Pediatric Preventive Care 2022



prevention and health promotion for infants, children, adolescents, and their families™

American Academy of Pediatrics

DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

Coding for Pediatric Preventive Care, 2022

This resource contains comprehensive listings of codes that may not be used by your practice on a regular basis. We recommend that you identify the codes most relevant to your practice and include those on your encounter form or billing sheet.

Following are the *Current Procedural Terminology* (*CPT**), Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II, and *International Classification of Diseases*, *10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (*ICD-10-CM*) codes most commonly reported by pediatricians in providing preventive care services. The pediatrician, not the staff, is ultimately responsible for the appropriate codes to report.

SYMBOL DESCRIPTION

- A bullet at the beginning of a code means it is a new code for the current year.
- + A plus sign means the code is an add-on code.
- A lightning bolt indicates that a vaccine product code was approved, but the vaccine product is still pending FDA approval.

The recommendations in this publication do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate.

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Printed in the United States of America

Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) 5-digit codes, nomenclature, and other data are copyright 2021 American Medical Association (AMA). All rights reserved. No fee schedules, basic units, relative values, or related listings are included in CPT. The AMA assumes no liability for the data contained herein.

The Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics "Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care," also known as the "periodicity schedule," is a schedule of screenings and assessments recommended at each well-child visit from infancy through adolescence. The following services and codes coincide with this schedule. For more details on the periodicity schedule, see https://www.aap.org/en/practice-management/care-delivery-approaches/periodicity-schedule/.

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICE CODES

Services included under these codes include measurements (eg, length/height, head circumference, weight, body mass index, blood pressure) and age- and gender-appropriate examination and history (initial or interval).

- ▶ Preventive medicine service codes are not time-based; therefore, time spent during the visit is not relevant in selecting the appropriate preventive medicine service code.
- ▶ If an illness or abnormality is discovered, or a preexisting problem is addressed, in the process of performing the preventive medicine service, and if the illness, abnormality, or problem *is significant enough to require additional work* to perform the components of a problem-oriented evaluation and management (E/M) service (ie, using medical decision making or time spent), the appropriate office or other outpatient service code (99202–99215) should be reported in addition to the preventive medicine service code. Append modifier 25 to the office or other outpatient service code (eg, 99392 and 99213 25).
- ▶ An *insignificant or trivial illness*, abnormality, or problem encountered in the process of performing the preventive medicine service should not be separately reported.
- ► The comprehensive nature of the preventive medicine service codes reflects an age- and gender-appropriate history and physical examination and is not synonymous with the comprehensive examination required for some other E/M codes (eg, 99204, 99205, 99215).
- ▶ Immunization products and administration and ancillary studies involving laboratory, radiology, or other procedures, or screening tests (eg, vision, developmental, hearing) identified with a specific *CPT* code, are reported and paid for separately from the preventive medicine service code.
- ► For more information on coding during the COVID-19 pandemic (including telemedicine and telehealth), refer to the AAP's coding site (www.aap.org/coding) and its page dedicated to this coding.

Preventive Medicine Services: New Patients

- ▶ Initial comprehensive preventive medicine E/M of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.
- A *new patient* is defined as one who has not received any professional face-to-face services rendered by physicians and other qualified health care professionals (QHPs) who may report E/M services and reported by a specific *CPT* code(s) from a physician/other QHP, or another physician/other QHP of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years.

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes		
99381	Infant (younger than 1 year)	Z00.110	Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old or	
		Z00.111	Health supervision for newborn 8 to 28 days old or	
		Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings or	
		Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings	
99382	Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	Z00.121		
99383	Late childhood (age 5-11 years)	Z00.129		
99384	Adolescent (age 12-17 years)			
99385	18 years or older	Z00.00	General adult medical exam without abnormal findings	
		Z00.01	General adult medical exam with abnormal findings	

Preventive Medicine Services: Established Patients

Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.

CPT Codes	ICD-10-CM Codes	
99391 Infant (younger than 1 year)	Z00.110 Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old or	
	Z00.111 Health supervision for newborn 8 to 28 days old or	
	Z00.121 Routine child health exam with abnormal findings or	
	Z00.129 Routine child health exam without abnormal findings	
99392 Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	Z00.121	
99393 Late childhood (age 5-11 years)	Z00.129	
99394 Adolescent (age 12–17 years)		
99395 18 years or older	Z00.00 General adult medical exam without abnormal findings	
	Z00.01 General adult medical exam with abnormal findings	

Preventive Medicine Services: With And Without Abnormal Findings

The use of an *ICD-10-CM* code for *with abnormal findings* (eg, **Z00.121**) does not mean that an additional E/M service must or can be used. Abnormal findings can be trivial or incidental issues that do not require additional work, but the condition is still documented or listed as contributory. Examples of abnormal findings include abnormal screening results, new acute problem, or unstable or worsening chronic condition.

A stable chronic condition (whether addressed or not) would *not* warrant the use of an abnormal findings code. You can link an abnormal findings *ICD-10-CM* code to a screening if the screen is normal; the abnormality will be identified with the appropriate *ICD-10-CM* code so the payer will be aware.

COUNSELING, RISK FACTOR REDUCTION, AND BEHAVIOR CHANGE INTERVENTION CODES

- ▶ Used to report services provided for the purpose of promoting health and preventing illness or injury.
- ► They are distinct from other E/M services that may be reported separately when performed. However, one exception is you cannot report counseling codes (99401–99404) in addition to preventive medicine service codes (99381–99385 and 99391–99395).
- ▶ Counseling will vary with age and address such issues as family dynamics, diet and exercise, sexual practices, injury prevention, dental health, and diagnostic or laboratory test results available at the time of the encounter.
- ➤ Codes are time-based, where the appropriate code is selected according to the approximate time spent providing the service. Codes may be reported when the midpoint for that time has passed. For example, once 8 minutes are documented, one may report **99401**.
- ► Extent of counseling or risk factor reduction intervention must be documented in the patient chart to qualify the service based on time.
- Counseling or interventions are used for persons without a specific illness for which the counseling might otherwise be used as part of treatment.
- ► Cannot be reported with patients who have symptoms or established illness.
- ► For counseling individual patients with symptoms or established illness, report an office or other outpatient service code (99202–99215) instead.
- ➤ For counseling groups of patients with symptoms or established illness, report **99078** (physician educational services rendered to patients in a group setting) instead.

