drugs or alcohol. 2. _____ 3. _____ 7. _____ People are powerless when they know that they should do something but they cannot do it. They may make a great effort, but they just cannot seem to finish what they started out to do. 1. Could you cut down on your drug or alcohol use every time you wanted and for as long as you wanted? Yes No 2. Did being intoxicated or hungover ever keep you from doing something at home that you thought you should do? Give a few examples.

3.	Did being intoxicated or hungover ever keep you from going to work? Give a few examples.
4.	Did you ever lose a job because of your drinking or drug use? Write down exactly what happened.

People are powerless when other people have to warn them that they are in trouble. You may have felt as if you were fine, but people close to you noticed that something was wrong. It probably was difficult for them to put their finger on just what was wrong, but they were worried about you. It is difficult to confront someone when the person is wrong, so people avoid doing so until they cannot stand the behavior anymore. When addicts are confronted with their behavior, they feel annoyed and irritated. They want

to be left alone with the lies that they are telling themselves. Has anyone ever talked to you about your drinking or drug use? Who? How did you feel?
People are powerless when they do not know the truth about themselves. Addicts lie to themselves about how much they are drinking or using. They lie to themselves about how often they use. They lie to themselves about their problems, even when the problems are obvious. They blame others for their problems. Here are some common lies they tell themselves:
"I can quit anytime I want to."
"I only had a couple."
"The police were out to get me."
"I only use when I need it."
"Everybody does it."
"I was drinking, but I was not drunk."
"Anybody can get arrested for drunk driving."
"My friends will not like me if I do not use."
"I never have problems when I drink beer."
"I will not drink until after 5 o'clock."
"From now on, I would only smoke pot."
"I am going to cut down to five pills a day."
Addicts continue to lie to themselves to the very end. They hold on to their delusional thinking, and they believe that their lies are the truth. They deliberately lie to those close to them. They hide their use. They make their problems seem smaller than they actually are. They make excuses for why they are using. They refuse to see the truth.
 Have you ever lied to yourself about your chemical use? List 10 lies you told yourself.
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2.	List five ways in which you tried to convince yourself that you did not have a problem.
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3.	List five ways in which you tried to convince others that you did not have a problem.
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UNMANAGEABILITY

Imagine that you are the manager of a large corporation. You are responsible for how everything runs. If you are not a good manager, then your business will fail. You must carefully plan everything and carry out those plans well. You must be alert. You must know exactly where you are and where you are going. These are the skills you need to manage your life effectively.

Chemically dependent persons are not good managers. They keep losing control. Their plans fall through. They cannot devise and stick to things long enough to see a solution. They are lying to themselves, so they do not know where they are and they are too confused to decide where they want to go next. Their feelings are being medicated, so they cannot use their feelings to give them energy and direction for problem solving. Problems are not solved; they escalate.

You do not have to be a bad manager all of the time to be a bad manager. It is worse to be a bad manager some of the time. It is very confusing. Most chemically dependent persons have flurries of productive activity when they work too much. They work themselves to the bone, and then they let things slide. It is like being on a roller coaster. Sometimes things are in control; sometimes things are out of control. Things are up and down, and they never can predict which way things are going to be tomorrow.

People's lives are unmanageable when they have plans fall apart because they were too intoxicated or hungover to complete them. Make a list of the plans you failed to complete because of your chemical use.

opie's lives are unmanageable when they cannot manage their ilitances consistently.
List the money problems you are having.
Are any of these problems the result of your addiction? Explain how chemicals have contributed to the problems.

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	ele's lives are unmanageable when they cannot trust their own judge you ever been so intoxicated that you did not know what was	
	ou ever lie to yourself about your chemical use? Explain how your ur being unable to manage your life.	lies contrib
Have Explair	you ever made a decision while intoxicated that you were sorry .	about later'

42 THE ALCOHOLISM AND DRUG ABUSE PATIENT WORKBOOK People's lives are unmanageable if people cannot work or play normally. Addicts miss work and recreational activities because of their drug use. They make excuses, but the real reason that they missed these events was they were too intoxicated or hungover. Have you ever missed work because you were too intoxicated or hungover? List at least five times. Have you ever missed recreational or family activities because you were too drunk or hungover? List at least five times. People's lives are unmanageable if they are in trouble with other people or society. Chemically dependent persons will break the rules to get their own way. They have problems with authority. Have you ever been in legal trouble when you were drinking or using drugs? Describe the legal problems that you have had.

