

www.deepcreekcolonandrectalsurgery.com

Billing for a Colonoscopy (Screening, Diagnostic and after a + Cologuard)

A SCREENING Colonoscopy is a procedure performed with NO ABNORMAL SIGNS or SYMPTOMS:

- 1. A **screening** procedure is a test provided to a patient with **no signs or symptoms** with the timing based on the patient's age, medical history and family history according to recommended medical guidelines.
- "Screening" describes a colonoscopy that is routinely performed on a person with no signs or symptoms
 for the purpose of detecting the presence of colorectal cancer or polyps to diagnose or potentially removing
 them
- Medicare and most health insurance companies cover screening procedures without applying them to your deductible, co-insurance, or co-pay.
- 4. However, please know that if during the screening procedure, your doctor finds a polyp or tissue that must be removed or biopsied for pathological testing, the pathology specimens are not covered by the preventative screening benefit and will be applied to your deductible or co-insurance separately from the procedure.
- 5. **Also, for Medicare**, if during the course of your screening colonoscopy a polyp or other abnormality is found and removed, it will result in the colonoscopy being converted to diagnostic. In this situation Medicare still waives the deductible but not the co-insurance.

A DIAGNOSTIC Colonoscopy is a procedure performed as a result of ANY ABNORMAL SIGN or SYMPTOM:

- 1. If you were seen in the office before the procedure for any sign or symptom such as a change in bowel habits, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, rectal bleeding, anemia, abnormal imaging or other symptom that led to the colonoscopy being scheduled, the procedure is a DIAGNOSTIC Colonoscopy.
- Medicare and most health insurance companies do not waive the deductible or co-insurance when the procedure is a diagnostic colonoscopy.
- 3. Positive (+) COLOGUARD TEST: If you are having your colonoscopy as the result of a positive Cologuard test, be aware the colonoscopy is considered a diagnostic procedure. The Cologuard test was the covered Colorectal Screening Test for a patient. A positive Cologuard is considered an abnormal study so the subsequent colonoscopy is diagnostic and will be applied to your deductible and coinsurance.
- 4. Please note that you may ultimately receive three or four bills for your diagnostic procedure: **Physician Services:** for the Physician fee, **Facility Fee:** from the hospital; **Anesthesia:** from the Anesthesiology provider, and **Pathology Lab** (WVU): if biopsies or specimens are taken.

WE RECOMMEND YOU CALL YOUR INSURANCE COMPANY TO CONFIRM ANTICIPATED CHARGES AND STATUS OF DEDUCTIBLE. CO-INSURANCE OR CO-PAYS