Preventive Medicine, Counseling

CPT Codes

- 99401 Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual; approximately 15 minutes
- 99402 approximately 30 minutes99403 approximately 45 minutes99404 approximately 60 minutes
- 99411 Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to individuals in a group setting; approximately 30 minutes
- **99412** approximately 60 minutes

ICD-10-CM Codes for Preventive Counseling

- ► The diagnosis codes reported for preventive counseling will vary depending on the reason for the encounter.
- ▶ Remember that the patient cannot have symptoms or established illness; therefore, the diagnosis codes reported cannot reflect symptoms or illnesses.
- ► Examples of some possible diagnosis codes include
- **Z28.3** Underimmunized status (Code also reason patient is behind, eg, **Z28.82** [caregiver refusal])
- **Z71.3** Dietary surveillance and counseling
- **Z71.82** Exercise counseling
- **Z71.84** Encounter for health counseling related to travel
- **271.85** Encounter for immunization safety counseling (Code also if vaccine is not carried out [eg, **Z28.82**])
- **Z71.89** Other specified counseling
- **Z71.9** Counseling, unspecified

Behavior Change Interventions, Individual

- ► Used only when counseling a patient (not parent) on smoking cessation (99406, 99407).
- ▶ If counseling a patient's parent or guardian on smoking cessation, do not report these codes (99406, 99407) under the patient; instead, refer

to preventive medicine counseling codes (**99401–99404**) if the patient is not currently experiencing adverse effects (eg, illness), or include under the problem-related E/M service if patient is present for a sick visit (**99202–99215**).

► Codes **99406–99409** may be reported in addition to the preventive medicine service codes.

CPT Codes

- Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling visit; intermediate, greater than 3 minutes up to 10 minutes
 intensive, greater than 10 minutes
 Alcohol or substance (other than tobacco) abuse structured screening (eg, Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test [AUDIT], Drug Abuse Screening Test [DAST]) and brief intervention (SBI) services; 15 to 30 minutes
- **99409** greater than 30 minutes

ICD-10-CM Codes for Risk Factor Reduction and Behavior Change Interventions

F10.10	Alcohol abuse, uncomplicated
F11.10	Opioid abuse, uncomplicated
F12.10	Cannabis abuse, uncomplicated
F13.10	Sedative, hypnotic or anxiolytic abuse, uncomplicated
F13.90	Sedative, hypnotic, or anxiolytic use, unspecified, uncomplicated
F15.90	Other stimulant use, unspecified, uncomplicated
F16.90	Hallucinogen use, unspecified, uncomplicated
F17.290	Nicotine dependence, other tobacco products (<i>Includes</i> Electronic nicotine delivery systems [ENDS]/vaping products)
Z71.41	Alcohol abuse counseling and surveillance of alcoholic
Z71.51	Drug abuse counseling and surveillance of drug abuser
Z71.6	Tobacco abuse counseling
Z87.891	Personal history of nicotine dependence
Z91.89	Other specified personal risk factors, presenting as hazards to health not elsewhere classified

OTHER PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES

Oral Health

CPT Code

99188 Application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional

Refer to page 15 for the definition of QHP.

ICD-10-CM Codes

Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings
Z 00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings
Z29.3	Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration
Z91.841	Risk for dental caries, low
Z91.842	Risk for dental caries, moderate
Z91.843	Risk for dental caries, high
Z 91.849	Unspecified risk for dental caries

Pelvic Examination

- ▶ Preventive medicine service codes (99381–99385 and 99391–99395) include a pelvic examination as part of the age- and gender-appropriate examination.
- ▶ If the patient is having a problem, the physician can report an office or other outpatient E/M service code (99212–99215) for the visit and attach modifier 25, which identifies that the problem-oriented pelvic visit is a separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same date of service.
- ▶ Link the appropriate *ICD-10-CM* code for the well-child or well-adult examination with abnormal findings (**Z00.121** or **Z00.01**) to the preventive medicine service code, but link a different diagnosis code (eg, **N89.8** [vaginal discharge], **N94.4** [primary dysmenorrhea]) to the office or other outpatient E/M service code (eg, **99212**).
- ► Anticipatory or periodic contraceptive management is not a "problem" and is therefore included in the preventive medicine service code; however, if contraception creates a problem (eg, breakthrough bleeding, vomiting), the service can be reported separately with an office or other outpatient service code.

ICD-10-C	M Codes
Z01.411	Gynecological exam with abnormal findings
Z01.419	Gynecological exam without abnormal findings
Z11.51	Screening for human papillomavirus (HPV)
Z12.72	Screening for malignant neoplasm of vagina
Z30.011	Initial prescription of contraceptive pills
Z30.012	Prescription of emergency contraception
Z30.013	Initial prescription of injectable contraceptive
Z30.014	Initial prescription of intrauterine contraceptive device (IUD)
Z30.015	Encounter for initial prescription of vaginal ring hormonal contraceptive
Z30.016	Encounter for initial prescription of transdermal patch hormonal contraceptive device
Z30.017	Encounter for initial prescription of implantable subdermal contraceptive
Z30.018	Encounter for initial prescription of other contraceptives
Z30.02	Counseling and instruction in natural family planning to avoid pregnancy
Z30.09	General counseling and advice on contraception
Z30.40	Surveillance of contraceptives, unspecified
Z30.41	Surveillance of contraceptive pills
Z30.42	Surveillance of injectable contraceptive
Z30.430	Insertion of IUD
Z30.431	Routine checking of IUD
Z30.432	Removal of IUD
Z30.433	Removal and reinsertion of IUD
Z30.44	Encounter for surveillance of vaginal ring hormonal contraceptive device
Z30.45	Encounter for surveillance of transdermal patch hormonal contraceptive device
Z30.46	Encounter for surveillance of implantable subdermal contraceptive
Z30.49	Surveillance of other contraceptives

Health Risk Assessments

CPT Codes

96160 Administration of patient-focused health risk assessment instrument (eg, health hazard appraisal) with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument

96161 Administration of caregiver-focused health risk assessment instrument (eg, depression inventory) for the benefit of the patient, with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument

NOTE: Code **96161** can be reported for a postpartum screening administered to a mother as part of a routine newborn check but billed under the baby's name. Link to *ICD-10-CM* code **Z00.121** or **Z00.129** for normal screening results during a routine well-baby examination. Do not report *ICD-10-CM* code **Z13.31** or **Z13.32** under the baby, as those are only for the maternal record. Alternatively, payers may require **G0442** (Annual alcohol misuse screening, 15 minutes) in lieu of **96160** if screening for alcohol use.

- ▶ Used to report administration of *standardized* health risk assessment instruments on the patient (**96160**) or a primary caregiver (eg, parent) on behalf of the patient (**96161**). Code **96160** would be used to report a standardized suicide risk assessment linked to *ICD-10-CM* code **Z13.39** (Encounter for screening examination for other mental health and behavioral disorders). Code **96161** requires that the questions and answers relate to the primary caregiver's health and behaviors, not the patient's. For standardized questionnaires about the family's environment (that includes the patient), report code **96160**.
- ► *CPT* defines standardization as, "Standardized instruments are validated tests that are administered and scored in a consistent or 'standard' manner consistent with their validation."
- ► A non-standardized screen or assessment is not separately reported, unless a specific payer allows.
- ▶ At the time of publication, the recommended Sudden Cardiac Arrest/Death risk assessment was not standardized, therefore no separate *CPT* code can be reported.

Unlisted Preventive Medicine Service

CPT Code

99429 Unlisted preventive medicine service

Report code **99429** only when a more specific preventive medicine service code does not exist.

