**VERBAL REASONING**

**PRACTICE TEST**

**PRACTICE QUESTIONS**

The front page of this booklet provides practice examples to show you what the questions on the real test are like. Your test administrator or teacher will now take you through these.

**Practice Example 1**

*Which of the following is most similar in meaning to* ***sad:***

 **A**: happy

 **B**: tears

 **C**: unhappy

 **D**: cry

 **E**: None of these

*Please fill in your answer on the answer sheet provided.*

**Practice Example 2**

***SMELL*** is to ***NOSE***, as ***SOUND*** is to***:***

 **A**: ear **B**: eye **C**: music **D**: trumpet **E**: None of these

*Please fill in your answer on the answer sheet provided.*

**Practice Example 3**

***Find the two statements that together prove:***

***Kelly has brown hair***

 **1**: Kelly has long hair.

 **2**: Rachael has brown hair.

 **3**: Rachael is ten years old.

 **4**: Kelly’s hair is the same colour as Rachael’s.

 **5**: Rachael has short hair.

**A:** 1 & 2 **B:** 2 & 4 **C:** 1 & 5 **D:** 2 & 3 **E:** 1 & 4

*Please fill in your answer on the answer sheet provided.*

When you are told to begin you will have **30 minutes** to do as many questions as you can. If you don’t know the answer to a question, make a guess or come back to it later. You don’t lose marks if you get something wrong. It may be difficult to finish all the questions in the time allowed, so don’t spend too long on any one question. Try to answer as many questions as you can. If you change your mind about an answer, please erase your original answer using an eraser and colour your new answer in on the answer sheet.

**PLEASE DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.**

Which of the following is most similar in meaning to ***particular:***

**A**: special **B**: simple **C**: careful **D**: specific **E**: obvious

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **vigilant precise**

 **meticulous particular**

***Which of the following options could not be in the box?***

**A:** careful **B:** thorough **C:** detailed **D:** perfectionistic **E:** hasty

**In a foreign language**

**MISD KUMP GOTH means MERRY CHRISTMAS DAD.**

**GOTH WUIM FREK KUMP means DAD IS MERRY TODAY.**

**KOMP WUIM FREK KUMP means MUM IS MERRY TODAY.**

***Which word means CHRISTMAS?***

**A**: MISD **B**: GOTH **C:** KUMP **D**: WUIM **E**: FREK

**Find the two statements that together prove:**

***Sandy is a country music singer.***

**1**: Sandy sings in a band.

**2**: Sandy likes country music the best.

**3:** Difficult music such as country and classical require a strongly trained voice.

**4**: Sandy’s band plays country songs.

**5**: Sandy has attended singing lessons for many years.

**A:** 1 & 3 **B:** 2 & 5 **C:** 3 & 5 **D:** 1 & 4 **E:** 3 & 4

***AIRCRAFT*** is to ***TRANSPORT*** as ***NEWSPAPER*** is to:

**A:** typing **B:** publishing **C:** editor **D:** newsroom **E:** media

Jordan’s cat is bigger than Amy’s cat, but is smaller than Jenna’s cat. Fiona’s cat is the same size as Wendy’s cat, which is bigger than Amy’s cat, but smaller than Jordan’s.

**If bigger cats are faster, but smaller cats are more obedient, which of the following lists the fastest and most obedient cat?**

**A:** Fiona & Jenna **B:** Amy & Jordan **C:** Wendy & Jenna **D:** Jenna & Amy  **E:** None

**In ancient Egypt, pyramid workers would say “gengro yatju” when wishing other pyramid workers “good building”. Upon the pyramid workers’ return, the children would ask “Ern yatju gengro?”, which meant “Was building good”? The pyramid workers would either reply “Ern gengro” (“was good building”) or “Ern gangro yatju!”**

***If gangro symbolises the opposite of gengro, what does “Ern gangro yatju” mean?***

**A**: was bad building **B**: was hard building **C**: was fun building

**D**: was cold building **E**: was happy building

Which of the following words has a similar meaning to ***outgoing:***

**A**: extraverted **B**: contained **C**: outside **D**: exit **E**: introverted

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A**: petrified **B**: fearful **C**: terrified **D**: daring **E**: scared

