## Significant Figure Rules

## Determining Number of Significant Figures (Sig Figs)

1) All non-zero integers are significant.

Example 1: 412945 has 6 sig figs.
2) All exact numbers have an unlimited number of sig figs.

Example 2: If you counted the number of people in your class to be exactly 35 , then 35 would have an unlimited number of sig figs.

Example 3: It has been determined that exactly 60 seconds are in a minute, so 60 has an unlimited number of sig figs.
3) Zeros are significant depending on what kind of zeros they are.
a. Zeros that are between non-zero integers are always significant.

Example 4: The zeros in 100045, 600.4545 , and 23.04 are all significant because they are between non-zero integers.
b. Zeros that come before non-zero integers are never significant.

Example 5: The zeros in $098,0.3$, and 0.000000000389 are not significant because they are all in front of non-zero integers.
c. If the zeros come after non-zero integers and are followed by a decimal point, the zeros are significant.

Example 6: The zeros in 1000. are significant because they are followed by a decimal point.
d. If the zeros come after non-zero integers but are not followed by a decimal point, the zeros are not significant.

Example 7: The zeros in 1000 are not significant because they are not followed by a decimal point.
e. If the zeros come after non-zero integers and come after the decimal point, they are significant.

Example 8: The zeros in 9.89000 are significant because they come both after nonzero integers and after the decimal point.

## Addition/Subtraction

When adding/subtracting, the answer should have the same number of decimal places as the limiting term. The limiting term is the number with the least decimal places.

Example 9:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6.22 \\
& \leftarrow \text { limiting term has } 1 \text { decimal place } \\
& 14.3 \\
+ & \\
\hline 119.0909211 & \\
\hline 4.22191 & \text { round } \rightarrow \mathbf{1 1 9 . 2} \text { (answer has } 1 \text { decimal place) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Example 10: $5365.999 \leftarrow$ limiting term has 3 decimal places

$$
\frac{-234.66706}{5131.33194} \rightarrow \text { round } \rightarrow 5131.332 \text { (answer has } 3 \text { decimal places) }
$$

## Multiplication/Division

When multiplying/dividing, the answer should have the same number of significant figures as the limiting term. The limiting term is the number with the least number of significant figures.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Example 11: } \quad & 503.29 \times 6.177=3108.82233 \rightarrow \text { round } \rightarrow 3109 \\ & \text { limiting term has } 4 \text { sig figs }\end{array}$
Example 12: $\quad \underline{1000.1}=4.11563786 \rightarrow$ round $\rightarrow 4.12$ 243 $\uparrow$
limiting term has 3 sig figs

## Conversions

When converting a number, the answer should have the same number of significant figures as the number started with.

Example 13: $\underset{\uparrow}{52.4 \text { in } \times \frac{1 \mathrm{ft}}{12 \mathrm{in}}=4.366666667 \mathrm{ft} \rightarrow \text { round } \rightarrow 4.37 \mathrm{ft}, ~}$

$$
3 \text { sig figs }
$$

## Sample Problems

How many significant figures does each of the following contain?

1. 54
2. 45678
3. 4.03
4. 4.00
5. 400
6. 400 .
7. 0.041
8. 65000
9. 190909090
10. 0.00010

Which number in each of the additions/subtractions is the limiting term, and how many decimal places should the answer of each addition/subtraction have?
11. $55.43+44.333+5.31+9.2$
12. $890.019+890.1234+890.88788$
13. $69.99999-45.44444444$

Which number in each of the multiplication/division problems is the limiting term, and how many sig figs should the answer of each multiplication/division have?
14. 343.4 / 34.337
15. $0.000000003 \times 30.03030$

Perform the following operations and round using the correct sig fig rule.
16. $17.12+30.123$
17. 35.010 / 1.23
18. $1000.00-62.5$
19. $0.1700 \times 1700 . \times 1700$
20. $15.05+0.0044+12.34$

## Answers

1. 2
2. 5
3. 3
4. 3
5. 1
6. 3
7. 2
8. 2
9. 8
10. 2
11. 9.2 is the limiting term
12. 890.019 is the limiting term
13. 69.99999 is the limiting term
14. 343.4 is the limiting term
15. 0.000000003 is the limiting term

1 decimal place
16. 47.24
17. 28.5
18. 937.5
19. 490000
20. 27.39

3 decimal places
5 decimal places
4 sig figs
1 sig fig

* Information for this handout was obtained from the following sources:
- Zumdahl. Introductory Chemistry: A Foundation. $5^{\text {th }}$ Ed. Houghton Mifflin Company. 2004.