SCREENING CODES

Developmental/Autism Screening and Behavioral/Social/ Emotional Screening

	CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes		
	Developmental screening,	Z13.41 Encounter for autism screening	Encounter for autism screening		
	per instrument, scoring and documentation	Z13.42	Encounter for screening for global developmental delays (milestones)		
	96127	127 Brief emotional/behavioral assessment (eg, depression inventory) with scoring and documentation, per standardized instrument	Z13.31	Encounter for screening for depression	
			Z13.39	Encounter for screening examination for other mental health and behavioral disorders	

- ▶ Used to report administration of standardized developmental/autism screening instruments (**96110**) or behavioral/social/emotional screening instruments (**96127**). See page 10 for the definition of *standardized*.
- ▶ Often reported when performed in the context of preventive medicine services but may also be reported when screening or assessment is performed with other E/M services (eg, acute illness or follow-upoffice visits).
- ► Clinical staff (eg, registered nurse) typically administers and scores the completed instrument, while the physician incorporates the interpretation component into the accompanying E/M service.
- ▶ When a standardized screening or assessment is administered along with any E/M service (eg, preventive medicine service), both services should be reported, and modifier 25 (significant, separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or other service) may need to be appended to the E/M code to show the E/M service was distinct and necessary at the same visit.
- ▶ Alternatively, some payers may require the use of code **G0444** (annual depression screening, 15 minutes) in lieu of code **96127** for the routine depression screening.
- ► For more information on reporting **96110** and **96127** instruments, refer to https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/coding_factsheet_developmentalscreeningtestingandEmotionalBehvioraassessment.pdf.

Hearing Screening

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
92551	Screening test, pure tone, air only	Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings
92552	Pure tone audiometry (threshold), air only	Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings
92567	Tympanometry (impedance testing)		

- ▶ Requires use of calibrated electronic equipment; tests using other methods (eg, whispered voice, tuning fork) are not reported separately.
- ▶ Includes testing of both ears; append modifier **52** when a test is applied to only one ear.
- ► For newborn hearing screenings for young patients, including those patients who are nonverbal or have developmental delays, other hearing assessment methods may be more appropriate.

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
92558	Evoked otoacoustic emissions, screening (qualitative measurement of distortion product or transient evoked otoacoustic emissions), automated analysis	Z00.110 Z00.111	newborn under 8 days old or
92650	Auditory evoked potentials; screening of auditory potential with broadband stimuli, automated analysis	eening of auditory potential with adband stimuli, automated	
	•	Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings
		P09.6	Abnormal findings on neonatal screening
92587	Distortion product evoked otoacoustic emissions; limited evaluation (to confirm the presence or absence of hearing disorder, 3-6 frequencies) or transient evoked otoacoustic emissions, with interpretation and report		
92588	comprehensive diagnostic evaluation, with interpretation and report		

- ▶ Codes **Z01.10** (encounter for examination of ears and hearing without abnormal findings) and **Z01.118** (encounter for examination of earsand hearing with other abnormal findings) are reported only when a patient presents for an encounter specific to ears and hearing, not for a routine well-child examination at which a hearing screening is performed.
- ▶ Failed hearing screenings will most likely result in a follow-up office visit (eg, 99212–99215). Code Z01.110 (encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screening) is reported when a specific disorder cannot be identified or when the follow-up hearing screening findings are normal. You can also report Z01.118 (encounter for examination of ears and hearing with other abnormal findings) and include the code for the abnormal findings (eg, R94.120 [abnormal auditory function study]).

Vision Screening

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes		
99173	3 Screening test of visual acuity quantitative, bilateral	Z01.020	Encounter for examination of eyes and vision following failed vision screening without abnormal findings	
		Z01.021	Encounter for examination of eyes and vision following failed vision screening with abnormal findings	
		Z00.121	Routine child health exam with abnormal findings	
99174	Instrument-based ocular screening (eg, photoscreening, automated-refraction), bilateral, with remote-analysis and report	Z00.129	Routine child health exam without abnormal findings	
99177	Instrument-based ocular screening (eg, photoscreening, automated-refraction), bilateral, with on-site analysis			

Z01.00 and **Z01.01** (examination of eyes and vision with and without abnormal findings) are reported only for routine examination of eyes and vision, not when a vision screening is done during a routine well-child examination.

- ➤ To report code **99173**, you must employ graduate visual acuity stimuli that allow a quantitative estimate of visual acuity (eg, Snellen chart).
- ► Codes **99174** and **99177** are reported for instrument-based ocular screening for esotropia, exotropia, anisometropia, cataracts, ptosis, hyperopia, and myopia.
- ► Code **99177** is reported in lieu of **99174** when the screening instrument provides you with immediate pass or fail results.
- ▶ When acuity (99173) or instrument-based ocular screening (eg, 99174) is measured as part of a general ophthalmologic service or an E/M service of the eye (eg, for an eye-related problem or symptom), it is considered part of the diagnostic examination of the office or other outpatient service code (99202–99215) and is not reported separately.
- ▶ Other identifiable services unrelated to the screening test provided at the same time are reported separately (eg, preventive medicine services).
- ▶ Failed vision screenings will most likely result in a follow-up office visit (eg, 99212–99215). Report the follow-up screening with Z01.020 (encounter for examination of eyes and vision following failed vision screening without abnormal findings) if normal results or Z01.021 (encounter for examination of eyes and vision following failed vision screening with abnormal findings) if abnormal results. If abnormal, link to the diagnosis code for the reason for the failure (eg, H52.1- [myopia]); when a specific disorder cannot be identified, report R94.118 (abnormal results of other function studies of eye).

IMMUNIZATIONS

Immunization Administration (IA)

Pediatric IA Codes

90460 Immunization administration (IA) through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered

+90461 each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure.)

Report **90461** in conjunction with **90460**.

- ► Component refers to all antigens in a vaccine that prevent diseases caused by 1 organism. Multivalent antigens or multiple serotypes of antigens against a single organism are considered a single component of vaccines. Combination vaccines are vaccines that contain multiple vaccine components. Conjugates or adjuvants contained in vaccines are not considered to be component parts of the vaccine, as defined previously.
- regulation, facility credentialing (when applicable), and payer policy is able to perform a professional service within his or her scope of practice and to independently report a professional service. These professionals are distinct from *clinical staff*. A *clinical staff member* is a person who works under the supervision of a physician or other QHP and who is allowed by law, regulation, facility, and payer policy to perform or assist in the performance of specified professional services but does not individually report any professional services.
- ➤ Code **90460** is used to report the first or only component in a single vaccine given during an encounter. You can report **90460** more than once during a single office encounter. Code **90461** is considered an add-on code to **90460** (hence the + symbol next to it). This means that the provider will use **90461** in addition to **90460** if more than 1 component is contained within a single vaccine administered. *CPT* codes **90460** and **90461** are reported regardless of route of administration.

- ▶ Pediatric IA codes (**90460**, **90461**) are reported only when both of the following requirements are met:
 - 1. The patient must be 18 years or younger.
 - 2. The physician or other QHP must perform face-to-face vaccine counseling associated with the administration.

