

Mathematical Reasoning: What's the Problem with Inequalities?

Resources

Tuesdays for Teachers April 25, 2017

Bonnie Goonen – bv73008@aol.com Susan Pittman – skptvs@aol.com

Table of Contents

GEDTS® Mathematical Reasoning – High Impact Indicators	3
Symbols and Vocabulary	4
Math Translation Guide	5
Translating Words into Symbols	7
Commonly Used Words in Mathematics	8
Resources Referenced in the Presentation	q

© Copyright 2017 GED Testing Service LLC. All rights reserved. GED[®] and GED Testing Service[®] are registered trademarks of the American Council on Education (ACE). They may not be used or reproduced without the express written permission of ACE or GED Testing Service. The GED[®] and GED Testing Service[®] brands are administered by GED Testing Service LLC under license from the American Council on Education.

GEDTS® Mathematical Reasoning – High Impact Indicators

Assessment Target	Indicators	What to look for in student work. The student can
A.3 Write, manipulate, solve, and graph linear inequalities	 A.3.a Solve linear inequalities in one variable with rational number coefficients. A.3.b Identify or graph the solution to a one variable linear inequality on a number line. A.3.c Solve real-world problems involving inequalities. A.3.d Write linear inequalities in one variable to represent context. 	 solved inequalities in one variable, using the standard algorithms. solved a one-variable inequality and identified or created a graph on the number line of the solution. analyzed the relationship between quantities in a real-world problem, and then created an inequality to model the problem situation. analyzed the relationship between quantities in a real-world problem, and then solved the problem through algebraic reasoning.

Symbols and Vocabulary

Notation or Vocabulary	Definition
a > b	a is more than b
a - U	
a≥b	a is at least b
a < b	a is less than b
a≤b	a is at most b or a is no more than b
a ≠ b	a is not equal to b
∞	Symbol for positive infinity - an abstract concept describing something without any bound or larger than any number.
Boundary point	A solution that makes the inequality true
Coefficient	4a > b – the number associated with the variable
Inclusive	$a \le 6$ – includes the number and is indicated on the number line with a closed circle
Exclusive	A < 6 – excludes the number and is indicated on the number line with an open circle
Solution Set	The range of values that make the inequality true

Math Translation Guide

The chart below gives you some of the terms that come up in a lot of word problems. Use them in order to translate or "set-up" word problems into equations.

English	Math	Example	Translation
What, a number	x, n, etc.	Three more than a number is 8.	n+ 3 = 8
Equivalent,	=	Danny is 16 years old.	d = 16
equals, is, was, has, costs		A CD costs 15 dollars.	c = 15
Is greater than	>	Jenny has more money than Ben.	j > b
Is less than	<	Ashley's age is less than Nick's.	a < n
At least, minimum	≥	There are at least 30 questions on	<i>t</i> ≥ 30
At most, maximum	≤	the test.	
		Sam can invite a maximum of 15 people to his party.	s ≤ 15
More, more than,	+	Kecia has 2 more video games	k = j + 2
greater, than,		than John.	k + j = 11
added to, total, sum, increased		Kecia and John have a total of 11 video games.	
by, together		video games.	
Less than, smaller	-	Jason has 3 fewer CDs than	j = c - 3
than, decreased		Carson.	j-b=75
by, difference, fewer		The difference between Jenny's and Ben's savings is \$75.	
Of, times, product	Х	Emma has twice as many books	e = 2 x j
of, twice, double,		as Justin.	or
triple, half of,			e = 2j
quarter of		luction had balf as many hadrons	i = 0 × 1/
		Justin has half as many books as Emma.	$j = c \times \frac{1}{2}$ or
		Emma.	j = e/2
Divided by, per,		Sophia has \$1 for every \$2 Daniel	s = d 2
for, out of, ratio of	,	has.	or
to		The matic of Denis P	s = d/2
		The ratio of Daniel's savings to Sophia's savings is 2 to 1.	d/s = 2/1
		Suprila s savirigs is 2 to 1.	U/S - Z/ I

Example 1

Jennifer has 10 fewer DVDs than Brad.

Step 1: j (has) = b (fewer) – 10 Remember, the word "has" is an equal sign and the word "fewer" is a minus sign, so: Step 2: j = b - 10

Example 1

Clay got 1- fewer votes than Kimberly. Reuben got three times as many votes as Clay. The three contestants received a total of 90 votes. Write an equation in one variable that can be used to solve for the number of votes Kimberly received.

Step 1: Pick which unknown will be represented by the variable. Since you're solving for Kimberly, let *k* be the number of votes Kimberly received.

Step 2: Represent the other two unknowns in terms of k. Clay got 10 fewer votes so it's k - 10 and Reuben got three times that so it's 3(k - 10).

Step 3: Set up the equation using all of the expressions to equal 90.

$$k + (k - 10) + 3(k - 10) = 90$$

Example 2

A school is having a special even to honor successful alumni. The event will cost \$500, plus an additional \$85 for each alum who is honored. Write an equation that best represents the number of alumni that can be honored.

Step 1: The amount the school can spend is equal to or less than 1,000, so it's $\le 1,000$

Step 2: The event has a fixed cost of \$500 and a variable of \$85 per alum so it's 500 + 85a.

