Reading Explorer 4

Target Vocabulary Definitions

abolish (v.) to put an end to something abruptly (adv.) suddenly; unexpectedly absurd (adj.) ridiculous or not making sense abundant (adj.) present in large quantities

account (n.) an oral or written description of particular events or situations

agitation (n.) a condition of being very worried or upset allegations (n.) an assertion made with little or no proof

allergic (adj.) having a bad reaction to eating or touching a substance amateur (n.) someone who does something as a hobby or because it is fun

analogous (adj.) similar in some respects

atmosphere (n.) the layer of air or gases around a planet

barely (adv.) only just true or possible
bounce (v.) to swing or move up and down
breed (v.)to produce young animals, offspring
bulk (n.) most of something, the majority

candidate (n.) someone or something that is being considered for a job, position, award,

etc.

carving (n.) a design or figure produced by cutting into or shaping solid material, such as

wood

catastrophe (n.) an unexpected event that causes great suffering or damage

cease (v.) to stop doing something, to stop existing chance (n.) the possibility that something will happen

chaos (n.) complete disorder and confusion chief (adj.) highest in rank or authority

chronic (adj.) (for an illness) lasting a very long time

collapse (v.) to suddenly fall down

collision (n.) the act of coming violently into contact; a crash

colossal (adj.) extremely large commence (v.) to start something

commercial (adj.) of, relating to, or characteristics of an exchange of goods or commodities

compelling (adj.) convincing or holding attention

compile (v.) to collect and put together many pieces of information

complicated (adj.) hard to understand, explain, or deal with

compulsory (adj.) necessary because someone in authority says you must

conceivable (adj.) imaginable, believable

confine (v.) to keep something within a certain area

conquest (n.) the act of taking over a country or group of people

contaminated (adj.) dirty or impure because something harmful or undesirable has been

added

controversy (n.) contention, debate or dispute concerning a matter of opinion conventional (adj.) behaving in a way that is accepted as normal in a society

cutting-edge (adj.) newest and most advanced area of activity in an art, science, etc.

dam (n.) a wall built across a river in order to make a lake

dedication (n.) devotion, being committed to something with time and/or money

defiance (n.) a refusal to obey something or someone

deflect (v.) to cause (something that is moving) to change direction

democracy (n.) a system of government in which people choose rulers by voting

deprived (of) (adj.) prevented from having or using something

descendant (n.) someone related to an ancestor who lived in the past

desire (n.) the feeling of wanting something

deter (v.) to make someone not want to do or continue doing something

devastating (adj.) causing (someone) to feel extreme emotional pain device (n.) an object that has been invented for a particular purpose digestion (n.) the process of the body taking nutrients from food dilemma (n.) a situation involving a difficult choice between options

diligently (adj.) hard-working in a careful and thorough way diminish (v.) to reduce in size, importance, or intensity

discard (v.) to throw something away

discern (v.) to be aware of something and know what it is discourage (v.) to cause someone to lose his or her enthusiasm

dispute (n.) a serious disagreement

disrespectful (adj.) showing a lack of respect or courtesy; impolite

disrupt (v.) to interrupt and prevent something from continuing in a normal way disrupt (v.) to interrupt and prevent something from continuing in a normal way

dissuade (v.) to deter by advice or persuasion

distressing (adj.) upsetting, causing sorrow, suffering, or pain

divert (v.) to make something follow a different route or go to another place

drawback (n.) a disadvantage

empire (n.) a group of countries or regions that are controlled by one ruler or one

government, especially a group of countries ruled by an emperor or empress

encounter (v.) to come across, to meet unexpectedly

engage (v.) to occupy the attention or efforts of; to enter into conflict with

enrich (v.) to improve quality of something by adding to it

epidemic (n.) a disease that spreads very quickly and affects a large number of people

evade (v.) to avoid or escape

evident (adj.) plain or clear to the sight or understanding

evoke (v.) to cause a particular memory, idea, or emotion to occur

exception (n.) someone or something that is different from others; a case where a rule

does not apply

expectation (n.) a feeling or belief about how good, successful, etc. someone or something

will be

faith (n.) belief in God or the doctrines or teachings of religion fantasy (n.) a pleasant situation you think about and want to happen