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **felony offense**

 **sin wrongdoing**

***Which of the following options could not go in the box?***

**A:** crime **B:** immoral **C:** misdemeanour **D:** prison **E:** misconduct

***BIRDS*** are to ***FLY*** as ***HORSE*** is to:

**A:** speed **B:** grass **C:** legs **D:** paddock **E:** trot

**Find the two statements that together prove:**

***The football player wearing a blue jersey was in the team that won the Grand Final.***

**1**: The football player on the losing side wore purple.

**2**: John is a football player and he wears a red jersey.

**3:** John and his team were runners up in the Grand Final.

**4**: A football player in a blue jersey beat John’s team in the Grand Final.

**5**: John’s shorts are also white.

**A:** 1 & 3 **B:** 3 & 4 **C:** 2 & 4 **D:** 3 & 5 **E:** 1 & 5

**Assume that all mils are hils, some hils are jils, and some tils are rils.**

**Therefore it makes sense that:**

**A**: all mils are jils

**B**: all hils are mils

**C:** all tils are hils

**D**: some jils are hils

**E**: some mils are hils

**Assume that some huys are knis, all jiks are suds, and some aws are huys.**

**Therefore it makes sense that:**

**A**: some knis may also be aws

**B**: all huys are knis

**C:** all jiks are aws

**D**: some suds are knis

**E**: all jiks are huys

***MOTION*** is to ***RUN*** as ***EMOTION*** is to:

**A:** furious **B:** feeling **C:** heart **D:** emotional **E:** emotive

Phil is a personal trainer. He has clients booked in for Monday through Friday next week. He is seeing Claire two days before Mary. Sam is booked in two days before Bec, who is one day after Mary and one day before Amanda. Finally, Pauline is scheduled in four days after Claire.

**If Claire is coming in on Monday, who has Phil double booked?**

**A:** Claire & Bec **B:** Bec & Sam **C:** Claire & Mary **D:** Mary & Sam

**E:** Amanda & Pauline

Five trucks travel the primary route every day. Truck A arrives back at the depot before truck C. Truck E is after truck B who is 2 after truck D and 3 after truck A. Truck D arrives before truck C but after truck A.

**Which truck is the last to arrive back at the depot?**

**A:** truck A **B:** truck B **C:** truck C **D:** truck D **E:** truck E

**Find the two statements that together prove:**

***Emily attends acrobatic classes.***

**1**: Emily’s school teaches gymnastics and acrobatics.

**2**: Laura has acrobatic lessons with Jeremy.

**3:** Emily’s friend Jeremy attends gymnastics and acrobatics classes.

**4**: Jeremy and Emily are in the same classes.

**5**: Jeremy’s sister Laura attends gymnastics classes with Emily.

**A:** 1 & 2 **B:** 2 & 3 **C:** 3 & 4 **D:** 2 & 5 **E:** 1 & 5

Which of the following is most similar in meaning to ***obtain:***

**A**: busy **B**: interrogate **C**: serious question **D**: acquittal **E**: acquire

Assume that:

All HIFS are PIFS

 Some SIFS are RIFS

All ZIFS are SIFS

All PIFS are ZIFS

***Which of the following do we know is correct?***

**A**: All ZIFS are RIFS

**B**: Some HIFS are ZIFS

**C:** All RIFS are SIFS

**D**: All HIFS are RIFS

**E**: Some ZIFS are PIFS

**Assume that some pings are lings, all hings are fings, and some tings are pings.**

**Therefore it makes sense that:**

**A**: some lings may also be tings

**B**: all pings are lings

**C:** all hings are tings

**D**: some fings are lings

**E**: all hings are pings

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A:** conventional **B:** peculiar **C:** conservative **D:** typical **E:** traditional

Which of the following words is most similar in meaning to ***perplexing:***

**A**: curious **B**: ambiguous **C**: complex **D**: incomprehensible **E**: confucious

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **feeling altruistic**

 **human volunteer**

***Which of the following options could not go in the box?***

**A:** malevolent **B:** selfless **C:** humanitarian **D:** unselfish **E:** generous

In a hospital maternity ward there are only five babies. Baby 1 is heavier, with red hair. Baby 2 is male and thin, with the same colour hair as Baby 3, who is blonde and wears a bonnet. Baby 4 is one of the three female babies and Baby 5 wears sunglasses and is heavier. All babies wear bonnets and at least one of the females wears sunglasses.