Step 3: The equation then becomes $500 + 85a \le 1,000$.

Example 3

A computer repair company charges \$50 for a service call plus \$25 for each hour of work. Write an equation that represents the relationship between the bill, *b*, for a service call, and the number of hours spent on the call, *h*.

Step 1: Some questions include a situation where there is more than one cost. One of them is fixed and one is variable. First identify the sum of the fixed and variable costs so *b* equals the total.

Step 2: Next, identify the fixed cost of 50 and the variable cost of 25*h* (25 x the number of hours).

Step 3: The equation then becomes 50 + 25h = b.

Translating Words into Symbols

The sum of a number n and 5	n + 5
4 more than a number n	4 + n
13 less than a number n	n – 13
A number n subtracted from 5	5 – n
A number n increased by 8	n + 8
A number n decreased by 8	n – 8
Twice the number n	2n
The sum of 4 times a number n and 7	4n + 7
The product of n and m	nm
A number n divided by 5	n/5
The sum of p and q less the sum of n and m	(p+q)-(n+m)
9 divided by the number n	9/n
The quotient of a number n and 6	n/6
The ratio of two numbers n and m	n/m
Miles per hour	miles/hour
10% of a number n	0.10n
The sum of x and y is 6	x + y = 6
The sum of x and y is 3 more than twice the product	x + y = 3 + 2xy
The square of a number n	n ²
The square root of a number n	\sqrt{n}
The absolute value of a number n	n
The absolute value of the difference between x and y	x - y

Commonly Used Words in Mathematics

sum	The result of adding numbers	
difference	The result of subtracting numbers	
terms	Quantities that are added or subtracted	
	In the expression $2x + 3 - 5y$, there are three terms: $2x$, 3 , and $5y$.	
product	The result of multiplying numbers	
factors	Quantities that are multiplied	
	In the expression $3m(a + b)$, there are two factors: $3m$ and $(a + b)$.	
factor	The word factor is used in a few different ways including the example above.	
	"n is a factor of a number" means n divides exactly into the number.	
	"To factor" means to write a number as the product of its factors.	
multiple of n	A number that is exactly divisible by n	
quotient	The result of dividing two numbers	
	In the division $x \div y = z$, x is the dividend, y is the divisor, and z is the quotient.	
ratio	The quotient of two numbers	
	The ratio of a to b is a/b.	
natural numbers	The set of numbers used for counting: $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5,\}$	
whole numbers	The natural numbers and zero: $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4,\}$	
integers	The set: {,-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3,}	
rational numbers	The set of all numbers which can be represented as a fraction using integers	
irrational numbers	The set of numbers with non-repeating, non-terminating decimals	
real numbers	The set of rational and irrational numbers	
variable	A symbol (usually a letter) which stands for a number	
variable	11 Symbol (Gottal) a letter) when states for a named	
literal part of a term	Non-numerical part of a term (for example, in the term 3xy, xy is the literal part of the term and 3 is called the coefficient)	

Resources Referenced in the Presentation

The following are the titles and urls of the websites and resources referenced in the presentation. They are listed in the order that they appeared.

Videos

How to Graph Inequalities for Middle School: Fractions & Other Math Tips

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PTDN-ApjzsM

How to Solve Inequalities

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wYEYeFGxHkI&t=57s

One-Variable Inequalities – Khan Academy

https://www.khanacademy.org/math/algebra/one-variable-linear-inequalities

Virtual Nerds: What is an Inequality? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wcBwdz-ZBaM

Math is Fun – Solving Inequalities

http://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/inequality-solving.html

Very Basics of Graphing Inequalities (on a number line)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nif2PKA9bXA

Solving and Graphing Inequalities (Excellent!)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE2qWIyjKD0

Math Dude Unit 1-4 -Solving Inequalities

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hhewFQ K0w

Lesson Plans

Solving Linear Inequalities – Event Planning

www.floridaipdae.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=resources.GEDAHS&cagiid=35103C4421814CCD CF2BF60B532270EE0718F330D6DCACE4E33EFA989573B6E6

Florida IPDAE – GED and AHS Lessons

Beginning Algebra – Lessons 14-15

http://www.floridaipdae.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=resources.GEDAHS&cagiid=DA077C783C76A85D93EE670F44851D4C70E44B31245B6D1B60A314A7FABD6FAE

Inequalities in the Real-World

https://betterlesson.com/lesson/592219/inequalities-in-the-real-world

Inequalities - Solving and Graphing

http://alex.state.al.us/lesson_view.php?id=29038

Number Line Maker

Graph Inequality on Number Line

http://www.mathwarehouse.com/number-lines/graph-inequality-on-number-line.php

Number Line Maker

http://www.mathwarehouse.com/number-lines/number-line-maker.php

Solving Inequalities Cool Math – Inequalities

http://www.coolmath.com/algebra/07-solving-inequalities

Stay in Touch

GED Testing Service[®]

www.GEDtestingservice.com

Twitter at @GEDTesting®

https://twitter.com/gedtesting

GED[®] Facebook

https://www.facebook.com/GEDTesting

YouTube Channel

http://www.youtube.com/gedtestingservice