NOTE: The clinical staff can do the actual administration of the vaccine.

► If *both* of these requirements are not met, report a non–age-specific IA code (90471–90474) instead.

Non-age-specific IA Codes

- ▶ Report a *CPT* code for both the administration and product and an *ICD-10-CM* code for each vaccine administered during a patient encounter.
- 90471 IA (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)

Do not report **90471** in conjunction with **90473**.

- **+90472** each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/ toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)
 - Use **90472** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473**.
- 90473 IA (includes intranasal or oral administration); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)

Do not report **90473** in conjunction with **90471**.

- **+90474** each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/ toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)
 - Use **90474** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473**.
- ▶ Codes **90471** and **90473** are used to code for the first immunization given during a single office visit. Codes **90472** and **90474** are considered *add-on* codes (hence the + symbol next to them) to **90460**, **90471**, and **90473**. This means that the provider will use **90472** or **90474** in addition to **90460**, **90471**, or **90473** if more than 1 vaccine is administered during a visit. There can be only 1 first administration during a given visit. (See vignettes 3, 4, and 5 on pages 21–23.)

- ▶ If during a single encounter for a patient 18 years or younger, a physician or other QHP only counsels on some of the vaccines, report code **90460** (and **90461** when applicable) for those counseled on and defer to codes **90472** or **90474**, as appropriate, for those that are not counseled on.
- ► The following vignettes may help illustrate the correct use of the administration codes (see pages 25–28 for a full list of vaccine product codes):

NOTE: The coding vignettes are for teaching purposes only and do not necessarily follow every payer's reporting requirements.

Vignette 1

A 2-month-old established patient presents for her checkup. The following vaccines are ordered: Pentacel (diphtheria-tetanus-acellular pertussis [DTaP], *Haemophilus influenzae* type b [Hib], inactivated poliovirus [IPV]), pneumococcal, and rotavirus. The physician counsels the parents on all of them, consent is obtained and the nurse administers them all.

How are the appropriate codes for this service selected?

Step 1: Select appropriate E/M code.

99391 Preventive medicine service, established patient, infant (age younger than 1 year)

Step 2: Select appropriate vaccine product codes.

90698 DTaP-Hib-IPV (Pentacel) product

90670 Pneumococcal product90680 Rotavirus vaccine, oral use

Step 3: Select appropriate IA codes by considering the following questions:

- ▶ Is the patient 18 years or younger?
- ▶ If the patient is younger than 18 years, did the physician or other QHP perform the face-to-face vaccine counseling, discussing the specific risks and benefits of the vaccines?

If the answer to both questions is yes, select a code from the pediatric IA code family (**90460**, **90461**). If the answer to one of the questions is no, select a code from the non–age-specific IA code family (**90471–90474**).

In this vignette, the answer to both questions is yes. Therefore, IA codes **90460** and **90461** will be reported.

Step 4: Select the appropriate *ICD-10-CM* diagnosis codes.

Diagnosis codes are used along with *CPT* codes to reflect the outcome of a visit. The *CPT* codes tell a carrier what was done, and *ICD-10-CM* codes tell a carrier why it was done.

The vaccine product *CPT* code and its corresponding IA *CPT* code are always linked to the same *ICD-10-CM* code. This is because the vaccine product and work that goes into administering that product are intended to provide prophylactic vaccination against a certain type of disease.

ICD-10-CM lists only a single code to describe an encounter in which a patient receives a vaccine. The code is **Z23**, and it is reported at any encounter when a vaccine is given, including routine well-child or adult examinations.

The diagnosis codes for the 3 vaccines and 3 IA codes used in this vignette are as follows:

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99391 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year	Z00.129
90698	DTaP-Hib-IPV (Pentacel) product	Z23
90670	Pneumococcal product	Z23
90680	Rotavirus vaccine, oral use	Z23
90460 (×3)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel, pneumococcal, rotavirus), first component	Z23
90461 (×4)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel), each additional component	Z23

Vignette 2

A 5-year-old established patient is at a physician's office for her annual well-child examination. The patient is scheduled to receive her first hepatitis A vaccine; her fifth DTaP vaccine; and the influenza vaccine. After distributing the Vaccine Information Statements and discussing the risks and benefits of immunizations with her parents, the physician administers the vaccines.

How are the appropriate codes for this service selected?

Step 1: Select appropriate E/M code.

99393 Preventive medicine service, established patient, age 5 to 11 years

Step 2: Select appropriate vaccine product codes.

90633 Hepatitis A vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage (2-dose schedule), for intramuscular use

90700 DTaP, for use in individuals younger than 7 years, for intramuscular use

90686 Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage, for IM use

Step 3: Select appropriate IA codes by considering the following questions:

- ▶ Is the patient 18 years or younger?
- ▶ If the patient is younger than 18 years, did the physician or other qualified health care professional perform the face-to-face vaccine counseling, discussing the specific risks and benefits of the vaccines?

If the answer to both questions is yes, select a code from the pediatric IA code family (**90460**, **90461**). If the answer to one of the questions is no, select a code from the non–age-specific IA code family (**90471–90474**).

In this vignette, the answer to both questions is yes. Therefore, IA codes **90460** and **90461** will be reported.

Step 4: Select the appropriate *ICD-10-CM* diagnosis codes.

Diagnosis codes are used along with *CPT* codes to reflect the outcome of a visit. The *CPT* codes tell a carrier what was done, and *ICD-10-CM* codes tell a carrier why it was done.

The vaccine product *CPT* code and its corresponding IA *CPT* code are always linked to the same *ICD-10-CM* code. This is because the vaccine product and work that goes into administering that product are intended to provide prophylactic vaccination against a certain type of disease.

ICD-10-CM lists only a single code to describe an encounter in which a patient receives a vaccine. The code is **Z23**, and it is reported at any encounter when a vaccine is given, including routine well-child or adult examinations.

The diagnosis codes for the 3 vaccines and 3 IA codes used in this vignette are as follows:

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99393 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 5–11 years	Z00.129
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	Z23
90460	Pediatric IA (hepatitis A vaccine), first component	Z23
90700	DTaP vaccine product	Z23
90460	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), first component	Z23
90461 (×2)	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), each additional component	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage	Z23
90460	Pediatric IA (influenza vaccine), first component	Z23

Alternative Coding

THEOTHER TO O		
CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99393 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 5–11 years	Z00.129
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	Z23
90700	DTaP vaccine product	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage	Z23
90460 (×3)	Pediatric IA (hepatitis A, DTaP, influenza vaccines), first component	Z23
90461 (×2)	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), second and third components	Z23

NOTE: *Most* payers do not want multiple line items of codes **90460** or **90461**; therefore, follow the alternative coding.

Rationale

Because the patient is younger than 18 years and there is physician counseling, pediatric IA codes are reported (90460 and 90461). Each vaccine administered will be reported with its own 90460 (hepatitis A, DTaP, and influenza). The only vaccine with multiple components is DTaP. Because the first component (ie, diphtheria) was counted in 90460, only the second and third components (ie, tetanus and acellular pertussis) are reported with 90461 with 2 units.

