Annual Security Report Walden University

Relating to Walden University Residencies

For Reporting Year, 2012 and Statistics Year, 2011

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (the "Clery Act"), codified at 20 USC 1092 (f) as a part of the Higher Education Act of 1965, is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to disclose annual campus crime statistics and security policies. As an accredited university offering programs of study on-online, Walden University does not maintain a campus and, as such, the required disclosure requirements for campuses are not applicable. However, for purposes of the Clery Act, learning spaces utilized by Walden University at required residencies that are used in direct support of, or in relation to, the university's educational purposes are considered "non-campus buildings or property" and the University is required to disclose crime statistics and security policies related to these learning spaces. Therefore, this Annual Security Report specifically relates to Walden University residencies.

Annual Security Report for Walden University Residencies

1. Availability of Security Report and Crime Statistics

This Annual Security Report is required by federal law and contains policy statements and crime statistics for Walden University residencies. This report is available on the Walden University website. This report will be distributed to all Walden students, faculty and residency staff participating in residencies and paper copies may be requested at Walden University residencies. This report will also be provided to any prospective student or prospective employee upon request.

2. Statement Addressing Issuing of Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises at a Walden University residency, that, in the judgment of the Walden University residency staff or academic administration, constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a "timely warning" will be issued. The warning will be issued by e-mail through the Walden University residency timely warning system to students, faculty, and staff who are attending that particular residency. Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to residency staff immediately.

3. How to Report Criminal Offenses

To report criminal offenses or emergencies that occur at Walden University residencies, individuals should dial 911. It is the policy of Walden University to encourage anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the local police and, if applicable, to the security personnel at the residency location. You may also report suspicious activity or other incidents to residency staff or faculty. Police reports are public records under state law and cannot be held in confidence.

4. Policy for Preparing the Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

In preparation for Walden's annual disclosure of crime statistics, Walden University residency staff will compile a report of any criminal offenses required to be reported in the annual disclosure which may occur at each residency. These individual reports will be compiled by the Walden administration into the required annual disclosure of crime statistics and filed as required with the campus safety and security survey. The crime statistics report is included in this report and on the Walden University website.

5. Residency Security Procedures, Practices and Crime Prevention

As part of the Walden University residency materials, students, faculty and residency staff will be provided with information regarding security procedures, practices and crime prevention during Walden University residencies.

6. Prevention of and Reporting Procedures for Sexual Assault at Residencies

It is the policy of Walden University to promote awareness of rape, acquaintance rape and other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses and to encourage anyone who is the victim or witness to any sex offense to promptly report the incident to the local police and, if applicable, to the security personnel at the residency location. To report a sex offence that occurs at Walden University residencies, individuals should dial 911. If requested, residency staff will assist the student in notifying the local police and security personnel at the location. Victims of any sex offense should attempt to preserve all evidence for proof of a criminal offense. Students who are victims of a sexual offense may contact the Walden University Student Assistance Program Phone: **866.465.8942** Online: www.guidanceresources.com enter ID SAP4EDU. If applicable and requested by the student, residency staff will provide the victim of a sex offense with options for a change in the student's accommodations or academic situations.

If applicable, disciplinary action will be taken in accordance with the Walden Student Code of Conduct. Walden University will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the university against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of a crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, the information will be provided to the victim's immediate family, if so requested. Following a final determination of disciplinary action relating to a sex offense, the university may imposes sanctions up to and including dismissal from the university.

As part of the Walden University residency materials, students, faculty and residency staff will be provided with information regarding awareness and prevention of rape, acquaintance rape and other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses during Walden University residencies.

7. Registered Sex Offender Information

The Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW), coordinated by the U.S. Department of Justice, is a cooperative effort between jurisdictions hosting public sex offender registries ("Jurisdictions") and the federal government and is offered free of charge to the public. These jurisdictions include the 50 states, U.S. Territories, the District of Columbia, and participating tribes. The Website provides an advanced search tool that allows a user to

submit a single national query to obtain information about sex offenders; a listing of public registry websites by state, territory, and tribe; and information on sexual abuse education and prevention. The Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW) may be accessed at http://www.nsopw.gov.

8. Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Emergency response and evacuation procedures will be directed by the security personnel and staff of the Walden University residency location.

9. Policies Regarding Alcoholic Beverages and Illegal Drugs

The following Drug and Alcohol policy is contained in Walden University's Student Handbook:

Drug and Alcohol Policy

Walden University maintains a drug-free university. Students, instructors, and staff are strictly prohibited from misusing controlled substances, intoxicants, alcohol, and prescription drugs while working, participating in the online classroom, or attending residencies or other university sponsored activities.

Information Relating to the Legal Sanctions for Unlawful Possession of Alcohol and Drugs

a. Alcohol Law Penalties. The legal drinking age in all 50 states of the United States and the District of Columbia is 21 years of age. The legal drinking age in the U.S. Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico and Guam is 18 years of age. Persons under the legal drinking age who purchase, possess or consume alcoholic beverages may be subject to fines or imprisonment depending on state law. Persons who knowingly furnish alcohol to minors are also subject to fines or imprisonment.

Specific information on state and local legal penalties for alcohol violations may be obtained on state law enforcement websites.

b. Drug Law Penalties. Under federal law, a conviction for possession of illicit drugs carries a prison sentence of up to three years and a fine to \$250,000. Special federal sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine require a mandatory prison sentence of five (5) to twenty (20) years. The range of penalties for conviction of unlawful distribution of illicit drugs under federal law is summarized in the schedules of federal drug trafficking penalties that can be found online at: http://www.usdoj.gov/dea/agency/penalties.htm. The severity of the sanctions imposed for both possession and distribution offenses depend on the quantity of drugs, prior convictions, and whether death or serious injury resulted. Sanctions may be increased for offenses which involve distribution to minors or occur on or near a school or campus. In addition, other federal laws required or permit forfeiture of personal or real property used to illegally possess, facilitate possession, transport, or for concealment of a controlled substance. A person's right to purchase or receive a firearm or other federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, or professional or commercial licenses, may also be revoked or denied as a result of a drug conviction. Specific information on state and local legal penalties for drug violations may be obtained on state law enforcement websites.