Have you ever had problems with your parents because of your drinking or using drugs? Explain.
Have you ever had problems in school because of your chemical use? Explain.
People's lives are unmanageable if people cannot consistently achieve their goals. Chemically dependent people reach out for what they want, but something keeps getting in the way. It does not seem fair. They keep falling short of their goals. Finally, they give up completely. They may have had the goal of going to school, getting a better job, improving their family problems, getting in good physical condition, or going on a diet. No matter what the goals are, something keeps going wrong. Chemically dependent people always will try to blame other people, but they cannot work hard enough or long enough to reach their goals. Alcoholics and drug addicts are good starters, but they are poor finishers. List 10 goals that you had for yourself that you did not achieve due to the addiction.
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Feeling people ferent t very co	ple's lives are unmanageable if people cannot use their feelings appropriately. It is give us energy and direction for problem solving. Chemically dependent medicate their feelings with drugs or alcohol. The substance gives them a diffeeling—a chemically induced feeling. Chemically dependent people become onfused about how they feel. It feelings have you tried to cope with addictive behavior?
	at feelings are created by your drug of choice? How do you feel when you are ated or hungover?

People's lives are unmanageable if they violate their own rules, morals, and values. Chemically dependent persons compromise their values to continue using chemicals. They have the value not to lie, but they lie anyway. They have the value not to steal, but they steal anyway. They have the value to be loyal to their spouses or friends, but when they are intoxicated or hungover, they do not remain loyal. Their values and morals fall away, one by one. They end up doing things that they do not believe in. They know that they are doing the wrong thing, but they do it anyway. Did you ever lie to cover up your addictive behavior? How did you feel about yourself?
Were you ever disloyal to friends or family when using chemicals? List five times and discuss exactly what happened and how you felt about yourself.
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Did you ever steal to get your drugs? Explain what you did and how you felt about yourself later.

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Did you ever break the law when intoxicated? Exactly what did you do?
Did you ever hit or hurt someone you loved while intoxicated or hungover? Expla each time in detail.
Did you treat yourself poorly by refusing to stop drinking or using drugs? Expla how you were feeling about yourself.

Did you stop going to church? How did the make you feel about yourself?
People's lives are unmanageable when they continue to do things that give them problems. Chemicals create headaches, ulcers, nausea, vomiting, cirrhosis, and many other physical problems. Even if chemically dependent persons are aware of physical problems caused by chemicals, they keep on using anyway. Chemicals cause psychological problems. They can make people feel depressed, fearful, anxious, or overly angry. Even if addicts are aware of these symptoms, they will continue to use.
Chemicals create relationship problems. They cause family problems such as family fights and verbal and physical abuse. They cause interpersonal conflicts at work, with family, and with friends. Chemically dependent persons withdraw and become more isolated and alone. Even if they believe that the problems are caused by the alcohol or drugs, they continue to use.
Did you have any persistent physical problems that were caused by your chemical use? Describe each problem.

Did you have any persistent psychological problems, such as anger, fear, hurt, depression, that were caused by your chemical use? Describe each problem in detail. Did you have persistent interpersonal conflicts that were made worse by your chemical use? Describe each problem in detail. You must have good reasons to work toward a clean and sober lifestyle. Look over this exercise and list 10 reasons why you want to continue to remain clean and sober.

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them. Then when	these 10 things, and carry them around with you until you memorize you think about becoming involved in the addiction again repeat the lf 10 times. After completing this exercise, take a long look at yourse
1. I am powe	rless over my addiction.
Yes	No
2. When I am	involved in addictive behavior, my life becomes unmanageable.
Yes	No
I am in the	
Precont	remplation stage
Contem	aplation stage
Prepara	ation stage
Action s	stage
Mainter	nance stage