Vignette 3

A 19-year-old patient presents to the office to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dormitory). He is due for a tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis (Tdap) booster, meningococcal vaccine, and intranasal influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient on each, and the nurse administers each.

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes
99395 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 18–39 years	Z02.0
90715	Tdap product	Z23
90471	IA, first injection	Z23
90734	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine (MenACWY-D or MenACWY-CRM)	Z23
90472	IA, each additional injection	Z23
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live (LAIV4), for intranasal use	Z23
90474	IA, each additional oral or intranasal	Z23

Rationale

The patient is older than 18 years; therefore, despite physician counseling, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported. Instead, codes **90471** and **90474** must be used.

Vignette 4

A 17-year-old patient presents to the office for her annual checkup and to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dormitory). The patient is healthy and due for a Tdap booster, meningococcal vaccine, first HPV (9-valent) vaccine, and influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient only on the meningococcal and HPV vaccines, and the nurse administers each. The patient is asked to return in 4 to 6 weeks for her second HPV vaccine.

CPT Codes (First Visit Only)		ICD-10-CM Codes (First Visit Only)
99395 25	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 12–17 years	Z00.0 and Z02.0
90734	Meningococcal (MCV4) product	Z23
90651	HPV (9-valent) product	Z23
90460 (×2)	Pediatric IA (meningococcal and HPV), first component	Z23
90715	Tdap product	Z23
90472 (×2)	IA, each additional injection (Tdap)	Z23
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, preservative free, 0.5 mL dosage	Z23

Rationale

Because the physician documents counseling only for the meningococcal and HPV vaccines, code **90460** can be reported only for those vaccines because the patient meets the age criteria. For the Tdap and influenza vaccines, defer to non-pediatric IA codes (**90471**, **90472**). In this case, however, a first vaccine code is already reported with code **90460**, so the additional IA code **90472** has to be reported. While *ICD-10-CM* does not provide official ages for the "adult" *ICD-10-CM* codes (**200.00** and **200.01**) in lieu of the well-child examination codes, many payers use age 17 years as the cutoff. Refer to specific payer policy for details.

Vignette 5

A 6-month-old patient presents to the office for her routine checkup and to receive vaccines. The patient is due for DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines. During the examination, the physician finds an upper respiratory infection and fever. The physician counsels the parent on the vaccines but decides to defer for 2 weeks. The physician completes the well-baby checkup on that day.

Two weeks later, the patient returns. The patient is afebrile and asymptomatic and is seen only by the nurse. The DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines are administered.

CPT Code (First Visit)		ICD-10-CM Code (First Visit)
99391	Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year	Z00.121
	ute sick visit (eg, 99213) may be reported in addiopropriate <i>ICD-10-CM</i> code.	tion with modifier 25
CPT Codes (2 Weeks Later)		ICD-10-CM Codes (2 Weeks Later)
90700	DTaP product	Z23
90670	Pneumococcal product	Z23
90744	Hepatitis B vaccine product	Z23
90471	IA (DTaP), first vaccine	Z23
90472 (×2)	IA (pneumococcal, hepatitis B), each	Z23

Rationale

If counseling occurs outside the IA service, there is no way to report it separately. Therefore, in this vignette, there is nothing separate to report during the well-baby visit, and when the patient returns and sees only the nurse, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported; defer to codes **90471–90474**. During the preventive medicine service, when an acute illness is detected, a code from **99212–99215** can be reported if the service is significant and separately identifiable. Code **9921x** is reported with modifier **25**. When the patient returns *only for vaccines*, an E/M service is not reported. The *ICD-10-CM* code will be reported for *with abnormal findings* (**200.121**) because an abnormality was identified during the encounter.

For more information on IA codes, refer to the AAP's coding website (www.aap.org/coding) and its page dedicated to vaccine coding.

How to Code When Immunizations Are Not Administered ICD-CM-10 Codes

additional vaccine

- ► For many reasons, immunizations are not given during routine preventive medicine services. Parents may refuse vaccines or defer them, a patient may be ill at the time and it is counteractive to administer, or the patient may already have had the disease or be immune.
- ▶ Because of tracking purposes and quality measures, it is important to report non-administration as part of the *ICD-10-CM* codes. The following *ICD-10-CM* codes were created to report why a vaccine is not given:

vaccinatio	on not carried out due to
Z28.01	Acute illness
Z28.02	Chronic illness or condition
Z28.03	Immunocompromised state
Z28.04	Allergy to vaccine or component
Z28.1	Religious reasons
Z28.20	Unspecified reason
Z28.21	Patient refusal
Z28.81	Patient had disease being vaccinated against
Z28.82	Caregiver refusal
Z28.83	Vaccine was unavailable (eg, manufacturer delay)
Z28.89	Other reason

Vignette

A 1-year-old presents for his routine well-child examination. He is scheduled to receive his first measles, mumps, rubella; hepatitis A; and varicella vaccines. Because he had a documented case of varicella when he was 9 months of age, the varicella vaccine is not given.

Report the following *ICD-10-CM* codes linked to the E/M service:

Z23 Encounter for immunizationZ28.81 Vaccination not carried out due to patient having had the disease being vaccinated against

COVID-19 IA

As the public health emergency continues to evolve so does coding for the COVID-19 vaccines. Refer to the online resource for more information on reporting COVID-19 vaccines (https://www.aap.org/en/pages/2019-novel-coronavirus-covid-19-infections/covid-19-vaccine-for-children/covid-19-vaccine-administration-getting-paid/)

Tips:

- ▶ Do not charge for the product; however, you may report it if the payer wants the product code included.
- ► Each specific vaccine and dose has its own unique administration code.
- ▶ If giving a COVID-19 vaccine in addition to routine vaccines, a modifier might be required to override any payer edits.

VACCINES FOR CHILDREN PROGRAM

The rules for reporting vaccines for patients who qualify for the Vaccines for Children (VFC) program vary greatly. Some states require that the product code be submitted, while others require the IA codes. Some require the use of modifiers, while others do not. Currently, the VFC program does not recognize component-based vaccine counseling; therefore, you will not be paid for *CPT* code **90461**. The American Academy of Pediatrics continues to work on changing this so pediatric providers can be properly compensated for giving multiple-component vaccines. Also be sure to check with your individual state Medicaid plan for varying rules, including, but not limted to, being able to report code **99211** in addition to IA codes for vaccine-only encounters. Be sure to get these rules in writing.

Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines (Excludes COVID-19 vaccines - refer to link on page 24)

Product Code	Separately report the administration with codes 90460–90461 or 90471–90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	No. of Vaccine Components
90702	Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT), adsorbed when administered to younger than seven years, for IM use	SP	Diphtheria and Tetanus Toxoids Adsorbed	2
90700	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and acellular pertussis vaccine (DTaP), when administered to <7 years, for IM use	SP GSK	DAPTACEL INFANRIX	3
90696	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, and acellular pertussis vaccine and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP-IPV), when administered to children 4-6 years of age, for IM use	GSK SP	KINRIX Quadracel	4
90697	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, inactivated poliovirus vaccine, w PRP-OMP conjugate vaccine, and hepatitis B vaccine (DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB), for IM use	Merck/SP	VAXELIS	6

Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines (continued)

Product Code	Separately report the administration with codes 90460–90461 or 90471–90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	No. of Vaccine Components
90698	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, Haemophilus influenzae type b, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP-IPV/Hib), for IM use	SP	Pentacel	5
90723	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoids, acellular pertussis vaccine, Hepatitis B, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine (DTaP- Hep B- IPV), for IM use	GSK	PEDIARIX	5
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine (Hep A), pediatric/adolescent dosage, 2 dose, for IM use	GSK Merck	HAVRIX VAQTA	1
90740	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck	RECOMBIVAX HB	1
90743	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), adolescent, 2 dose, for IM use	Merck	RECOMBIVAX HB	1
90744	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), pediatric/adolescent dosage, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck GSK	RECOMBIVAX HB ENERGIX-B	1
90746	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), adult dosage, for IM use	Merck GSK	RECOMBIVAX HB ENERGIX-B	1
90747	Hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B), dialysis or immunosuppressed patient dosage, 4 dose, for IM use	GSK	ENERGIX-B	1
90647	Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine (Hib), PRP-OMP conjugate, 3 dose, for IM use	Merck	PedvaxHIB	1
90648	Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine (Hib), PRP-T conjugate, 4 dose, for IM use	SP GSK	ActHIB HIBERIX	1
90651	Human Papillomavirus vaccine types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58, nonavalent (HPV), 2 or 3 dose schedule, for IM use	Merck	GARDASIL 9	1

Product Code	Separately report the administration with codes 90460–90461 or 90471–90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	No. of Vaccine Components
90707	Measles, mumps, and rubella virus vaccine (MMR), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	M-M-R II	3
90710	Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella vaccine (MMRV), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	ProQuad	4
90619	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine, serogroups A, C, W, Y, quadrivalent, tetanus toxoid carrier (MenACWY-TT), for IM use	SP	MenQuadfi	1
90620	Meningococcal recombinant protein and outer membrane vesicle vaccine, serogroup B (MenB-4C), 2 dose schedule, for IM use	GSK	Bexsero	1
90621	Meningococcal recombinant lipoprotein vaccine, serogroup B, 2 or 3 dose schedule, for IM use	Pfizer	Trumenba	1
90734	Meningococcal conjugate vaccine, serogroups A, C, W, Y, quadrivalent, diphtheria toxoid carrier (MenACWY-D) or CRM197 carrier(MenACWY-CRM), for IM use	SP GSK	Menactra Menveo	1
90670	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine, 13 valent (PCV13), for IM use	Pfizer	PREVNAR 13	1
90732	Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine, 23-valent (PPSV23), adult or immunosuppressed patient dosage, when adminis- tered to 2 years or older, for subcutaneous or IM use	Merck	PNEUMOVAX 23	1
90713	Poliovirus vaccine (IPV), inactivated, for subcutaneous or IM use	SP	IPOL	1
90680	Rotavirus vaccine, pentavalent (RV5), 3 dose schedule, live, for oral use	Merck	RotaTeq	1
90681	Rotavirus vaccine, human, attenuated (RV1), 2 dose schedule, live, for oral use	GSK	ROTARIX	1

Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines (continued)

	Separately report the	ics (continued)		
Product	administration with codes 90460–90461			No. of Vaccine
Code	or 90471-90474.	Manufacturer	Brand	Components
90714	Tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (Td) adsorbed, preservative free, when administered to seven years or older, for IM use	MBL SP	TDVAX TENIVAC	2
90715	Tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine (Tdap), when administered to 7 years or older, for IM use	SP GSK	ADACEL BOOSTRIX	3
90716	Varicella virus vaccine (VAR), live, for subcutaneous use	Merck	VARIVAX	1
90749	Unlisted vaccine or toxoid	Please see CP7	manual.	
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (LAIV), live, intranasal use	AstraZeneca	Flumist Quad	1
90674	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (ccIIV4), derived from cell cultures, subunit, preservative and antibiotic free, 0.5 mL dosage, IM	Seqirus	Flucelvax	1
90682	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (RIV4), derived from recombinant DNA, HA protein only, preservative and antibiotic free, IM use	Seqirus	Flublok Quad	1
90685	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.25ml dose, for IM use	Seqirus GSK SP	Afluria Fluarix Fluzone Quad	1
90686	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, preservative free, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus GSK GSK SP	Afluria FLUARIX Quad FLULAVAL Fluzone Quad	1
90687	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, 0.25ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus SP	Afluria Quad Fluzone Quad	1
90688	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (IIV4), split virus, 0.5ml dosage, for IM use	Seqirus SP	Afluria Fluzone Quad	1
90756	Influenza virus vaccine, quad (ccIIV4), derived from cell cultures, subunit, antibiotic free, 0.5mL dosage, for IM use	Seqirus	Flucelvax Quad	1

Current at time of publication. Developed and maintained by the American Academy of Pediatrics. Updated periodically at https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/coding_vaccine_coding_table.pdf. For reporting purposes only. Any vaccine products still US Food and Drug Administration pending are not listed in this resource.

LABORATORY

Two different practice models surround the conducting of laboratory tests: blood is drawn in office and specimen is sent to an outside laboratory for analysis, or blood is drawn and laboratory tests are performed in the physician's practice. Never report the laboratory code for a laboratory test that the practice does not run in-house or is not financially responsible for and billed by the outside laboratory. In those cases, report only the blood draw and specimen handling, as appropriate.

Model 1: Blood is drawn in office and specimen is sent to an outside laboratory for analysis.

CPT Code

99000 Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for transfer from the physician's office to a laboratory

Venipuncture CPT Codes

36406	venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
36410	Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes (not to be used for routine venipuncture)
36415	Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
36416	Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger, heel, ear stick)

Venipuncture ICD-10-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-10-CM* codes for the well-child examination or for specific screening tests.

Model 2: Blood is drawn and laboratory tests are performed in the physician's practice.

Venipuncture CPT Codes

36406	Venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
36410	Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes (not to be used for routine venipuncture)
36415	Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
36416	Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger, heel, ear stick)

Venipuncture ICD-10-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-10-CM* codes for the well-child examination or for specific screening tests.

