## Mental Health and Secondary Transition

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## Why Focus on Mental Health?

- Lowest High School completion rate (56%) of any disability category of Students with IEP's (65-95%) (NLTS-2; http://ies.ed.gov/ncser/pdf/NLTS2\_selfdeterm\_11\_23\_05.pdf)
- 46% Proportion of failure to complete secondary education attributable to MH conditions (Vander Stoep et al., 2003)
- Lowest rates of school performance (attendance, grades, grade retention) still for SED

## Impact of High School Dropout

 A single 18-year-old dropout earns \$260,000 less over a lifetime

(Bridgeland, DiIulio, & Morison, 2006; http://www.civicenterprises.net/pdfs/thesilentepidemic3-06.pdf)

Class of 2010 status	Unemployment Rate
Dropout	42.7
Graduate, not enrolled in college	33.4
Graduate, part time college student	13.4

#### Post Secondary School/Work Engagement Low

- NLTS2 42% of students in ED category who were out of school were in paid employment (compared to 56.8% cross disability)
- Students with ED had shortest duration of jobs (8 months vs. 10 cross disability)
- 34% attended some post secondary education or training (compared to 45% cross disability)

## What's Unique?

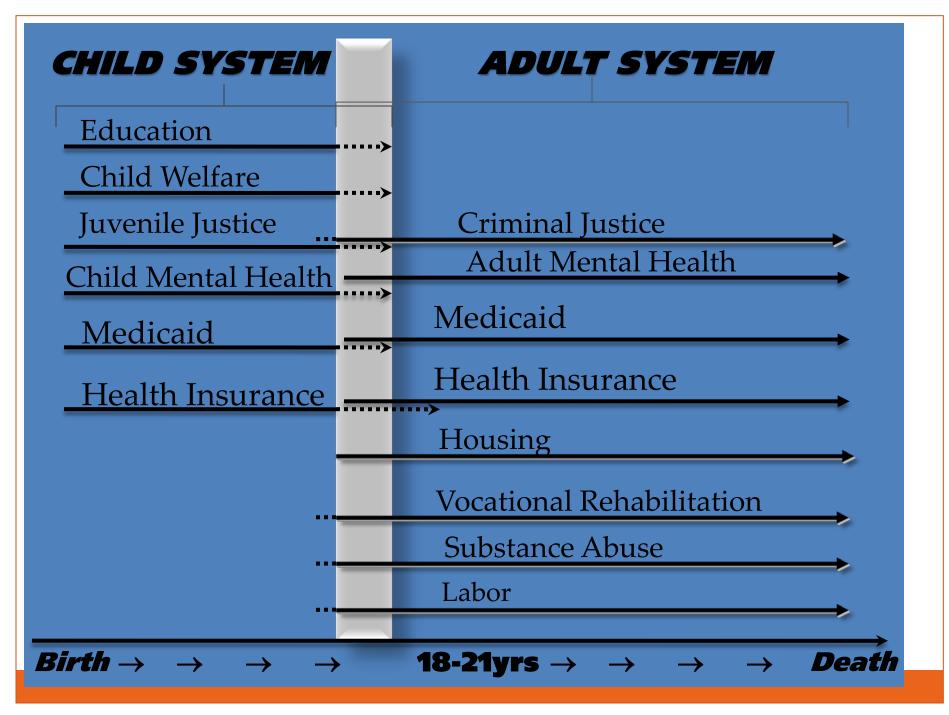
- Disability typically impairs social participation
- Blaming; parents and youth themselves blamed for the disability
- Stigma
- Living in poverty, single head of household, unemployed head of household (Wagner et al., 2005)

## What's Unique?

- Presence of disability not obvious
- Ignorance; disability identified late and treatment delayed, behavioral nature of disability leads to confusion about treatment versus "socialization"
- Conditions are treatable and disability often ends

## **Unique System Issues**

- Parity with other medical conditions only recently achieved but not yet embraced
- Treatment of symptoms paid for by health care coverage
- Rehabilitation not covered by health care
- State MH agencies provide rehabilitation services
- Many adolescents with SMHC don't qualify for state adult MH services
- Vocational Rehabilitation Agencies less well prepared for SMHC



## Principles of Effective Secondary School Programming

- Relationships support the creation of meaningful relationships as the foundation for students' engagement
- Rigorous/Inclusive/Supportive offer a challenging curriculum, well prepared teachers, inclusive environment, and supports
- Relevance learning relevant to students' interests and future plans
- Address the Needs of the Whole Child consider any factors that (a) interfere with a child's educational experience and (b) prepare a student for functioning as a person, community member, and citizen
- Involve Students and Families in Transition Planning

#### Practices with Students with ED

		Other
Feature	ED	Disability
Get along with students/teachers <a>pretty well**</a>	67%	85%
Partake in organized extracurricular group activity**	35%	47%
Attend special/alternative school**	22%	3%
Take all courses in special education settings*	16%	5%
School sponsored work experience*	17%	26%
Present but not participating in transition planning*	32%	23%

<sup>\*</sup>p<.05, \*\*p<.001

Wagner, M., & Davis, M. (2006). How are we preparing students with emotional disturbances for the transition to young adulthood? Findings from the National Longitudinal Transition Study-2. *Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders,14*, 86-98.