feasible (adj.) possible, able to be done

firsthand (adv.) coming directly from actually experiencing or seeing something

forbid (v.) to not allow something

foresee (v.) to expect and believe that something will happen forge (v.) to form (metal) by heating and hammering

forthcoming (adj.) open and willing to cooperate

fraction (n.) a tiny amount or proportion of the whole

frankly (adv.) in an honest manner

gap (n.) a clear difference or imbalance; a space between two things

garment (n.) an article of clothing

gaze (v.) to look at someone or something in a steady way and usually for a long time

genuine (adj.) real, not false

get on board (phrase) support (something) glimpse (n.) a brief or quick view or look

gradually (adj.) occurring in small stages over a long period, not sudden

grand (adj.) large and impressive

grasp (v.) to take and hold (something) with your fingers, hands, etc.

gravity (n.) the force that causes things to drop to the ground

guideline (n.) advice about how to do something harmony (n.) peace rather than fighting or arguing harsh (adj.) unpleasantly or harmfully hard or rough

harvest (n.)

hazardous (adj.) dangerous or harmful

historian (n.) an expert in or student of history, especially that of a particular period,

geographical region or social phenomenon

homogeneous (adj.) of the same kind, alike

identical (adj.) exactly the same as something else

immense (adj.) extremely large or great

immortalize (v.) to cause someone or something to be remembered forever

immune (adj.) not capable of being affected by a disease

in terms of (phrase) with regard to that particular aspect or subject specified inclination (n.) a feeling that makes you want to act in a particular way

inconclusive (adj.) not providing any clear answer or result infinitely (adj.) extremely large or great; having no limits

infrastructure (n.) the basic facilities of a country or city such as transportation,

communications, and utilities that allow it to function

inhabitant (n.) a person who lives in the place concerned inherent (adj.) basic, part of the very nature of something

inherit (v.) to receive something from people who used to own it

initial (adj.) occurring at the beginning of something

insight (n.) an accurate and deep understanding of something

instantly (adv.) immediately; at once

instinct (n.) a natural tendency to behave or react in a particular way

intact (adj.) complete, not damaged or changed

integral (adj.) necessary because it is an essential part of something

interval (n.) a period of time between two dates

ironically (adv.) in a manner that is odd because it is the opposite of what you might think layer (n.) a sheet or thickness of material, typically one of several, covering a surface

or body

leaky (adj.) allowing liquid, gas, etc. to enter or escape

lean (adj.) low in fat

lifespan (n.) the amount of time a person or animal lives

lifestyle (n.) living conditions, behavior, and habits typical of a group

logic (n.) a system of reasoning; (adj.) logical

longevity (n.) long life

mainland (n.) the largest part of a country or continent as contrasted to islands

mandatory (adj.) required by law or mandate; compulsory

manipulative (adj.) exerting unscrupulous control or influence over a person or situation (n.) something (such as a monument or ceremony) that honors a person who

has died or serves as a reminder of an event in which many people died

military (adj.) relating to the armed forces of a country

modify (v.) to change something slightly, usually to improve it

motive (n.) the reason for doing som

motor (n.) the part of a machine that uses fuel to make it move mutual (adj.) having the same feelings toward each other nationwide (adj.) happening or existing in all parts of a country

navigation (n.) the act of moving a ship or aircraft on a course to another place

noble (adj.) grand or impressive in appearance nonetheless (adv.) nevertheless, in spite of a situation

notify (v.) to tell or officially inform someone about something

notwithstanding (adv.) nevertheless

nutritional (adj.) of or relating to the process of the body taking and absorbing nutrients

from food

obsessed (adj.) thinking about one thing constantly

obsolete (adj.) no longer needed because something better has been invent

(at) once (phrase) immediately

optimistic (adj.) hopeful about the future or the success of something

organized (adj.) arranged or planned in a particular way

outdo (v.) to be more successful than a competitor at an activity

overcome (v.) to successfully deal with or gain control of (something difficult)

pass (down) (phrase) to give (something, such as knowledge, skills or genes) to your children

or to younger people

pest (n.) an insect or other small animal that damages crops pile (n.) a quantity of things lying on top of one another

portable (adj.) moveable

portrait (n.) a painting, drawing, or photograph of a person that usually only includes the

person's head and shoulders

praise (v.) to express approval of (someone or something)