Anemia Screening CPT Code

85018 Blood count; hemoglobin

Anemia Screening ICD-10-CM Code

Z13.0 Encounter for screening for diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism (eg, anemia)

Bilirubin CPT Codes

82247 Bilirubin, total

88720 Bilirubin, total, transcutaneous

Bilirubin ICD-10-CM Code

Z13.228 Encounter for screening for other metabolic disorder

Dyslipidemia Screening CPT Codes

80061	Lipid panel (includes total cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein
	[HDL] cholesterol, and triglycerides)

82465 Cholesterol, serum, total

83718 Lipoprotein, direct measurement, high-density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol)

84478 Triglycerides

Dyslipidemia Screening ICD-10-CM Code

Z13.220 Encounter for screening for lipid disorders

Hepatitis B Screening CPT Codes

86704	Hepatitis B core antibody (HBcAb); total
	7 3 6 . d. d.

86705 IgM antibody

86706 Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb)

86707 Hepatitis Be antibody (HBeAb)

87340 Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique qualitative or semiquantitative hepatitis B surface antigen

(HBsAg)

Hepatitis B Screening ICD-10-CM Code

- **Z20.5** Contact with and (suspected) exposure to viral hepatitis
- **Z11.59** Encounter for screening for other viral diseases

Hepatitis C Screening CPT codes

- **86803** Hepatitis C antibody;
- **86804** Hepatitis C antibody; confirmatory test (eg, immunoblot)
- 87520 Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); hepatitis C, direct probe technique
- Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); hepatitis C, amplified probe technique, includes reverse transcription when performed

Hepatitis C Screening ICD-10-CM Code

- **Z20.5** Contact with and (suspected) exposure to viral hepatitis
- **Z11.59** Encounter for screening for other viral diseases

Lead Screening CPT Code

83655 Lead

Lead Screening ICD-10-CM Code

Z13.88 Encounter for screening for disorder due to exposure to contaminants

Newborn Metabolic Screening HCPCS Code

NOTE: See Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes section on page 34 for explanation of HCPCS codes.

Newborn metabolic screening panel, includes test kit, postage, and the laboratory tests specified by the state for inclusion in this panel (eg, galactose; hemoglobin, electrophoresis; hydroxyprogesterone, 17-D; phenylalanine [phenylketonuria (PKU)]; and thyroxine, total)

NOTE: Only report code **\$3620** if you are billing for the actual running of the laboratory test or test kit. Otherwise only report the appropriate blood collection code (eg, **36416**).

Newborn Metabolic Screening ICD-10-CM Codes

Report the diagnosis codes for the state-specific newborn screening tests conducted. Examples include

- **Z13.0** Encounter for screening for diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism (eg, anemia, sickle cell)
- **Z13.21** Encounter for screening for nutritional disorder
- **Z13.228** Encounter for screening for other metabolic disorders (eg, PKU, galactosemia)
- **Z13.29** Encounter for screening for other suspected endocrine disorder (eg, thyroid)

Papanicolaou Smear HCPCS Code

NOTE: See Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes section on page 34 for explanation of HCPCS codes.

Q0091 Screening Papanicolaou smear; obtaining, preparing, and conveyance of cervical or vaginal smear to laboratory

Papanicolaou Smear CPT Code

Collection of a cervical specimen via a pelvic examination is included in the preventive medicine service code (99381–99385 and 99391–99395).

Papanicolaou Smear ICD-10-CM Codes

- Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of cervix (excludes HPV)
- **Z12.72** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of vagina
- **Z12.79** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of other genitourinary organs
- **Z12.89** Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasms of other sites

Tuberculosis Testing (Mantoux/Purified Protein Derivative [PPD])

Administration of PPD Test

CPT Code		ICD-10-CM Code	
86580	Skin test; tuberculosis, intradermal	Z11.1	Encounter for screening for respiratory tuberculosis

NOTE: There is no separate administration code for the PPD test. Do not report one.

Reading of PPD Test

If patient returns to have a nurse read the test results, report

CPT Codes		ICD-10-CM Codes	
99211	Office or other outpatient services (negative PPD outcome)	Z11.1	Encounter for screening for respiratory tuberculosis (if test is negative)
99212- 99215	Office or outpatient services (physician service for <i>positive encounter</i>)	R76.11	Nonspecific reaction to tuberculin skin tuberculosis (if test is positive)

	(in toot in positive)
	Transmitted Infection and HIV Screening CPT Codes
86701	Antibody; HIV-1
86703	Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2; single assay
87490	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> , direct probe technique
87491	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); <i>C trachomatis</i> , amplified probe technique
87590	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> , direct probe technique
87591	Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); <i>N gonorrhoeae</i> , amplified probe technique
87810	Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; <i>C trachomatis</i>
87850	Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; <i>N gonorrhoeae</i>
Sexually	Transmitted Infection and HIV Screening ICD-10-CM Codes
Z11.3	Encounter for screening for infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission (excludes HPV and HIV)
Z11.8	Encounter for screening for other infectious and parasitic diseases (eg, chlamydia)

HEALTHCARE COMMON PROCEDURE CODING SYSTEM CODES

- ▶ The HCPCS Level II codes are procedure codes used to report services and supplies not included in the CPT nomenclature.
- ▶ Like *CPT* codes, HCPCS Level II codes are part of the standard procedure code set under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
- ▶ Certain payers may require that HCPCS codes be reported in lieu of or as a supplement to CPT codes.
- ▶ The HCPCS nomenclature contains many codes for reporting nonphysician provider patient education, which can be an integral service in the provision of pediatric preventive care.
- ► Examples of HCPCS Level II codes relevant to pediatric preventive care include

S0302	Completed Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment service (List in addition to code for appropriate E/M service.)
S0610	Annual gynecologic examination; new patient
S0612	Annual gynecologic examination; established patient
S0613	Annual gynecologic examination, clinical breast examination without pelvic examination
S0622	Routine examination for college, new or established patient (List separately in addition to appropriate E/M code.)
S9444	Parenting classes, nonphysician provider, per session
S9445	Patient education, not otherwise classified, nonphysician provider, individual, per session
S9446	Patient education, not otherwise classified, nonphysician provider, group, per session
S9447	Infant safety (including cardiopulmonary resuscitation) classes, nonphysician provider, per session
S9451	Exercise classes, nonphysician provider, per session
S9452	Nutrition classes, nonphysician provider, per session
S9454	Stress management classes, nonphysician provider, per session

Commonly Reported ICD-10-CM Codes for Pediatric Preventive Services

<i>ICD-10-CM</i> Code	Descriptor	Special Coding Conventions		
Encounter a	Encounter and Examination Codes			
Z00.110	Newborn check under 8 days old	Outpatient codes only		
Z 00.111	Newborn check 8 to 28 days old	Outpatient codes only		
Z00.121	Routine child health examination with abnormal findings	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only.		
Z00.129	without abnormal findings			
Z00.00	General adult medical examination without abnormal findings	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only.		
Z00.01	with abnormal findings	Typically used for patients 18 years and older (payer policy).		
Z02.0	Examination for admission to educational institution	Not required in addition to a Z00 code		
Z02.4	Examination for driving license			
Z02.5	Examination for participation in sport			
Z01.110	Hearing examination following failed hearing screening	First-listed ICD-10-CM code only. Do not report as a secondary code or in addition to a Z00 code.		
Z23	Immunizations	This is the only code in ICD-10-CM for vaccines. Link to both the product and administration CPT codes.		
Z29.3	Encounter for prophylactic fluoride administration			

Commonly Reported ICD-10-CM Codes for Pediatric Preventive Services (continued)

