3.5 Compound Interest Formula

Compound Interest - imagine calculating an investment for one year compounded daily. 365 Calculations!

Compound Interest Formula

$$B = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

B = Ending Balance

P = Principal

r = interest rate (as a decimal)

n = # times compounded per year

t = # of years

* derivation of the formula on pg 144

1. Jeff deposits \$2300 at 3.13% interest compounded weekly. What will be his ending balance after one year?

$$\beta = 2300 \left(1 + \frac{.0313}{52}\right)^{52.1} = 2373.11$$

2. Nancy has \$4111 in an account that pays 3.07% interest compounded monthly. What is her ending balance after two years?

3. Mr. Weinstein has a savings account with a balance of \$19,211.34. It pays 4% interest compounded daily. What is his ending balance after three years, if no other deposits or withdrawls are made? How much interest does he make over the three years?

B=19211.34
$$\left(1+\frac{.04}{765}\right)^{3.765} = {}^{2}2160.58$$

 $-\frac{19211.39}{}^{3}$
 $=\frac{39}{7}$
 $=\frac{39}{7}$

4. Danielle has a CD at Crossland Bank. She invests \$22,350 for four years at 4.55% interest, compounded monthly. What is her ending balance? How much interest did she make?

5. Imagine that you invest \$100,000 in an account that pays 9.5% annual interest compounded monthly. What will your balance be at the end of 18 years?

6. Stephanie has created a study tool to help her study compound interest. She writes the compound interest formula with letters different than the traditional representations.

$$X = M (1 + Q/K)^{KB}$$

a) If Q is increased, does the new balance increase or decrease?

b.) If K is decreased, does the new balance increase or decrease?

c.) If B is increased, does the new balance increase or decrease?

d.) Is it possible that M > X?

e.) Using Stephanie's variable representation, express the amount of interest earned on the account.

$$\frac{\chi - N}{\left(m\left(1 + \frac{Q}{K}\right)^{K\beta}\right)}$$

Annual Interest Rate (APR) - Interest rate expressed as a simple yearly interest

Annual Percentage Yield(APY)

- * higher than APR when compounded more than once per year.
- * it is an annual rate of interest that takes into account the effect of compounding.
- * APY is the simple interest rate that would be required to give the same amount of interest that the compounding gave.

Annual Percentage Yield Formula

APY =
$$(1+\frac{r}{n})^n - 1$$
 $r = APR - interest cate$

as a decimal

 $n = \# \text{ of compoundings}$
 $PY = (1+\frac{.03}{12})^{12} - 1$
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7. Ms. Santoro is opening a one-year CD for \$16,000. The interest is compounded daily. She is told by the bank representative that the annual percentage rate (APR) is 4.8%. What is the annual percentage yield (APY) for this account?

8. Kings Park Bank is advertising a special 5.08% APR for CDs. Kevin takes out a one-year CD for \$24,000. The interest is compounded daily. Find the APY for Kevin's account.

- 9. Britney invested \$4,000 in a CD at TTYL Bank that pays 3.4% interested compounded monthly.
- a.) How much will Britney have in her account at the end of one year?
- b.) What is the APY for this account?

10. How much more would \$5000 earn in ten years, compounded daily at 6%, when compared to the interest on \$5000 over ten years, at 6% compounded semiannually?

