

Opioid Conversion Chart

(please note all conversions are approximate and doses need to be chosen cautiously and individualised to the patient)

| Oral Morphine | | | Oral Oxycodone | | | SC Morphine | | SC Diamorphine | | SC Oxycodone | | Fentanyl patch |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4 hourly dose (mg) | 12 hourly dose (mg) | 24 hour equivalent (mg) | 4 hourly dose (mg) | 12 hourly dose (mg) | 24 hour equivalent (mg) | PRN dose (mg) | 24 hour dose (mg) | PRN dose (mg) | 24 hour dose (mg) | PRN dose (mg) | 24 hour dose (mg) | Micrograms per hour (3 day patch) |
| 5 | 15 | 30 | 2.5 | 5 to 10 | 10 to 20 | 2.5 | 15 | 2.5 to 5 | 10 | 1.25 to 2.5 | 7.5 | 12 |
| 10 | 30 | 60 | 5 | 15 | 30 | 5 | 30 | 2.5 to 5 | 20 | 2.5 to 5 | 15 | 25 |
| 15 | 45 | 90 | 7.5 | 20 to 25 | 40 to 50 | 7.5 | 45 | 5 | 30 | 2.5 to 5 | 20 to 25 | 37 |
| 20 | 60 | 120 | 10 | 30 | 60 | 10 | 60 | 5 to 7.5 | 40 | 5 | 30 | 50 |
| 30 | 90 | 180 | 15 | 40 to 50 | 80 to 100 | 15 | 90 | 10 | 60 | 5 to 7.5 | 40 to 50 | 75 |
| 40 | 120 | 240 | 20 | 60 | 120 | 20 | 120 | 10 to 15 | 80 | 10 | 60 | 100 |
| 50 | 150 | 300 | 25 | 70 to 80 | 140 to 160 | 25 | 150 | 15 to 20 | 100 | 10 to 15 | 70 to 80 | 125 |
| 60 | 180 | 360 | 30 | 90 | 180 | 30 | 180 | 20 | 120 | 15 | 90 | 150 |
| 70 | 210 | 420 | 35 | 100 to 110 | 200 to 220 | 35 | 210 | 20 to 25 | 140 | 15 to 20 | 100 to 110 | 175 |
| 80 | 240 | 480 | 40 | 120 | 240 | 40 | 240 | 25 to 30 | 160 | 20 | 120 | 200 |

Conversion ratios:

PO morphine to SC diamorphine:
PO morphine to SC morphine:
PO morphine to PO oxycodone:
PO oxycodone to SC oxycodone:
PO tramadol to PO morphine:
PO codeine to PO morphine
The PRN dose is normally a 1/6th of the total daily opioid dose

divide by 3
divide by 2
divide by 2
divide by 2
divide by 10 (not in table above)
divide by 10 (not in table above)

| Buprenorphine patches (micrograms per hour) | 24 hour oral morphine equivalent (mg) |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 5 (BuTrans® 7 day patch) | 12 |
| 10 (BuTrans® 7 day patch) | 24 |
| 20 (BuTrans® 7 day patch) | 48 |
| 35 (Transtec® 4 day patch) | 84 |
| 52.5 (Transtec® 4 day patch) | 126 |
| 70 (Transtec® 4 day patch) | 168 |

Notes:

- This table has been simplified. All figures are based on the conversions above and then rounded up or down. Note that the oral oxycodone SR dose is a 12 hourly figure, not 24 hourly. When converting, especially at higher doses a further reduction may be advisable, increasing subsequently as needed. If a change in opioid is required due to toxicity or side effects then a reduction of 15-25% may be advisable.
- Please check that the PRN dose is appropriate for the patch strength e.g. a 25 microgram / hr fentanyl patch is equivalent to approx. 60mg of morphine / 24 hr hence a PRN dose of 10 mg oral morphine solution (or 2.5 to 5 mg diamorphine SC) is required.
- Transdermal patches are best used for chronic stable pain and will take at least 12 hours to have analgesic effect or its effects to wear off if removed, and may take days to reach steady state analgesic levels.
- Other opioids such as methadone or alfentanil should generally only be used for analgesia in this context under the supervision of the Palliative Care Team or Pain Team. Methadone is a drug with complex pharmacology and no single conversion factor. Alfentanil 1mg sc is approximately equivalent to 10mg diamorphine sc.
- For advice please contact medicines information (ext 5604) or the Palliative Care team (bleep 610) or out of hours St Elizabeth Hospice (0800 567 0111)