ICD-10-CM Code	Descriptor	Special Coding Conventions
Screening Codes A screening code is not necessary if the screening is inherent to a routine examination, but it can be reported and oftentimes payers require it.		
Z11.1	Respiratory tuberculosis	
Z11.3	Infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission (excludes HPV and HIV)	
Z12.4	Malignant neoplasm of cervix (excludes HPV)	
Z11.51	Human papillomavirus (HPV)	
Z11.59	Other viral diseases (eg, Hep B)	
Z12.79	Malignant neoplasm of other genitourinary organs	
Z12.89	Malignant neoplasms of other sites	
Z13.0	Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism (eg, anemia, sickle cell)	
Z13.1	Diabetes mellitus	
Z13.21	Nutritional disorder	
Z13.220	Lipid disorders	
Z13.228	Other metabolic disorders (eg, inborn errors of metabolism, galactosemia, PKU)	
Z13.29	Other endocrine disorder	
Z13.31	Depression screening	
Z13.39	Encounter for screening examination for other mental health and behavioral disorders (eg, alcoholism, suicide ideation)	
Z13.41	Autism screening	
Z13.42	Global developmental delays (milestones) screening	
Z13.88	Disorder due to exposure to contaminants (eg, lead)	
Z13.89	Other specified disorders (not listed here)	

100 10 011		0 110 11
ICD-10-CM Code	 Descriptor	Special Coding Conventions
Preventive C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Conventions
Z71.3	Dietary surveillance and counseling	
Z71.82	Exercise counseling	
Z71.84	Health counseling related to travel	
Z71.89	Other specified counseling	
Z71.9	Counseling, unspecified	
Underimmu	nized Status	1
Z28.3	Underimmunized status	A status code is informative and may affect the course of treatment and its outcome. Report when this is the case.
Vaccines No	t Given	
Z28.01	Acute illness	
Z28.04	Allergy to vaccine or components	
Z28.82	Caregiver refusal	
Z28.02	Chronic illness or condition	
Z28.03	Immune compromised state	
Z28.21	Patient refusal	
Z28.81	Patient had disease being vaccinated for	
Z28.1	Religious reasons	
Z28.89	Other reason	
Z28.83	Vaccine was unavailable (eg, manufacturer delay)	
Z28.20	Unspecified reason	

Social Determinants of Health

When identified during a routine preventive medicine service encounter, either through a formal screening instrument or surveillance, they should be addressed as appropriate and coded for. Listed below are a few of the SD0H codes in the *ICD-10-CM* code set; however, always refer to the larger code set for others. For more information on coding for SD0H issues and services visit https://downloads.aap.org/AAP/PDF/SD0H.pdf.

Social Determinants Of Health			
Abuse			
T74.02-	Child neglect or abandonment		
T74.12-	Child physical abuse		
T74.22-	Child sexual abuse		
T74.32-	Child psychological abuse		
T74.52-	Child sexual exploitation		
T74.62-	Child forced labor exploitation		
Z62.81-	Personal history of abuse in childhood		
Z69-	Encounter for mental health services for victim of abuse		
Economic			
Z59.5	Extreme poverty		
Z59.6	Low income		
Z59.7	Insufficient social insurance and welfare support		
Family Issue	es		
Z63.31	Absence of family member due to military deployment		
Z63.32	Other absence of family member		
Z63.4	Disappearance and death of family member		
Z63.5	Disruption of family by separation and divorce		
Z63.72	Alcoholism and drug addiction in family		
Z63.79	Other stressful life events affecting family and household		
Z62.82-	Parent-child conflict		
Z62.890	Parent-child estrangement NEC		
Food & Wate	Food & Water Issues		
Z59.41	Food insecurity		
Z58.6	Unsafe drinking-water supply		
Living situat	iion		
Z62.21	Child in welfare custody		
Z59.0-	Homelessness		
Z59.81	Housing instability		

Social Determinants Of Health		
Z62.22	Institutional upbringing	
Z62.29	Other upbringing away from parents	
Social Issues		
Z60.3	Acculturation difficulty	
Z60.4	Social exclusion and rejection	
Z60.5	Target of (perceived) adverse discrimination and persecution	

⁻ Indicates another character is required to complete the code.

Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set Measures Related to Pediatric Preventive Care

Measure Topic	Measure	Coding Options
Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (W15)	At least 6 well-child examinations by 15 months of age	ICD-10-CM Z00.110 , Z00.111 , Z00.121 , Z00.129 CPT 99381 , 99382 , 99391 , 99392
Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Years of Life (W34)	One or more comprehensive well-child visits with a PCP (per year)	ICD-10-CM Z00.121, Z00.129 CPT 99382, 99392
Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits: Adolescent Well-Care Visits (AWC)	At least one annual comprehensive well-care encounter (per year) for adolescents and young adults aged 12–21 years	ICD-10-CM Z00.00 , Z00.01 , Z00.121 , Z00.129 CPT 99384 , 99385 , 99394 , 99395
Lead Screening in Children (LSC)	By age 2 years, have had one or more capillary or venous lead blood tests for lead poisoning	CPT 83655
Chlamydia Screening in Women (CHL)	Sexually active women aged 16–24 years who received at least one chlamydia test each year	CPT 87110, 87270, 87320, 87490–87492, 87810

Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set Measures Related to Pediatric Preventive Care (continued)

Measure Topic	Measure	Coding Options
Childhood Immunization Status (CIS) and Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)	By age 2 y, have DTaP (4 doses) IPV (3 doses) MMR (1 dose) Hib (3 doses) Hep B (3 doses) Varicella (1 dose) Pneumococcal (4 doses) Hep A (1 dose) Rotavirus (2–3 doses) Influenza (2 doses)	Varies; refer to the Commonly Administered Pediatric Vaccines table on pages 25–28 for specific vaccine codes.
	By 13th birthday, have Meningococcal (1 dose) (Ages 11–13 y) Tdap (1 dose) (Ages 10–13 y) HPV (males/females) (2–3 doses) (Ages 9–13 y)	
Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/ Adolescents (WCC)	For those aged 3–17 years who had an outpatient visit with a PCP during the measurement year and had evidence of BMI percentile documentation and counseling for nutrition and/or physical activity	ICD-10-CM 268.51-Z68.54 , ^a 271.3 , Z02.5 , Z71.82 CPT 3000F ^a

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; *CPT, Current Procedural Terminology*; DTaP, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis; Hep A, hepatitis A; Hep B, hepatitis B; Hib, *Haemophilus influenzae* type b; HPV, human papillomavirus; *ICD-10-CM, International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification*; IPV, inactivated poliovirus; MMR, measles, mumps, rubella; PCP, primary care practitioner; Tdap, tetanus, diphtheria, acellular pertussis.

^a Body mass index codes should only be reported when there is a related condition (eg, obesity). Payers need to accept 3000F in lieu of BMI *ICD-10-CM* codes for the BMI measure unless the patient has a related condition.





This program is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HRIS) as part of an award totaling \$5,000,000 with 10 percent financed with non-governmental sources. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by HRSA, HRS, or the U.S. Government. For more information, please visit HRSA.gov.

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