**A thin, red-haired baby wearing a bonnet is the oldest of the group. Who can it be?**

**A:** Baby 1 **B:** Baby 2 **C:** Baby 3 **D:** Baby 4 **E:** Baby 5

***FIXED*** is to ***VARIABLE*** as ***SOLID*** is to:

**A:** glass **B:** malleable **C:** hard **D:** rotate **E:** None of these

**Assume that some paks are saks, all naks are paks, and some zaks are kaks.**

**Therefore it makes sense that:**

**A**: no paks are naks

**B**: all paks are naks

**C:** some kaks are naks

**D**: some naks may be saks

**E**: all paks are kaks

Which of the following words has a similar meaning to ***terminate:***

**A**: use-by **B**: cease **C**: uncontinue **D**: maintain **E**: discount

***ALOOF*** is to ***SOCIABLE*** as ***ORDINARY*** is to:

**A:** quiet **B:** hidden **C:** splendid **D:** addition **E:** same

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **entourage associates**

 **followers supporters**

***Which of the following options could also be in the box?***

**A:** employer **B:** staff **C:** enemies **D:** competition **E:** hierarchy

Which of the following words has a similar meaning to ***pardon:***

**A**: exit **B**: leave **C**: change **D**: unfavourable **E**: exonerate

**On another planet martians would say “enb litpa penta” when saying to their animals “good animal behaviour”. When they got home from work they would ask “Ift enb penta?”, which means “was your behaviour good?”. The animals would reply either, “Ift penta enb!” (“I showed good behaviour!”) or, “Ift penta anb!”**

***If anb symbolises the opposite of enb, what does “Ift penta anb” mean?***

**A**: I showed bad behaviour **B**: I showed difficult behaviour **C**:I showed fun behaviour

**D**: I showed good behaviour **E**: I showed happy behaviour

**Assume that all kibs are bics, some bics are vics, and some tics are dups.**

**Therefore it makes sense that:**

**A**: all kibs are vics

**B**: some bics are kibs

**C:** all tics are bics

**D**: all vics are kibs

**E**: some kibs are bics

Which of the following is not similar in meaning to ***blunder:***

**A**: inaccuracy **B**: gaffe **C**: mistake **D**: error **E**: detour

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

**unarranged ad lib ad hoc impulsive**

***Which of the following options could not go in the box?***

**A:** unprepared **B:** practice **C:** impromptu **D:** spontaneous **E:** improvised

***PAEDIATRICIAN*** is to ***CHILDREN*** as ***PODIATRIST*** is to:

**A:** heart **B:** feet **C:** adult **D:** bones **E:** None of these

Which of the following words has a similar meaning to ***arrest:***

**A**: apprehend **B**: appreciate **C**: chase **D**: enforce **E**: sleep

**Five planes leave the airport at the same time. Plane B arrives at the destination before planes A & D, but after plane C. Plane E arrives before plane D but after plane A.**

***Which plane is the last to arrive at the destination?***

**A**: plane A **B**: plane B **C**: plane C **D**: plane D **E**: plane E

Which of the following words is *OPPOSITE* in meaning to ***commotion:***

**A**: bustle **B**: serene **C**: movement **D**: locomotion **E**: miniature

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **clothes garb outfit**

***Which of the following options could not go in the box?***

**A:** apparel **B:** jumper **C:** attire **D:** clothing **E:** uniform

**In ancient Rome they spoke early Roman, which is different to the words they use now. For example: *hypt juna bolla* was used in place of *today is Friday*; *juna bolla toho* means *Friday is tomorrow*, and *toho juna bolla rum* means *tomorrow is Friday and it will rain*.**

***What is the early Roman word for ‘today’?***

**A**: juna **B**: rum **C**: bolla **D**: toho **E**: hypt

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A:** needle **B:** thread **C:** wool **D:** knit **E:** thimble

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A:** cold **B:** humid **C:** mild **D:** frosty **E:** sleet

All of the words in the box below are alike in some way.