preposterous (adj.) very foolish or silly

privilege (n.) a special right or advantage that only one group has

profound (adj.) very strongly felt

progress (v.) movement forward or toward a place

project (v.) to have or show (a particular quality, image, etc. that can be seen by other

people)

prominently (adv.) easily seen, obviously

proof (n.) a fact or evidence showing that something is true or exists

proponent (n.) an active supporter of an idea or course of action prospective (adj.) likely to become something specified in the future

quality (n.) how good or bad something is reality (n.) the true situation that exists

recruit (v.) to select people and persuade them to join you in some activity or to help

you

relentlessly (adv.) never stopping or becoming less intense relevant (adj.) relating to a subject in an appropriate way

relieve (v.) to make something less unpleasant or to make it disappear relocate (v.) to change one's residence or place of business; move

remorse (n.) feeling of being sorry for doing something bad or wrong in the past

replenish (v.) to make something full or complete again reproduce (v.) to copy something, to produce offspring resist (v.) to stand firm against or oppose something

revenge (n.) punishment or the act of getting even with someone who hurt you

revered (adj.) respected

revolution (n.) a very great change in the way that something is done or made

riddle (n.) something that is very difficult to understand

rigid (adj.) not able to be bent easily

ritual (n.) a series of actions that people regularly carry out in a particular situation

romance (n.) a strong attachment or involvement between people in love

romanticize (v.) to think about or describe something as being better or more attractive or

interesting that it really is

rotating (adj.) moving or turning in a circle

roughly (adj.) not exactly, but close in number, quality, meaning, etc. sacred (adj.) believed to be holy with a special connection to God scattered (adj.) spread over an area in a messy or irregular way

scenario (n.) the way in which a situation may develop settle (v.) to move to a place and make it your home shelter (n.) a place that covers or protects people or things

shortage (n.) a deficiency in quantity

skeptic (n.) a person who has doubts about things that other people believe

slightly (adj.) small in amount, degree, etc.

society (n.) the body of human beings generally, associated or viewed as members of a

community

solemn (adj.) formal or serious

spin (v.) to turn around repeatedly

spiritual (adj.) of or relating to religion or religious beliefs

spot (v.) to see or notice (someone or something that is difficult to find or see)

sprout (v.) to produce new leaves, buds, etc.

spy (on) (v.) to watch someone or something to find out more information about what

they do

squash (v.) to press into a flat mass or pulp; crush

squeeze (v.) to press together the parts and especially the opposite sides of (something)

staff (n.) a group of people who work for an organization or business

stretch (v.) to cover or extend over an area or distance

striking (adj.) attracting attention or notice by reason of being unusual, extreme or

prominent

stubborn (adj.) unwilling to change one's mind, unreasonably determined

stunned (adj.) astonished or shocked

substance (n.) a solid, powder, liquid, or gas; physical material you can touch suburb (n.) a town or other area where people live in houses near a large city

suffocation (n.) killing by depriving of oxygen

suitable (adj.) having the qualities that are right, needed, or appropriate for something

surpass (v.) to be better than, or have more of a particular quality than another

suspect (v.) to believe something is probably true suspend (v.) to hang something from a high place suspicious (adj.) causing a feeling that something is wrong

symptom (n.) a sign that something is wrong with your body or mind

take (over) (v.) to assume control or possession

teamwork (n.) cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a group of persons acting

together as a team

thereby (adv.) because of that

thus (adv.) in the way just indicated; in this way

trace (v.) to find out how something got started or developed

trait (n.) a distinguishing characteristic or quality

tremendous (adj.) very large or great

trigger (n.) something that causes something else to happen

turn out (phrase) prove to be the case

undeniable (adj.) clearly true; impossible to deny

undergo (v.) to have something necessary or unpleasant happen to you vandal (n.) a person who deliberately destroys or damages property

vertical (adj.) standing or pointing straight up

vibrant (adj.) having or showing great life, activity and energy

vice versa (adv.) used to say that the opposite of a statement is also true

virtual (adj.) almost but not entirely

virulent (adj.) extremely dangerous and deadly and usually spreading very quickly

vital (adj.) necessary or very important

weapon (n.) an object like a gun or knife used to hurt or kill

whereby (adv.) by means of which

withdraw (v.) to pull back, move back, or remove