#### **Research Developments**

- Rehabilitation Research and Training Centers (2)
- Demonstration Sites (7)
- Grant Opportunities
- Growth in Research

# Learning and Working During the Transition to Adulthood RTC



University of Massachusetts Medical School, Department of Psychiatry, Center for Mental Health Services Research



#### **Check and Connect**

- Pairs students with "mentors "
- "Mentors " cross between mentor, advocate, and service coordinator
- Mentor works with student/family for 2 years wherever student is
- Mentor monitors attendance/grades/problems (checks)
- Talk; student's school progress, relationship between school completion and the "check" indicators of engagement, importance of staying in school, and the problem-solving steps used to resolve conflict and cope with life's challenges
- Close communication with families

http://checkandconnect.org/

#### **Life Coaches**

## Ashli Sheidow & Maryann Davis (Transitions RTC; NIMH)

- Adaptation of Multisystemic Therapy 17-20 year olds with SMI and justice system involvement
- Therapists, Psychiatrist, Clinical Supervisor, Life Coaches
- In-home, intensive, improving school, work, relationship, and independent living, reducing MH symptoms,

substance use, antisocial behavior

#### Life Coaches continued

- Young adult who can relate
- 2, 2hr visits/week, 1 hour curriculum, 3 hours fun
- Reinforces relationship skills in natural environment
- Curriculum topic chosen by client and therapist
- Supervised by clinical supervisor
- Vocational component being compared to VR services

## Individualized Placement and Support for Youth with SMHC

#### Rochelle Frounfelker (Thresholds; Transitions RTC)

- Supported Employment/Supported Education for 1<sup>st</sup> episode psychosis
- Place then train approach
- Peer mentors inspire hope, discuss aspirations, barriers to aspirations, shares own experience, has fun
- Single Case Series design



#### Janet Walker & Laurie Powers (Pathways RTC)

- To increase participation in meetings
- 3 meetings with a "prep person" before initial meeting
- 1 prep meeting include support person of choice
- Youth communicates AMP process to family
- Prep person communicates with team in preparation and orientation
- Training for staff (i.e. school, program etc.)

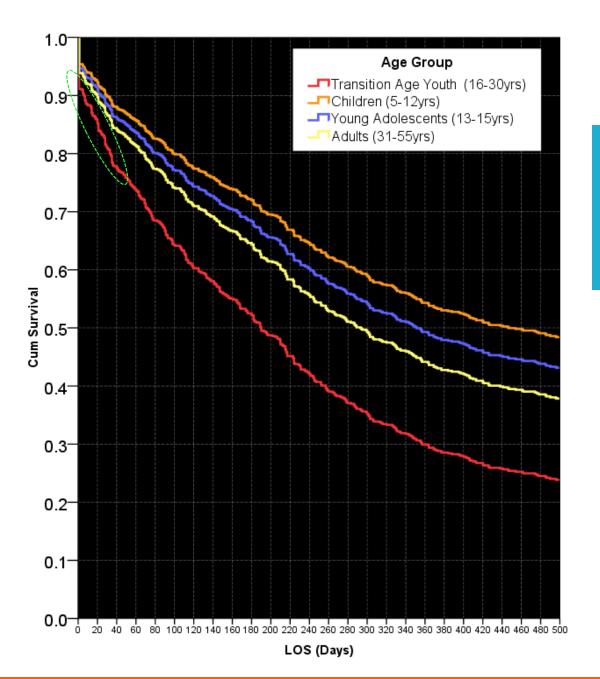
http://www.rtc.pdx.edu/AMP/pgVideo\_AMP\_ImportanceOfYPP.shtml

#### **Treatment Retention**

- Outpatient psychotherapy most common intervention
- ≈760,000 17-25 year olds in outpatient psychotherapy yearly

Olfson, Marcus, Druss, & Pinkus, (2002)

Treatment ineffective if "dose" insufficient



#### Transition Age Youth Quickly Lost from Treatment

## Motivational Enhancement Therapy

#### Definition

#### **Spirit**

- Autonomy -responsibility for change is the client's
- Collaboration -working in partnership
- <u>Evocation</u> drawing out client's own thoughts/perceptions – no assumptions

#### **Principles**

- Resist the Righting Reflex
- Understand Your Client's Motivation
- <u>Listen to Your Client</u>
- <u>Empower Your Client</u>

## Appealing and Unappealing Features of Employment Support Programs

#### Torres-Stone, Delman, Lidz (Transitions RTC)

- Want careers, not just jobs
- See working as a way to contribute to and belong to society
- Relationships are important
- Latinos prefer freedom to speak naturally

"So I feel working for me is very important to me and helping them do things."

and helping them do things."

#### Other Research

Research on use of internet to support transition age youth with SMHC (N=207)

Most Enjoyable Features of Social Networking Sites

Feature	% <b>MH</b>	% Without MH
Making new friends	39.8	19.0***
Having shared interests	38.3	19.0 **
Planning social activitie	s 32.0	45.6*
Blogging	31.3	1.3 ***

#1 purpose; Ability to connect and socialize (87%)

#### Internet

Topics for Social Networking Site			
Feature %			
Independent living skills 87	7.5(1)		
Strategies to overcome social isolation 83	3.6(2)		
Relationships 81	1.3(3)		
Peer support and services 78	3.9(4)		
College-based services 75	5.0(5/6)		
Employment 75	5.0(5/6)		
How to support a friend or family member 74	1.2(7		
Information on diagnosing/treating MI 72	2.7(8)		
Advocacy 71	.1(9)		
Connection to community activities 67	7.1(10)		
Housing 57	7.8(11)		
Social Security 47	7.7(12)		

#### **Common Themes**

- Youth Voice; all developing models put youth front and center, and provide tools to support that position
- Involvement of Peers supports; several interventions try to build on the strength of peer influence
- Struggle to balance youth/family; delicate dance with families, no clear guidelines
- Emphasize in-betweeness; simultaneous working&schooling, living w family& striving for independence, finishing schooling&parenting etc.



FROSH perspective