 **impersonal unfriendly**

 **unapproachable cold**

***Which of the following options could not go in the box?***

**A:** affable **B:** aloof **C:** unfeeling **D:** detached **E:** distant

***NOVICE*** is to ***EXPERIENCED*** as ***APPRENTICE*** is to:

**A:** many vices **B:** senior citizen **C:** oldie **D:** exotic **E:** veteran

Which of the following words is most similar in meaning to ***reputable:***

**A**: established **B**: build **C**: create **D**: antique **E**: fresh

***DRIVE*** is to ***LICENCE*** as ***BREATHE*** is to:

**A:** oxygen **B:** atmosphere **C:** windpipe **D:** inhale **E:** None of these

Five mothers are comparing their babies’ weights. Bert is heavier than Annie, but lighter than Judy. Sally is also heavier than Annie, but not as heavy as Bert. Rob turns out to be just a little heavier than both Bert and Judy.

**Who is the second heaviest?**

**A:** Bert **B:** Sally **C:** Annie **D:** Judy **E:** Rob

***EDUCATION*** is to ***CLASSROOM*** as ***GROCERIES*** are to:

**A:** milk **B:** fruit **C:** supermarket **D:** list **E:** None of these

Which of the following words is most similar in meaning to ***slog:***

**A**: drudgery **B**: dig **C**: machinery **D**: dread **E**: doom

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A:** misconception **B:** predicament **C:** quandary **D:** dilemma **E:** pickle

***GLASS*** is to ***IMPENETRABLE*** as ***CLAY*** is to:

**A:** deplorable **B:** malleable **C:** kiln **D:** plate **E:** None of these

Assume that:

All JUNS are TIFS

 Some UMIS are HUNS

All DAES are HYNS

All TIFS are DAES

***Which of the following is correct:***

**A**: All DAES are HUNS

**B**: Some JUNS are DAES

**C:** All HUNS are HYNS

**D**: All JUNS are HYNS

**E**: Some JUNS are DAES

Sue-Ann drives 2km east of her home to meet her friend Ellen. From here the two friends drive 5km south to meet with Brad. From this point the three friends drive 9km north, 2km west and finally 9km south where they complete their daily drive.

**Who is the closest to their home?**

**A:** Sue-Ann **B:** Ellen **C:** Sue-Ann & Ellen **D:** Brad **E:** None of these

***VOWS*** are to ***CHURCH*** as ***OATH*** is to:

**A:** crime **B:** courtroom **C:** lawyer **D:** judge **E:** None of these

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A**: adjudicate **B**: referee **C**: umpire **D**: rules **E**: judge

***HEART*** is to ***AORTA*** as ***BRAIN*** is to:

**A:** think **B:** blood **C:** vein **D:** cerebellum **E:** alveoli

Four of the following words are alike in some way.

**Which is the *odd word out*?**

**A:** murmur **B:** roar **C:** whisper **D:** masticate **E:** holler

***INTRICATE*** is to ***BASIC*** as ***POSTPONE*** is to:

**A:** stop **B:** simple **C:** continue **D:** halt **E:** larger

In an Aviary there are a certain number of birds. Four birds wear ankle bands and five wear wing tags. Of the three yellow birds in the Aviary, each bird only has either an ankle band or wing tag. Both red birds in the Aviary have wing tags.

**What is the minimum possible number of birds in the Aviary?**

**A:** 5 **B:** 6 **C:** 7 **D:** 8 **E:** 9 or more

**WELL DONE. THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST.**

**IF YOU STILL HAVE TIME LEFT, PLEASE CHECK OVER YOUR ANSWERS.**