Information Relating to Health Risks from Drugs and Alcohol

- Employees, including faculty, of Walden University should be aware and informed
 that health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol can
 result in, but are not limited to a lowered immune system, damage to critical nerve
 cells, physical dependency, lung damage, heart problems, liver disease, physical and
 mental depression, increased infection, irreversible memory loss, personality changes
 and thought disorders.
- Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low
 doses significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car
 safely, increasing the likelihood that the driver will be involved in an accident. Low
 to moderate doses of alcohol also increases the incidence of a variety of aggressive
 acts, including spouse and child abuse.
- Moderate to high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death.
- Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with Fetal Alcohol Syndrome. These infants have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than other youngsters of becoming alcoholics.
- Marijuana contains THC (Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol) which accounts for most of
 its psychoactive or mind altering effects. The short-term effects of using marijuana
 include sleepiness, memory and concentration problems, impaired motor
 coordination, increased heart rate, dry mouth and throat, and decreased social
 inhibitions. The long term effects of using marijuana include impaired lung
 functioning, sexual problems, breast tissue development in men, and possible immune
 system damage.
- Stimulants increase the activity of the central nervous system. Examples include
 amphetamines, methamphetamines, cocaine, and crack which cause short term
 elevations in mood, self-confidence, energy, heart rate and blood pressure. Potential
 difficulties associated with the more powerful stimulants such as these include
 possible physical addiction, psychoses, severe depressions, and anxiety syndromes
 such as panic attacks and obsessions. Additional health risks include seizures and
 cardiac arrest.
- Hallucinogens are substances that distort perception of reality. The most well known hallucinogens include: phycyclidine (PCP), lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), mescaline, and psilocybin. Under the influence of these drugs, the senses of direction, distance, and time become disoriented. They can produce unpredictable, erratic, and violent behavior in users that sometimes lead to serious injury and death. At high doses, LSD can cause convulsions, coma, heart and lung failure, and even death.

- Sedatives/Tranquilizers are drugs used to reduce anxiety and tension. In some cases, they are used as sleep aids as well. Like alcohol, these drugs are central nervous system depressants. Examples include barbiturates such as amytal, nembutal, and seconal, as well as benzodiazepines such as activan, halcion, librium, and xanax. Rohypnol, a date rape drug, also falls into this category. Although specific effects may vary according to the particular drug, these drugs typically induce a state of relaxation and drowsiness. At high doses, dizziness, slurred speech, impaired coordination, and amnesia may occur. Health hazards include risk for addiction and coma and/or death from overdose.
- Narcotics are painkillers or analgesics. These drugs include morphine, heroin, codeine, and dilaudid, all of which are derived from opium. Synthetic narcotics include drugs such as demerol, percodan, and darvon. These drugs tend to reduce sensory feeling and sensitivity of all kinds, to pleasure as well as pain. In large doses, they induce drowsiness, mental clouding, lethargy, and even sleep. They are highly addictive. Overdose risks include convulsions, coma, and death.
- Anabolic steroids are synthetic derivatives of the male hormone testosterone. These
 derivatives of testosterone promote the growth of skeletal muscle and increase lean
 body mass. The long-term, high dose effects of steroid use are largely unknown.
 Major side effects of anabolic steroid use include liver tumors, jaundice, fluid
 retention, high blood pressure, acne, and trembling. Aggression and mood swings as
 well as other psychiatric side effects may result from their abuse.
- Students and employees should note that the above listing is not intended as all-inclusive. Further information may be gathered from a physician.

Counseling, Treatment and Support Group Resources for Alcohol and Drug Abuse and Addiction

Walden University Student Assistance Program

Phone: **866.465.8942**

Online: www.guidanceresources.com enter ID SAP4EDU

Walden Employee Assistance Program

Employees should contact: Business Health Services (BHS)

Phone: **800-765-3277**

Online:www.bhsonline.com User name: Laureate

Alcoholics Anonymous Phone: (212) 870-3400 Online: www.aa.org

Narcotics Anonymous Phone: (818) 773-9999 Online: www.na.org

Disciplinary Sanctions for Alcohol or Drug Related Violations

Walden University will not excuse misconduct by students, faculty or employees whose judgment is impaired due to substance abuse. Individuals found in violation of this policy are subject to disciplinary action as provided in the applicable student or employee handbook.

9. Further Questions

Individuals with questions concerning information contained in this Annual Security Report should contact the Walden University residency staff.

The Walden University Residencies Crime Statistics Reporting Table is Located on the Next Page

Walden University Residencies Crime Statistics Reporting Table

OFFENSE	YEAR	ON- CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
SEX OFFENSES, FORCIBLE	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
SEX OFFENSES, NON-FORCIBLE	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
ROBBERY	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
BUGLARY	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
ARSON	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
ARRESTS:	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS:, ETC	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
ARRESTS:	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS:	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
ARRESTS:	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
DICIPLINARY REFERRALS:	2010	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2011	N/A	N/A	0	N/A

^{*} Walden University non-campus buildings or property are learning spaces utilized by Walden University at required residencies that are used in direct support of, or in relation to, the University's educational purposes.

HATE CRIMES:	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
HATE CRIMES:	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LARCENY THEFT	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
HATE CRIMES:	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
INTIMIDATION	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
HATE CRIMES:	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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There were 0 reported hate crimes for the year 2011.