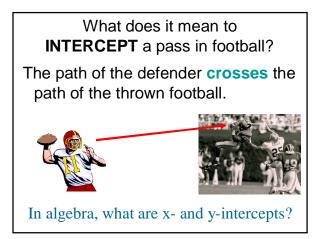
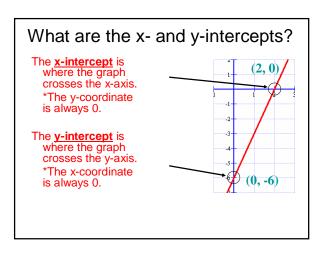
X and Y Intercepts of Linear Equations



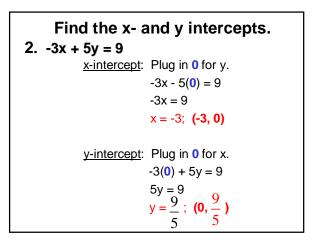
x-intercept *y*-intercept



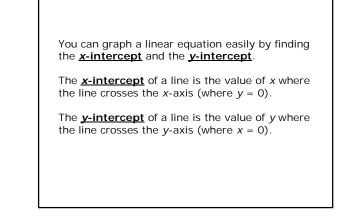


Find the x- and y intercepts.
1.
$$x - 2y = 12$$

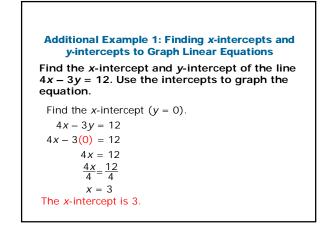
x-intercept: Plug in 0 for y.
 $x - 2(0) = 12$
 $x = 12; (12, 0)$
y-intercept: Plug in 0 for x.
 $0 - 2y = 12$
 $y = -6; (0, -6)$

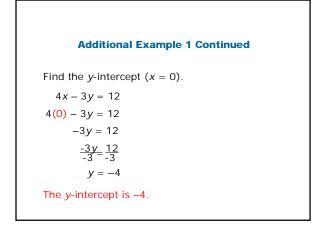


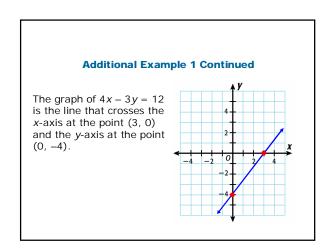
Find the x- and y-intercepts. 3. y = 7 ***Special case*** x-intercept: Plug in 0 for y. Does 0 = 7? No! There is no x-intercept. None What type of lines have no xintercept? Horizontal! Horizontal lines...y = 7...y-int = (0, 7)



(x,y) • x- Intercept = (x,0) • y- Intercept = (0,y)



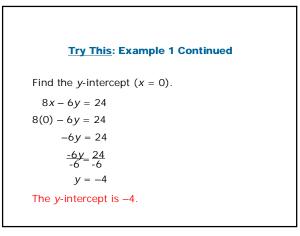


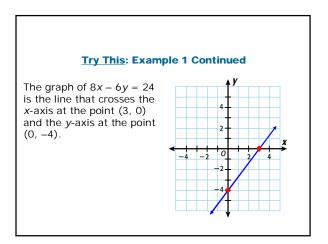


Try This: Example 1

Find the *x*-intercept and *y*-intercept of the line 8x - 6y = 24. Use the intercepts to graph the equation.

Find the x-intercept (y = 0). 8x - 6y = 24 8x - 6(0) = 24 8x = 24 $\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$ x = 3The x-intercept is 3.





What is the x-intercept of $3x - 4y = 24?$
1. (3, 0)
√ 2. (8, 0)
3. (0, -4)
4. (0, -6)

What is the y-intercept of -x + 2y = 8?
1. (-1, 0) 2. (-8, 0) 3. (0, 2) ✓4. (0, 4)

